"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Rain to-day; partly cloudy, colder to-morrow; moderate winds.

VOL. LIX...NO. 19,021. **** NEW YORK, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1910.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT, In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

WILL TRY TO DRAG ME DOWN, TOO---CONGER

Accusing Senator Thinks That Will Be the Course of the Allds Defense.

HE GOT TIRED OF HOLDUP

So He Stopped Payments to Legislators by Bridge Companies—Plans of the Defence.

Special to The New York Times.

AUBURN, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Senator Benn Conger was asked to-day, "What defense do you think Senator Allds will make?"

"I suppose he will try to drag me down, too," replied Senator Conger.

"Some people think the bribegiver as bad as the bribetaker," suggested the reporter. Senator Conger laughed, and said the present was a case of blackmail. He called attention to a clipping that discussed the Allds case from both sides as bribery, and referred to Section 3 of Article XIII. of the State Constitution, which provides:

> No person offering a bribe shall, upon any prosecution of the officer receiving such a bribe, be privileged from testifying thereto, and he shall not be liable to civil or criminal prosecution therefor, if he shall testify to the giving or offering of such bribe.

"I got tired of this regular hold-up," he explained, "and in 1905 I objected. At the conference of bridge builders, as representative of the Groton and Canton Companies, I refused to go on paying. Some wanted to go on and some did not. I insisted I would not, and the meeting ended without anything being done. Then they passed the bill."

Mr. Conger was asked about a story in Groton that Frank Conger, his brother, got lots of working capital from a ward.

"Frank never had any children," he explained, "and as he happened to rescue a little girl from the famous Hamburg wreck in 1890, after escaping himself by good luck, he adopted her, her parents both dying in the wreck. The girl's name was Oressa Stewart, and it is not true that Frank got a large sum of money as her guardian. The sum was exactly $14,000, being insurance and a settlement made by the railroad. Frank invested that for her, and when he died I, as her guardian, took charge of it. It has accumulated to a handsome fortune by this time.

"Frank brought the girl up as his own daughter. He sent her to Miss Dana's school, and when she graduated she went to Auburn and learned stenography. She did not have to work for a living, because, besides her own money, Frank left her the use of $350,000. She is a fine girl, and married a young lawyer last year. They are now living in Syracuse."

TO DISCREDIT CONGERS.

Allds Lawyer Seeking Evidence Against the Bridge Companies.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—Another week of disclosures showing that there was ruthless disregard of public interests among officials outside of Albany is foreshadowed by an outline of Senator Jotham P. Allds's defense in the Senate bribery investigation. An effort is to be made to show that the cupidity of town officers in many sections of the State was successfully played upon, making necessary the restrictive legislation around which the Allds-Conger case revolves.

Subpoena servers are in several sections of the State, in the hope of finding men and records which will give the Senate positive proof that any bribery or blackmail in connection with highway and bridge legislation was not centred in Albany. Martin W. Littleton, one of Mr. Allds's lawyers, will go further in his efforts to show that the bridge interests, for which it is alleged the Congers were acting, wanted to ward off legislative bills which would change the law in reference to the manner of buying town bridges. Reported agreement between the companies bidding on public work of this character will be scrutinized by the Allds lawyers, and an endeavor will be made to connect the accuser of Allds with these agreements.

Col. George W. Dunn, Chairman of the Republican State Committee in 1902, when B. B. Odell, Jr., was Governor, may be a witness at the bribery investigation this week. Last week Senator Conger told with considerable detail of a conversation he had with Col. Dunn, as a result of which he made a campaign contribution for himself and the bridge concerns in which he was interested. Senator Conger testified that in return Col. Dunn promised to do what he could to protect the bridge builders from "strike legislation."

Many Senators believe that this line of testimony should be followed up, and unless Conger is in a position to furnish information regarding the size of the campaign contribution and how it was ultimately disposed of Col. Dunn will be asked to supply those facts, and in addition tell, possibly, what he did in return for the bridge companies' contributions.

It is expected that Senator Conger's side of the case will be completed before the Senate early on Tuesday, when the investigation is to be resumed, and Mr. Littleton will open for Senator Allds, speaking three or four hours. The first witnesses, who may not be heard until Wednesday, will be members of the Assembly committees of 1901, who took part in the consideration of highway legislation. It is expected also that Speaker Wadsworth, S. Percy Hooker, Chairman of the State Highway Commission, and others who know about the Heacock bill of last year, which has been referred to by the defense as showing that the bridge interests through Senator Conger hoped to secure more favorable legislation last year, will be called.

There were reports to-night that out of the testimony which the defense hopes to add to the Allds-Conger record criminal proceedings may follow. Mr. Littleton and his associates are confident that the Senate will consent to receive the evidence they will offer, but it is probable that much of the time this week will be taken up in argument on the part of counsel in the case and the lawyers among the members of the Senate.

Chairman Davis has under consideration two points raised on the admissibility of

Continued on Page 2.

GALE SWEEPS GREAT BRITAIN.

Mauretania Unable to Land Pilot, and Is Bringing Him Here.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—A hurricane of extraordinary violence has swept Great Britain in the last few days.

The Mauretania was delayed ten hours in leaving Queenstown this afternoon. There were 1,800 aboard, including Bruce Ismay of the White Star Line. Thomas Martin, the pilot, could not be landed and will be carried to New York.

The harbors are all crowded with shipping seeking shelter. Incoming vessels report extremely rough passages. The Adriatic and the Amerika, which arrived to-day at Plymouth, experienced a succession of gales all the way across the Atlantic. The two steamers were in communication throughout the passage, but the Adriatic beat the Amerika into port by eight hours.

Reports reaching here tell of the wreck of a large number of small craft.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—A howling gale in the English Channel, sweeping the French Coast as far as Finisterre, has driven all shipping to seek shelter. Wire communication between England and France has been cut off. All steamers have been considerably delayed.

New York correspondents of London newspapers were instructed yesterday to forward any important European news received here, as communication with the Continent was practically suspended as a result of the storm.

TWO RESCUED AT A FIRE.

Throng in the Street Cheers as They Are Carried to Safety.

Hundreds of people thronging Third Avenue early last night witnessed some thrilling fire rescues from a flathouse at Third Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street. On the ground floor of the building is a saloon run by George McGivney, over which, on the second floor, are the McGivney lodgerooms. On the third floor the McGivney family lives, and over them, on the fourth floor, there are furnished rooms. On the fifth floor lives Mrs. Bridget Curran, McGivney's mother-in-law.

About 8 o'clock some passers-by noticed smoke pouring out of a window on the third floor, and a fire alarm was turned in. Before the fire apparatus arrived the smoke and flames had spread so that the stairway was cut off. Then Alfred Wooley, a lodger on the fourth floor, climbed out of one of the front windows facing Third Avenue and was on the point of jumping when the crowd below shouted to him to wait, as the firemen were coming. Truck 2 arrived, and an extension ladder was swung up against the front of the building and Fireman Kelley ran up the ladder and helped Wooley down.

About this time seven-year-old Mary McGivney rushed out of the house, shouting for some one to save her grandmother. Edward Bessinger of 152 East Fifty-fourth Street, one of the bystanders, who was familiar with the building, followed by Fireman Duggan of Truck 2, ran into the building and got out on the fire escape on the Fifty-fourth Street side at the second floor, then climbed the fire escape to the top floor. A moment later they appeared on the fire escape again with Mrs. Curran, who is seventy years old, and carried her safely to the street amid the cheers of the crowd. Mrs. T. Toomey, who lives on the fourth floor, also came down the fire escape.

ARREST TWELVE SPECULATORS

For Annoying Metropolitan Opera Patrons—Had "Subscribers' Tickets."

Twelve ticket speculators operating at the entrance to the Metropolitan Opera House were arrested last night by Detectives Devanney and Lynch of the West Thirtieth Street Station and several plain clothes men and taken to Night Court, charged with disorderly conduct in annoying patrons of the house, blocking the sidewalk, and using offensive language. Magistrate Barlow discharged them with a reprimand.

The detectives told the Magistrate that when passers-by refused to buy tickets the men would use insulting epithets, such as "cheap skate" and the like. The Opera House management, they said, had asked the police to drive the men away. The men gave assumed names.

At the Opera House last night it was said that nine-tenths of the tickets in the hands of the speculators were "subscribers' tickets," and had not been sold at the box office. Hotels and theatre ticket agencies, it was said, would subscribe for tickets for their patrons, and when they were not taken would place them in the hands of sidewalk vendors for what they would bring.

The Opera House management, it was declared, had been trying to stamp out the practice, and had repeatedly appealed to the police to clear the sidewalk of the speculators.

LEG BROKEN AT THE OPERA.

Schlom, Going to His Seat, Didn't Notice the Steps and Fell.

A peculiar accident happened at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening while the crowd was gathering for the Sunday night concert. Osias Schlom, a cigarmaker, of 144 Stanton Street, in hurrying down through one of the south doorways from the corridor into the auditorium, did not notice the two steps which it is necessary to descend. He lost his balance and fell, breaking two bones in his leg. There were many people around him who assisted him to a more comfortable position while some one went to the box office to find a doctor.

Dr. C. C. Thum of 104 East 100th Street was in the Opera House, and he immediately went to the injured man's assistance. When the Bellevue Hospital ambulance arrived he asked to be taken to Mount Sinai Hospital, and his request was granted.

Four Killed at a Fire.

FREDERICKTOWN, Mo., Feb. 20.—Four men, three whites and one negro, were killed by the collapse of a wall of a burning building here to-day. The dead men were volunteer firemen.

CONNERS ARRIVES READY FOR A FIGHT

Vows He Won't Resign the Democratic State Chairmanship, or Be Forced Out.

BITTER AGAINST MURPHY

Blames Him for the Party Break and Says He Seeks to Tammanyize the State.

William J. Conners arrived in New York from Palm Beach, Fla., last night with his fighting blood up. He let it be known in no uncertain language that he is not going to resign the Chairmanship of the Democratic State Committee and that he is going to resist to the last the efforts of his opponents, and particularly Charles F. Murphy, to oust him from that place.

He is going to Albany on Wednesday to line up his up-State forces and on Thursday he will attend the committee meeting and wage the battle of his life to remain in control of the Democratic Party in the State.

Mr. Conners has no delusions about what his opponents are trying to do. He said the call for the special committee meeting had taken him by surprise, but he wasn't going to be caught napping. He realized, he said, that an attempt was being made to dethrone him, but before the smoke of battle had lifted some others besides him would be counting their dead. Murphy's plan to get control of the State Committee he declared to be simply an attempt on the Tammany leader's part to Tammanyize the State. He said he stood by his statement at Palm Beach in which he declared that "Murphy, Gaffney & Co." had auctioneered Judgeships in New York and that the man who paid the highest price was the man who was nominated.

Mr. Conners's train was four hours late, and he didn't arrive at the Waldorf until 9 o'clock. He found ten committeemen anxiously awaiting him, and just stopped long enough to take off his coat before starting in to lay out his campaign of action. He led the delegation to his room, and until long after midnight they were going over the situation. Mr. Conners did not look at all downcast. On the contrary, he was smiling happily, but there was a glint of fire in his eye, and when he talked to the newspaper men he stood with his back to the wall, in the attitude of one who intended to die fighting.

He Means to Fight.

"Now, let it be understood at the start," said Mr. Conners, thrusting out his jaw, "that I am not going to resign. I am going to fight. If I am going to get out of the State Committee, I'm going to be fired out."

"Have your opponents got the necessary votes to throw you out?" he was asked.

"I don't think so," said Mr. Conners, with a grim smile. "But you never can tell. Politics is a mighty funny business. It reminds me of the story of the business man who got into politics for the first time. After a little experience he complained that, while a business deal generally remained closed when it was closed, a politician, on the contrary, seemed to be in a different location from the place he had left him the day before.

"The call for the meeting of the committee on Thursday came as a surprise to me. I knew, of course, that things were not altogether peaceful, but I had no idea the split had assumed such proportions until I received a telegram at Palm Beach. Then, of course, I hastened North. In my opinion, Murphy and the others are simply trying to split the party in the State."

Mr. Conners was asked if he thought that Thomas H. Osborne, Chairman of the Democratic League, was working with Mr. Murphy in the attempt to oust him.

"Well, yes," said Mr. Conners, "judging from the Mount Clemens letters which Mr. Hearst made public, I think they are in league. But they haven't got the number of men they think they have. I think, in fact, that the Democratic League was organized by Murphy to get control of the State. Certainly every indication points that way."

"How many committeemen do you think Mr. Osborne can count on?"

"Only one man. I won't say who he is."

"Have you any supporters among the members who signed the call?"

Has Backers, He Says.

"Oh, yes," he replied, "there are several who are very friendly."

"Are you in sympathy with the committee meeting at this time, in view of the situation in the Republican Party in the State as a result of the Allds disclosures?"

"I am in sympathy with the committee getting together often, but I don't think this a very opportune time. It is necessary for the committee to meet often in order to formulate a campaign of action, but this is the particular time for the party to preserve harmony."

"If it became a question of the party splitting or your getting out, would you resign?"

"Why, it doesn't look that way at all, but quite the reverse. It is the others who are trying to make a split. I spent my money and time, and made good in my city and county and up-State, and let the others take care of the situation in New York and Brooklyn. I want party harmony as much as any one. No matter what takes place, however, I'll still be a Democrat.

"I think the Democratic Party up-State is in a better condition than it has been in years, and I think I brought this condition about. The party has a better outlook now than at any time in the last fifteen years, but it is very successful in mixing things up at the wrong time."

Asked as to what he thought caused his original break with Mr. Murphy, Mr. Conners replied that he supposed it dated back to the time of the Democratic National Convention at Denver.

At that time, he said, he stated that if McCarren's Kings County delegates won at the Fall primaries in 1908, they ought to be seated at the State Convention at Rochester.

"I don't think Murphy wanted the Brooklyn delegation seated," said Mr.

Continued on Page 2.

In order not to miss the many notable features in next Sunday's Times it is important to place orders with news dealers to-day.

THROUGH WINDOWS TO A FREE CONCERT

Police Reserves Called to Normal College to Curb Unexpected Crowd of Music Lovers.

4,000 TO FILL ROOM FOR 2,000

When Doors Were Locked Women Were Lifted In—Glass Broken in the Process—Music Needed, Fleck Says.

When the first of a series of free Sunday concerts was given yesterday at the Normal College, at Park Avenue, some 4,000 persons tried to crowd in. So big was the crowd and so determined their efforts to get in to the concert that after President Davis and his aids had closed and locked the doors several of the windows were broken, others were forced and raised from the outside and women were lifted through them. Traffic in Park Avenue was blocked, and when two policemen and the Normal College attendants failed to restrain the crowd a call was telephoned to the East Sixty-seventh Street Police Station for the reserves. They kept the crush within reasonable limits.

The concerts were planned by the music department of the college, under the direction of Prof. Henry T. Fleck, who had the co-operation of President Davis, Commissioner Nicholas Barrett of the Executive Committee, and several other music lovers. They were intended for the benefit of the Normal College pupils, their families and friends, and other music-loving residents of the city who had nothing to do on a Sunday afternoon. Mr. Fleck has organized an orchestra of fifty pieces from various philharmonic and symphony societies, and obtained the services of several professional soloists.

Offered under the auspices of so respected an institution as the Normal College, the published announcements that the first of the concerts was to be given yesterday at 4 o'clock, awakened unexpected interest all over the city. A crowd began to assemble at the college as early as 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, in front of the Parke Avenue entrance. To this crowd even as distant sections of the city as Brooklyn and Staten Island contributed.

It was a well-dressed, orderly crowd, but by the time 3 o'clock came, it had overspread the college steps and sidewalk into the street and had somewhat alarmed President Davis, Janitor Hunt, and Musical Director Fleck. They had planned to open the doors at 3:30, but they decided to open them a quarter of an hour earlier. The crowd, well-mannered and far from boisterous, flowed up one flight of steps into the chapel in less time than it takes to tell it. As the chapel holds only 2,000 and there were about twice that number trying to get in, it quickly overflowed and the halls and the stairs became filled.

A quarter of an hour before the concert was scheduled to begin President Davis directed the janitor to close and lock the Park Avenue doors. The crowd in the building kept mysteriously increasing just the same, and it was discovered that the people were getting in by the janitor's entrance, in Sixty-eighth Street. This also was locked.

Then a crash of glass was heard, and several of the startled attendants dashed down to the refectory. They found that several of the gallant escorts of the feminine music lovers had opened the windows, were lifting the women into the refectory, and were climbing in after them. Two windows were broken in the process. Neither the men nor the women were in any way rough, according to Director Fleck. They merely said that they had come a long way to hear the music, and that if they couldn't find seats in the chapel they would sit and listen on the stairs.

By this time, however, there was not even stairroom left. Director Fleck told his assistant, Mr. Priaulx, to telephone to the police station for the reserves. Then he himself went up to the chapel and made a speech.

"We have free parks, free libraries, free lectures, free hospitals, and free schools, but no free music except band concerts," he said. "This is the first time the great compositions of Wagner, Grieg, and the other great composers have been offered in this city free to the public. I extend you a hearty welcome to this concert. It is the first of a series in which we aim to give the people of this city a chance to hear the best music free."

People were standing fourteen and sixteen deep in the rear of the chapel by this time. The aisles were jammed tight, and the door was filled with faces. But you could have heard a pin drop while Director Fleck was talking, and you could have also heard a pin drop all through the concert, which then began. Director Fleck's fifty-piece orchestra played in succession the Tannhäuser Overture, two movements from Dvorak's Symphony, Peer Gynt Suite, and the Third Movement of Tschalkowsky's Symphonie Pathetique. The big packed audience of free music lovers applauded the Grieg music with special enthusiasm.

Mrs. Etta Burgess Nobbes, a teacher at the college, then sang a solo, and the crowd all the way down the halls and stairs applauded her. The police reserves had come by this time. They restrained the men from lifting the women into the refectory windows. Otherwise, their services were unnecessary. Every one sang "America" before going home.

"I've been waiting over an hour to get in. But I'd be willing to wait two hours to get in to the next one," a Staten Islander told Director Fleck.

Controller Prendergast, who was there, congratulated the Director. Another free concert will be held at the Normal College on Sunday, March 6.

TRANSFERRED MAN RAIDS MORE SALOONS

Cunningham, Degraded by Baker, Continues on the East Side Law Enforcing He Began.

MAKES 3 EXCISE ARRESTS

Closes Four Liquor Shops, All There Are On His Post—All Around Other Places Stay Open.

Policeman Charles Cunningham got back from his vacation yesterday. He went on vacation when he and Policeman Keenan, who like himself had been a mounted man in the Bronx, were transferred to downtown precincts to "pound the pavement" after having made important excise arrests in the bailiwick of Inspector Flood.

Commissioner Baker got back yesterday from his vacation. Cunningham greeted the man to whom he owed his transfer from a desirable detail to hard work on the sidewalk by indulging in his favorite recreation of arresting saloon keepers. Before he got through he had made three arrests and closed up four saloons. That's all there are on Cunningham's beat or he might have done more.

Cunningham is now attached to the Eldridge Street Station. He was patrolling his post with a watchful eye on the side doors of saloons, just before midnight, when he saw a man step out of a place at Stanton and Eldridge Streets He had a can in his hand.

"What's that?" demanded Cunningham.

The man tried to empty his pail in the street but the policeman caught his wrist. Then he made him confess that he was carrying beer and made him tell where he got it. That was enough for Cunningham. He made the man return with him to the saloon, where Samuel Goldgerg, the bartender decided to admit that he'd sold the beer and take the consequences. Cunningham arrested him forthwith.

Goldberg was locked up and Cunningham went back on his beat. A little while later he saw fourteen-year-old Hyman Gruman coming out of a saloon at 292 Broome Street. Hyman was carrying a can. He saw Cunningham as he stepped out of the saloon and ran back inside, throwing the can of beer away and scattering its contents. Cunningham was right behind him and found him hiding behind the bar. Jacob Bornstein was there, too. Jacob is the bartender. Cunningham arrested him.

Somehow the news spread quickly around the neighborhood and Cunningham had to use extra caution in discovering any other excise violations. However, fate helped him. Cunningham got in front of the saloon of Henry F. Schillig, at Delancey and Eldridge Streets, just as Lewis Kleb of 326 Ninth Avenue was thrown out. Kleb appealed to Cunningham, and did not appeal in vain.

Cunningham started for the saloon door on the run. Some one inside bolted it with a chain. Then some one called names at Cunningham through the door. The policeman sent Kleb to a telephone to send for help, while he kept guard at the door. Finally another policeman came up and then Cunningham arrested Anthony Moss because he thought he'd violated the excise law. He arrested Harry Levy, a blacksmith, also, saying that he was the man who had called him names.

That ended Cunningham's work. He searched around his beat for the rest of the night, but try as he would he couldn't find a place open or showing signs of doing business. It was very dry wherever he might be expected to appear. The saloons in the rest of the precinct did business as usual.

KELLY TRYING TO GET BACK.

Policeman Dismissed for Clubbing Two Boys Appeals from Baker's Ruling.

The first appeal from the decision of Police Commissioner Baker in the police clubbing cases, which resulted in the dismissal of several members of the force, has been made by the counsel for former Policeman John Kelly of the Stagg Street Police Station, Brooklyn. Notice of the appeal was sent to the Police Commissioner two days ago by Lawyer William A. Robinson of 44 Court Street, with affidavits embodying new evidence which was not brought out at Kelly's trial.

Mr. Robinson, at his home, 249 Argyle Road, Flatbush, said last night that he would first give the Police Commissioner a chance to grant a new hearing to Kelly with a view of re-instating him. Mr. Robinson says that business men and others near Humboldt and Siegel Streets, have told him that Kelly did not strike Henry Dickoff, eleven years old, and Frank Jenny, eight years old, upon whose evidence Kelly was dismissed. This was the case in which Miss Anna Dickoff, an elder sister of one of the boys, who lives at 161 McKibben Street, asserted that persons representing Kelly offered her a bribe if she would have the case against the policeman dropped.

TWO HURT IN A CAR CRASH.

Man and Woman Severely Injured and Two Lines Blocked.

In a collision between an eastbound Thirty-fourth Street car and a southbound Third Avenue surface car at Third Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, last night, one passenger on each car was severely injured. Both cars were well filled and were considerably damaged in the smash. Some of the passengers were thrown down and bruised, as were the motormen.

The collision was attributed to wet rails and the slipping of the brakes of the crosstown car. The accident tied up the crosstown line and the southbound track of the Third Avenue line three-quarters of an hour, as the Third Avenue car was derailed.

The severely injured were:

Mrs. Ellen Clark of 1,353 Fifty-third Street, Borough Park, Brooklyn, contusions of the spine and body.

Frank Lenzper, 30 years old, of 104 Second Street, contusions of hips, body, and face.

The two were removed to Bellevue Hospital, but later in the evening Mrs. Clark was transferred to St. Vincent's Hospital by her own request. No arrests were made. The reserves from the East Thirty-fifth Street Station were called out to handle the crowd that gathered.

BIG FIRE IN PITTSBURG.

Theatre and Office Building Destroyed —Other Structures Threatened.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Monday, Feb. 21.—A fire started on the stage of the Family Theatre, at 3,336 Fifth Avenue, at 12:50 this morning. The building is between the Hotel Newell and the Hotel Antlers, and the patrons were driven from their rooms. A whisky barrel exploded and caused a panic among them.

The fire spread rapidly and an office building and the theatre were destroyed. The two hotels and various business houses were threatened.

COURT FIGURES TAXI FARE.

Demand Was for $8.80—The Chauffeur Gets Just $4.

With a pencil and paper Magistrate Barlow in Night Court last night figured out that $4 was a fair rate for a taxicab from Hooper Street, Brooklyn, to Terrace Garden, on the basis of 60 cents a mile and 10 cents for each four minutes of a twenty-minute wait.

Edward Bennett, chauffeur of a taxicab, accepted the money and the Magistrate discharged Max Miller of 134 Hooper Street, whom the chauffeur had had arrested when he refused to pay a toll of $8.80.

Miller was on his way to a ball and arrived late after his court experience.

FAIRBANKS OCCUPIES PULPIT.

Speaks in American Church in Berlin —Due in Paris To-day.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—Charles W. Fairbanks, ex-Vice President of the United States, occupied the pulpit of the American Church to-day.

Mrs. Hill, wife of the American Ambassador, gave a reception in honor of Mrs. Fairbanks in the afternoon.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—Ex-Vice President Fairbanks and Mrs. Fairbanks will arrive here to-morrow. Ambassador Bacon has arranged a series of dinners at which Mr. Fairbanks will meet France's notable men.

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford and Mrs. Woodford, who traveled by automobile through the Valley of the Rhine, arrived here to-day. Gen. Woodford will be received by President Fallières. The date has not yet been fixed for the presentation to the President of the Hudson-Fulton medal.

DASH IN AUTO SAVED BOY.

Engineer Saw Him Drowning from Train and Reported It at Station.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., Feb. 20.—When a west-bound train arrived in the Greenwich Station this afternoon at 4:05 o'clock the engineer reported to the station agent that he had seen a boy struggling in the waters of Bruce Pond, about three-quarters of a mile back. The station agent told Officer Nedley of the Greenwich police force, who called to the chauffeur of a passing automobile, and directed him to take him to Bruce Pond at his best speed.

The machine swung alongside, the officer jumped in, and the chauffeur flung speed regulations to the winds. Nedley was on the shore of the pond in time to save the boy, who proved to be Charles Peterson, the eleven-year-old son of Benjamin Peterson.

FAST TRAIN JUMPS TRACK.

Rude Awakening for Passengers on Pennsylvania Express from St. Louis.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20.—The Pennsylvania train (No. 30) which usually makes New York in twenty-four hours from St. Louis was seeking to regain about thirty minutes' lost time by a fast run over a level stretch of the Pan-Handle Division, when five of its six cars jumped the track a mile west of Scio, Ohio, at 8 o'clock to-day. The twenty-nine passengers aboard, most of whom were enjoying a late Sunday morning sleep, were rudely shaken from their berths, and some suffered from shock, but none was injured seriously enough to require surgical attention. Two hours later they were transferred to a west-bound train, which ran back seventy-five miles to Pittsburg, whence they took another train to New York.

Traffic was delayed about three hours. The railroad officials believe that a broken rail caused the wreck. Neither of the two locomotives nor the mail car left the rails, and the other cars fortunately remained upright after their plunge from the track.

SMALLS WITH CLAWHAMMER.

Young Mr. Guggenheim Introduces a New Fashion at the St. Regis.

Robert Guggenheim, the eldest son of Daniel Guggenheim, greatly interested the other guests at the Hotel St. Regis on several evenings last week by appearing in the dining room and foyer of the hotel in knee breeches, such as King Edward recently abolished at English Court functions, and which are rarely, if ever, seen in New York. Mr. Guggenheim's breeches have been the principal topic of conversation among the guests since.

They are made of the same material as his evening coat, and have a baggy effect, much like the regulation knickerbockers. With them he wears silk stockings and patent leather pumps, with large silver buckles.

Whether Mr. Guggenheim is endeavoring to popularize the breeches for evening wear in his social set is still the subject of debate at the St. Regis. The consensus of opinion, however, has been that he looked "nice," having the proper outlines for the dress, and even dignified.

Mr. Guggenheim wears with his breeches a long military cape which reaches below his knees. This also might be termed an innovation in New York.

He is wearing this and the breeches every night whether for a dance or a dinner.

There were many "Ohs" and "Ahs" when he first appeared in the hotel foyer, but he seemed not to be cognizant of the little furor he had caused.

Train Kills Man and Daughter.

LANCASTER, Ohio, Feb. 20.—W. B. Henry, ex-County Clerk, 55 years old, and his daughter Ellen, aged 18, while driving, were killed by a Hocking Valley passenger train to-night at Willow Crossing, west of this city, near their country home. Mr. Henry served two terms as Fairfield County [illegible]

MOB RULE IN PHILADELPHIA

Scores Injured, Including Women and Police, and Cars Burned by Strike Rioters.

ABOUT 500 ARE ARRESTED

Crowds Beyond Control of Police Dispersed by Firemen with Streams of Water.

NO CARS RUN AFTER DARK

Mayor Calls for 3,000 Special Policemen and Enforces Riot Act—General Strike Threatened by Unions.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—Mob rule prevailed throughout the city to-day on the second day of the trolley strike. Cars were smashed and burned. A score of riots, in which the police and the strikers resorted even to shooting, sent nearly a hundred persons to hospitals. A woman and two girls were hit by stray bullets. About 500 persons were arrested.

Every obstacle imaginable was carried, trundled, or dragged to the centre of the tracks to stop cars. The policemen seemed powerless to stop the mobs from wrecking cars and stoning crews. It was only by the use of streams of water by the firemen in many cases that the crowds were dispersed. Two men may lose their lives as a result of being thrown against buildings by the terrific force of the streams turned upon them.

Mayor Reyburn, realizing that the situation is most serious, has done the next thing to declaring martial law in Kensington, Richmond, and South Philadelphia. He issued orders to Director of Public Safety Clay to direct his policemen to proceed under the provisions of the Riot act and to swear in 3,000 special policemen.

In spite of the disorder cars ran in a more or less demoralized manner in all the daylight hours. At 6 o'clock to-night, however, all were taken off, the company declaring that to run cars meant only to endanger life. Efficient service is promised to-morrow until the business rush is over at least.

There was hope among the authorities most of the morning that the day would pass without serious difficulty. Cars were run on every line with little difficulty except in the mill district of Kensington, where they were stoned. The transit company officials announced at 11 o'clock that cars were running on their regular Sunday schedule. Shortly afterward, however, riots were reported from scores of widely separated localities.

Attack on Company's Offices.

The importation of 175 strikebreakers from New York led to an attack on the barns and main offices of the transit company at Eighth and Dauphin Streets. Windows were broken by stones hurled by the mob, which was finally dispersed after twenty-five arrests had been made.

Sixth and Pierce Streets was apparently the starting point of the worst downtown riots. A single fight at that place drew a crowd, which soon set out to burn the tracks and cripple the traction company. The mob grew in numbers as it progressed. At Sixth and Bainbridge Streets three cars were jammed together and virtually demolished. Leaders of the crowd swore that they meant to cripple the cars for some time, because they destroyed the control boxes and smashed the motors with rocks and iron bars. Two cars were derailed at Fifth and Wharton Streets and one was toppled over. Here Charles Seirphilt, a policeman of the Fifteenth and Snyder Avenue Station, was struck by a brick and rendered unconscious. He was badly kicked after he fell.

A wild mob congregated about the corner of Eighteenth and Morris Streets, and neither the reserves detailed from the City Hall nor the firemen with their high-pressure streams could disperse it. Every car was stoned and the passengers and crews were compelled to leave. In many cases the cars were badly damaged.

Masonry of New School Used.

At Ninth and Mifflin Streets the masonry of the new Southwark school was torn down, and the stones were heaped in the tracks. The approach of a car guarded by policemen on the front and rear platforms was hailed with delight by the 1,500 persons who were congregated around the half-completed school building. They took station behind stone piles, and at a given signal rose and charged the car with rocks and clubs. The fusillade will result fatally for one passenger, an eight-year-old boy, whose skull was fractured. The two policemen drew their pistols, and, firing over the heads of the mob, tried to force their way to the police box. A cobble made one policeman unconscious, and a blow from a club laid out the other. The car was demolished, and the mob moved, hooting and shrieking, to Eighth and McKean Streets.

At this point policemen, using a heavy block pavement stamper as a battering ram, forced their way through the heavy oaken doors of Smith's Hall, from the second floor of which a mob of strikers and their sympathizers showered bricks, stones, and water on them. A desperate fight took place on the stairway of the hall. Chairs and tables were broken up and converted into weapons. A dozen arrests were made, and a score of the participants were treated for scalp wounds at hospitals and drug stores.

Girl and Mother Wounded.

A sixteen-year-old girl and her mother were shot during a conflict between policemen and a crowd of strike sympathizers [illegible] their rendezvous was necessary. By 2 o'clock 2,000 strike sympathizers had assembled at the corner of Twenty-fourth and Wharton Streets and 2,000 more at Twenty-third and Lombard Streets. A patrol wagon and a dozen policemen arrived at Twenty-fourth and Wharton Streets, but seeing that nothing was being done there and that every car that came down Twenty-third Street was wrecked, they started up that street in search of the rioters.

The crowd at Twenty-fourth and Wharton Streets captured the first car that came along after the police had left and drove the crew off. Then several quarts of kerosene were thrown on the floor of the car and a match did the rest. A riot call was sent into City Hall and the police came and arrested nine youths between twelve and twenty years of age.

Half an hour later the crowd at Twenty-third and Wharton Streets had grown to 5,000 persons. Heavy stones, huge planks, and piles of obstructions of all kinds were heaped upon the tracks on Twenty-third Street between Pine and Lombard Streets. When the first car arrived the crew was dragged to the street and beaten. The two policemen detailed on the car were powerless.

One policeman started to back up the car toward Pine Street while the other shot his revolver in the air. But the bricks came so fast and thick that the policeman fired into the crowd, and several shots are said to have been fired in return. One of the bullets struck Mary Devlin of 1816 South Sixteenth Street, going through the left leg above the knee. She was taken to the Polyclinic Hospital. Mrs. Devlin received a bullet in the left arm, which was dressed at the same hospital.

The rioters wrecked every car that passed down Twenty-third Street, up Twenty-second Street, or out Lombard Street. Twelve in all were wrecked. One car which was abandoned by its crew and left standing at Twenty-fifth and Lombard Streets was burned. Two taxicabs filled with police finally came in about 4:30 and gradually dispersed the crowds.

Another Girl Is Wounded.

Viola Beavan, 13 years old, was wounded in the abdomen by a stray bullet from a policeman's revolver as she was stepping from her home at 929 North Thirteenth Street, while a mob was attacking five trolley cars in front of the house. She is in a serious condition.

George Feltsaup, aged 22 years, a nurse in the Friends Asylum, was also struck by a stray bullet while hastening to a train. His condition is not regarded as critical.

Dorsey Cransbury of 1731 South Street incurred the ill-will of several boys who yelled "there he goes," and began throwing stones at him. Cransbury ran. The door of a dry goods store at 2223 Lombard Street stood open, and through this Cransbury fled, locking the door behind him. Before his pursuers could break down the door the police arrived and dispersed them. Cransbury was found by Policeman McDermott behind a counter unconscious. He was taken in a taxicab to his home.

Boys Set Cars Afire.

At Twenty-sixth and Wharton Streets a mob of boys drove a conductor and motorman from their posts, and after four women passengers had left the car set it on fire with waste taken from a near-by freight car. The following car was also stopped and was being set on fire when a detachment of police and a chemical engine reached the scene.

The policemen in the southern part of the city were quartered at the car barns and at the police stations. Lieut. Davis of the Seventh and Carpenter Streets Station and Lieut. Eichtenmeyer of the Fifteenth Street and Snyder Avenue Station were in active command of flying squadrons, who were called hither and thither in regular platoon marching order to quell uprisings.

In the usually quiet residential section of West Philadelphia mobs were formed which for a time baffled the police. Iron bars and stones were piled on the tracks and several cars were wrecked. Mounted police were powerless to disperse the mobs, and fire hose was finally brought into play. Many injured persons are reported at hospitals in that district.

Threats to blow up the cars in Germantown were disregarded until a mob of 2,000 congregated at the barns at Carpenter Street and Germantown Avenue and loaded the tracks with dynamite signal caps. Passengers fled the cars in terror. Although the cars continued to run, they were empty.

Mobs March in Kensington.

Lehigh Avenue was the centre from which mobs spread to all parts of Richmond and Kensington. One big crowd started at Fifth Street and Lehigh Avenue and followed, hooting, in the wake of a car to Somerset Street. The crowd finally planted itself in front of the car, knowing that the motorman would not dare to run through it. The car stopped and was attacked. The motorman was beaten into insensibility and a brick struck a policeman who went to his rescue. The officer will probably lose his sight.

At Lehigh and Kensington Avenues the mob derailed, overthrew, and burned a car, and in so doing injured a woman seriously. At Sixth and Diamond Streets the mob had increased to almost 3,000 persons, and the police of the Fourth and York Streets Stations were powerless before them.

Extent of the Damage.

The transit officials state that 297 cars were wrecked and damaged, two completely burned, and one partially burned by the mobs to-day, while 2,608 car windows were smashed. The officials of the company charge that the rioting was directed by union men and was the result of a plot to intimidate the loyal motormen and conductors.

Attention to details was shown by those engaged in wrecking and burning the cars. After one was burned at Twenty-sixth and Wharton Streets a freight car on a near-by siding was forced across the street to block the possible arrival of fire engines. The pins were withdrawn from the car wheels and every possible precaution was taken to prevent the moving of it after the torch had been applied to the cotton waste with which it had been filled. Before the car at Fifth and Somerset Streets was set on fire it was raised from the tracks with stone blocks.

The strikers and their sympathizers displayed more bitterness against the company than at any time during the strike of last Summer. At no time during the former strike was the rioting so widespread nor were there as many persons engaged in attacking the cars. Unlike the previous strike, men with union buttons were found in the mobs everywhere, and they are charged with being the ringleaders. The orders of Mayor Reyburn to swear in 3,000 additional police has embittered the men more.

Considerable difficulty is being experienced by the friends of those arrested in to-day's rioting in locating the prisoners. It is charged that the prisoners are being sent to station houses at points far distant from the place where the arrests take place, and that it is practically impossible to locate them.

General Strike Threatened.

A general strike, affecting all organized labor in the city, is not at all improbable, according to John J. Murphy, President of the Central Labor Union, whose grievance Committee held a session to-day. The members declared that their unions were ready to paralyze industry in this city should the Rapid Transit Company resort to the plan of using strike-breakers or police and firemen to run the cars.

Financial support was also promised to the strikers.

Union officials said that 800 strike-breakers were brought here to-night. The transit company declares that it has not imported strike-breakers, but rather rejected the offices of Louis Beroff and Sam Cohen, who broke the McKee's Rock strike. Hoodlums and strike sympathizers proselyted among the non-union men with clubs and bricks. A score of converts thus made are reported.

Contradictory assertions are made by the opposing forces as to the number of men on strike. The leaders of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes said that 6,200 of the 7,000 employes of the transit company had left their cars. The officials of the company say that 3,000 of their employes are loyal.

Three men of the new street railway union sought refuge on the steps of the Carnegie Library at Sixth Street and Lehigh Avenue. Stopping but a moment in their flight from the crowds of sympathizers and strikers, they armed themselves with stones and clubs and held their enemies at bay until a fire engine arrived and scattered the crowd by means of three heavy streams of water. A patrol wagon took the men to the station house, where they were protected.

In the neighborhood of the Richmond Street barn a mob blocked the entrance to the barn and refused to permit cars to enter or leave. One daring motorman nosed his car through the mob, but was cut by flying glass and stunned by a piece of brick. The arrival of the police drove the crowd to a near-by hall, where the opened a fusillade of stones and bricks at the policemen on Allegheny Avenue.

Pratt Has Triumphal Tour.

C. O. Pratt, the strike director, was followed through the city by a howling throng. He drove slowly in his taxicab, apparently enjoying the ovation. With him were Peter Driscoll, the President of the local union, and John J. Murphy, the President of the Central Labor Union. The party stopped and made speeches at the Germantown, the Richmond Street and Allegheny Avenue, the Frankford, and the Second Street and Wyoming Avenue barns, and at each place was greeted uproariously. The mob deserted Pratt only when he signified his intention of leaving for Willow Grove.

"The men are well organized," said Pratt. "The experience that they gained in the strike last June is now proving its value. Never have I seen such enthusiasm. They are behaving like veterans. To-day Edward Kauffman, one of the leaders of the Keystone Union, came over to us, and with ten of his fellow-Keystone men joined the Amalgamated Union. These men were among those who were loyal to the company last Summer, but have declared that they will stand for the injustice of the company no longer."

SECRETLY ORGANIZING HERE.

Interborough Men Themselves Don't Know How New Union Is Getting On.

On account of the street-car strike in Philadelphia, the organization of the motormen and conductors of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, started about two months ago by the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railroad Employes, is proceeding secretly. Like the union of the strikers in Philadelphia, the union here is to be a local of the Amalgamated Association.

Organizer Fruchter said yesterday that to prevent detectives of the company from identifying the men who are enrolling, only the organizers know the names of the men enrolled. Even a man's next neighbor or his co-worker would not know. No meeting will be called to elect officers until a majority of the men are enrolled, and in the meantime the work of enrollment is going on.

President William D. Mahon of the Amalgamated Association is expected in this city soon to push the enrollment.

ROW AT A WEDDING FEAST.

Man Appears in the Hall Seeking His Children and a Fight Follows.

Armed with a court order giving him the custody of his two children and dated at the time of his divorce from his first wife five years ago, Alexander Gurian, a piano dealer of 322 and 324 Grand Street, accompanied by his second wife, visited Victoria Hall, at 641 Lexington Avenue, last night in search of the children, who were at the hall with their mother at a wedding feast. The visit of Gurian and his wife was resented by the two brothers of Gurian's first wife, who, the police and Mrs. Gurian say, assaulted the second Mrs. Gurian.

About two years ago, or three years after receiving a divorce from his first wife, Gurian decided to marry again. He wanted to take his two children from the mother of the first wife, with whom they had been staying. When the time came to get the children Gurian says he found that his first wife had taken them to Canada, despite the fact that he had an order from Justice Blanchard giving him the custody of them.

Dr. Simon Grudberg of 135 Henry Street and Isaac Grudberg of 17 East 111th Street, brothers of Gurian's first wife, Mrs. Gurian charges, struck her and threw her out. In a moment the hall was in an uproar.

A police squad arrived on the scene, and arrested the two brothers. They were taken to the station house without hats or coats. They were in evening dress. Meanwhile Mr. and Mrs. Gurian tried to find the children, but they could not be found.

Fall Kills a Woman of 84.

WEST CALDWELL, N. J., Feb. 20.—Injuries received by falling on the icy street near her home, caused the death yesterday of Mrs. Phoebe Crane Gould, in the house where she was born nearly eighty-four years ago. Her husband, William Gould, died twenty years ago. Her father, the late Major Nathaniel S. Crane, built the Morris Canal, from Boonton to Newark, and owned large tracts of land in Essex and Morris Counties.

GAYNORITIS HITS THE POLICE.

No Headquarters Arrests in 24 Hours, an Unheard-Of Phenomenon.

For the first time in the recollection of the oldest of the old-timers at Police Headquarters twenty-four consecutive hours passed yesterday without a prisoner being brought into the Detective Bureau. From 12:30 A. M. yesterday to 12:30 o'clock this morning not an entry was made in the blotter at Headquarters except those referring to regular police business. No prisoner's name was entered in the record.

There were many suggestions as to the reason for the phenomenon. Some suggested that all the police had "Gaynoritis" and did not dare to make arrests. Others thought that every one must have been imbued with the spirit of the day.

Whatever the cause, the name of Harry Davis of 49 Bayard Street, arrested for engaging in a fist fight in the street, and brought to Headquarters at 12:30 A. M. yesterday, was the last entered in the records.

UNEQUALLED in the SALAD

Waw-Waw

SAUCE

Delicious—Appetizing

(At the same time see your digestion improve)

Supplied to the Houses of Lords and Commons, England.

St. James Im[illegible] Co., Sole Agts.

ANOTHER RACE CLASH IS FEARED AT CAIRO

Officers Seeking Negro Purse-Snatcher, Whose Arrest May Precipitate More Violence.

MORE SOLDIERS SENT FOR

Reports That Negroes Insulted Those Who Followed Coffin of Mob Victim to the Grave Adds to Tension.

CAIRO, Ill., Feb. 20.—Police officers are searching the city to-night for a negro suspected of purse snatching and another clash between the authorities and the citizens is feared if the man is caught.

As the result of a conference between Adjt. Gen. Dickson and Sheriff Nellis Company H of the Illinois National Guard was to-night ordered to report here by Adjt. Gen. Dickson. Company H, which is at Shelbyville, will arrive here to-morrow on a special train.

Feeling is still running high against the negroes. Matters were not helped by reports that the blacks to-day insulted persons in the funeral procession following the body of Alexander Halliday, who was killed Thursday night in the attack on the jail, partly defended by negro deputies.

The negro the police are now after is believed to have been associated with John Pratt, the negro who escaped lynching when Sheriff Nellis's defense of the jail resulted in the death of Halliday and the injury of several others in the attacking party. If he is caught it is feared an effort may be made to take him away from the police before the military has an opportunity to interfere.

Nearly six hundred persons attended Halliday's funeral and accompanied the body to Mounds, Ill., in a special train. As the train was passing through the negro district east of Cairo, negroes collected on the streets to watch its passage. It was here members of the funeral party charge an insulting demonstration was made. An effort was made to organize a party on the train during the return trip to Cairo to wreak summary revenge on the negroes, but no disturbance resulted.

An unidentified man created the disturbance at the cemetery by demanding permission to make a speech over the grave, but he was hurried away. He said he was a friend of Halliday and that he had been run out of town by the police.

The military continued to patrol the streets to-night at regular intervals. Several small crowds were dispersed during the day, but no demonstration took place of any moment.

The bitterness of feeling against the negro element is manifested in threats and rumors of future demonstrations. Women generally are carrying revolvers and are urged by their husbands and male relatives to shoot to kill if attacked.

The special Grand Jury, which has been instructed to investigate the riot, will probably be dissolved to-morrow morning when it reconvenes. Judge W. M. Butler, who instructed the jury, conferred with Sheriff Nellis this afternoon, and later announced he would decide whether a new jury is necessary. There are four negroes on the jury.

The home of Sheriff Nellis is guarded by the militia, and he has an escort of soldiers when he leaves the Court House. Popular feeling continues strongly against him for using negro deputies and allowing Halliday's body to lie in front of the jail for three hours. In regard to the latter matter Adjt. Gen. Dickson, Gov. Deneen's personal representative, declared this afternoon that Sheriff Nellis was not ordered by the Governor to permit Halliday's body to lie on the ground until the militia arrived.

Mrs. Nellis, wife of the Sheriff, collapsed this afternoon under the strain, and is now under a physician's care. She is one of the women who are carrying revolvers.

The ministers in their pulpits for the most part to-day united in urging the citizens to support the law. The Rev. Frank Thompson of the First Christian Church said in part:

"No American whose heart is filled with passion for the Commonwealth can approve mob law, yet things have occurred in Cairo which, if they had not moved Cairo's brave men to deeds—daring and desperate deeds—and Cairo's fair women to tears, would have lowered them to the level of the unfeeling ox which calmly feeds as his comrade suffers or dies."

This expresses the feeling in Cairo among the masses.

LIKES MAX PAM'S RHERTORIC.

Metropolitan Temple's Pastor Says His Wisdom Stirs Flagging Thoughts.

"The Place of Religion in Good Government" was the subject of an address delivered last night in the Metropolitan Temple, under the auspices of the American Civic Association, by Max Pam, formerly quite well known in New York, who was introduced by the Rev. Dr. John Wesley Hill as a "distinguished lawyer from Chicago, whose rhetoric charms us, and whose wisdom leaves us thinking still."

Mr. Pam struck out hard at the Socialists, classifying them as disciples of the dread doctrine of predatory poverty. The atmosphere at the Metropolitan Temple seems to have become charged with antipathy against Socialism, for next Sunday night, he announced, he will begin a series of talks on "National Perils," the first being on "The Peril of Socialism."

Of course, Mr. Pam fulminated against predatory wealth, too, but he believed that predatory poverty was worse even than that. He put himself on record as holding the belief that Socialists want to divide up all the wealth of the world among all men. "The workers of the world shall not be required to divide their substance among the drones," he shouted.

There was one man, he said, standing in the front rank of the living financiers of the world whom he wanted to say all he could for. This man had inherited wealth, he went on, but added to it by his own efforts. He aided materially in the development of the Nation's resources, of railways, telegraphs, and other industrials. "Besides, he is a philanthropist," said Mr. Pam. "He is not a malefactor," he argued. "He is a benefactor."

After the service he was asked the name of this prosperous benefactor.

"Ah, my son," he said, "I must not give his name."

As for the place of religion in good government, Mr. Pam said it was right at the bottom of good government, and he quoted a great deal of history and no little poetry to prove his statement.

Dr. Hill invited all the audience to come up and shake hands with the speaker, and personally thank him for his thought-forcing address. Several persons shook his hand.

X Science View of Mrs. Stetson.

Miss Renata Hermes, a Berlin Christian Scientist, got here yesterday on the steamship Graf Waldersee to study Christian Science in this country. She will probably visit Mrs. Eddy before leaving. She said that the Christian Scientist Church abroad was in good condition and that Mrs. Stetson was regarded there as an interesting heretic.

HAMILTON FISH A SAMSON.

Tests at Harvard Show Him to Be the Strongest Man in the University.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 20.—Hamilton Fish, Jr., Captain of last Fall's foot ball eleven at Harvard, has been acclaimed the strongest man in the university in the strength tests for the half year taken by Dr. Dudley Sargent in the Hemingway Gymnasium. Fish averaged over 1,300 points.

Fish has been an all-American tackle for three years. He is 21 years old, 6 feet 3 inches in height, and weighs 205 pounds. He is also a star soccer and basket ball player. He is at present on a leave of absence from the university until June, and is acting as secretary to his father in Washington.

Paul Withington, who ranks second, is one of the best-known athletes in the college. He, with his brother Lothrop, has the distinction of being the only two men in the university who have won their "H" in two major sports. Paul Withington is a 'Varsity footballer and oarsman, the best swimmer in the college, and the amateur heavyweight champion wrestler of New England.

Perry Smith, another football player, came third, and F. H. Leslie, a crew man, fourth.

All four registered above 1,200. Paul Withington, who does not rank high on the list, has always been conceded as Harvard's strongest man.

SEEKS A WIFE TO GET $20,000.

And Work Also—Many Would Wed J. E. Mason, Including New York Girls.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 20.—John E. Mason, whose search for work and a wife has been widely advertised, is flooded with communications from various applicants who think they are suited to fill the last mentioned need. Mr. Mason years ago received $500 from his father, a London merchant, and was sent to America to look out for himself. Before his departure his father told him that if at the age of thirty he could convince him or the executors of his will that he had married and settled down, he would receive $20,000.

The time for fulfilling his obligation is up in May, 1911, and Mr. Mason is out of a position and unmarried. Since his needs were advertised Mr. Mason has received over 100 letters. Some are earnest and breathe sincerity, some are exceedingly humorous, while the majority are forward and bold, and discuss the matter in a cold-blooded fashion as though an exchange of horses were at stake.

Among Mr. Mason's correspondents have been three New York girls.

Mr. Mason has also received letters in regard to work, and his only worry at present is that some energetic woman may visit his apartments. He lives at 6 Staniford Street.

WON'T KISS TO GET VOTES.

Wellesley College Girls Throw Cold Water on Mrs. Powell's Suggestion.

Special to The New York Times.

WELLESLEY, Mass., Feb. 20.—The reported statement by Mrs. Powell, a supporter of woman's suffrage in New York City, advocating "A kiss for a vote," fell on barren ground at Wellesley College. Wellesley has been the foremost of women's colleges which have been active workers in the suffrage cause, and the university has a league with a large membership fully approved by the Faculty.

It was the consensus of opinion among club members seen to-day that "kisses" have no place in politics or in obtaining women's rights and that the bestowal of such favors publicly and promiscuously would bring the cause into disrepute or ridicule, as well as make the donors a subject not only of laughter but of disrespect.

Miss Scudder, one of the prominent sponsors of the movement and instructress in the university, believes that if woman's suffrage must be fought to a victorious end the battle must be contested with dignity and its opponents convinced of its justice by common-sense methods rather than sensational or emotional persuasion.

CONNERS ARRIVES READY FOR A FIGHT

Continued from Page 1.

Conners, "and what happened at Rochester had something to do with the break. I stood out at that time and I would do so again."

"Were you correctly quoted in Palm Beach when you referred to judgeships being auctioned off?" the State Chairman was asked.

Nothing to Take Back.

"Yes," said Mr. Conners, "I was correctly quoted and I stand by every word of it. I don't wish to elaborate upon that statement at this time, but it will all come out at Albany on Thursday. I expect to have a whole lot of interesting things to say on that occasion. In fact, it is too early to say just what I am going to do.

"I will go to Albany on Wednesday and prepare to put up a fight that will stir things up. I expect to meet many committeemen right here in New York to-morrow and Tuesday, however. My friends are rallying around me as much as I could wish."

The committeemen who were waiting at the Waldorf for Mr. Conners last night were Michael J. Walsh of Westchester County, Wesley J. Springstead of Rockland, George D. Van Valkenburgh of Greene, William S. Cameron of Warren, Stephen Ryan of Chenango, William F. Rafferty of Onondaga, Warren M. Sweet of Allegany, George M. Batten of Niagara, Louis P. Fuhrmann of Erie, Mayor of Buffalo, and Henry Burgard of Erie. These ten are among Mr. Conners's most earnest supporters.

Mayor Fuhrmann will lead the fight on Mr. Conners's enemies before the committee on Thursday. John T. Mahar, Mr. Conners's secretary, received many telegrams yesterday from other committeemen who said they would arrive in New York to consult with Mr. Conners before his forces moved on Albany.

W. J. Springstead was one of the signers of the call for the meeting, and his presence in Mr. Conners's Waldorf headquarters bore out his statement that he had supporters among those who sent out the call. It was noticeable, however, that there were no representatives from Kings County. As Kings County holds the balance of power in the committee, Mr. Conners will spend most of his time between now and Wednesday trying to whip them in line.

That he recognizes his weakness in not having the support of the Kings County committeemen was evident by the way he referred to the fact that he had left New York and Brooklyn to be taken care of by Mr. Murphy while he was busy taking care of the up-State contingent.

The Kings County State Committeemen, who in all probability will be the deciding influence in the controversy on Thursday, are John H. Delaney, William R. McGuire, William A. Doyle, Thomas F. Byrnes, Edward Glinnon, William F. Doyle, Conrad Hasenflug, and James P. Sinnott.

While Mr. Conners was lining up his forces and preparing for battle everything seemed to be quiet in the Murphy-Cohalan camp. Neither put in an appearance at any of the regular Tammany meeting places, and neither sent out a statement. But this, it is said, doesn't necessarily mean that everything is going to be tranquil to-day.

CHOATE SPEAKS OUT FOR A BIGGER NAVY

Tells Spanish Veterans It Will Be a Step Toward Insuring the World's Peace.

MAINE SINKING CELEBRATED

Admiral Sigsbee Urges Audience to Help Obtain Funds for Maine Monument in Arlington Cemetery.

Some 4,000 veterans of the Spanish-American war attended a memorial service in Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon to celebrate the twelfth anniversary of the blowing up of the Maine in Havana harbor.

Joseph H. Choate presided and in addition to him, Admiral Sigsbee, who commanded the Maine at the time of the explosion, and Congressman Sulzer, delivered addresses. The Rev. Father Chidwick, formerly chaplain of the Maine, also spoke. The audience cheered heartily when a small band of men made up of survivors from the wrecked warship, marched to seats on the platform, behind the speakers. Near them on the platform sat Gen. Daniel E. Sickles. He was also welcomed with applause.

Mr. Choate prefaced his address by saying that it does not do credit to our Government or the people of the United States to have the wreck of the Maine still lying at the bottom of Havana harbor, obstructing navigation and, as he expressed it, "a monument to the horror of Feb. 15, twelve years ago."

"It is absolutely essential," he said, "for this country to maintain its navy—that cheapest defense of our great nation. I do not think that Mr. Roosevelt in all his brilliant career ever had a happier idea than that of sending the navy around the world on its message of peace and good will.

"It was my good fortune to attend the Hague Peace Congress two years ago. Side by side with the delegates from the United States sat the delegates from the ancient Kingdom of Spain and they labored with us, for general peace and arbitration as a means of eliminating the horrors of war. I felt then as I do now that it was the weight of our navy that gave force to our words at that peace conference.

"By and by, and at no distant day, the Panama canal will be opened—the last great triumph to American brains and energy and diplomacy. On that day the need for the navy will be doubled. Soon we will have a merchant marine. We shall no longer be exposed to the ignominy of seeing our exports carried away with only 7 per cent. covered by the American flag. We shall see our merchant marine restored to what it was before the civil war and even more. Then the work of our navy will be increased.

"And when the United States becomes, by consent of all nations, their leader, and mistress of the seas, then the work of the navy will be quadrupled. And that time to which I have just referred will come some day. It may not be in this generation or the next, but it will come."

Admiral Sigsbee said that he was present in the rôle of promoter, although he was a conscript rather than a volunteer. He explained the purpose of the Maine memorial movement and expressed hope that every patriotic man and woman would send $1 toward the building fund. Mrs. John Hay, he said, had already sent $100 toward building a monument in Arlington Cemetery to the men who died in the disaster.

Congressman Sulzer said the meeting came in a very good time. "It will stir up the dry bones of some of the Bourbons in Congress, especially some on the Naval Affairs Committee, and some of them ought to be stirred up by a great big stick," he said.

"For years efforts have been made to get the Government to raise the wreck of the Maine and take the bodies of those 63 sailors out of the slime and muck of Havana harbor, and bury them with their fellows in Arlington Cemetery," he said. "More than eight years ago, I introduced a bill authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to raise the wreck of the Maine and bring the bodies home. I have never been able to get that bill out of committee. In season and out of season I have worked. I have always been put off by Congress. I have waited long enough. I am determined that the Naval Affairs Committee shall report this matter out at this session of Congress or I will know the reason why.

"Why does the Government refuse to raise the Maine? I have endeavored to find out before. I have been asked that a thousand times. I don't know why, but I am going to find out. If the wreck was raised and we found that it was sunk by an explosion from the inside then we would acknowledge that a great mistake had been made. It is better to acknowledge a mistake than to be afraid."

Along toward the end of the meeting a resolution was introduced by Maurice Simmons, Commander of the Department of New York, U. S. W. V., asking Congress to raise the Maine. It was adopted with applause. Here is the resolution:

Whereas, the destruction of the battleship Maine, in the Harbor of Havana, Cuba, twelve years ago, precipitated the Spanish War, and, breaking the shell of our provincialism, compelled us to grasp the burden of our heritage as a world power; and

Whereas, the spectacle of the rusted hulk of the ship and the rotting bones of its victims, abandoned without sepulture in alien waters, shames the conscience and stains the honor of our Republic, invites the obliquy and merits the derision of foreign nations, belies the traditions and mocks the ideals of American history; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, by the citizens of the City of New York, in mass meeting convened, at Carnegie Hall, in said city, this 20th day of February, 1910, under the auspices of the United Spanish War Veterans, in order to pay tribute to the memory of these martyred dead, that the Congress of the United States be, and it hereby is, requested to enact legislation for the immediate removal of the wreck to our own shores and the recovery of the remains of its unreclaimed victims for interment in the National Cemetery at Arlington.

A copy of the resolution was sent to the President and Vice President, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Senators and Representatives.

GIRL ROBBED ON A TRAIN.

On Her Way Here to Look for Work—Appeals to Police.

A girl who said she was Ethel Prowse, 15 years old of 30 Appleton Street, Everett, Mass., appealed to Policeman Miller of the East Thirty-fifth Street Station, at Fortieth Street and Third Avenue last night for aid in getting back home.

"I ran away from home this morning," she said, "but a man stole my pocketbook on the train, and I haven't a cent left. I guess I'll have to go back."

Miller took her to the station, where she said she lived with her mother and that her father was a nurse in a sanitarium in Providence, R. I. Yesterday morning, she said, she had decided to come to New York and look for work. She knew her mother would not consent to her coming, she said, so she took a $10 bill, boarded a train for Boston, and from there came to New York, arriving at the Grand Central Station last night. On the train from Boston, she said, she had fallen asleep and some one had taken her pocketbook.

She was turned over to the Children's Society and a telegram was sent to her mother.

TILLMAN STILL IMPROVING.

Senator Able to Speak and Recognizes Doctors—Had Good Night.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Senator Benjamin R. Tillman, who has been unconscious for two days from a hemorrhage of the brain, recovered slightly to-day, and this afternoon spoke a few words. As soon as the two physicians attending him saw that he recognized them, and that his mind was clear, they ordered that he desist from further conversation.

To-night, while his physicians will make no predictions as to his recovery, they declare that his condition is better than they had looked for. Dr. Babcock of South Carolina, Mr. Tillman's personal physician, will leave Washington to-morrow, unless the Senator's condition becomes desperate.

Dr. Babcock walked into the Senator's room this morning, and to his surprise was greeted with a hearty "Hello, doctor!"

He returned the greeting, and, anxious to revive the Senator's normal interests as well as to test the extent to which he had regained consciousness, approached the bedside of the sick man with his hand held out in a peculiar manner. Taking the Senator's hand in the mysterious manner known to all secret societies, he shook it solemnly, and then laughed.

"You know that old grip, Senator?" asked the doctor.

"You bet," replied Mr. Tillman, shaking with silent mirth.

It was the secret signal of the Ku Klux Klan, which Dr. Babcock had learned as a boy, and which he had shown to his friend many years ago.

The hope of the doctors is to keep Mr. Tillman perfectly quiet. The symptoms of his case point to the fact that instead of a serious rupture of a blood vessel in the brain, there was really only a slight opening through which serum and not blood oozed. The Senator's regaining of consciousness is taken to mean that the serum is being absorbed.

Telephone and telegraph lines between Washington and South Carolina are kept busy these days by Mr. Tillman's supporters in their efforts to learn exactly what his condition is.

Senator Smith Improves.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Senator William Alden Smith of Michigan continued to improve to-day, and his friends are confident that it will be only a short time until he is recovered from his operation for appendicitis. He is still in the Homeopathic Hospital, however.

Congressman Perkins Unimproved.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The condition of Representative James B. Perkins of New York showed no improvement to-day. Mr. Perkins's condition is now regarded as extremely critical. He is still in Garfield Hospital.

FAILS TO STOP THE WEDDING.

Protesting Father Persuaded to Act as a Witness for Elopers.

PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 20.—When filing his records yesterday with the City Clerk, Justice Peter M. Botyl told of an old-fashioned elopement at which he officiated on Thursday night. Two young couples walked into his office and one of the young men said:

"Judge, my gal and I have come here to get married. We heard up in Sussex County that you were the marrying Justice."

They were Albinos from Sussex County, where their people have been known for generations. Laura Warner, the bride, was a rather striking girl of 18, of medium height, and with snowy white hair and pink eyes. The bridegroom, Abraham Lincoln Gordon, was just as fair, and a strapping big man. Their attendants were George W. Warner and Martha Gordon.

Justice Botyl was just about to say "I pronounce you husband and wife," when the door opened and in walked the bride's father, who began to lecture the young couple, and threatened "to clean out" the place. Upon learning that his daughter had eloped he had hitched up his best team and drove as fast as the horses could travel to try to stop the ceremony.

The police quieted him, and after a talk Mr. Warner consented to act as a third witness. The ceremony proceeded and the parental blessing followed.

WILL TRY TO DRAG ME DOWN, TOO---CONGER

Continued from Page 1.

evidence which may have an important bearing on the future conduct of the Allds trial. The first question was raised in the first week of the trial when the witness Jones was questioned by the Conger attorneys as to a conversation between Deacon Hiram G. Moe and Jones in Groton prior to Moe's trip to Albany with the $6,000 which he says he paid over to legislators and to a subsequent talk between the men after the trip. The object of the testimony was to prove that Moe actually took the trip to Albany he described in his evidence. The ruling if favorable may let in three other reported conversations which may be offered by James W. Osborne, counsel for Conger, to show that the evidence of Moe and Conger was not a fabrication.

The other legal question which the Chair must rule upon came up just before the investigation was adjourned on Friday.

Senator Conger had been asked by Senator J. Mahew Wainwright if he had any understanding as to the distribution of the $4,000 which Moe and Conger said was handed to Assemblyman Burnett in 1901. Conger's counsel objected to the question on the ground that it was not asked to attack the credibility of the witness, and could have no motive other than curiosity. Counsel for Allds argued in favor of the admission of the testimony on the ground that up to the present Conger has involved only one living man—Allds—in his story of corruption in 1901.

An interesting phase of this question is the attitude of the Senate. Senator Thomas F. Grady, the minority leader, and other Democratic members indicated their approval of Senator Wainwright's question, while Senator Brackett took the ground that the evidence was hearsay, and for that reason should not be admitted under the rules governing the trial. It is expected that the Chair will rule on the question Tuesday. If the Wainwright question is excluded it is probable some other effort will be made to put on the record the name of another man who is living, and who may be summoned to testify in the bribery case.

LEGISLATIVE WORK SLOW.

Senate Has Acted on Few of the Many Measures Introduced.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—Handicapped by the Allds-Conger bribery investigation the Senate enters upon the eighth week of the legislative session of 1910 with little in the way of legislation accomplished. Last year at this time the upper house had passed 106 bills, while only 26 have received its approval during the present session.

The investigation has been no hindrance to the introduction of bills, however, for 406 have been presented as compared with 400 a year ago. In the Assembly 695 bills have been put in, compared with 684 last year.

Speaker Wadsworth says that while the Senate is laboring under the burdens of an investigation, with little time to devote to routine legislative affairs, the Assembly intends to take the initiative with confidence that the Senate in good time will supplement its efforts.

The special joint legislative committee appointed last year to investigate the subject of direct primaries in other States will submit its report on Monday. The committee visited nine States. With the bill which the committee will report, the Hinman-Green direct primary measure, which is favored by Gov. Hughes, and the election law and primary reform bills put in by the Democrats, the Judiciary Committees of both Houses will have plenty of primary material with which to deal.

Another hearing on the various automobile measures before the Assembly Committee on Internal Affairs will be given on Thursday.

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SAYS METROPOLITAN BRIBED LEGISLATOR

Col. Amory Tells Parlor Socialists He Will Contribute Ammunition for the Senate Inquiry.

BRIBED MAN CONFESSED

Ex-Official of Third Avenue Railroad Says He Will Tell Conger's Lawyer Name of Suspected Assemblyman.

Col. William N. Amory, once Secretary of the Third Avenue Railroad, addressing a meeting of the "parlor Socialists" in the Church of the Ascension, in West Eleventh Street, last night, said he had a legislative scandal to divulge concerning an Assemblyman who had been Chairman of the Railroad Committee of the Assembly and who had taken money from the Metropolitan Street Railroad Company prior to 1899 to see that favorable action was taken on bills which the Metropolitan wanted put through the Legislature, and that bills which were frowned upon by the Metropolitan were killed.

Col. Amory announced that he would make public the name of the bribe-taker to-day, when he would send it, together with all the details of the case, to James W. Osborne of counsel for Senator Conger in the Allds bribery investigation.

"It all happened in the Hotel Endicott in 1899," said Col. Amory. "The Assemblyman I have referred to—I will not say he is an Assemblyman at the present time—had been dining with me, and he had been drinking too much. In a burst of confidence he told me that he, while Chairman of the Railroad Committee of the Assembly, took money from the Metropolitan. The way it came about was this: I was in the railroad at the time. At that dinner in the Endicott the legislator told me what a great service he was doing in the Assembly for the railroads, and just how they paid him.

"He told me he was being paid by the Metropolitan for getting bills through and defeating those they wanted killed."

"Why will you not make known his name?" the Colonel was asked.

"I am ready to make it known to-morrow," he said. "To-morrow I will send the name to Mr. Osborne. It would not be fair to give it to the newspapers before I have put it in the hands of the man who will probably be chosen to investigate some of the charges of grafting."

"Is the man still in the Legislature?" he was asked. But Col. Amory shook his head.

"I will not designate the man until to-morrow," he said.

The evening's discussion was given over to traction matters, and Col. Amory was down as the chief speaker. He started right in by saying that the Metropolitan had been looted of $100,000,000 by its controllers since the company's organization, in 1893.

"But these are minor crimes," the speaker went on, "which sink into insignificance when compared to the crimes of subornation of perjury and the purchase of juries in the years since the Metropolitan's organization. Whenever a lawyer was too active against the system they found a way to finish him. I recall the case of David Birnbaum in 1906. Mr. Birnbaum was a lawyer who had brought several cases against the Metropolitan.

"He was arrested and indicted for cheating a colored woman who was his client. He was tried and convicted, appealed and lost. The chief detective of the Metropolitan told me that the whole thing was a 'plant.' He told me that he had dug up false evidence to convict the lawyer. What did Birnbaum do? He wrote a letter to his mother and father and sister. Then he went to the Hotel Belmont and blew out his brains."

"Were you ever threatened with personal violence by the system?" asked some one in the audience.

"I was," replied Col. Amory. "I was attacked." But he gave no details. He said he would tell about that at another time and place.

"There are 100 places in New York where the railways are supposed to issue transfers under the decision of Judge Lacombe, but where they do not," said the Colonel. "I have tried to get the Public Service Commission to take the matter up, and it has done nothing."

Col. Amory said he had consulted Mayor Gaynor about the matter of lapsing franchises, and had been told that the Mayor was too busy just now to take the question up, but that he would give it his attention a little later.

MANIAC TERRIFIES HOSPITAL.

Breaks Out of Padded Cell and Attacks Doctors and Nurses.

James Brady, an insane man, who was temporarily confined in the padded cell of the Eastern District Hospital, in Williamsburg, escaped early yesterday morning, and for several minutes before he was recaptured terrified the nurses and patients.

Brady lives in Jackson Street, and on Saturday evening he was found acting strangely near the Bedford Avenue Police Station. Dr. Rothenberg, who was called from the Eastern District Hospital, took the man to that institution, where Brady grew so violent that he was put in the padded cell. The patient, who weighs nearly 300 pounds, threw himself repeatedly against the cell door, and finally it yielded, and as he bounded out Drs. Rothenberg and Cohen, who had been watching him, and several night attendants seized him.

They fought with the man for several minutes before they succeeded in overpowering him and sending him to the Kings County Hospital for the Insane.

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AMERICANS INJURED IN NICARAGUA FIGHT

Several Take Part in Battle of St. Vicinte on the Insurgent Side.

MADRIZ FORCE REPULSED

Gen. Mena to Take the Offensive and Drive Vasquez Toward the Lake—Further Fighting Inevitable.

BLUEFIELDS, Nicaragua, Feb. 20.—Americans took a very active part in the battle between the insurgents and the Madriz forces at St. Vicente, and one of them at least was badly wounded.

They were under the command of Capt. Victor Gordon, in the division of Gen. Meña, the contingent being known as the American Scouts. The wounded man is William Wilkins, who joined the provisionals from Panama. A steel bullet struck the cartridge clip swung across his shoulder near the heart and was deflected, pentrating the arm and leg.

Another scout, G. T. Bushby, was bruised when a stone from behind which he was firing, was shattered by a cannon ball. Bushby was thrown twenty feet, but returned to the fight.

In a dispatch which he sent here Capt. Gordon says the battle began on Feb. 15. The insurgents reached Chino on Feb. 18 when, after ten hours of desperate attacks and counter attacks, the enemy under Gen. Vasquez retired to a secondary position, from which they opened a desultory artillery fire this morning. It ceased entirely at 10 o'clock.

According to Capt. Gordon, Vasquez was beaten, although his 600 men outnumbered the provisional forces two to one. Vasquez can get no reinforcements and when all of Matuty's men arrive—and they are expected hourly—Gen. Meña will assume the aggressive and attempt to drive Vasquez toward the lake.

Early on the morning of Feb. 18 the enemy's guns demolished Meña's trenches, drawing out his force, including the Americans. Meña reformed his men and recaptured the place. The enemy then opened in front of a new hill, but Meña executed a flanking movement, causing the government troops to retire in great confusion. They abandoned many rifles and narrowly saved a Maxim. Some of Vasquez's personal effects were taken and the General himself got away by a close margin.

The fierceness of the battle is indicated by the fact that two of Meña's guns were but each time repnanted, doing effective execution. Meña's loss was twelve wounded. Gordon is of the opinion that the enemy's loss was heavy, as their assaults were delivered across open spaces in the face of artillery.

When the enemy withdrew, Frank Reynolds, at the head of five other Americans, hotly pursued them, coming within fifty yards of capturing a Maxim, when he was compelled to retire. At times the bullets, shells, and shrapnel came so thick that it was difficult to see because of the dust kicked up. One of the enemy's Maxims was captured by assault, this being the operation in which Wilkins was wounded. He was borne to the rear by comrades in the midst of a hail of bullets. Once the Americans ran out of ammunition and before a new supply came they were compelled to defend themselves in a hand-to-hand fight.

Five other Americans, under Gen. Zeledon, were placed in command of forty Nicaraguans, with whom they turned the enemy's left flank in a movement which shortly afterward terminated in the enemy's complete retirement. These Americans were Don M. Turner of El Paso, J. H. Herman of Mascoutah, Ill.; F. E. Thomas, recently of Johannesburg, South Africa; Lewis Ross of Milwaukee, and T. D. Moore of Dover, Fla.

Upon the enemy's retirement, Meña's cavalry gave chase, but was unable to come up before Vasquez had taken shelter on a hill. It was from this new position that Vasquez bombarded to-day.

Apparently further fighting is inevitable, although prisoners taken by the provisional forces report that Vasquez's men are deserting in squads.

ZELAYA REACHES MADRID.

Says United States and Guatemala Caused Revolution in Nicaragua.

MADRID, Feb. 20.—Ex-President Zelaya of Nicaragua has arrived here. He sailed from Vera Cruz, Mexico.

Zelaya accused Guatemala and the United States of being responsible for the revolution in Nicaragua. These two countries, he said, had violated all treaties, and the United States had dared to dispatch warships laden with troop on the pretext of defending the interests of American citizens. He had resigned from the Presidency, and left the country so as not to hinder the efforts of his successor to secure that peace and liberty which has been the sole aim of his own policies.

He declared that he intended to watch events from Europe.

Church Federation to Aid Theologs.

The Federation of Churches of New York plans to endow fifteen or twenty scholarships in theological seminaries, possibly in colleges, and to make these open to students of those institutions. Preference will be given to young men who intend to enter the Christian ministry. The best of these, determined by competitive examination, will receive a year's course of instruction under the direction of the federation in New York.

Sisterhood to Open a Girls' Home.

The Sisterhood of St. John the Baptist, with headquarters in this city but work in many other cities, will open a Home for Girls this week at Avenue C and Fourth Street. For many years they have had there a Girls' School and Chapel. Population changed and they have changed the school into a home. The new home is chiefly for young women whom it is found possible to reform and teach occupations by which they are enabled to make an honest living.

$10,000 Fire in Wallabout Market.

A fire which threatened to destroy a block of buildings, a part of Wallabout Market, on Flushing and Washington Avenues, Brooklyn, and gave the firemen a stubborn fight for more than an hour before it was under control, started early yesterday in the cellar of the two-story brick building used by the produce firm of Kern & Ball, at 46 Washington Avenue. The firemen thought they had it under control after a half hour's work when it suddenly spread to 48. When it got to the adjoining buildings a second alarm was turned in. The damage was estimated at $10,000.

WELCOME REDUCTION OF TAFT PROGRAMME

Congress Leaders Preparing to Push Measures Decided On As Needed at This Session.

MOST HAVE GOOD CHANCE

Postal Banks, Railway, Statehood, and Postal Banks, Railway, Statehood, Conservation, and Injunction Bills

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The announcement from the White House that President Taft had by his own motion cut down to four the number of Administration measures he would demand at the present session of Congress is received by Republican leaders with unmixed feelings of relief. The Administration programme was so formidable that members who were warmly supporting the Taft policies hardly knew where to begin.

However, a schedule, including only the bills to amend the Inter-State commerce laws, provide for the regulation of the issuance of injunctions, start Arizona and New Mexico on the road to Statehood, and to validate the withdrawals of public lands for conservation purposes, is regarded as quite possible of attainment. Most of these measures, it is believed, can be put through the Senate while the House is still wrestling with appropriation bills.

When it was reported at the Capitol yesterday that the President would be satisfied with the enactment of the four measures named steps were taken to bring all of these matters out of committees at the earliest possible date. The Postal Savings Bank bill is already before the Senate, and an agreement between the supporters of conflicting amendments is assured. It is regarded as practically certain that the bill can be passed during the coming week.

Hearings have been closed by the Senate Committee on Inter-State Commerce on the bill to create a commerce court and strengthen the existing laws for the regulation of common carrier corporations. The committee will meet to-morrow and at that time an effort will be made to report the bill at once. There is some prospect that this may be done.

The Senate could not be ready to take up this bill until late in the week, but it may be reported, so as to have it printed and give Senators a few days to study its provisions. As soon as the Postal Savings Bank bill is out of the way the Railroad bill will be made the order of business, and will probably be held before the Senate constantly until passed, except for the limited time that must go to the consideration of appropriation bills.

No decision has been reached in the House Committee on Inter-State Commerce on the proposition to eliminate from the Administration bill the provision for the creation of a Court of Commerce. Even if this is done, it is practically certain that the court feature will be retained by the Senate, and the question of establishing a new tribunal to try cases appealed from decisions of the Inter-State Commerce Commission would thus be thrown into conference.

The one conservation bill that President Taft is determined shall be passed is that which gives to the President the unrestricted power to withdraw public lands from settlement, and place them in reserves that will continue in force until restored by him or by Congress to the portion of the public domain that is open to settlement. In the meantime an effort will be made by a special committee of Western Senators to perfect other conservation measures, so that they will be ready for consideration at the next session.

Hearings are now in progress on the Statehood bill, but it is unlikely that the measure will be brought out of the Senate Committee on Territories until the Postal Savings Bank and Railroad bills are out of the way.

The fourth measure to be pressed for passage is that relating to the issuance of injunctions. Several bills on this subject have been prepared, but they have not been considered by committees. That introduced in the House by Representative Moon of Pennsylvania has been indorsed by the President as meeting his views, and there are others that are thought would prove satisfactory to the President. The Senate Committee on Judiciary will consider the question to-morrow.

Ship subsidy legislation is unpopular in so many sections of the country that some members are distinctly relieved at the prospect that the Humphrey bill, reported from the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries, may not be taken up at this session.

There is a feeling in the Senate Committee on Commerce that the Rivers and Harbors bill as passed by the House carries about as heavy appropriations now as can be hoped for at this session. It is freely charged that the House "gobbled up about all the pie" available for present distribution, and in consequence much dissatisfaction is heard. Some members of the Commerce Committee have gone so far as to argue that the whole bill should be killed in committee, but they were overruled.

The policy of the Senate committee will be to scale down the House appropriations wherever possible and make room for pet projects favored by Senators without greatly swelling the aggregate sum to be carried by the bill. Inevitably this will lead to long and bitter controversy in conference, and the River and Harbor bill probably will be one of the last measures to be adjusted.

MISS CLERK NOT POISONED.

Died of Septic Infection, Dr. O'Hanlon Thinks—Prof. Larkin Still to Report.

The investigation by the Coroner yesterday of the death of Miss Lucille Clerk, the young Englishwoman, at the Hotel Grenoble last Thursday developed not the least evidence in support of the theory that the young woman was the victim of poison. Prof. Larkin, consulting pathologist for the city, is making a chemical analysis of her organs, with a view to determining what killed her.

Coroner's Physician O'Hanlon, who made an autopsy on the body Saturday, is convinced that the young woman died of septic infection, and says there is no evidence whatever of ptomaine poisoning. The physicians called to attend her at the Grenoble believed she died of that.

"The ptomaine poisoning theory," said Dr. O'Hanlon, "is out of the question. There was no inflammation of the gastro-intestinal tract when the autopsy was performed; in fact, the tract showed no signs of infection whatever."

Prof. Larkin's report to the Coroner will be made within the next ten days.

Special to The New York Times.

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., Feb. 20.—Francis Rodolph Fry, the English chocolate manufacturer, and his wife, who brought to America Miss Lucille Clerk, said to-day that in their opinion Miss Clerk died of natural causes.

Mr. Fry said that Miss Clerk was the daughter of an English surgeon in the Indian Army. She was born in India, and came to England at the age of 16. Her mother is living with their cousins, the Clerks, a very wealthy Scotch family, at Prestonpans, Scotland. Miss Lucille Clerk was not rich, but had a small income. Mr. Fry, who is wealthy, invited Miss Clerk to come to America with him and his wife, and paid her passage. Miss Clerk was to join the Frys here on their invitation, and expected to stay six weeks, and then go back to New York and England.

Last week Mrs. Fry got a letter saying that Miss Clerk had decided it was hardly worth the "forty or fifty pounds" it would take to make the trip to California for so short a stay, and that she would therefore remain in New York until June. Three days ago the Frys last heard from her, and she was at the time very happy, she said.

ASQUITH COMPLETES CABINET

King's Speech Will Discuss Finance and Lords' Veto.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Premier Asquith has filled the vacancies in the Ministry, which is an indication that he expects the Government to pass safely through the crisis. The new Ministers are William Wedgwood Benn and Ernest Joseph Soares, Junior Lords of the Treasury; Edwin Samuel Montagu, Under Secretary for India, and Cecil William Norton, Assistant Postmaster General. Mr. Norton succeeds Sir Henry Norman, who failed of re-election. In the case of the Junior Lords by-elections will be necessary, but as both had good majorities last month there is little danger of their losing their seats.

The King's speech, it is believed, beyond the usual references to foreign affairs, will be confined to questions of finance and the relations between the two houses. The supremacy of the House of Commons in financial matters will be asserted firmly, but the Government's plan for limiting the Lords' power of veto will not be disclosed until the Premier addresses the House on the address in reply to the King's speech.

Finance is practically certain to take precedence over all other business in the House. Mr. Asquith has remained firm on this point, and the Liberals are convinced that the Ministers will be able during the course of the debate on the address to make out a case satisfactory to both the Labor and the Irish members.

Parliament will be formally opened to-morrow afternoon by the King, who will be accompanied by the Queen, the Prince and Princess of Wales, and Prince and Princess Henry of Prussia. The formalities will take up an hour, and as Premier Asquith is expected to speak early in the debate on the address in reply to the speech from the throne, the members will not have long to wait for the Government's announcement of its intentions.

The pronouncement on Irish affairs, by which the Premier hopes to retain the support of the Nationalists, is awaited with the greatest curiosity.

French to Fight Wright Suits.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—French aeroplane constructors have decided to send a lawyer to the United States to defend French interests in the suits brought by the Wright brothers.

JERSEY MAY INDICT COLD STORAGE MEN

Prosecutor's Man Returns from a Talk with Dr. Wiley, and the Rumor Starts.

CLERGY PRAISES GRAND JURY

Its Indictment of Meat Packers the Theme in Many Pulpits in Jersey City.

It was thought in Jersey City last night that the Hudson County Grand Jury, when it meets again next Wednesday, would vote to indict, in addition to the meat packers, a number of men connected with cold-storage plants. These findings will, it is believed, be based on the effect on the public health of the refrigeration methods now in common use.

The action of the Grand Jury will depend largely on the report that is made of the talk which Assistant Prosecutor Vickers and Dr. George E. McLaughlin, chief microscopist of the East Jersey Water Company, had on Saturday with Dr. Wiley and other officials of the Department of Agriculture in Washington. They returned to Jersey City last night, but beyond stating that they had been in conference for three hours and had received a great deal of information that would be of value to them in their inquiry, they would say nothing.

It is known, however, that one of the witnesses from whom the Grand Jury has derived much information is Ernst A. Hegeler, an ex-employe of a refrigerating company, who lives at 24 Washington Street, Harrison, N. J. He was under examination for an hour, and is believed to have told the Grand Jury much of the actual workings of a cold-storage warehouse.

The effect of cold storage in reducing the moisture of eggs is a matter likely to be investigated by the jury. Some moisture escapes through the shell and some is absorbed by the yelk from the white, it was said yesterday, and the result of observations on the gradual deterioration of eggs through this process is likely to be laid before the court.

Evidence has also been found that poultry taken out of cold storage is at times returned again and kept for an additional period if the prices offered for it are not satisfactory. This practice, it was asserted yesterday, involves a good deal of danger to the public health through the deterioration of the fowls.

Many of the Jersey City clergymen praised yesterday the action of the Grand Jury in indicting the meat packers. These opinions were expressed yesterday by the clergymen:

The Right Rev. John A. Sheppard, Vicar General of the Newark Docese: "Nero, after whom we call our savage dogs, was merciful in comparison with the beef barons, who seek to corner the necessaries of life and starve the poor for the sake of the almighty dollar. They should be taught to disgorge."

The Rev. Father B. Henry Terwoert, rector of St. Mary's Church: "Having learned that the beef barons have been indicted by the Hudson County Grand Jury let me say that such action is an effort in the right direction. If it can be proved that a set of men have combined to do injury to the public good by enhancing the price of foodstuffs then they should be made to suffer the penalty of the law."

The Rev. J. H. Mohan, rector of All Saints' Church: "I have been pleased to see that the Prosecutor of our county and the Grand Jury have taken steps to prosecute those who would seek to starve the poor for the sake of enriching themselves."

The Rev. Dr. Charles Herr, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church: "So far as I understand the action of Prosecutor Garven and the Grand Jury, I consider it a great achievement. To put a stop to the imposing of high prices of foodstuffs is an advance in a better and more democratic situation. Let the work continue."

The Rev. Henry C. Cronin, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church: "The cost of living is high, and somebody is responsible for it. The Prosecutor and the Grand Jury have taken steps to investigate conditions, and if an indictment has been found against the ones responsible then a move has been made in the right direction."

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Owing to the growth of our business we will move to a larger store at 241 Fifth Ave. All prices of rugs are greatly reduced before removal. A few special values:

Tiflis Rugs, size 5x4, value $18, special..........$12
Kurdistan Rugs, size 7.6x4.6, value $30, special...$18
Persian Iran Rugs, size 9x12, value $175, special..$100
Royal Meshed, size 11x15, value $450, special....$295
Royal Kirmanshah, size 10x14, value $600, special.$325

CLOSING OUT OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF DOMESTIC RUGS.

Cashmere Rugs, size 9x12, value $15, special....$10.00
Royal Axminster Rugs, size 9x12, val. $30, spec..$18.50
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Here Is a Good Opportunity for a Bargain.

M. B. DONCHIAN,
38 East 23d Street,
(Near Subway Station.)

FIND CHURCH OPEN AT 3 A. M.

But Nothing Taken from Trinity Lutheran—Pastor Puzzled.

The Rev. James R. Smith, pastor of the Holy Trinity Lutheran Church, at Sixty-fifth Street and Central Park West, and Howard A. Comfort, the sexton, would like to know who opened the church doors at midnight and 3:20 A. M. on two occasions last week.

Two different policemen reported to the West Sixty-eighth Street Station that the doors of the church were wide open, as though services were being held, and that the electric lamps in the halls and the basement were turned on. In both instances the policeman discovered that nothing had been tampered with, and that there were no signs of the burglar's jimmy or other marks on the doors.

The only ones possessing keys to the church are the Rev. Mr. Smith and Sexton Comfort. The latest meeting Sexton Comfort can recall in the church has been 10:30 o'clock at night. But as none such was held last week he is certain that the open doors were not due to any negligence on his part. At a meeting of the Board of Directors last week Sexton Comfort was completely exonerated. Pastor Smith says he had no occasion to visit the church any night last week. The police are convinced, however, that it was a case of absent-mindedness on some one's part.

TUTOR DEAD WITH GAS ON.

It Is Thought Hippolyte Bergman Absent-Mindedly Neglected to Shut It Off.

Hippolyte Berman, a tutor in City College, was found dead yesterday afternoon in the bathroom of his home, 416 West 122d Street. He had been overcome by gas which was escaping from an open jet. It is believed, however, that the young man's death was due to accident. The apartment has both gas and electricity, and it is supposed that Bergman turned on the gas by mistake and neglected to shut it off.

The young man was a graduate of the college where he taught, and was taking post-graduate work in New York University, Columbia, and Stevens Institute. He was deeply engrossed in the study of physics, and it is supposed that absent-mindedness accounts for his failure to turn off the gas after he had opened the jet by mistake.

The Aeolian Company Announce Their Mid-Winter
SALE OF USED PIANOS
WEEK BEGINNING FEBRUARY 21st
Valuable Uprights and Grands Received in Exchange for the PIANOLA Piano

YOU know something of the world-wide success of the PIANOLA Piano. You know that it is being purchased by the class of people who are accustomed to own the *latest and best of everything.*

BUT—have you ever considered that many of the people who buy the PIANOLA Piano *already own pianos?* What becomes of their instruments when the new type of piano is installed?

You will find the answer in this Special Mid-Winter Sale at Aeolian Hall. Here are pianos that were entirely satisfactory to their owners—*up to the moment when they decided that they would rather have the PIANOLA Piano, the instrument anyone can play.*

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You cannot go directly to some prominent person who owns a fine, high-grade piano and offer to buy it. But the manufacturers of the PIANOLA Piano are constantly dealing with this class of people. That is why a Special Sale at Aeolian Hall has a greater significance than a sale of pianos anywhere else—that is why the individual instruments exhibit such splendid condition and why they attract people who would ordinarily be interested only in strictly new pianos.

Open Washington's Birthday

For the benefit of business men who find it inconvenient to call at any other time, Aeolian Hall will be open

Tuesday, February 22nd (Washington's Birthday)

Every Piano Guaranteed

There is *no chance* of making a mistake in buying a piano at this Sale. Suppose after you get the instrument home, try it at your leisure, submit it to the criticisms of your musical friends, you make up your mind it is not exactly what you want.

Then you have *the privilege of returning it.* We do not want any dissatisfied customer; the piano *must please you absolutely,* or else you need not keep it.

Great Price Inducements

Uprights, $150 up; Grands, $325 up.

In price reductions, this is one of the *most important sales the Aeolian Company has ever held.* Those who are familiar with former Special Sales at Aeolian Hall, will appreciate what a great opportunity this implies. Among well-known makes represented are:

Steinway (7) Chickering (6) Steck (5)
Mason & Hamlin, Kranich & Bach, Hazelton, Etc.

9 Webers: Of particular interest to persons looking for a high-grade piano a low price is the offering of the world-famous Weber Pianos, both Grands and Uprights. Some of these instruments are in such splendid condition as to carry the impression of entirely new pianos.

Special Terms Offered in This Sale

Not only are the prices remarkably low, but we are prepared to sell the pianos in this Sale on ***unprecedentedly easy monthly payments.***

We appreciate that so soon after Christmas many persons may not wish to pay down all, or even a substantial amount on a piano. *So we will be prepared to meet any reasonable idea as to time payments.*

You can have the instrument you select delivered immediately and the payments can be distributed over a series of months, at your convenience.

Exchanged Pianolas and Pianola Pianos

Also included in the Mid-Winter Sale are a few exchanged PIANOLAS (cabinet form) at $125 and $150. They have been through the factory and are guaranteed exactly the same as new PIANOLAS.

We frequently have calls for used PIANOLA Pianos which we are unable to supply. At present it happens that we have just four instruments of this type which we can sell at reduced prices. They are earlier models and were exchanged for new instruments containing the latest improvements but are otherwise very desirable.

Rarity of Special Sales at Aeolian Hall

During the entire year of 1909, we were able to hold only two Special Sales of this character. The pianos that the PIANOLA Piano bring into our hands are ordinarily disposed of in the regular course of business in our Exchange Department.

The great demand for the PIANOLA Piano as a Christmas gift resulted in our receiving in exchange some exceptionally fine pianos during the recent holiday trade.

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GOV. HUGHES SPEAKS AT GILDER MEMORIAL

"A Poet of Insight and Statesmanlike in His Foresight—A Strong and Virile Personality."

THE CITY'S LEADERS THERE

Men Prominent in All Walks of Life Testify to the Beauty and Usefulness of Mr. Gilder's Life.

Gov. Hughes was the chief speaker at a memorial meeting for the late Richard Watson Gilder, poet, editor, and Tenement House Commissioner, yesterday afternoon at Mendelssohn Hall. On the platform with Gov. Hughes and seated throughout the large audience were some of the city's priminent men. These included Hamilton W. Mabie of the Outlook, Jacob A. Riis, President Butler of Columbia, Robert Underwood Johnson of the Century Magazine, J. Forbes-Robertson, and others, prominent in art, letters, and finance.

The platform on which the Governor and other speakers sat was elaborately draped with masses of laurel and other vines. A full-length portrait of the poet by Cecelia Beaux occupied the centre of the back wall, with a large and richly colored wreath on each side of it. On the left side in the front of the stage stood a golden harp.

Dr. Mabie in introducing Gov. Hughes said:

"We are not here to commemorate the incident of Richard Watson Gilder's death, but the triumph of his life. It was a life which overflowed with invincible vitality. He regarded life as the great adventure of a spirit. Success, suffering, and even death to him were merely incidents in a journey toward the fullness of being. He loved his fellows, seeing always the souls behind the rags, and the beauty of the cities behind their chaotic conditions. He has vanished out of our sight, but we all know that he is still climbing after knowledge."

Gov. Hughes, whom Dr. Mabie then introduced, spoke of Mr. Gilder as a poet who put his poetic visions into practical accomplishment by working among the tenements as Tenement House Commissioner and by putting through practical reform legislation at Albany.

"We cannot measure the power of Richard Watson Gilder's singularly beautiful and fruitful life," he said. "But we can nourish our own best resolves by a study of it. His diversified talents and virtues were the varied expressions of a strong and virile personality. He cannot be subdivided as critic, philanthropist, poet, citizen. He was a poet of insight and he was statesmanlike in his foresight. He could pierce the shams of society and politics with a sincere spirit. In criticism or in statement, he could always speak a true word. In Democracy, we must give our highest honors to those who illustrate the worth and dignity of citizenship. We must walk in Richard Watson Gilder's footsteps. He was so entirely free from all abnormality and eccentricity. He was so wholly a strong man who believed in the triumph of the powers of good. Because of his recognized purity of motive, he had rare influence. In his work, he was entirely unselfish."

Gov. Hughes stopped several times in his address and took clippings from his vest pocket, containing extracts from Gilder's poems which showed certain of the dead poet's characteristics, which the Governor wanted to emphasize. One of the Gilder poems read by the Governor was "The City." J. Forbes-Robertson, later on in the programme, also read this poem.

Jacob A. Riis, whose tribute followed the Governor's, described Mr. Gilder first as the stripling soldier in the civil war, and then as the Tenement House Commissioner here.

"Gilder was a dauntless fighter for right," said Mr. Riis. "He counted his own life as nothing. He was a real crusader. He took the Tenement House Commissionership in flat defiance of his physician's warning. The tenement children to-day owe to him the public playgrounds and play centres. When he saw the tenement conditions he would fling up his hands in a fury of indignation. No wonder the poor people loved him. The firemen adored him. Affection followed him wherever he went. He was a knight errant on the battlefield of life. He was equally interested in Italian immigrants, kindergartens, and blind people. When a poor boy wrote asking how he should choose a profession, Gilder wrote back an eight-page letter of advice, telling him to choose the best things in life, although the boy was a perfect stranger to him."

Poems by Mr. Gilder were read by Forbes-Robertson, and Gov. Hughes then introduced Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University.

"This life, so rich, so splendid, cannot be taken from us by death," President Butler said. "So, at the passing away of a dear friend and noble citizen, we sound a note of triumph. Richard Watson Gilder was a true American citizen—a passionate lover of this country and this city—a genuine inspiration for us in both his speech and life. Death is inscrutable, and what lies beyond death we must leave to the eye of faith. But we cannot lose Gilder's life, and he has not lost his life."

President Butler concluded the ceremonies by announcing a plan to erect a suitable memorial in this city to Mr. Gilder's memory. The details of this plan, Dr. Butler said, would be made public later.

Practically all the surviving relatives of Mr. Gilder were present. Among these were Miss Jeannette L. Gilder, his sister; Joseph B. Gilder, his brother; Mrs. Arthur Pearson, niece; Richard, Nigel, and Roy Cholmeley-Jones.

Among the guests were Dr. Lyman Abbott, John G. Agar, Henry Mills Alden, John W. Alexander, James Lane Allen, Irving Bacheller, Bliss Carman, William M. Chase, Sir Caspar Purdon Clarke, Dr. Robert Collyer, Walter Cook, Kenyon Cox, R. F. Cutting, Homer Davenport, Dr. Darlington, Robert W. De Forrest, Maurice Francis Egan, William T. Evans, Archbishop Farley, Dr. Simon Flexner, Austen G. Fox, Bishop Greer, Norman Hapgood, George Harvey, Henry Holt, William Dean Howells, Dr. E. G. Janeway, Rossiter Johnson, Supreme Court Justice Martin J. Keogh, John La Farge, Dr. Charles McKelway, Prof. Brander Matthews, Borough President McAneny, Chancellor MacCracken, Chase Mellen, St. Clair McKelway, President John Purroy Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen, Dr. S. Weir Mitchell, Walter H. Page, George Foster Peabody, Prof. E. R. Seligman, Dr. Albert Shaw, F. Hopkinson Smith, and E. H. Sothern.

The memorial was given under the auspices of the American Academy of Arts and Letters, the American Federation of Arts, the Authors' Club, the Bureau of Municipal Research, the Century Association, the Citizens' Union, the City Club, and other organizations.

AUTO STAGE TO CAT'S RESCUE.

Used to Put a Ladder On—Animal in a Tree 24 Hours.

All lower Fifth Avenue and Washington Square turned out yesterday afternoon to watch the rescue of a cat from the upper branches of a big elm tree on the Eleventh Street side of the Church of the Ascension. The cat had been in the tree for at least twenty-four hours and was hungry and cold.

Louis Van Ness of 287 West Fourth Street called at the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals at Madison Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street yesterday afternoon with a young woman and said that early Saturday evening, while out walking, they heard plaintive cries from a cat in the top of a tree beside the church. Yesterday afternoon they found the cat still there.

Dogcatcher Wolf was sent to rescue the cat. After trying three ladders, each proving too short, he hailed a passing Fifth Avenue auto stage and persuaded the chauffeur to drive under the overhanging branches of the tree. Wolf climbed to the top of the stage, put a ladder against the tree, and got the cat.

The crowd that had gathered gave three cheers for Wolf as he carried the cat away to the society's shelter.

GOOD SAMARITAN ROBBED.

Thief Shammed Injury and Then Helped to Hold Up a Coal Dealer.

Frank Opbrieno of 239 East 122d Street, who has a coal and wood cellar at 1,755 Park Avenue, between 122d and 123d Streets, was assaulted and robbed in his place early yesterday by two men, one of whom hit him over the head with a blackjack, the leather handle of which was found later in the cellar.

Opbrieno closed up his cellar late Saturday night after having collected about $23 from customers. He had slept for perhaps two hours, when he was awakened by moans, which came from the steps leading from the locked front door of the coal cellar to Park Avenue above. Opbrieno opened the door, and found a man lying, apparently in great pain, on the steps. Another was bending over him. At the second man's request the coal dealer assisted him to carry the apparently injured man into the cellar.

The coal dealer then went to a closet to get some whisky for the supposed sufferer. He got the stimulant and turned around to face a revolver in the hand of the second man. He was ordered to hold up his hands, which he did. The man who was moaning on the steps, Obrieno says, then went through his pockets and extracted the $23, after which both men proceeded to give Opbrieno a beating. One of them drew a blackjack and hit him over the head with such force that the weapon was torn. Then, leaving the coal dealer partly unconscious on the cellar floor, the two made their escape.

IN NEW JERSEY.

Upper Montclair's business section was threatened by a fire that developed at 4 o'clock yesterday morning. The fire had its origin in a small shoe repair shop at 603 Valley Road, owned by John Sennet. A fire alarm was sent in, and when it was seen that the blaze was in a dangerous locality a second alarm was rung. This brought apparatus from Fire Headquarters and the Walnut Street Station to the aid of the Upper Montclair department. The latter, however, got the flames under control after they had spread to and damaged the tailoring establishment of Philip Block at 601 Valley Road. The real estate office of G. M. De Witt at 605 Valley Road was also somewhat damaged. The shoe repair shop was burned out. The loss is about $2,000.

The Papal indorsement has been received from Rome of the election of the Rev. Ernest Helmstetter to be Abbott of St. Mary's Abbey in Newark. He will be invested by Bishop O'Connor on April 5.

Louis Debus of 118 Magazine Street, Newark, committed suicide by hanging himself with a piece of clothesline yesterday in the rear yard of the home of his wife at 64 Fairmount Avenue. They have been separated for about a year. Ernest Serge, who boards with Mrs. Debus, went into the yard early yesterday morning and discovered the body of Debus dangling from a veranda pillar. Two cards were found a few feet from the body. On one of them was written: "Dear Rose, forgive me; it was all my fault."

Edmund, the nine-year-old son of Col. Nelson Y. Dungan of Somerville, was instantly killed yesterday when he fell from the hay mow of his father's barn. His neck was broken by the fall. He had been playing about the barn for some time. Col. Dungan went in search of him and found him lying on the floor of the barn unconscious. He had fallen through an opening in the floor from the second story. The father carried the boy to the house and a physician was summoned, but life was extinct.

As Jennie and Maude Carroll were returning to their home on River Street in Red Bank they were stopped by a man in front of their home Saturday night. He tried to seize the handbag of one of the young women. She screamed when the would-be robber drew a large knife and made a motion with it toward her. The screaming of the young women drew to the scene a man who was passing, and the robber escaped.

Mrs. John Waldron, aged 70, wife of a leading manufacturer of New Brunswick, died in the Second Reformed Church yesterday of heart failure. Dr. Henry G. Cooke, who was in a near-by pew, found that she had died instantly. The Rev. E. R. Payson of Metuchen dismissed the congregation after a hymn and prayer for Mrs. Waldron's family.

In Hudson County it cost last year $7,408 to feed a daily average of 231 prisoners and $9,314 was spent for the food of twenty-nine employes. This makes the average cost of feeding a prisoner per day 11 cents and an employe 69.9 cents. These figures are in the annual report of Warden John Grimes of the Penitentiary.

In Newark last night an Italian youth stabbed Yuen Kee, a chop suey restaurant proprietor, at 235 Market Street, because the Chinaman refused to serve rice with chop suey. The Chinaman was removed to St. Barnabas's Hospital. He will probably die. The Italian escaped.

A golden wedding and a christening will be celebrated jointly on Tuesday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Donald Douglas, 11 New Street, East Orange. Mr. and Mrs. Douglas will celebrate their half century of wedded life, and their granddaughter, the two-year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Balgrie, also of East Orange, will be christened. Mr. and Mrs. Douglas were married in 1860 in Dundee, Scotland. Mr. Douglas owns a hat forming mill in Newark.

Charles Seib of Belleville amuses his friends by sticking pins and needles into his body, head, arms, and legs. He says that he feels no pain whatever from the practice. Seib was born in Germany, and followed the sea for a number of years. During a trip to India he picked up many tricks. He afterward became a magician, and was on the stage for several years.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

LIMA, Peru, Feb. 20.—The Senate has adopted a resolution requesting the Finance Minister to annul the decree ordering the immediate disposal of goods held in the Peruvian Custom House. It is rumored that the Minister will resign.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Feb. 20.—William Jennings Bryan, his wife, and daughter, arrived here to-day. They will remain for four days.

PEKING, Feb. 20.—Great Britain and France have made joint formal and friendly recommendations to China that that Government should not proceed with the Chin-Chow and Aigun railway scheme without taking under consideration the wishes of Russia and Japan.

Official Banking News.

The weekly bulletin of the New York Banking Department contains the following information:

The Bank of Long Island at Jamaica, L. I., has been granted permission to increase its capital from $500,000 to $750,000.

The Rochester Trust and Safe Deposit Company is permitted to increase its capital from $200,000 to $500,000.

The Guaranteed Mortgage Company of New York, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, is permitted to increase its capital from $100,000 to $250,000.

The Union Dime Savings Bank has removed from Thirty-second Street and Sixth Avenue to Fortieth Street and Sixth Avenue, New York City.

The Homebuilders' Co-Operative Savings and Loan Association of Rochester, N. Y., has filed certificate of incorporation.

Amateur Day in Minstrelsy.

"Mistah Jawkins, kin yo' tell me de diff'unce 'tween a ole homestead in New Englan' an' a druggist wot's gone to do bad?"

"No, Roger; that's too hard for me. What is the difference between an old homestead in New England and a druggist who has gone to the bad?"

"De one am an abandoned farm an' de uddah am an abandoned pharmacist."

"Ladies and gentlemen, while the avenger in the wings is yanking the author of that atrocity off the stage with a well-deserved hook, Prof. Weerius, the celebrated tenor, will sing his latest popular hit, 'Wait a Moment, Darling, While I Put Away My Gum.'"—Chicago Tribune.

"RED" ADAMS, CROOK, LIVED A DOUBLE LIFE

In Midwood Manor, Detective McConville Says, He Lives As a Reputable Citizen.

A MISTAKE, WIFE AVERS

Tombs Prisoner Held on a Charge of Swindling an Englishman Out of $20,000.

Lieut. Bernard McConville of the Central Office Bureau, whose knowledge of men and faces is proverbial in the department, says that the man who was arrested at the Broadway Central Hotel on Dec. 22, and entered on the police blotter as Charles Adams, alias "Red" Adams, the international swindler and confidence man, is the same person as a citizen of means and supposedly irreproachable life, who lives in a handsome home at 1,070 East Eighth Street, Brooklyn.

McConville bases his assertion on disclosures which followed the arrest of the confidence man. Immediately afterward, he says, a photograph of the prisoner was shown to neighbors of the Brooklyn man. They all agreed that the picture bore a marked resemblance to this man.

In addition, the detective said, when Adams was arrested he had a key which McConville gave to Post Office Inspector Boyle, who traced it to a key maker in Boston. The latter said that only three keys of this design had been made, and that they belonged to a safe deposit box in a Brooklyn bank.

Inspector Boyle went to the bank and asked about the box in question. The officials told him, according to McConville, that the box was held in the name of Mr. and Mrs. James A. Currie of 1,070 East Eighth Street.

McConville said that the Post Office authorities agreed with him in his conclusions, but Post Office Inspector Mayer denied yesterday that the department had any proof that John Williams, alias "Red" Adams, the man in the Tombs, who will be arraigned in the Federal Court to-day charged with defrauding William Lea, an Englishman, out of $20,000 in a "gold brick" scheme, has any connection with the Brooklyn householder.

"We have no proof that the man in the Tombs, who unquestionably is 'Red' Adams, the confidence man, is the Brooklyn man. Such a rumor came to us, but we did not investigate that side of the case," said he. "It makes no difference to me whether the man is Morgan or Rockefeller so long as he is Adams. We will prove at the trial that he is Adams. I am not responsible for the story that Adams and the other man are the same person. I understand that the latter is out West, and he may wire at any moment and deny the connection."

Midwood Manor, a ristricted colony not far from Brighton Beach, is where James A. Currie lives. The shades were drawn yesterday in his handsome home in East Eighth Street. After repeated ringing at the bell a window in the second story opened and a middle-aged woman with a cloth wrapped about her forehead leaned out. She said she was Mrs. James A. Currie, and had heard a story purporting to prove that her husband was a criminal now in jail, but had nothing to say. When told that her husband's alleged dual identity had been established through a safe deposit box held in his name in a Brooklyn bank she became greatly agitated.

"There has been some mistake," she exclaimed. "My husband never had a safe deposit box in a Brooklyn bank or in any other place. He is out West at present, and I don't expect him back for some time. I don't know where you could find him. He has not written to me lately."

Asked about the key McConville says was found on "Red" Adams, which belonged to the safe deposit box, Mrs. Currie seemed confused.

"My husband," she said, "had a large collection of keys. In fact, he had been accumulating them for many years. I don't know to what they belonged, but I am positive that he never had a safe deposit box anywhere."

John M. Demarest of 599 Sixth Street, a salesman for a real estate firm, said he had sold the Eighth Street house to Mr. Currie four or five months ago for about $10,000.

"I don't know anything about Currie," he said. "When I sold him the house he wore no beard. I think, though, he had a mustache, and was about 50 years old."

In the neighborhood Currie is regarded as a man of means and respectability. He always seemed to have plenty of money, but was away from home a great part of the time.

The police of the 172d Precinct, at Ocean and Lawrence Avenues, said yesterday that they had never heard of James A. Currie and did not know that he lived in the neighborhood.

IN DR. MURRAY'S MEMORY.

Baron Kikuchi to Lay a Wreath on Famous Educator's Grave.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Feb. 20.—Baron Kikuchi, President of the Imperial College of Japan, comes to this city tomorrow to lay a wreath upon the grave of Dr. David Murray of Rutgers College in recognition of his educational work in Japan. Mr. Kaymaski, Acting Consul General for Japan in New York City, will accompany the Baron.

The guests will be met by President William H. S. Demarest of Rutgers and a committee, who will escort the visitors to Elmwood Cemetery. A tribute of respect from the Imperial College will be read, after which the parchment will be given to Mrs. Murray, the widow. The group will then visit the graves of the Japanese students who died while pursuing their studies at Rutgers.

The guest will then go to President Demarest's home for a dinner. At 4 o'clock the Baron will deliver a lecture in Kirkpatrick Chapel on "The Intellectual and Moral Development of Japan." After the lecture a reception will be given Baron Kikuchi by the faculty in the Alumni House on the campus.

Dr. Murray went to Japan in 1873 at the invitation of the Japanese Government to assist in modernizing the schools and universities of that country. In 1876 Dr. Murray returned to the United States as the representative of Japan to the Centennial Exposition. At its close he returned to Japan and remained until 1897.

HANGS TO CEMETERY FENCE.

Women Who Watched a Suicide Thought He Was Climbing.

Miss Annie Kopf of 656 Jamaica Avenue, while walking in Jamaica Avenue, East New York, last night, near the National Cemetery, saw a man who apparently was climbing over the fence of the cemetery. The fence is six feet high.

Three other young persons with her also watched for several minutes. Then they crossed the roadway and found that the man had hanged himself with his belt, which he had attached to the top bar of the fence.

The men could not untie the belt or release the strangling man otherwise. Neither had a knife. Their cries and the shrieks of Miss Kopf and other women attracted Policeman Nally, who cut the belt with a pocket knife, but the man was dead. In his pocket was a slip of paper on which was written "Felise Kiemar, Fulton and Chestnut Streets, East New York."

COUNT'S BAGGAGE ATTACHED.

Sequel to Roulette Game—Played Dollar Chips as Ten-Cent Ones and Lost.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Feb. 20.—"It is a devil of a mess, but I will see it through if I have to go through the Supreme Courts of the land and call on my Ambassador for aid." This is what Count de Beuford of London, husband of former Miss Irma Kelgallon, daughter of a wealthy Chicago manufacturer, said to-night after a constable had attached four large trunks and small luggage which he and his wife were just about to check to Chicago.

The attachment came up over a roulette play at the Southern Club, the most palatial of the big Monte Carlos here. The dispute rose over the value of checks the Count had played a few evenings before, the club claiming that the value of the chips given him were $1 each, while the Count played them for ten-cent chips. The club laughs at the idea that ten-cent chips might have been offered the Count, and declares he would have been paid on a dollar basis if he won.

The Count stated that a few evenings ago he called at the Southern and he and his bride played roulette. They ordered chips without the formality of paying over cash as the chips were received. Sometimes they won and sometimes they last, and when they ran out of chips they secured more stacks.

BANDIT REFUSES MONEY.

Holds Up Theatre Owner, but Remembers an Old Favor.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Feb. 20.—R. M. Gulick, owner and manager of a prominent theatre in this city, was the victim of a daring hold-up and robbery early this morning. Within a few doors of his home two masked men pointed revolvers at his head and demanded his valuables. He threw up his hands, while one of the men searched him but secured less than five dollars.

While this was transpiring Gulick kept up a running fire of good natured pleasantries, in order to detract the attention of the highwaymen from a $1,500 diamond stud and an equally valuable ring. This was successful, for after securing his money and a few pocket pieces the thieves asked him politely who he was. He told them.

"Yes, I remember you," said one of them. "You gave me the first free seat I ever had in a show seventeen years ago. I never forgot you for it, as I only had seventeen cents at the time. You can have your money back if you want it. I never forget a favor."

Gulick, who was surprised at the highwayman's declarations, declined the offer, and rushed for home, glad to save his diamonds.

EGYPTIAN PREMIER SHOT.

Student Fires Five Bullets, of Which Three Take Effect.

CAIRO, Feb. 20.—Boutros Pasha Ghali, the Egyptian Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs, was shot and seriously wounded to-day by a student, who was arrested after the shooting.

The student fired five shots, three of the bullets lodging in the Premier's body. Two of them, however, inflicted only superficial wounds. The bullets were extracted, and it is believed that the Premier will recover.

The crime was entirely of a political nature, the would-be assassin being a Nationalist. He declared that his motive was a desire to avenge various acts of the Government, which the Nationalists attribute personally to Boutros Pasha.

JAPANESE-BRITISH EXPOSITION

One Will Be Held at Shepherd's Bush, London, This Summer.

Under the auspices of the Japanese and British Governments arrangements have been made to hold a Japanese-British exhibition during the coming Summer in the White City at Shepherd's Bush, London. Prince Arthur of Connaught, the son of the Duke of Connaught, is the Honorary President, and the General Committee contains the names of nearly all the members of the House of Lords.

The manufacturers and producers of Japan and Great Britain and its colonies have been requested to send their goods to the exhibition. Japanese noblemen have been asked by the Art Committee, through the imperial Government at Tokio, to lend some specimens from their collections.

The site of the exhibition covers 160 acres of ground, and can be reached easily from all parts of London. The Japanese Government has voted $900,000 to the project, and the Island of Formosa has also contributed a large sum.

Merchants Against Anti-Margin Bill.

It was erroneously stated on Saturday that the Directors of the Merchants' Association had passed a resolution approving Assembly Bill No. 123, "to amend the penal law charging any person or corporation participating, either as broker or purchaser, in trafficking in securities on margin, to be guilty of a felony." Instead of approving the bill, the Directors by resolution unqualifiedly disapproved it.

Telephone 1000 Bryant

The best way to obtain high-class Help for the home or the office is to place a small Want Advertisement in The New York Times.

The Times has a daily circulation exceeding one hundred and seventy-five thousand copies—the largest high-class circulation of any New York newspaper.

The Times, by virtue of its efforts to exclude misleading and fraudulent advertisements, has won the confidence of its readers in its advertising columns.

The most intelligent and most reliable class of help, commercial and domestic, reads the Help Wanted columns of The Times when in search of employment.

When you want Help of the better sort promptly and at moderate cost telephone 1000 Bryant, day or night. Your advertisement will be accepted over the telephone, rapidly and accurately, and bill mailed.

The New York Times
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

R. J. Randolph, Jr., Injured.

While practicing fancy tricks on horseback in the Squadron A Armory, at Madison Avenue and Ninety-fourth Street, late yesterday afternoon, Robert J. Randolph, Jr., of 340 West Fifty-seventh Street fell from his horse and received a few bruises. It was said at the armory after the accident that Mr. Randolph and another member of Squadron A were doing what is known as double riding, when Mr. Randolph fell from his horse as they were rounding a curve. In the excitement some one called an ambulance from the Harlem Hospital. When the ambulance arrived at the armory Mr. Randolph refused aid and went home.

GUARANTEED GOODS
Money refunded if not satisfactory.
Pure Cod Liver Oil, Pt. 45c
Emulsion (Pure Cod Liver Oil) Pt. 50c
Malt and Cod Liver Oil, Pt. 60c
Beef, Iron and Wine, Pt. 50c
Paper Vests, 45c

HEGEMAN DRUG STORES

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

SILK DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

"McCreery Silks."

Famous over half a Century.

Complete assortments in all the latest weaves of Plain and Novelty Silks, including Foulard Peplums, Crepe Bordure, Persian Silk and Satin and double width Printed Foulard in exclusive designs and colors. 1.25 to 4.00 per yard

Rough Shantung Pongee in all makes. 55c to 3.00 per yard

On Monday, February the 21st.

Sale of Twenty Thousand yards of Printed Foulard Silk in a choice selection of designs and colors, including the latest space dots. A large variety of navy blue and white and black and white.
65c per yard
value 1.00

WASH DRESS GOODS. *In Both Stores.*

On Monday, February the 21st.

Twenty-five Thousand yards of White and Colored French Costume Linen.

Colors:—Pink, "Alice," Copenhagen, Navy and Sky Blue, Lavender, Heliotrope, Wistaria, Amethyst, Mulberry, Moss and Olive Green, Champagne, Tussah, Leather, Nut and Golden Brown, Old Rose, French and Steel Gray; also Natural, White or Black. 47 inches wide. 45c per yard
value 65c

DRESS GOODS DEP'TS.

Showing exclusive Novelties, consisting of Jacquard Eolienne, Glace Serge, Dotted Crepon, Glace Eolienne, Wool Natte, Silk and Wool Diagonal, Voile Diagonal and Glace Jacquard Crepe.
1.50 to 3.00 per yard

On Monday, February the 21st.

Sale of Imported Ivory White Serge, all wool. 46 inches wide. 78c per yard
value 1.25

Imported Black Broadcloth,—sponged, shrunk and spot proof. 52 inches wide.
1.50 per yard
value 2.00

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

DOMESTIC RUGS. *In Both Stores.*

Commencing Monday, February the 21st.

Royal, Anglo-Persian and French Wilton Rugs in a complete assortment of colors. Ranging in size from 18 x 36 in. mat to the largest size, 11 ft. 3 in. x 15 ft.
2.00 to 94.50

Kilmarnock Rugs in pastel shades,—plain centre and floral border.
5.00 to 47.50

Mission Wool Rugs, reversible. Size 8 x 6 ft. to 12 x 15 ft. 2.50 to 22.50

Rag Rugs, plain or with fancy border. All sizes. 1.25 to 15.00

LINEN DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

On Monday, February the 21st

Scotch Damask Table Cloths, with Dinner Napkins to match.

2 x 2 yards 2.50
usual price 3.00
2 x 2½ yards 3.25
usual price 3.75
2 x 3 yards 3.50
usual price 4.50
2½ x 2½ yards 3.75
usual price 4.75
Napkins .... 3.50 per doz.
usual price 4.50

Fine Irish Hemstitched Towels, with Damask figures. 5.75 and 8.00 per doz.
usual prices 7.00 and 10.00

Hemmed Muslin Sheets..........
65c, 75c, 85c, 95c and 1.05
usual prices 85c, 95c, 1.07, 1.15 and 1.25

Pillow Cases, size 22½ x 38 inches..20c
usual price 27c

Hemstitched Sheets and Pillow Cases at very moderate prices.

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street *34th Street*

WANT CITY PIERS AS CANAL TERMINALS

Commission Suggests That New York Restore Property to State for This Purpose.

PIERS ON HUDSON NAMED

Also Some on the East River, Where Freight Brought By Canal Can Be Handled.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—That the Legislature grant to New York City authority to cede back to the State dockage property at certain points on the Hudson and East Rivers, in New York City, is the recommendation of the Barge Canal Terminal Commission in a preliminary report to the Legislature. The commission, composed of Frank M. Williams, State Engineer; F. C. Stevens, State Superintendent of Public Works; Edward A. Bond, Chairman of the Canal Advisory Board of Engineers, and Harvey J. Donaldson, State Canal Appraiser, was authorized by an act passed last year to inquire into the question of terminal facilities on the canals.

Concerning the situation in New York City the commission says:

> Beginning in colonial times and extending the present the colony and the State of New York have ceded to the City of New York without expense extensive and valuable lands under water, together with certain uplands adjacent thereto. The State has also ceded to owners of adjacent uplands certain lands under water until, to-day the State owns no land along the foreshore of the Borough of Manhattan.
>
> Various railroad companies now own or control, either in fee or through long-time leases, a large portion of the Manhattan water frontage. The remaining frontage is largely owned and controlled by steamship companies or private individuals, and the commission is of the opinion that the falling off of freight transported on the canals, either in bulk or package form, is largely due to the inability of the shippers to avail themselves of even necessary facilities. The commission, therefore, recommends that the Legislature take such action as in its judgment it deems necessary to enable the City of New York to cede back to the State of New York, subject to existing leases, to be used solely for public purposes, and at all times under the supervision of the State of New York, dockage property at the foot of Seventy-fifth Street, at the foot of Vestry Street, (or new Pier 29,) and at the foot of Rector Street, all on the Hudson River; also, on the East River at what is known as the canal basin, between and including Piers 3 to 8, at Corlear's Hook, and at a point yet to be determined upon between Thirty-fifth and Forty-second Streets.
>
> The commission is not unmindful of the manifest advantages and the great commercial value of large tracts of land in other boroughs of the City of New York, especially in the neighborhood of Newtown Creek, Wallabout Market, Gowanus Bay, Jamaica Bay, Staten Island, and the Bronx. These points have all been visited and inspected by the commission, and their particular advantages are being considered. The commission has been impressed with the need, especially in the City of New York, of a comparatively large or general terminal, especially for the accommodation of the import and export trade, as distinct from the domestic and local trade of that great port, and in the final dtermination by this commission of the proper location of additional terminal sites in the Port of New York each of the places named will receive its most careful consideration.

In a later report the commission will submit an opinion on the question of erecting storehouses and supplying improved apparatus for the handling of freight at the proposed terminals.

FRANCHISE VALUES LOWER.

State Tax Board Takes Over $5,000,000 Off the City List.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 20.—The State Board of Tax Commissioners has completed its special franchise tax assessments for New York City. The total tentative assessments in that city for 1910 amount to $468,887,100, as compared with a total of $474,001,900 for 1909 and a total of $462,492,970 for 1908.

Among the principal assessments in New York City for this year, as compared with the assessments of last year, are these:

	Final. 1909.	Tentative. 1910.
Brooklyn City & Newtown R. R.	$2,425,000	$2,700,000
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	55,252,700	53,886,500
Coney Isl. & B'klyn R. R.	2,543,000	2,750,000
Hudson & Manhat. R. R.	8,000,000	11,770,000
Long Island R. R.	1,856,500	2,087,700
Long Island Elec. Ry.	425,000	425,000
N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R.	4,679,300	4,679,300
N. Y. & Harlem R. R.	13,518,900	13,518,900
Manhattan Railway	78,500,000	78,686,300
Trustees of N. Y. & L. I. R. R.	4,850,000	5,451,500
N. Y. & Queens Co. Ry.	2,275,000	2,275,000
Penn. Tunnel & Terminal	15,600,000	16,426,000
Brooklyn Union Gas	17,955,000	19,220,000
Consolidated Gas	82,676,000	84,944,500
Edison Elec. Illuminating Co., Brooklyn	11,500,000	12,000,000
Flatbush Water Works	830,000	830,000
Jamaica Water Supply Co.	490,000	550,000
Kings Co. Lighting Co.	1,200,000	1,300,000
New York Steam Co.	509,000	509,000
N. Y. & Queens Co. Elec. Lt. & Power Co.	400,000	400,000
N. Y. & Queens Gas Co.	150,000	170,000
Richmond Lt. & R. R. Co.	534,900	550,000
Am. District Telegraph	100,000	100,000
Commercial Cable	230,000	430,000
Empire City Subway	8,900,000	9,192,000
N. Y. & N. J. Telephone	9,564,000	*44,170,000
New York Telephone	29,750,000	
Western Union Telegraph	820,000	814,200
Interbor. Rapid Transit	24,012,000	†12,000
New England Telegraph	360,400	360,400
Bush Terminal R. R.	350,000	400,000
Automatic Fire Alarm Co.	75,000	100,000
Nassau Electric R. R.	3,056,400	8,056,400
Bronx Traction Co.	176,000	250,000
Dry Dock, East Broadway & Battery R. R.	1,400,000	1,400,000
Forty-second St., Manhattanville & St. Nicholas Av. Ry.	4,206,000	4,206,000
Kingsbridge Railway	759,000	759,000
Southern Boulevard R. R.	196,000	196,000
Third Avenue R. R.	7,920,000	7,920,000
Union Railway	3,986,000	4,000,000
Westchester Elec. R. R.	121,000	150,000
Yonkers R. R.	73,000	100,000
Van Brunt St. & Erie Basin R. R.	60,000	50,000
Bleecker St. & Fulton Ferry R. R.	730,000	730,000
Broadway & 7th Av. R. R.	7,955,000	7,955,000
Central Crosstown R. R.	660,000	660,000
Central Park, North & East River R. R.	2,750,000	2,750,000
Christopher & Tenth St. R. R.	1,172,000	1,172,000
Edenwald St. Ry.	11,000	11,000
Eighth Av. R. R.	4,800,000	4,800,000
Fort George & 11th Av. R. R.	317,000	317,000
Forty-second St. & Grand St. Ferry R. R.	1,600,000	1,600,000
Fulton St. R. R.	60,000	20,000
Metropolitan St. Ry.	20,258,000	20,258,000
N. Y. & Harlem R. R., (City Line)	9,343,000	9,343,000

*Now New York Telephone Company. †Court of Appeals decision, no franchise except crossings.

DEPUTY SHERIFF ARRESTED.

Charged with Threatening with a Revolver Man Who Wouldn't Stop Talking

Magistrate Tighe, in the Adams Street Police Court, in Brooklyn, yesterday, held Edmund Burke, 26 years old, of 13 Nassau Court, a special Deputy Sheriff, in $2,000 bail for examination on Feb. 26 on the charge of attempted felonious assault. The complainant was Cererino Colli of 218 Gold Street.

Colli said he and some friends were in a restaurant at 155 Gold Street at 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning when Burke entered the place. He became annoyed at the conversation between Colli and his friends, it was alleged, and told them to stop talking. Colli said they refused, whereupon Burke drew a revolver and pointed it at him. Colli complained to Policeman Jacobs, who, with two other policemen, went to the restaurant. Jacobs asked Burke if he had a revolver and Burke replied that it was none of his business. According to the policeman, Burke resisted arrest. The revolver was taken away from him and he was handcuffed and taken to the station house.

WOMEN WEAR MORE SILKS.

American Makers Furnish Most of the Goods in Growing Industry.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Her imperial highness, the American woman, is wearing more and more silk every year and more than ever is she wearing American-made silk in preference to the manufactures of foreign lands. It is estimated by Government officials that the value of silk used in the country in the last year was approximately $165,000,000. Of this $132,000,000 represents the value of home-manufactured silk, the balance, $33,000,000, being imported.

Unmanufactured silk imports made their highest record in the history of the Nation in 1909, their total having been $75,500,000, against $73,000,000 in 1907, the previous high value record, while the quantity imported in 1909 exceeded that of 1907 by 40 per cent.

Remarkable has been the growth of the American silk industry. Measured by value it has been from $4,000,000 in 1870 to $75,500,000 in 1909. In the same period the average price per pound of raw silk decreased from $5.25 to $3.33, or 37 per cent.

The rapid growth of importations of raw silk is in marked contrast with the almost stationary importations of silk manufactures. In the period from 1870 to 1909 the value of raw silk importations increased $70,000,000, or more than sixteenfold; while the manufactured silk importations increased only $5,600,000, or but 21 per cent.

ARMY NEEDS MORE FOOD.

Major Woodruff Says Professor Who Found It Didn't Was Fooled.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Major Charles E. Woodruff of the Army Medical Corps has taken sharp issue with some college theorists who think that the regular army soldier is overfed.

Some years ago a squad of soldiers was fed on a greatly reduced diet, under the supervision of a college professor, to demonstrate his point that people in general could live on much less food than they consume. Apparently a satisfactory showing was made, but now Major Woodruff has gathered evidence to show that most of the soldiers suffered severely from the experiment, and as a matter of fact they would have been much more seriously affected had they not secretly indulged in extra meals during the test.

Major Woodruff wants even more food for the army, declaring that the United States Army is behind European armies in that matter, and favors an allowance of 50 cents per month for each soldier to buy extra food.

MAY REOPEN ROBNETT CASE.

Surgeon Not Satisfied with Decision Reducing Him Two Numbers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—There is an uncomfortable suggestion of a reopening of the famous Auld-Robnett court-martial case, which, it was supposed, had been finally settled by the approval of the avy Department of the findings of the court-martial.

It appears now that attorneys for Surgeon Robnett have been authorized to present to the department arguments to show that the young officer was illegally punished in the imposition of the court-martial sentence of a loss of numbers after he had received a letter from the department, which, in the opinion of his attorneys, amounted to a reprimand and therefore a punishment.

TAFT AT FRIENDS' CHURCH.

Goes to Hear Mr. Wilbur of Swarthmore Make an Address.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—For the first time since he was elected President Mr. Taft to-day attended a meeting at the Friends' Church, on I Street Northwest.

Some time ago he promised to join the Friends' Society at weekly worship and when it was learned that Henry W. Wilbur of Swarthmore, Penn., would speak to-day, he was urged particularly to attend. Capt. Archibald Butt, the President's military aid, went with him.

GARGAN DENIES HIS GUILT.

"You've Got the Wrong Man," Murderer Says When Held in Court.

John C. Gargan, who shot and killed his brother Harry and his father-in-law, Martin W. Hynes, in a saloon at the corner of Marcy and Lexington Avenues, Brooklyn, on Saturday afternoon, was held without bail by Magistrate Naumer, in the Gates Avenue Court, yesterday for examination on Feb. 26. A watch had been kept upon him in his cell at the Gates Avenue Police Station, as it was feared he might make an attempt to kill himself. After he shot his brother and father-in-law in the saloon he pointed the revolver at his own head and fired two shots, in an attempt to commit suicide. His hand was unsteady and the shots went wild.

The prisoner was pale when he was brought into court. When he was arraigned he said:

"Why, you've got the wrong man. This is a mistake. I didn't do it."

He failed to throw any light on the domestic troubles which came to a head on Friday night, when his father-in-law, with whom he had been on bitter terms for some time, and his wife left him to live with Hynes's brother in Richmond Hill.

VIRGINIA MAKES HIGH SPEED.

Shows She Is Better Than When New in Practice Off Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—A better vessel than she was in her early days, the battleship Virginia maintained an average speed of 19.54 knots an hour yesterday in a four-hour full power trial that Rear Admiral Schroeder, in command of the Atlantic Rleet, put her through off Guantanamo, Cuba. This was the information contained in a cablegram from the Admiral, received to-day at the Navy Department.

This speed is greater than that made in the contractor's trials, when the ship was put into service, and was made with a displacement more than 1,000 tons greater than was the case when the contractors took the ship out.

Landing parties from the Minnesota, New Hampshire, Mississippi, and Idaho encamped during the entire week on Deer Point, holding rifle and pistol target practice, and engaging in company, battalion, and regimental drills. In addition boat crews laid mines, teams scaled walls, and 147 men qualified as swimmers.

CAN'T KILL LAME DEER.

Law Forbids It, and Animal Is to be Turned Loose with Three Legs.

Special to The New York Times.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Unless some way is discovered to get around the Forest, Fish, and Game law, a three-legged deer will soon be turned loose in the Catskill Mountain Forest Preserve to climb mountains and forage for food.

Three weeks ago a crippled deer dragged its way to the home of Platt Aley on the road leading from Big Indian to Slide, and examination disclosed a broken leg. The law prohibits deer-killing in Ulster County, and a nearby Game Protector, who was consulted and took up the case with the Forest, Fish, and Game Commissioner at Albany, could find no loop hole in the law to meet the case. Attempts to set the broken leg failed, and it is the present intention to amputate it.

Mills Hotel Suicide with $6 Cash.

Herman Noel, a German-American cigarmaker, committed suicide early yesterday morning in a room on the third floor of the Mills Hotel in Bleecker Street by shooting himself through the head with a heavy revolver. In his pockets the police found $6.12, a gold-plated watch, and his union card, showing that he was in good standing, and a registered envelope bearing the name of J. Lowenberg, 27 Walcot Street, Boston. His brother says he had been out of work and was despondent.

TOO MUCH POLLUTION OF STATE WATERS

Health Commissioner's Report Says Impure Streams Largely Account for Typhoid Deaths.

STRICTER LAWS NEEDED

In Other Directions Sanitary Education Is Advancing—State-Wide Plans to Control Preventable Diseases.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—That the 1,300 or more deaths from typhoid fever in this State in 1909 are due largely to impure and infected water supplies is the declaration of Dr. E. H. Porter, State Commissioner of Health, in his annual report to Gov. Hughes.

"Many of our streams have reached the limit of the amount of pollution they will care for," the report says. "That such a condition of affairs exists is a disgrace. Little relief in the conditions can be obtained under the existing laws, and the Legislature is urged to pass a bill affording effective means for requiring the pollution to be taken out of the streams. In many places where the water supplies are protected by rules of the department, orders have been issued to clean up the watershed. Particular attention has been paid during the year to Summer resorts having impure water supplies and improper methods of sewage disposal. The conditions of a number of places have been found to be dangerous to the persons visiting them, and the Commissioner insists that they be placed in proper sanitary condition."

Dr. Porter calls attention to the important part education is playing in the advancement in sanitation. A most important step forward in this direction, he says, is the announcement of the Department of Education that regular and systematic instruction in sanitary science and public health will be given to the first eight grades in all public schools.

The Commissioner says that the educational work for the prevention of tuberculosis has been successful during the past year, and that the department soon will undertake the first systematic, State-wide attempt to control preventable diseases.

It is also proposed to begin the distribution of a treatment for rabies, which has been largely on the increase throughout the State.

The report adds that the number of deaths from diphtheria continues to decrease as the use of antitoxin is extended, and that though scarlet fever during last year was widespread in the State, it caused fewer deaths than measles.

ONE-QUARTER OF TRAINS LATE

Of 60,385 Run Last Month 75 Per Cent. Were on Time, Says Report.

ALBANY, Feb. 20.—The report, just issued, of the Public Service Commission, Second District, relating to delays to passenger trains in the State during December shows that during the month 60,385 trains were run. Of these 75 per cent. of the trains were on time at division terminals; the average delay for each train was 39.7 minutes; the average delay for each train run was 10 per cent.

The principal causes of delay were: Waiting for trains on other divisions, 40.9 per cent.; waiting for train connections with other roads, 14.4 per cent.; train work at station, 12.2 per cent.; trains ahead, 8 per cent.; meeting and passing trains, 4.8 per cent.; engine failures, 4.3 per cent., and wrecks, 3.8 per cent.

The record of trains on time of the principal railroads was as follows: Boston & Albany, 71 per cent.; Boston & Maine, 65 per cent.; Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg, 67 per cent.; Buffalo & Susquehanna, 49 per cent.; Central New England, 79 per cent.; Delaware & Eastern, 95 per cent.; Delaware & Hudson, 84 per cent.; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, 88 per cent.; Erie, 72 per cent.; Dunkirk, Allegheny Valley & Pittsburg, 77 per cent.; Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville, 80 per cent.; Greenwich & Johnsonville, 78 per cent.; Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, 22 per cent.; Lehigh & Hudson River, 76 per cent.; Lehigh & New England, 87 per cent.; Lehigh Valley, 64 per cent.; Long Island, 87 per cent.; Michigan Central, 52 per cent.; New York Central & Hudson River, 73 per cent.; New York, Chicago & St. Louis, 37 per cent., New York, New Haven & Hartford, 86 per cent.; New York, Ontario & Western, 76 per cent.; New York & Ottawa, 36 per cent.; Northern Central Railway, 84 per cent.; Pennsylvania Railroad, 57 per cent.; Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern, 76 per cent.; Rutland Railroad, 72 per cent., and Ulster & Delaware, 90 per cent.

RAILROAD WAR LIKELY.

Grand Trunk's Rhode Island Plans May Cause New Haven Reprisals.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 20.—Will there be a war between the New York, New Haven & Hartford-Boston & Maine System and the Grand Trunk-Central Vermont alliance?

This is a question of intense interest to shippers and business men of the New England States and Canada. The application for a charter permitting the Central Vermont Line at Palmer, Mass., to be extended to Providence, recently submitted to the Rhode Island Legislature by the Grand Trunk people, has already stirred political and business circles in Rhode Island, and it is believed a notable legislative contest over the issue is impending.

President Charles S. Mellen of the New Haven Road, in Boston last week, referred to "unprovoked attacks by Canadian lines upon the business of the New England railroads," as endangering long established relations. President Charles W. Hayes of the Grand Trunk declared later that his company was applying for the charter "at the request of the people of Rhode Island, who need this further outlet for their business." In freight traffic the New Haven System has an alliance with the Canadian Pacific Railroad, a competitor of the Grand Trunk.

Providence people are discussing the possibility that the Central Vermont's existing arrangement with the Boston & Maine for an exchange of traffic at White River Junction may be terminated, thus cutting off the Central Vermont outlet to Boston if hostilities become acute.

STUDIO FOR CONVICT ARTISTS.

Expected to Transform the Sombre Interior of their Prison to an Art Gallery.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Feb. 20.—Works in oil will soon adorn the grimy, gray walls of the Western Pennsylvania Penitentiary at Riverside, a new occupation having been found for a small colony of artists who help to make up the big prison's population. This is the latest innovation of Warden John Francis, conceded to be one of the most versatile prison officials in the country.

On the second floor of the prison rotunda a room thirty feet square has been fitted up as a studio. All the paraphernalia necessary for an artist has been provided, and during the coming week ten convicts who have revealed ability to depict nature on canvas during their idle moments when locked up in their cells will show their talent. Warden Francis expects within a month or six weeks to have the sombre interior of the prison transformed into a veritable art gallery.

"Of course," he said, "I do not anticipate that any of their paintings will eventually adorn the galleries of our leading art institutions, but from what I have seen of some of the convicts' work, it will compare favorably with many of the so-called artists that are peddling their pictures to some of the art connosseurs of our own locality. Before these men are through, I hope to have the prison decorated from top to bottom with paintings in order to relieve the poor devils kept here for an indefinite period from gazing continually at bare walls and steel bars."

EAGER FOR 172 FREE FARMS.

Crowds in Line Days Before Allotment—Ballinger Orders a Hall for Them.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Unwilling that a record-breaking endurance test should be held with the approval of the Government, Secretary Ballinger has adopted a novel plan for the allotment of the forty-acre farms at Yuma, Cal., on March 1.

The necessity for the plan arose from the anxiety of claimants to be the first on the spot when the allotments were made. The Secretary was informed yesterday by telegraph that more than 200 men and women had already formed in line before the Land Office in Los Angeles, so as to be the first on hand on March 1.

The hardships which would result from such an endurance test did not appeal to the Secretary, who has ordered that a hall or a baseball park large enough to accommodate all who desire to participate in the allotment be engaged in Los Angeles for the day of allotment. To those assembled in this hall or park by 9 A. M. on that day cards will be distributed by agents of the Government. On these the name age, height, and Post Office address of each homeseeker must be written.

At any time between March 1 and March 10 the applicant may appear at the Land Office in Los Angeles, and upon being identified by the card may make application for any of the 172 farms that the Government is to give away. An opportunity will be given to those who file on the same farm to decide among themselves which shall have the land. If this is not done the Government officials will decide the lucky person by lot.

BABY RHINO HAS PNEUMONIA.

His Sneeze Reminds Visitors of a Locomotive's Exhaust.

Visitors to the elephant house in the Bronx Park Zoo yesterday were mystified by a sound as of steam suddenly escaping from a locomotive boiler. They learned that the baby rhinoceros has pneumonia and that the wheezing roar was his sneeze.

According to Keeper Thurman the baby rhino contracted a cold nearly a week ago. Workmen were repairing the rhino cage, and "the baby," as the youngster is called, was temporarily removed to another apartment. A window was open and he caught cold. Dr. Blair ordered that the rhino be put on a special diet, kept very quiet, and given about a quart of cough syrup a day, along with some other medicine. Keeper Thurman, who is playing nurse to the baby rhino, got out a section of canvas scenery which used to decorate the old elephant house and hung it over "the baby's" cage to shut off the view of the Sunday visitors.

It was from behind this canvas screen that the sneezing came yesterday. Keeper Thurman divided his time between attending to the wants of the young rhino and explaining to visitors that there was no locomotive about the place. Dr. Blair said yesterday that he thought the young rhino would recover with a little care.

FIND HEIRESS TO $235,000.

Fortune Made in Jamaica by Former Admirer Goes to Birmingham Woman.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Feb. 20.—A remarkable romance was unearthed here to-day by the finding of Mrs. Claudie Vester, formerly of Nashville, Tenn., and who is the heiress to an estate of about $235,000. The estate was left by E. D. Ennis, who formerly lived in Birmingham and was once an admirer of Mrs. Vester, then Miss Clark.

Ennis shot a man here in 1892 and fled from the city. He went to Jamaica, where he amassed a fortune, and about three years ago he was fatally injured in a fight with a Spaniard. Before his death he willed his entire estate to Miss Clark, and the Jamaica authorities have since been trying to find her.

Daniel Jones of Jamaica is in Birmingham, and it was due to his efforts that the woman was found. The Governor of Jamaica had offered a reward of $1,000 to the person who gave information as to her whereabouts, and this money will be equally divided between Mrs. Mary Lyttle and J. B. Smiley, both of Birmingham.

FLOOR SINKS WITH 400.

Theatre Audience Plunged Into Cellar with Red-Hot Stove—None Killed.

PATTON, Penn., Feb. 20.—Four hundred people who attended a Spiritualistic demonstration at the Opera House last night were just on the point of leaving when they were precipitated, together with a red-hot stove, into the basement by the collapse of the floor.

No one was killed, though the contrary was reported last night. What might have been a holocaust was prevented by men who trampled out the burning coals, which were scattered in the wreckage. As it was, more than twenty-five were either severely burned by the coals or injured in the scramble to get out of the cellar. No one, however, was even seriously hurt. The loss by fire was small.

HERMIT'S HOVEL BURNED OUT.

Aged Astronomer Wakened with His Bed Clothes and Whiskers Ablaze.

WINSTED, Conn., Feb. 20.—A fire near Colebrook River last night destroyed the hovel in which Bill Woodruff, a hermit, aged about 80, lived. Woodruff, whose only hobby is astronomy, had been out with his telescope studying the sky. Returning to his shack, he lighted his pipe and fell asleep. His bedclothes and his long whiskers were ablaze when awakened, and he was seriously burned about the head. A flock of chickens which he kept in the hut with him and which were his sole companions, perished. Woodruff, in his stocking feet and thinly clad, walked in the snow two miles to a house, where he is receiving medical attention.

Woodruff was jilted by his sweetheart when young, and since has led a lonely life for nearly sixty years, during which time he has never sought a barber.

Lantern Explodes an Auto Tank.

An automobile owned and driven by Charles Lanzier of 157 West Thirty-fourth Street, Manhattan, in which two women and another man were riding, took fire early yesterday morning on the East Drive of Prospect Park, Brooklyn. The gasoline tank exploded while Lanzier was trying to refill it. It is thought the explosion came from a lantern which Mr. Lanzier put near the tank.

CHILDREN'S COURT AT CLOSE QUARTERS

A Tribunal of Small Things, In Which Real Educational Work Is Being Done.

HAS A MISSION TO PARENTS

They, Like Their Children, Put in the Way of Respect for the Law—The Immigrants' Second Generation.

By LURANA W. SHELDON.

Through the courteous invitation of Justice Robert J. Wilkin (sent after reading my poem, "The Children's Court," published in THE TIMES of Feb. 2) I have spent a day in the Juvenile Court of Brooklyn, and while studying the modus operandi of justice have also received incidentally a lesson in the consequences of immigration.

The names of the youthful offenders were positively dangerous to try to pronounce. Justice Wilkin gave it up once and simply sneezed, but the court attendant understood. The name he called was one of many syllables, the last few sounding much like "——tchowkowissky."

And the little lawbreakers! Some of them were under 10, but the majority were in their teens—13, I should say, being about the average. Two Italian burglars, their heads hardly above the rail, were interesting prisoners. Neither was 12 years old, but they had wrenched open the basement shutter of a building where type metal was stored and extracted a quantity of lead, which they had sold at a junkshop. Their plea was that "a man had told them to do it." It did not shorten the lecture their parents received from the Judge through the Italian interpreter. The plea had issued from their lips with parrotlike and suspicious precision.

The boy, who had carried a loaded revolver in the street, and accidentally injured a companion, came in for a lecture also, and his parents received a talking to that should have penetrated the densest brain. The boy who had dropped his penny in the slot and got not only his chewing gum but 11 cents besides, did not seem much concerned over the accusations of a manager of the company owning the automatic vendor. The machine was on a Subway platform and the second boy had got away, but he was there to testify for his companion, and the tilt between himself and the plaintiff was decidedly spirited.

"Didn't I have you by the collar and didn't you pull away?" asked the manager, and the boy faced him and fenced like a veteran lawyer.

"I got on de train," was all he would admit, and the Justice postponed the trial to get the evidence of the ticket chopper.

Another urchin had made a noise disturbing a congregation at worship. The minister was there to testify against him and then to beg him off "on account of his mother." The policeman witness was also mild in his denunciation.

There were several petty thieves on the calendar. Each and all admitted that they knew it was wrong to steal, but there was nothing in their demeanor of any to show them to be greatly worried over the matter. One boy had tkaen the packages from another boy's pushcart, and not only delivered them, but kept the money he collected.

There were several cases of assault in the third degree. One boy was still wearing court plaster over a couple of small bruises. Two little girls were up for disorderly conduct. There was worse behind these charges, but that had been attended to previously. One, a pretty girl of about 14, was at sword's points with her mother. The woman sat in the witness chair and testified against her daughter. The child persisted that her clothes had been taken from her by her father, and said she had been obliged to come to court in borrowed garments. She represented a fair type of the Americanized immigrant, and her knowledge of the world had completely amazed her foreign mother.

A little, flaxen-haired girl of possibly five years had been abandoned by her mother. Nothing was known of her father. The people who had befriended her did not wish to keep her any longer, so she was sent to the "society." There were innumerable truancy cases, and here the probation officers did the testifying in most instances. They seemed to be familiar with every movement of their charges, and their reports facilitated the decision of the bench and made that part of the day's work comparatively easy. Sick and drunken mothers were frequent causes of waywardness. In some cases the mothers were dead and only an aged grandmother had control of the offspring. In one instance a whole family of five children was committed to an orphanage. One boy had been arrested for "stoning a cop," but the policeman was not at all vindictive.

An amusing incident, and one that illustrates the intelligence of the children, occurred when Justice Wilkin asked a boy if he had ever been arrested before.

"Yes, Sir!" was the reply.

"What had you been doing then?" asked his Honor.

"I was up in a tree stealing blackberries," was the answer.

And so it went on—a ridiculous scene if it was not so serious; for the act of the boy is of secondary importance. The wrong deed that he has done is of little consequence in itself. It is the turning of his mind into law-respecting channels, and, above all, the training of his parents that is the mission of the court. Judge Wilkin is trying to make good citizens of all who come before him, and the bench of the Brooklyn Juvenile Court is much more than a bar of justice. It is a daily and hourly school for the education of adults and the training and protection of the youth of our city.

B. Altman & Co.

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HARPER'S FOR MARCH

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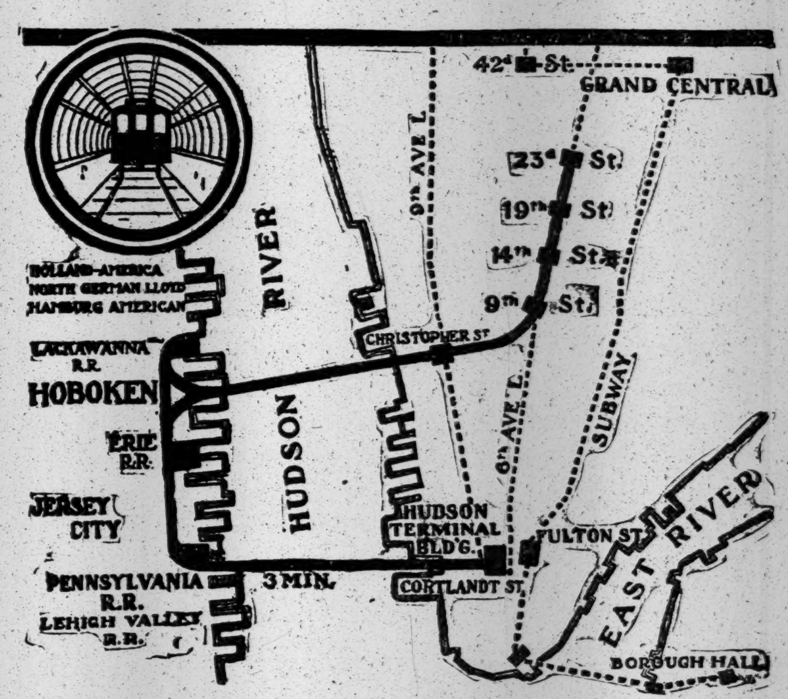
NEW SHAKESPEARE DISCOVERIES

An American scholar, Professor Charles William Wallace, has just discovered hitherto unknown documents which throw entirely new light on Shakespeare's daily life in London. These documents are printed for the first time in Harper's for March. This great discovery is the result of years of search through thousands of contemporary papers in the archives of the Public Records Office. Now, at last, we have a clear view of Shakespeare as a man among men—not the great poets and writers of whom we know in other ways, but the simple folk with whom he lived and worked. Among the documents is a long deposition in Shakespeare's own words and over his own signature, which is reproduced in the magazine in facsimile, together with pictures of the house which occupies the spot where Shakespeare lived, which Professor Wallace has located, and many other interesting and important maps and signatures.

7 Notable Short Stories

"The Wild Olive"

The New Serial by the Author of "The Inner Shrine."



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NEW YORK CITY'S MARGIN OF DEBT

Borrowing Capacity Placed by Bankers at $292,000,000 as of January 1 Last.

THE MASSACHUSETTS LAW

City's Bonds Suggested as Legal Investments in That State—Recent Official Estimate of City's Debt Margin.

The promised issuance this week by the Controller of an official estimate of the present borrowing capacity of the City of New York and the understanding had in banking circles that a large issue of city bonds will shortly be offered for subscription adds interest to the general question of the present borrowing capacity of the city and to a study of this question contained in a circular on city bonds issued last week by W. N. Coler & Co. on data obtained from the Controller's office. The position is taken in this circular that under the operation of the recent constitutional amendment, the application of which to the borrowing capacity of New York City is now a matter of legislative consideration, the bonds of New York City are a legal investment both in Massachusetts and in Connecticut. In both those States the limit of net debt allowed is 7 per cent. of the assessed value of real estate, while in the case of New York City the legal limit is 10 per cent. With all the deductions allowed under the recent Constitutional amendment it is claimed by these bankers the city's borrowing capacity on Jan. 1 was over $292,000,000 and its percentage of net debt to assessed values was only 5.95 per cent.

The amendment to the Constitution approved at the last general election provides that in addition to the bonds previously exempted from the calculation of the net debt of the city there shall be excepted also bonds issued for self-supporting public improvements. It was left to the Legislature to determine the method by which the amount of any such debt to be excluded is to be determined. This matter is now before the Legislature. If the rules which may be laid down will make possible the exception from the calculation of the debt limit all outstanding rapid transit and Dock Department bonds as well as the water work bonds now exempted the borrowing capacity as of Jan. 1 will be increased by more than $135,250,000 over the borrowing capacity estimated by the Controller soon after assuming office on Jan. 1.

In that estimate the borrowing capacity was placed at $66,961,352, but this, it was pointed out, was subject to reduction by reason of existing outstanding contracts of the city which had not at that date been certified by the Controller, but which, when so certified would be deducted from the estimate of the city's borrowing capacity. With this and some other smaller open items deducted the Controller placed the net borrowing capacity of the city on Jan. 1 at $44,538,004. This estimate was arrived at by deducting from the gross funded debt the sinking funds and water works bonds and by adding the amount of the city's contract liabilities and its net liability for the acquisition of land, the last two items together amount to over $57,800,000. Other minor adjustments, including the deduction of cash held in various funds as allowed under the Constitution as interpreted by the Court of Appeals, placed the borrowing capacity of the city at $66,961,352 on Jan 1, which was reduced, as explained above, by offsetting against this sum other contract obligations not as yet certified to by the Controller and thus not technically included in the city's obligations for the purposes of calculating the borrowing capacity of the city.

In arriving at their estimate of $292,264,000 as the borrowing capacity of New York City on Jan. 1 last, Coler & Co. deducted the full amount of the sinking funds and also water bonds, rapid transit bonds, and Dock Department bonds, a total of $452,851,000 from the total funded debt on Dec. 31 last, which amounted to $885,638,438. This leaves a net debt of $432,786,628, while the assessed value of real estate subject to taxation was $6,807,179,704. This estimate was made with a view to determining the status of New York City bonds as possible legal investments in the State of Massachusetts in the event of the rules laid down by the Legislature in pursuance of the recent Constitutional amendment permitting the deduction of the full amount of the city's rapid transit and Dock Department bonds. On this score Coler & Co.'s circular says:

"The question of amount of rapid transit and dock bonds which shall be deducted in accordance with Constitutional amendment is now being determined by the State Legislature. In this State a Constitutional amendment determined that water bonds issued only since January, 1904, should be deducted. It has also been held that the amount of such water bonds held in sinking fund should not be deducted. Applying the laws of the New England and most other States as to 'legal investments,' the 'net debt' is determined by deducting all water bonds, all exempted bonds, and all sinking funds. In Massachusetts the limit is 7 per cent. net debt, and in Connecticut 7 per cent. The net debt of New York City, as shown above, is 5.95 per cent. Should the Legislature make it possible to deduct rapid transit and Dock Department bonds, New York City issues will be legal investments for Massachusetts by a comfortable margin, for the definition of net indebtedness in Massachusetts (Revised Laws, Chapter 8, Section 5, Clause 12) is: 'The words "net indebtedness" shall mean the indebtedness of county, city, town, or district, omitting debts created for supplying the inhabitants with water and other debts exempted from the operation of the law limiting their indebtedness and deducting the amount of sinking funds available for the payment of the indebtedness included.'"

In this banker's estimate the contract obligations of the city are not taken into account. The Court of Appeals, however, in its decision rendered in October last, held that the full amount of the city's liability on contracts becomes as soon as certified a part of the debt of the city for the purpose of calculating the margin of borrowing. This decision of the Court of Appeals overruled the ground previously taken by Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy, acting as referee in taxpayers' suits to determine the borrowing capacity of the city. He held that only so much of such contract obligations should be included in the amount of the city's debt as represented property which had been turned over to the city, or of so much work as had been performed by contractors, on the theory that the city should not be regarded as owing anything until the contractor had delivered something to the city. This would materially reduce the amount of contract obligations, which the city has to add to its debt in computing its borrowing capacity, but under the decision of the Court of Appeals the full amount of this contract liability has to be taken into account.

NEWARK READY FOR TAFT.

Business Section of the City in Gala Attire for the President.

The Newark Board of Trade has completed arrangements for the visit on Wednesday of President Taft. All that remains to make the reception to the President a success is clear weather. Nearly every building in the business section of the city is decorated with the Stars and Stripes. The whole city seems to have taken on a holiday aspect.

The main decorative feature is at Market and Broad Streets, where eight columns have been erected. On Wednesday night these will be festooned with smilax.

According to the plans, as outlined by the Reception Committee, President Taft will leave New York on Wednesday at 4 P. M. in an automobile, proceeding to the home of ex-Gov. Murphy. The President is expected to arrive at Krueger Auditorium at 6:15, where he will address the members and friends of the Board of Trade at their annual dinner.

MISS SWENSON DIES ON SHIP.

Daughter of New American Minister to Switzerland Succumbs to Tuberculosis.

PLYMOUTH, England, Feb. 20.—Miss Mabel Swenson, daughter of L. S. Swenson, the newly appointed American Minister to Switzerland, died on the steamer Amerika on the voyage from New York. Death was due to tuberculosis. The body was embalmed and will be landed at Cherbourg.

Mr. Swenson and his family were on their way to Berne.

Socialists Celebrate Bebel's Birthday.

Under the auspices of the Russian Social Democrats and radical bodies of different nationalities in this city, the seventieth birthday of August Bebel, the German Socialist and member of the Reichstag, was celebrated in this city yesterday by a mass meeting in the Progress Assembly Rooms, 28 Avenue A. Among the speakers were M. Winchefsky, Dr. S. Ingerman, and Daniel De Leon, founder of the Socialist-Labor party here.

Texas Suicide After Triple Murder.

WACO, Texas, Feb. 20.—Charles Franks, a bartender, shot and killed Josie Donovan, fatally wounded Roy Anderson and Lulu Holt, and then killed himself in a rooming house here to-day. Franks entered the building and saw Anderson talking to the Holt woman, and, mistaking him for another man, opened fire.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
12:15	754 E. 155th St.; M. Garfinkel	$50
1:35	118 W. 89th St.; H. Lynch	Trifling
2:45	126 W. 31st St.; Hudson Terminal Co.	$500
2:55	228 W. 77th St.; unknown	Trifling
3:55	117 W. 114th St.; J. W. French	$1,000
6:00	267 W. 39th St.; D. Gardinare	Trifling
7:40	20 E. 85th St.; W. Lambier	Trifling
9:20	418 E. 118th St.; N. Berale	$10
11:50	2,049 Washington Av.; S. Rafter	$75
P. M.		
1:35	307-309 E. 100th St.; C. Manikoff	Trifling
1:40	53 Irving Place; Mrs. R. M. Gillam	Trifling
2:30	477-479 Washington St.; unknown	Trifling
3:25	244 Madison St.; R. Jones	Trifling
3:45	333 E. 93d St.; Gus Miller	$50
3:45	87 Norfolk St.; I. Holtz	$10
4:00	306 E. 101st St.; J. Schorschet	Trifling
4:30	36th St. and 12th Av.; Mich. Cent. R. R. Co.	$10
4:40	130 Norfolk St.; M. Seiger	$3
5:10	745 5th St.; I. Mitelman	$35
5:20	162 E. 84th St.; W. Cooperstein	Trifling
5:20	511 E. 156th St.; A. Atken	$75
6:40	887 Grand St.; Grand Union Vaudeville Co.	Trifling
6:45	19 E. 134th St.; Frank Walcott	Trifling
6:45	880 East 149th St.; unknown	Trifling
7:10	432 W. 42d St.; Mr. Threw	Trifling

MUCH BLINDNESS DUE TO NEGLECT AT BIRTH

A Fourth of the Sightless Ones in This State Might Have Been Saved from Their Affliction.

REMEDY A SIMPLE ONE

Danger Is in Unskilled Attendance—Association for the Blind Working to Lessen the Evil.

About one-quarter of the blind in the State of New York are blind by reason of the neglect of a simple medical precaution at the time of their birth. They became blind shortly after birth through the ignorance or carelessness of those who attended them. They suffered from the moment they drew breath from "sore eyes." Their mothers thought that the ailment would pass away in a short time, and so they lost their eyesight forever from ophthalmia neonatorum.

They could have been cured quickly and almost certainly by a simple application of a 1 per cent. solution of nitrate of silver dropped into their eyes, and by washing out the eyes with a boric acid solution, but since these precautions were neglected their eyeballs have been destroyed.

To fight against this ignorance and its appalling consequences is one of the chief aims of the special Committee on the Prevention of Blindness of the New York Association for the Blind. In her work among the sightless Miss Winifred Hoyt the secretary and founder, has been shocked by the number of children who are blind from sheer ignorance, and has set herself to reduce their number.

In its fight to save the children the committee is met by one great obstacle—the ignorance of the women who attend poor mothers instead of regular doctors. They are careless of medical regulations, and they cannot be made to realize that merely washing the eyes of the newborn infants and the dropping into them of two drops of a solution can have such an immense importance.

To combat this the committee has suggested that all births should be registered with the health authorities within twenty-four hours, and that there should be included in the form of registration questions asking what had been done to prevent the occurence of ophthalmia neonatorum. By this means it is contended that the authorities would know if proper treatment had been applied before it was absolutely too late to save the babies' eyesight, and the nurse or doctor would be reminded by the printed slip to be filled out that there was a simple duty to be performed.

Other preventable blindness against which Miss Holt and her associates are fighting is caused by conditions of employment. She has seen many men blinded by defective tools. A fifty-cent hammer looks as good as a two-dollar one till its head flies off and cuts the worker's eye out. Workers themselves are careless, because they will not take such a precaution as the wearing of goggles while at work at the emery wheel. The commitee is trying to instruct employers and employed alike in the possibility and ease of saving hundreds from ending their days in darkness.

But this preventive work is only one phase of the activities of the New York Association for the Blind. At 118 East Fifty-ninth Street, its shop and headquarters, the visitor finds a blind telephone operator, a blind stenographer, blind weavers and basket makers. He is introduced to a young woman walking confidently about the room, and only learns from an uncertainty as she stretches out her hand that she is sightless. Much of the work of teaching the blind to help themselves is performed by the blind.

Miss Holt's work, which has grown in seven years from a small committee organized to distribute concert tickets among the blind, has now succeeded in making partially self-supporting, at any rate, a number of those who since their affliction had sat with their hands folded in idleness. The telephone companies were incredulous when they were first asked to provide a switchboard on which a blind person might be trained, but now sightless operators are working in this city so skillfully that the telephone inspectors cannot dedect them by their work.

For stenography blind people use a curious form of typewriter. It is fitted with a set of six levers, which can be made to form all the combinations used in a shorthand system. It records its characters on a long strip of paper, like that in a ticker, in the raised Braille type. As soon as the dictation is finished the operator tears the tape off and then with her fingers reads the record as quickly as the ordinary shorthand reporter reads his notes. It is easy enough for her then to write the letter on the ordinary typewriter. There are at present three blind stenographers in the city, one at work in a large law office, who are able to earn a good living wage.

Of course, many of the blind are unable to do as well as this, but Miss Holt's idea is that if she can only show the sufferers that they can do something toward their own living she has done much to cure them of the feeling of hopeless despondency, which is the lot of those who become blind late in life. She has classes in sewing, in basket work, in weaving, in broom making, and chair caning. She has men trained as masseurs, and points out that in Japan for long it was held that massage was properly confined to the blind, the delicate touch of whom fitted them in particular for it.

CROWD SEES SEYLER AT SCENE OF MURDER

Quickly Gathers on Atlantic City Pier When Arvis Points Out What He Says Happened.

WILLIAM SEYLER CHEERFUL

The Police Confess They Haven't Got Much from Him—His Wife Says She'll Stick to Him.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 20.—Under the guard of detectives, Arvis Seyler accompanied Prosecutor Goldenberg to the pier to-day. The brother of the man accused of the murder of Jane Adams pointed out just where he and Alice Adams stood when they called to Jane Adams and William Seyler to follow them from the outer end of the pier to the ballroom. He also pointed out the exact spot where William and Jane stood when they refused to follow.

None of those on the board walk recognized the party as it made its way to the pier, but shortly after it arrived on the pier the news quickly spread that Arvis Seyler was showing the police where his brother is believed to have killed the Adams girl. There was a rush to the spot by the curious, but they were held back by the police. Young Seyler talked so low that his conversation was not caught by the crowd.

As soon as the examination of the scene of the murder was completed, the authorities and the prisoner hastened through the throng, and this time went to the end of Arkansas Avenue. There they took a taxicab and drove back to the city jail.

The police were reluctant to talk about the case to-night, but admitted that the grueling to which the men were subjected yesterday, while not affecting William, had broken the spirit of Arvis, and he had made admissions. It is believed he has signified his willingness to tell all he knows.

Since he has agreed to become a witness for the State he has been moved into better quarters and is now treated as a witness rather than a criminal. The police will not tell the nature of the statement made by the brothers, but it is believed they have in their possession a long statement which covers conversations between Arvis and William during the time they were away together.

William Seyler was bright and almost cheerful as he and his brother were taken into the Bureau of Identification to be photographed this afternoon. He made no resistance whatever to being photographed. He is anxious to go to court.

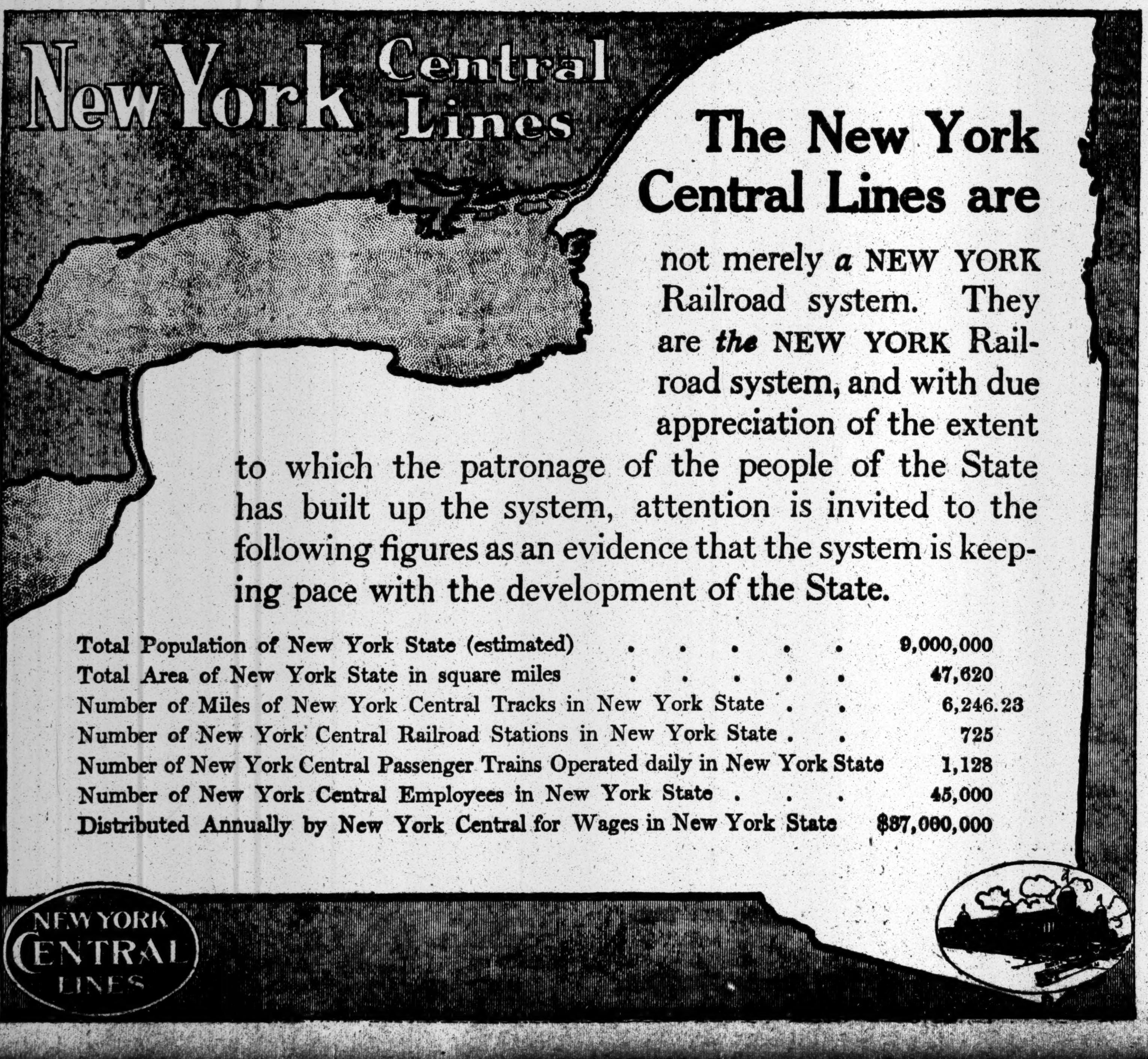
William Seyler's wife called at the jail to-day, but was not allowed to see her husband. She declared her belief in her husband's innocence and said she would stick to him to the end.

JUMP FROM CAR, BREAK NECKS

Two Killed When Car at El Paso Is Set Afire.

EL PASO, Texas, Feb. 20.—Two people are dead, one is seriously injured, and several are slightly hurt as a result of a street car accident to-night, caused by the blowing out of a fuse. Flames appeared and the people became panic-stricken. A number jumped from the swiftly moving car.

The dead are A. V. Smith, 32 years old, and Miss Maggie Riley of Canada, both of whom broke their necks.



The New York Central Lines are not merely *a* NEW YORK Railroad system. They are *the* NEW YORK Railroad system, and with due appreciation of the extent to which the patronage of the people of the State has built up the system, attention is invited to the following figures as an evidence that the system is keeping pace with the development of the State.

Total Population of New York State (estimated)	9,000,000
Total Area of New York State in square miles	47,620
Number of Miles of New York Central Tracks in New York State	6,246.23
Number of New York Central Railroad Stations in New York State	725
Number of New York Central Passenger Trains Operated daily in New York State	1,128
Number of New York Central Employees in New York State	45,000
Distributed Annually by New York Central for Wages in New York State	$37,000,000

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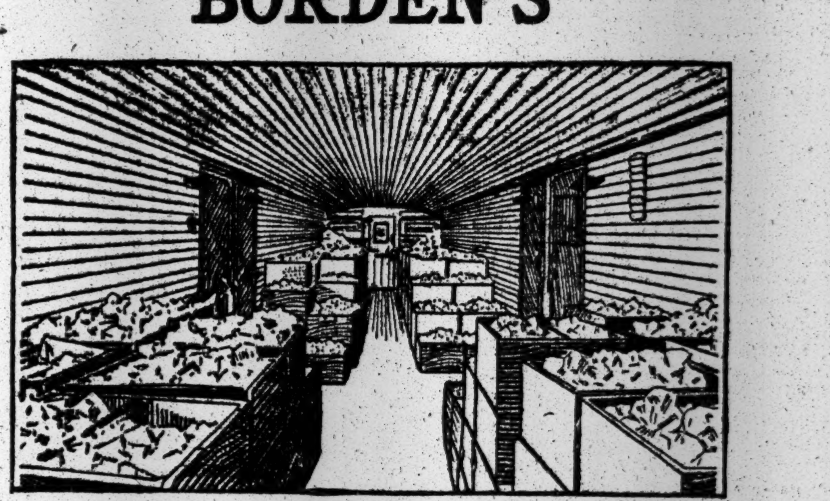

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Fancy Mahogany, price, $700

Where others have failed to build a small, yet perfect, Grand piano we have succeeded.

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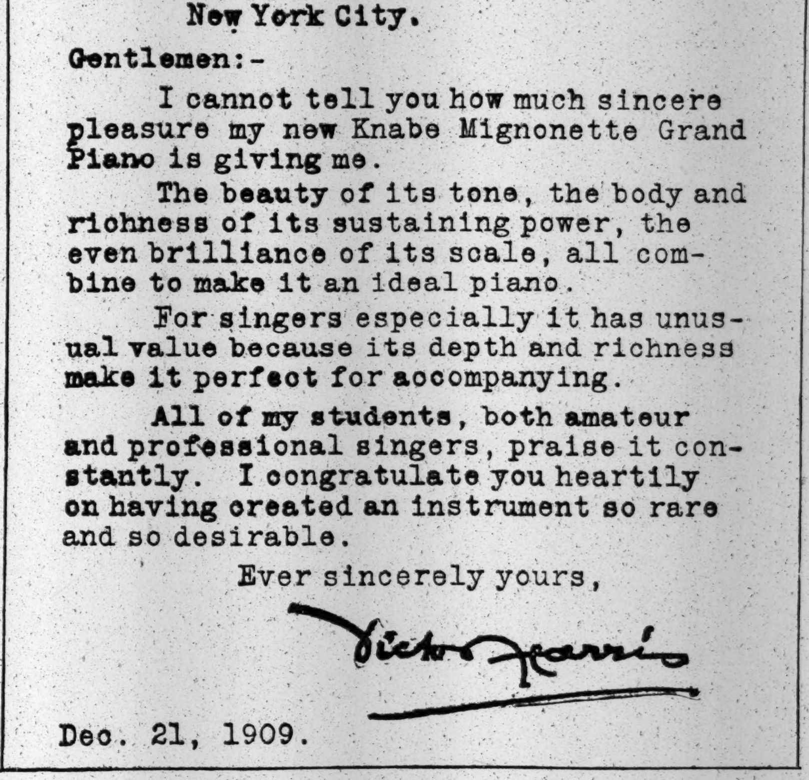

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Gentlemen:-

I cannot tell you how much sincere pleasure my new Knabe Mignonette Grand Piano is giving me.

The beauty of its tone, the body and richness of its sustaining power, the even brilliance of its scale, all combine to make it an ideal piano.

For singers especially it has unusual value because its depth and richness make it perfect for accompanying.

All of my students, both amateur and professional singers, praise it constantly. I congratulate you heartily on having created an instrument so rare and so desirable.

Ever sincerely yours,

Victor Harris

Dec. 21, 1909.

Mr. Victor Harris, a gentleman of rare discernment in matters musical, is well known as a vocal instructor, coach, composer of songs and conductor of the Saint Cecelia Society.

See This Small, Yet Perfect, Grand Piano at the Salesrooms of

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BAILEY LEADS IN MOTT HAVEN EVENT

Scores Victory in Cross-Country Run from Strong Field of Competitors.

DEAD HEAT FOR SECOND

One of the best fields of athletes that has started in a cross-country event in some time competed over the six-mile stretch of the Mott Haven Athletic Club in the Bronx yesterday. "Win" Bailey of the New York Athletic Club took first place in rather easy fashion with an advantage of half a minute over his rivals in crossing the finish. The real race came between Frank Foran of the Mott Haven Club and J. Bedell of the Xavier A. A. For the last mile these two fought it out nip and tuck, first one being in front and then the other, until at the finish the two were running on absolutely even terms and the judges decided it a dead heat. F. P. Devlin came in fourth, a goodly distance behind these two.

Up to the five-mile point, Bailey, Foran, and Bedell were running in a group with a big stretch separating them from the others. At this stage of the race Bailey took the initiative and immediately forged to the front despite the efforts of the other two to hold him. He steadily increased his advantage to the finish. T. Bailey of the New York A. C., a brother of "Win," showed up in good form. The time of the victor in the race was 34:00. The summary:

"Win" Bailey, New York A. C., 34:00; F. Foran, Mott Haven A. C., 34:30; J. Bedell, Xavier A. A., 34:30; F. P. Devlin, Mott Haven A. C., 34:50; H. Simmelkjau, Harlem Evening High School, 34:52; W. Barron, Mott Haven A. C., 35:50; T. Bailey, New York A. C., 36:10; P. Philip, Bligh A. C., 36:15; G. Weka, Xavier A. A., 37:35; L. Schmidt, Mott Haven A. C., 38:02; J. Bansath, U. S. I., 38:05; J. Brown, Xavier A. A., 38:50; E. Gelson, Mott Haven A. C., 39:15; G. Peterson, Stag A. C., 39:40; F. McNamara, Mott Haven A. C., 40:01; B. Gerelli, U. S. I., 40:10; J. Smith, Mott Haven A. C., 40:36; J. McArdel, Mott Haven A. C., 41:20; H. Koch, Mott Haven A. C., 41:25; G. Lykes, Hollywood Inn, 41:35; J. Martin, Stag A. C., 42:10; J. Ling, Stag A. C., 42:15; T. Herbert, Mott Haven A. C., 42:17; J. Hoffman, Mott Haven A. C., 42:20; F. Baum, Mott Haven A. C., 42:22.

GLENCOE RUN FOR BARRY.

Leads Big Field Over the Club's Four-Mile Course.

A big field of harriers competed in the weekly cross-country run of the Glencoe Athletic Club yesterday afternoon over a four-mile course, the start being at the clubhouse, 126th Street and Second Avenue. W. Barry of the St. Raphael Athletic Club was the first to cross the line, with W. Meyer in second position. Barry had an easy victory, his margin of advantage being about twenty yards. During the early stages of the race the lead changed frequently, and it was not until the last half mile that Barry came to the head of the pack. From then to the line he was never headed, and finished comparatively fresh. His time was 20:03.

Fifty-two started in the event, and of this number forty-eight went over the full distance and finished as named:

W. Barry, St. Raphael A. C.; W. Meyer, U. S. I.; T. Foy, Xavier A. A.; C. Beatty, Mohawk A. C.; H. Herbert, Glencoe A. C.; H. Goddard, Glencoe A. C.; H. Morrill, Sherman A. C.; P. O'Connor, W. Goddard A. C.; A. Soraci, Xavier A. A.; R. Averga, Xavier A. A.; S. D. Richman, Glencoe A. A.; J. R. Deman, unattached; P. Bradley, Gloriana A. C.; I. Petrone, Mott Haven A. C.; W. W. Smith, Trinity A. C.; J. Reppetti, Glencoe A. C.; J. Foy, unattached; J. Hirsh, unattached; G. Kramer, Sherman A. C.; M. Garing, Mott Haven A. C.; W. Rawn, Sherman A. C.; J. Leonard, Irish-American A. C.; J. Heery, Paulist A. C.; T. Bolling, unattached; J. Robertson, Trinity A. C.; H. Graber, Montana A. C.; E. Mannix, Hollow A. C.; H. Unger, unattached; E. Smith, Hudson Guild; N. Dandona, unattached; A. Nebel, unattached; C. Doll, Mohawk A. C.; J. Concannon, Glencoe A. C.; D. Brookman, American Sports A. C.; W. Carroll, unattached; P. O'Connor, E. R. C. No. 20; J. Hefferman, Pastime A. C.; R. Gonzales, W. Goddard A. C.; H. Jaccard, unattached; R. Brady, Glencoe A. C.; A. Speranza, St. Ann's A. C.; A. R. Carroll, Glencoe A. C.; J. Riley, Glencoe A. C.; J. De Munter, Trinity A. C.; L. Ziegler, Glencoe A. C.; W. Thompson, W. Goddard A. C.; H. Brunner, unattached; G. Mitchell, Paulist A. C.

TAUB IN GOOD FORM.

Pastime Athlete Captures Weekly Run of Morningside A. C.

The weekly cross-country run of the Morningside Athletic Club, which has been attracting a deal of attention in the past few weeks, brought out a big field yesterday, when thirty-eight athletes were on hand to take part in the event. The race was over a course of three and one-half miles, and M. Taub of the Pastime Athletic Club, who has always made a good showing in the Mott Haven and Mohegan runs, sprung a surprise in leading the pack home, and had he been forced at the finish he might have hung up a new club record.

Taub went to the front at the start and led the pack for the first half mile, but at this point I. Cohen of the Mohawks passed him and set the pace for two and a half miles, Taub being satisfied to follow the pace of Cohen. The rest of the field were all strung out over the course, with only a few up in the front with Cohen and Taub. In the last quarter mile Taub closed in on Cohen, and, drawing near the finish, opened a sprint that his opponent was unable to stand and won in fine style with a good margin. The order of finish:

M. Taub, Pastime A. C.; I. Cohen, Mohawk A. C.; W. Stockley, unattached; A. Hayden, Mercury A. C.; T. Hayes, Liberty A. C.; J. Ahern, Morningside A. C.; A. Davidson, Mercury A. C.; R. Savin, Lakewood A. C.; M. Hannon, Mohawk A. C.; W. Donahue, St. Malachi's A. C.; M. Ball, Dominican Lyceum; J. Dewey, Trinity A. C.; J. O'Neill, Wawanda Club; H. Patterson, Wawanda Club; M. Halpin, Lakewood A. C.; C. Molner, Mohawk A. C.; H. Murphy, unattached; H. Tucker, Morningside A. C.; E. Kempson, Wawanda Club; G. Strong, Liberty A. C.; J. Tucker, Morningside A. C.; T. Gallagher, Homestead A. C.; G. Mink, St. Malachi's A. C.; A. Trousneck, Raven A. C.; H. Hawman, Wawanda Club; J. McGuigan, unattached; T. Graw, H. B. Y. M. C. A.; P. Lubini, unattached; H. Rausnessen, Cameth A. C.; E. Wilhelm, Wawanda Club; H. Chauffat, Dominican Lyceum; T. Hawman, Wawanda Club.

O'Leary Takes Trinity A. C. Walk.

T. O'Leary of the Willow A. C., with a five-minute handicap, was the first to cross the tape yesterday in the regular weekly handicap walk of the Trinity A. C. of Brooklyn. The walk was over the regular course of eight miles, and a fine crowd of pedestrians took part in the event. J. Kelly, who formerly carried the colors of the Morris Evening High School A. C., competed yesterday unattached, and was the scratch man. He made a good showing, but was unable to overhaul O'Leary and Coghlan of the Oganon A. C., and finished in third place, his time being 1:20:00.

The distance men, who had seven minutes, had a good start, and led for some time before the lower mark men were able to pas them; but O'Leary, closely followed by Coghlan, accomplished this when about three miles of the journey had been done, and walked at a fast gait for the remainder of the course. Kelly, nearing the home stretch, began to look dangerous, and made a strong bid to overtake his leaders, but his efforts proved ineffectual owing to the comfortable margin they had gained from the start. O'Leary, Coghlan, and Kelly all finished in fine form. The order of finish:

T. O'Leary, Willow A. C.; J. Coghlan, Oganon A. C.; J. Kelly, unattached; J. Jerome, Trinity A. C.; F. Halford, Trinity A. C.; T. Buckingham, unattached; J. Divers, Trinity A. C.; G. Harris, Trinity A. C.; J. McCormick, Trinity A. C.; H. Resch, unattached.

'FRISCO WELCOMES JEFFRIES.

Ex-Champion Surprises Crowd by His Agility—No Fight Ground Yet.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Before 6,000 spectators James J. Jeffries, who is to fight Jack Johnson on July 4, appeared in the ring at an athletic carnival conducted by Jack Gleason, one of the promoters of the big fight, this afternoon. It was the first time that Californians had seen Jeffries since he signified his willingness to fight Johnson.

The fight-loving public of the city where Jeffries won his first battles was impatient to see if he had "come back." From the applause that the champion received as he went through his paces it was evident that the spectators were satisfied with his condition. He skipped the rope, and did shadow fighting and other stunts to show his speed. When his part of the programme was over Jeffries jumped from the ring, and sprinted across the baseball field to the clubhouse, outdistancing his trainers.

No announcement was made to-day as to where the fight will be held, although announcer Jordan, in calling attention to the fight from the ring this afternoon, stated that it would be held in California. Tex Rickard and Gleason will spend another day or two looking over the ground before deciding the place. Rickard said to-night that he was still receiving telegrams from his backers in Salt Lake City, instructing him that the Utah city desires to stage the contest.

NELSON IS FAVORITE.

Champion Expects Easy Victory Over Wolgast in To-Morrow's Fight.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 20.—Battling Nelson is so confident that he will defeat Ad Wolgast at Point Richmond on Washington's Birthday that he will meet Louis Bloot and Jimmy Griffin, two promoters representing different clubs, to their best terms for a forty-five-round contest between him and "Cyclone" Johnny Thompson, either on the Saturday preceding or the one following Decoration Day.

"Wolgast has been strutting around just as Munroe did after he met Jeffries in Montana," he said. "He has claimed that he made me back up. Well, I will go after him on Tuesday just as Jeffries went after Munroe, and we will see who will back up."

Wolgast is at the weight notch that will permit him to make the required 133 pounds by fight day with little diffifculty. He says he feels he will have little trouble in disposing of Nelson. The betting still remains at 10 to 6, with Nelson a strong favorite.

Busy Week in Boxing Clubs.

Biz Mackey of Cincinnati will make his first appearance in this city to-night, when he is scheduled to box Patsy Kline of Newark, N. J., in a ten-round contest at the Olympic Athletic Club. Mackey has met some of the best boys in the country, and he is training hard for this contest. He won and lost in two of his recent contests with Al Delmont of Boston, and fought twenty rounds with Abe Attell. Kline has also fought Attell on two occasions, and if he wins this contest he will be after Abe for a third meeting.

The Bedford Athletic Club of Brooklyn will hold a boxing show to-night, and for the main event Manager Shortell has matched Young Otto and Eddie Murphy for ten rounds. Otto has only been seen on one occasion since his return from Paris, and is reported to be in fine trim.

The Sharkey Athletic Club will hold its next entertainment on Wednesday night, and a suitable opponent is to be secured for Battling Hurley of Passaic, N. J. Manager Buckley left this city Saturday for California with Johnnie Oliver to see Tommy Murphy in his coming contest.

The Avon Athletic Club, Bedford Avenue and Halsey Street, Brooklyn, will hold its first boxing show on Wednesday night, and Danny Goodman of this city has been matched to meet Terry Young for ten rounds. This will be Young's first appearance since his return from Europe, where he won from some of the near champions of England and France.

Abe Attell, the featherweight champion, will be seen in action on Thursday night at the Long Acre Athletic Club, where he will be pitted against his old-time rival, Frankie Neil. Neil was not in the best of condition in his last contest with the champion.

The Brooklyn Athletic Club will hold an all-star show on next Friday night.

Jack Curley and Charlie Lawrence will meet in the main event at the Northwestern Athletic Club on next Saturday night, and the National Athletic Club of Brooklyn will hold forth on the same evening.

Willie Beecher has been matched to meet Knockout Brown on March 3, and Tommy Maloney will be his opponent on March 10. Both contests will take place at the Long Acre Athletic Club.

NEW MOVE AT DETROIT.

Two Trotting Meetings Will Be Held with Big Purses.

According to reliable reports, Detroit has made good its threat of giving a second important trotting meeting this year, and what will surprise trotting horsemen is the fact that this meeting will be held on the opening week of Columbus.

Rumors to this effect had been heard since the Grand Circuit was organized in that city and dates assigned for the season, but as Detroit's second meeting has been for years held in the first week in September, few interested horsemen took notic of it or believed that this date would be changed and that the managers of the Michigan State Fair would have courage enough to collide with Columbus.

Such, however, is the official report, as not only the week of Sept. 19 has been selected for the State Fair meeting at Detroit, but the fair management has voted the sum of nearly $30,000, for the purpose of giving a race meeting equal to the best in the Grand Circuit and with a hope of drawing some of the Grand Circuit campaign stables that will be on their way to Columbus from the New York State Fair meeting at Syracuse.

Brooklyn Defeats High Bridge.

On a ground made heavy from recent snow and rain the eleven of the Brooklyn Football Club defeated the High Bridge team in a championship fixture of the New York Amateur Association Football League at Marquette Oval, in Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon, the final score being 6 goals to 1 in favor of the home team. The line-up:

Brooklyn, 6.	Positions.	High Bridge, 1.
Dilman	Goal	McKinley
York	Right back	Galloway
Caldicott	Left back	Booth
Maclennan	Right half	Glass
Opperman	Centre half	Garland
Nichols	Left half	Pearson
Watts	Outside right	Newman
O'Halleran	Inside right	Boyle
McNeill	Centre	Martin
Coward	Inside left	Bryce
Goodman	Outside left	Lane

Goals—McNeill, (2,) Coward, (2,) O'Halleran, (2,) Brooklyn, and Byrce, High Bridge. Time of halves—Forty-five minutes each.

For the first time this season the eleven of the Hollywood Inn Football Club of Yonkers, winner of the Amateur League championship last year, had to acknowledge defeat in a league championship game at Loughlin Oval, in Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon. The Critchleys were the team that succeeded in spoiling the clean record of the champions after a hot struggle, which ended in favor of the Brooklyn eleven by the score of 2 goals to 1.

Mohegans Win from Herculean A. C.

In an unusually rough game, the Mohegan basket ball team of the Young Men's Hebrew Association defeated the Herculean team yesterday by a score of 34 to 22. More than thirty fouls were called during the contest. The line-up:

Herculean A. C.	Position.	Mohegans.
Gelds	Right forward	Brissel
Levy	Left forward	Berkwitz
Levine	Centre	Glasel
Spiegle	Right guard	Rosenfeld
Seigel	Left guard	Abby

Field Goals—Brissel (4,) Berkwitz (1,) Abby (2,) Glasel (1,) Rosenfeld (1,) Gelds (4,) Levine (1.) Goals from fouls—Gelds (12,) Brissel (5,) Glasel (9.) Referee—Mr. Rosenfeld. Umpire—Mr. Schallek. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Manhattan Chess Club's Tournament.

The annual handicap tournament of the Manhattan Chess Club will commence on Feb. 26, with fifteen contestants. Entries closed for the tournament on Saturday night. The following schedule is for the first day's play: J. M. Hanham vs. Herbert Rosenfeld, W. D. P. Bliss vs. Irving A. Keene, James Davey vs. O. W. Field, John K. Hayward vs. Otto Roething, Arthur A. Bryant vs. S. N. Levy, Alfred C. Clapp vs. Arthur Haas, and W. J. Keyes vs. F. S. Rosebault. George Belhoff drew a bye for the opening round.

CLASH IN GOLF DATES.

Women's Metropolitan and New Jersey Tourneys During Same Week.

The annual championship tournament of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association will be held over the links of the Montclair Golf Club, May 31 and following days. This will be a partial conflict in dates with the New Jersey State event, but it is unavoidable, as the women who always select this time of the year either had to take the New Jersey days or else the week earlier, which would have meant another clash with the men's metropolitan.

An active Spring season has been decided upon by the committee now in charge of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association, additional proof being that three one-day tournaments have already been planned. These one-day gatherings, open only to Metropolitan Women, will be held at the Richmond County Country Club, Plainfield Country Club and Greenwich Country Club.

Something new in women's metropolitan circles will be attempted this year in the way of an official handicap list. It will serve as an aid to clubs holding been planned. These one-day gatherings, ments and it will also prove of assistance to the Eastern body. The women's metropolitan list has not been compiled as yet, but it will probably be ready by the end of the month or early in March.

There is some uncertainty with regard to the dates for the championship tournament of the Women's Eastern Golf Association and the tri-city matches for the Griscom trophy. The course of the Huntingdon Valley Country Club will be the scene of action for both events, which are held in conjunction, and Monday and Tuesday, June 6 and 7 have been mentioned by the Women's Golf Association of Philadelphia as favorable to that organization. An official of the metropolitan body said last night that this was not in accordance with the wishes of the players around New York and she believed the Boston women would feel the same way. The objection to the dates mentioned is that the programme now calls for the Eastern championship to precede the team matches, as by so doing everybody is given a chance to practice over the course and incidentally, get in better condition for the tri-city contests.

Ill health has compelled Miss Louisa A. Wells of Boston to temporarily give up her duties as secretary of the Eastern Association and Miss Margaret Curtis has been named as her successor pro tem. The eastern tournament this year will consist of seventy-two holes of medal play, thirty-six holes each day. This will be the first time in the history of the organization that seventy-two holes have been attempted.

Police Stop Skating on Lake.

The police drove an enthusiastic crowd of skaters, mostly from Manhattan, off Van Cortlandt Park Lake yesterday afternoon. Early in the morning there was a steady rush to the lake, and many lovers of outdoor skating had a big half day of it. At 2 o'clock the continued rise in temperature had so softened the ice as to render it hazardous to permit further skating. The skating season here is thought to be at an end.

Big Entry for Olympic Meet.

Nearly 900 entries have been received for the Olympic meet of the Twenty-second Regiment on Wednesday evening. Among the prominent athletes who have signed entry blanks are Bonhag, Sheppard, Gissing, Kiviat, J. P. Sullivan, Rosenberger, Carr, Driscoll, Reilly, Keating, Dorland, Emory Payne, and James Archer. Harry Hillman, Dartmouth's new coach, will bring down a team.

WINTER FOOTBALL PRACTICE CLOSES

Capt. Daly Dismisses Yale Squad After Five Weeks' Hard Work.

CAMP STUDYING RULES

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 20.—Winter football practice closed at Yale yesterday. Capt. Daly has had the squad at work on the gymnasium floor ever since college opened for its Winter term five weeks ago. Every player who is expected to be a candidate for the 'Varsity eleven next Fall reported, except some half dozen who are working with the rowing squad, and Capt. Daly now has a clear idea of the material he has at hand and its possibilities.

Capt. Daly said that he was much encouraged with the material and with the progress made. He has had to direct the entire drill, with the exception of a very few days, as Ted Coy, who is to be head coach next Fall, is busy with the baseball squad, on which he is one of the most promising pitchers for the coming season. Capt. Daly dismissed the squad with yesterday's drill, telling the men that, with few exceptions, they need work no more till Spring. Outdoor practice begins about April 1, when the punters and centre rushes will get three or four weeks on the gridiron. A few of the candidates will keep up their general conditioning and football practice on the gymnasium floor till the Easter vacation, but no more formal drill will be ordered.

Capt. Daly believes that the rudiments of football will be unchanged by the code of rules adopted for next Fall, and he has drilled the backfield and the linemen on exactly the same points which the candidates were worked over a year ago.

"I have an idea that the forward pass will be abolished," said Capt. Daly, "and I think that it ought to be, as far as a ground-gaining play is concerned. I favor returning to football as it was played six or seven years ago, with modifications to remove the more dangerous attacks by the side which has the ball. The move to require seven men to stay in the line of play is a good one, and I like Walter Camp's idea, creating a zone which requires all the players in the rushline to be not further to one side of the ball than five yards, making the rushline 10 yards in width."

Walter Camp, the Yale football adviser, continues to receive pictures of football games played under the rules he has suggested for another season. Matches continue to be played under rules he suggested, and, in the extreme South and Southwest the play is carefully observed and notes made by close students of football. The result of their investigations will be taken into the coming meetings of the Football Rules Committee and will be made a basis for changes which it is planned to make in the code for 1910. Mr. Camp is also planning to take a trip to the South to study the operation of the rules as applied to football as it is still being played.

Mr. Camp has said that he would rather see football abolished than played another year under the rules of 1909. He is working carefully on proposed changes and, for the first time, the rules for a coming season will this Spring be thoroughly tested in experimental games before they are adopted as the formal playing code.

DRAW IN TENNIS DOUBLES.

Teams Evenly Balanced in National Championship Tourney.

Indoor lawn tennis players were again fortunate in the evenly balanced draw for the National Championship Doubles which was made yesterday. Twenty-eight pairs comprise the list for the honors, which are held by Theodore Roosevelt Pell and Wylie C. Grant. In the upper half the leading pairs are Miles S. Charlock and William B. Cragin, Jr., of the Elizabeth Town and Country Club, who for two years have held the position of runners up to the champions. Julio M. Steinacher and Royal D. Richey and the regimental pair composed of Calhoun Cragin and Arthur S. Cragin are the other likely finalists in this division.

The lower section attracts the greater interest because of the pair of Californians, Carl R. Gardner and Gustave F. Touchard. Gardner, while new to the East, possesses an amazing degree of versatility. Even now he shows splendidly in the company of top rating players. Touchard's brilliancy has been demonstrated during his two seasons here, his lapses as to form being due to weakness of physical condition rather than anything else. The Yale pair, F. M. Watrous and Richard A. Holden, Jr., and the combination of champion Grant with Dr. William Rosenbaum, and O. V. Bostwick and William C. De Mille are the other formidable players in this half.

The draw was made at the Seventh Regiment Armory by Referee William B. Cragin, Jr., and Walter Merrill Hall, King Smith, and L. H. Fitch of the committee. A start will be made in the doubles to-day and the singles will be brought up to the third round, all of the matches being started at 1:30 P. M. The draw follows:

Men's National Indoor Championship Doubles.—Second Round—Morris S. Clark and Butler Lamb vs. Julio M. Steinacher and Royal D. Richey.

First Round.—S. Wallis Merrihew and partner vs. W. D. Bourne and H. D. Henry; Miles S. Charlock and William B. Cragin, Jr., vs. Walter Roberts and G. J. Steinacher; Abraham Bassford, Jr., and partner vs. C. M. Amerman and Harry Parker; Calhoun Cragin and A. S. Cragin vs. J. H. Kyte and J. L. Todd; E. A. Gunther and James S. Cushman vs. George S. Groesbeck and Walter Hazard; Howard A. Plummer and partner vs. L. J. Grant and R. M. Beckley; F. M. Watrous and R. A. Holden, Jr., vs. W. J. Banks and H. M. Livingston; M. T. Willett and G. H. Putman vs. R. L. James and partner; O. V. Bostwick and W. C. De Mille vs. P. T. Large and partner; Carl R. Gardner and Gustave F. Touchard vs. W. C. Grant and Dr. William Rosenbaum; Valentine Treat and partner vs. B. M. Phillips and E. F. Leo; L. H. Fitch and Bernon S. Prentice vs. E. C. Conlin and F. Sniffen.

Second Round.—H. H. Knight and H. C. Todd vs. A. L. Hoskins and partner.

Amateur Ski Jumper Best.

Special to The New York Times.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 20.—Anders Haugen of Chippewa Falls, Wis., won the first professional honors of the National ski tournament, which came to an end at Coleraine, Minn., to-day. Haugen scored 271 points.

Barney Reilly of Coleraine, winner of the amateur events of yesterday, made an exhibition standing jump of 119 feet to-day, whereas the longest standing jump made by a professional was 117 feet, by Anders Haugen.

YONKERS STAKES TO CLOSE.

Manager Winn to Return for Preparation of Season's Plans.

Matt Winn, manager of the Empire City Racing Association meetings at Yonkers, has written that he will be in New York about March 10. The various stakes to be decided at the Summer meeting of the association close March 1, and Lyman H. Davis, the racing Secretary, will either be here for the closing or will have a representative on hand.

During the Winter Mr. Winn has had active charge of the racing at Juarez, Mexico, and in his letter he reported that the sport had grown so in favor in the neighboring republic that in the closing days of the meeting a balance on the right side of the ledger had been shown. With the arrival of Mr. Winn in New York the work of preparing the Yonkers track for the coming season will be pushed. President James Butler has made several plans for the bettering of his track on the hill, and as his dates are not until July he will have ample time to make all the alterations that are planned.

Backer Scores Easy Win.

Herman Backer, a club member, won the weekly invitation cross-country run of the Morris Evening High School Athletic Association over a four-mile course in the Bronx. Twenty-seven men started in the run, but the poor condition of the roads forced a number to stop before the course had been completed. Backer took the lead as soon as the pack were sent off, and ran at a fast pace throughout, never being headed. N. Zink of the same club followed close behind Backer, but the pace was too great, and at the turning point he was forced to slow down, Backer continuing in his gait, won in fine style by a large margin. The order of finish:

H. C. Backer, Morris Evening High School A. A.; N. Zink, Morris Evening High School A. A.; T. Vath, Morris Evening High School A. A.; F. Levy, Harlem Evening High School A. A.; H. Autenreith, Morris Evening High School A. A.; J. Watnaus, Morris Evening High School A. A.; W. Geoghan, Morris Evening High School A. A.; E. Mayer, Morris Evening High School A. A.; N. Carroll, American A. C.; J. Casey, unattached.

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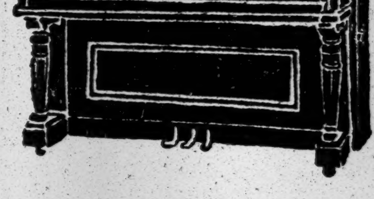

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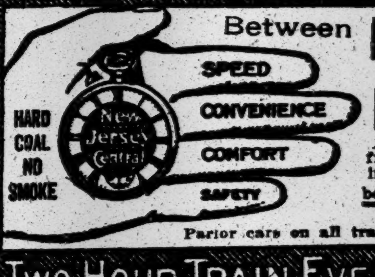

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, FEB. 21, 1910.

A SIGN.

According to our Albany correspondence the halls of the Legislature this year are deserted by the lobbyists who in former years have thronged there. The most prominent of the gang makes a flying trip at the opening of the week and vanishes next morning, but for the most part the "skilled talent" prudently stays away.

Men of this class, like the lower forms of the brute creation, are cruelly indifferent to companions in trouble. The lobbyists know that a searchlight is in operation. It is not surely a strong one and every effort is made to confine it to one small spot and not to allow its rays to play on live men. But no one can tell whether these efforts will be successful, and the canny promoters of legislation think best to keep out of range. It is plain that if a thorough and impartial inquiry were instituted they might be banished for a long time.

AS TO PRECEDENTS.

The Washington Post, that distinguished exponent of exclusiveness in the Army and Navy, under the heading "No Precedent for PEARY," delivers itself of this sentiment:

> The appointment of PEARY to be a Rear Admiral of the line would be a burlesque of the title, cheapening it, ridiculing him, and humiliating actual officers of the Navy.
>
> Let the title "Rear Admiral, U. S. N.," be reserved for those who are actually entitled to it.

Bravo! Were the principle of The Post's injunction sternly applied, some of the "actual officers" of this dignified retired list might not now be where the advent of a Peary could "humiliate" them. But because there are many brave, deserving, and gallant officers of their class, Congress can do no better than to place the conqueror of the pole among them.

Precedent is not lacking. Great Britain has just rewarded SHACKLETON with knighthood and a purse of $100,000. NANSEN was made Norway's Ambassador to Great Britain, and the Duke of the ABRUZZI of Italy, who once broke the world's record in the quest of the centuries, was advanced by his grateful country to the Admiral's grade. During the years of England's "furthest North" not one, or two, or three, but a full score of her officers were knighted, made Admirals, and given gifts for maintaining British prestige in arctic exploration, the records of which—and of all other nations—Commander PEARY has forever surpassed.

In American history we have the excellent example of ADOLPHUS WASHINGTON GREELY, who, then Lieutenant, some twenty-six years ago reached the "highest north" for the United States. His reward was rapid advancement to the rank of Brigadier General, later Major General. GREELY's autobiographical notice in "Who's Who" declares that he is the "first volunteer private soldier of civil war to reach grade of Brigadier General in regular army."

FACING BOTH WAYS.

In Mr. TAFT's letter of last week regarding the unfortunate corporation income tax he says, "It seems to me that it was intended by Congress," &c. Everybody knows that Congress had no independent intention whatever. The history of this tax does nobody any credit, and it has a significance which makes it worth while to impress it upon public intelligence at a time when it will serve a useful purpose in discouraging further like adventures.

The general principle of taxing corporations in some special manner dates back to the days of Gov. ROOSEVELT, and has proved a veritable Pandora's box. That Franchise Tax law has been in the New York courts ever since, and to this day nobody knows what it means. The principle of taxing corporation incomes dates at least as far back as the Bryan platform of 1908, and was thus phrased: "We urge the submission of a Constitutional amendment specifically authorizing Congress to levy and collect a tax upon individual and corporate incomes." There was no such suggestion in the Republican platform, nor any debate upon it by Republican leaders during the campaign. It was a Democratic idea, which the Administration stole, and spoiled in stealing. The Democrats recognized the necessity of a Constitutional amendment, and the Administration took much credit to itself when the plot to do without one was hatching. We were told day by day the progress that was being made with the bill in midnight sessions at the White House, participated in by the Attorney General. It was the combined talent of the Administration which evolved the idea of an excise tax measured by income. Mr. TAFT cannot be allowed to shift the burden upon Congress by reason of what it thought or did.

THE PROSPECT IN ENGLAND.

To all intents and purposes the recent election in England was "a dead heat," and the race for supremacy will probably have to be run over again. No one issue that was discussed in the canvass can be said to be settled. The budget cannot again be passed without the positive support of Irish Nationalists who originally either refused to vote for it or actually voted against it. The abolition of the veto of the House of Lords, on which Mr. ASQUITH, at the outset, unqualifiedly staked the fortunes of his party, cannot be carried in the Commons without the support of the Nationalists, and the price of their support may be a home rule bill which would split the Liberal Party. On the other hand, the Unionist doctrine of protection was left undecided by the election, since the Unionists are in a minority. The Nationalists are protectionists in principle, but on a definite issue the Unionist free traders would nearly offset them.

But the British mind is not logical and some modus vivendi will doubtless be devised to keep the affairs of the nation going until a new election comes around, probably some time in the late Summer. It is even barely possible that some form of compromise may be reached as to the House of Lords and the contest be deferred. The sheer abolition of the Lords' veto power, which the extreme Radicals want and to which Mr. ASQUITH rashly gave his assent in December, does not now seem an issue on which a new election could be won. A moderate, but real, reform of the upper house would be strenuously resisted by the politicians of the Lloyd-George class, but it would appeal to the strong practical sense of the British people. Meanwhile the working out of the tangled situation with its perplexing problems will afford a most interesting study for the next few months.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.

It is always in order to recall the courage, integrity, and devotion of GEORGE WASHINGTON. The memory of his services to his country, his patience under obloquy, his fortitude, self-denial, and the unfailing wisdom of his public utterances should be consoling to many zealous and hopeful citizens of the Republic as the Nation celebrates to-morrow the one hundred and seventy-eighth anniversary of his birth.

Perhaps there is no other good reason for recalling just now his definite reply, and stern rebuke, to Col. LEWIS NICOLA, who suggested in 1782 that the General should make himself King, than the perennial interest that belongs to all that WASHINGTON said. His letter to NICOLA is a model of its kind, an unusual kind, for not very many home-loving gentlemen in the world's history, even if they had achieved military renown, have been urged to crown themselves Kings. Here is the letter, dated May 22, 1782, and addressed to NICOLA at Newburg, N. Y.:

> Dear Sir:
>
> With a mixture of great surprise and astonishment I have read with attention the sentiments you have submitted to my perusal.
>
> Be assured, Sir, no occurrence in the course of the year has given me more painful sensations than your information of there being such ideas existing in the army as you have expressed and I must view with abhorrence and reprehend with severity.
>
> Let me conjure you, then, if you have any regard for your Country, concern for yourself or posterity, or respect for me, to banish these thoughts from your mind and never communicate as from yourself or any one else a sentiment of the like nature.
>
> G. WASHINGTON.

SERVANTS.

In McClure's Magazine for March Dr. I. M. RUBINOW and DANIEL DURANT discuss "The Depth and Breadth of the Servant Problem." With the demand for domestic help doubled in thirty years, and the supply increased by only half, what will the "middle class" wife do? She is not the servant of her husband, as are the wives of the poor. She cannot employ men servants, as the rich do, and maids are not enough to go around. It isn't wholly the loss of caste that sends them to the factories. Scavengery is without caste, yet there is an oversupply of men scavengers. The lack is not due to foreign girls driving out the self-respecting American "help," for American maids in service have actually increased proportionately. Other causes, manifestly, are at work to drive the maidservants into the comparatively ill-paid factory labor.

The kitchen demands thirteen hours' labor on week days and eight on Sundays in a servile occupation that implies a relation like the outgrown mediaeval relation of master and man. The servant girl must be a celibate, lonely in another's home; she loses her family name, and is "merely Mary Ann." Young mechanics strive to marry school teachers, not servants. These disadvantages are not offset by the better wages, the security of position, the really healthier life, and the valuable training for the home that the kitchen offers. The industrial demands are simply of efficiency, speed, skill, and neatness, and for these it gives money in wages, permits an independent home and social life, with stated hours of labor, evenings off, and some sixty holidays a year.

The housewife must in some way counterbalance these disadvantages. In the judgment of these students of the problem the mediaeval status of mistress and maid will inevitably be abolished. Practicing the golden rule and providing training schools without candidates for their training are futile. Already the antiquated machinery of the kitchen has been overhauled and mechanical labor-saving devices introduced. The Patent Office is filled with these devices, which for years have awaited the exhaustion of the supply of cheap woman labor, now better educated and diverted into literature, arts, business, and the professions; or, less educated, into factory, laundry, and mill. The effect is appreciable. Suppose an eight-hour day for servant girls were soon to be required by statute:

> Then would arise a cry from all over the country for help, for mechanical help. At once, as by magic, the market would be flooded with devices—pot scrubbers and window cleaners and dish washers and contrivances electrical, gasoline, hot air, compressed air, and what not.

Then would ensue a period of keenest competition by manufacturers for a vast American home trade.

The apartment house is already breaking up the mediaevalism of the home by forcing the servants to live out, and the makers of prepared foods are boldly advertising facilities for making them better than they can be produced in the home. Messrs. RUBINOW and DURANT have, perhaps, pointed out the solution of the servant problem, a solution that is already well advanced.

REVOLUTIONARY TALK IN THE REICHSTAG.

It is a novel thing for the German Reichstag to listen to unqualified threats of armed revolution, such as, according to the dispatches in Sunday's TIMES, were freely uttered on Saturday.

The situation is remarkable. The menacing speech was made by a Social-Democrat leader, who addressed himself directly to the Chancellor of the Empire, and he was allowed to finish his speech before undergoing the vague and futile rebuke of being "called to order." The occasion of the speech was twofold. First, the Chancellor, as Prime Minister of Prussia, had roundly condemned the principle of universal suffrage by which the members of the Reichstag are elected. Second, the speaker charged the Chancellor with direct responsibility for the blood shed by the Imperial police in the disturbances of the past week, arising from the reactionary suffrage policy of the Prussian Government. There is no possible denying that the Prussian suffrage is in flagrant contradiction to the Imperial suffrage, and no resisting the conclusion that if one policy is right the other must be dead wrong. The Social-Democrats, whose leader made the attack on the Chancellor, are a substantial party in the Reichstag, and their main strength is supplied, under general suffrage, from Prussia, but in the Prussian Diet they are practically unrepresented. When in that body the Prussian Prime Minister denounced general suffrage he was discrediting the authority of the Imperial Legislature. It was entirely logical that he should be called to account.

It was equally logical that he should be severely criticised for the part of the Government in suppressing the manifestations of Prussian citizens in protest against the Prussian system of closely restricted suffrage. These protests are fully justified. They are not confined to one party or to one class. The majority of the Municipal Council of Berlin, for instance, have joined in them, and the presence of the police at the meeting to act on the matter was so warmly resented that the police were withdrawn. The conduct of the police in Frankfort and elsewhere has been violent and cruel. There is no excuse for firing upon throngs of unarmed men, and upon women and children. But the significant thing is not that such abuses should arouse indignation. It is that indignation should find voice in the Reichstag and its expression be accompanied by a threat of revolution. Such occurrences may well suggest to the Kaiser the recollection that one of his predecessors on the throne of Prussia was forced to swear fidelity to a Constitution in the presence of the dead bodies of his subjects slain by his own soldiers. There is, it must be remembered, a democratic basis to the German Empire, and on this BISMARCK largely built the splendid structure of German unity. It corresponds to a deep-seated democratic spirit in the German people, without which that unity could not have been realized. Prussian suffrage is a gross violation of this spirit, which, in time, peacefully or violently, is bound to be done away with.

One thing is certain, a Reception Committee should be ready to receive. The Mayor was ahead of time at the Suffolk County dinner, which was complimentary to his hosts, and the Reception Committee was not on hand. There is a Scriptural injunction against sleeping on duty.

It is a good idea, and a safe one, for Mississippi to leave its niche in the Hall of Fame of the National Capitol vacant. The imagination will frequently carve more sightly figures than the sculptor. It will help some persistent Mississippians to see an effigy of JEFFERSON DAVIS on a pedestal. Others may see any other patriotic son of the State they wish to see.

It is good news that the Public Library Building will be finished in May. The constitutional optimists who have all along believed that it would be finished some time will be encouraged. The beautiful proportions of the building and its fitness for the purpose it was designed to fill are not to be disputed. In this case there will be no trouble about the acoustic. The explanation of Messrs. CARRERE & HASTINGS that it is not the firm's fault that the building has been delayed will be generally accepted, but the delay has been a misfortune to all of us.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

To Hasten Mail Distribution.

Anything that will expedite the delivery of the mails is to be desired as beneficial to the whole public, provided, of course, it does not cost too much. Therefore is very serious attention deserved by the proposition to include in the Post Office Appropriation bill a provision forbidding carriers to deliver mail at any house on the outside of which there is not a box of convenient access for him to put it in.

The first thought that comes to one is that this regulation will involve householders in an expenditure in the aggregate involving millions of dollars—hasty but plausible estimates make it $20,000,000 for the whole country—and the second is that means some extremely profitable contracts for the manufacturers of such boxes as may meet the department's approval. The expense to individuals will be trivial, however, since a really good box would cost only a dollar or two, and, as the only requirement is that it be weather proof, anybody who chooses to do so can make one for himself that will serve every purpose.

That it is desirable to shorten the time which the carriers have to waste standing on doorsteps waiting for somebody to answer their ring is obvious, for it means covering their routes in a shorter time, and that, in turn, means earlier mails certainly, and more frequent mails probably, without any addition to the carrier force. Where the deliveries are already reasonably frequent it may also mean an extension of each man's route, which amounts to a cutting down of the force and a reduction of the department's deficit. The plan would also lessen and almost wholly do away with the postman's present temptation to "pass the time of day" with every person whom his ring brings to the door. Postmen are usually likeable and liked, they get to know everybody they serve, and the needless delay at each house is probably divided about equally between waiting for the door to open and waiting for it to close.

On the whole, the scheme of a receiving box at every house seems to us a good one, the incidental expenditure being much more than made up by the consequent conveniences and economies. There would be, we think, no appreciable diminution of safety for letters, since the heavy penalties now imposed for tampering with public letter boxes could be extended to the private ones. Already, with touching and well justified confidence in each other's honesty, people now leave much mail matter on top of mail boxes, and apparently it is never stolen.

Established Facts Are Questionable.

One of the pleas most frequently and confidently made by anti-vivisectionists who are not bold enough to demand what they all want and are determined to get when and if they can—the complete doing away with experiments on living animals—is the demonstration, as they say, of "facts hitherto established and proved." They ask why animals should be subjected to suffering, or even to painless mutilation and death, merely to show what is already well known, and the unthinking are apt to make the expected answer—"Why, indeed!"

In a letter printed on this page Saturday Dr. S. W. LAMBERT, Dean of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, gave a wholly different answer, recalling to mind the fact that in medicine as in other branches of education the student of necessity devotes most of his time to learning, not new things, but "facts hitherto established and proved," and that the actual demonstration of those facts is by far the best way to teach them—the only way to teach them well. This is a truth to be denied only by persons of the anti-vivisectionist type—by persons, that is, who can and will deny anything that displeases them.

Dr. LAMBERT might well have added another good reason for refusing this plausible demand. To forbid the repetition of experiments by which facts are supposed to have been established and proved would be to give to "authority" the weight which is fatal to the advancement of science and incompatible with its existence. If the conclusions of the early investigators had been accepted as final, if nobody had ventured to test those conclusions by repeating their experiments, ARISTOTLE would still be a school text book and GALEN the last word in medicine. To-day investigators will be "early" to-morrow, not because they know nothing, but because they do not know everything, and because what they do know is subject to revision.

For present purposes many facts are properly held to be established and proved, but the future will see no small part of them disestablished and disproved by precisely the sort of investigation which the anti-vivisectionists are trying to stop on a false assumption of its uselessness.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE FAKERS.

Would Round Them Up with Palmists and Fortune Tellers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

To an unbiased observer of current events it seems like unjust discrimination to run in a lot of palmists and fortune tellers, and put them under bonds to keep the peace on the ground that they are swindlers, while another infinitely more subtle and dangerous class of fakers is allowed to practice its depredations unmolested. I refer to the Christian Science "healers," particularly the "long-range" ones, who pretend to cure disease by sitting in their offices, and thinking about their dupes, closely closeted in their own homes.

With the decay of higher forms of religious belief we always find an increase in grosser forms of superstition and occult beliefs. We seem to be in such a period at present, and inasmuch as there are so many credulous and stupid individuals who seem only too willing to be parted from their money under false pretenses by fortune tellers and religious healers, it seems unnecessary and cruel to deprive them of the opportunity by invoking the power of the law. But if we are to undertake the almost hopeless job of protecting the fool against the results of his own folly we should at least be impartial in our efforts.

ALBERT R. GALLATIN.

New York, Feb. 18, 1910.

The Reputations of '76.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Anent the damaged reputations of the seventy-sixers, let it be considered that if Benedict Arnold had made up his mind to be good after receiving the reprimand of the General-in-chief for his financial crookedness in Philadelphia his name to-day would be held in glorious memory, and his Philadelphia misdoings would not weigh against him sufficiently to blight his reputation. E. S. HYDE.

New York, Feb. 17, 1910.

MR. TAFT'S NON-SEQUITUR.

Why Do Business When We Can Sit Still and Admire the Sherman Law?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"If the enforcement of the law is not consistent with the present methods of carrying on business, then it does not speak well for the present methods of conducting business, and they must be changed to conform to the law."

Thus President Taft, in his Lincoln Day address.

In other words, if the theory doesn't agree with the facts, so much the worse for the facts.

The writer carries in his vest pocket, as an offering from an appreciative friend, a printed card bearing this legend: "If whisky interferes with your business, give up business."

Don't, on any account, give up whisky—and don't, for God's sake, repeal, nor even modify, any d—d fool, buncombe statute which renders impossible the application of reasonable and necessary methods in the conduct of modern industry and commerce! BARCLAY HAZARD.

New York, Feb. 18, 1910.

CORPORATION TAX.

Publicity Feature Is "Suppressed by Executive Discovery."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Does the indifference of Congress to the fact that the corporation tax remains (until the Supreme Court speaks) while the reason for its enactment, i. e., publicity, disappears, mean that the public intelligence is at last awakening? Are the people at last perceiving that the means of production cannot be continually harassed and threatened without compromising the power to produce? What a spectacle we have been and are still enjoying! In the eighteenth century we rejected the belief in the divine right of kings, only to replace it in the twentieth by those of the divine right of the created over the creator, (i. e., of the Federal Government over the States,) and the omniscience of commissions.

Have the leaders of the Republican Party or the Democratic Party either, for that matter, ever reflected that natural law has a certain superiority over the statutory article? Nature always avenges herself when disregarded, although she does not advertise herself through high-sounding phrases and spasmodic splutterings. Now that most of the corporations have been uneasy about this publicity clause, which Mr. Taft says Congress intended, it is suppressed by executive discovery—a discovery as unexpected and much more important than Dr. Cook's.

The farmer knows that his horses lose flesh faster when tormented by flies (though idle) than when doing productive work. The people will finally appreciate that the same rule applies to political pestering of the Nation's means of production, and then the reign of the demagogue masquerading as a reformer will be over. The country itself is healthy, and it is only the quack medicine in the form of political panaceas that is making it sick. And the only idea of the governing powers is to give it more of the same nauseous stuff. It is equivalent to giving a seasick man an emetic. When the dose really begins to act it is better for the doctor who prescribed it to get out of the way. E. R. D.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 18, 1910.

"CHINNING THE BAR."

Deplores Attempts to Make It a Competitive Exercise.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The sporting pages of the evening papers contain the statement that a novel competition has been originated to take place between the schools of "District Leagues 4 and 5." Among other things it is stated that in March there will be a contest in "chinning the bar," a silver medal to be given to the boy scoring the greatest number of points, and other prizes to the winning schools.

If this statement is correct, it seems incredible that those in authority should permit such a contest. To be able to "chin the bar" a few times is an accomplishment which should be well within the strength of any healthy boy, but to make it a competitive exercise is not only futile but dangerous. Any one with wide experience in physical culture and having the necessary medical knowledge will realize the inherent foolishness and danger of such a competition. The boys concerned, being boys, will start right in "chinning" on all possible occasions. The unnecessary development of biceps and a few other muscles will do no harm, but it is unreasonable to suppose that boys will stop short when they have done enough. The temptation to "try once more" involves heart and nervous strain, which may produce grave and lasting injury.

This is competition gone mad. It is neither physical culture nor athletics, but simple foolishness, if not worse. The parents of those boys are the ultimate authorities. Do they consent? JAMES F. DICK.

East Orange, N. J., Feb. 17, 1910.

The Feast of the Dump.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"W. J. L.'s" entertaining comment—as his pen productions usually are—on "New York Extravagance" suggests questions on another feature of his topic.

Why does the yearly surplus "rake-off" of, say, $260,716, go to the dump contractor?

Is this prodigality due to the example of the people themselves?

What is a contractor but a speculator? And why admit speculators to the feast?

Why should not the generosity of New Yorkers entitle them to a better "come-back" than that?

Why not invest the dumps with the dignity of other city property, and perhaps predicate a bond issue on the accretion?

By the way, do you suppose that all this surplus "rake-off" stands "to the good" for the "dump speculator"? E.

New York, Feb. 17, 1910.

National Anthems.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"Germanicus" is entirely wrong and the man with the German name is right. Franz Abt's melodie of Deutschland, "Deutsch land uber albs" is also the air of "Gott erhalte Franz den Kaiser," which is the Austrian national anthem. I have been a musician in the Imperial German Navy, and pretend also to know something about national anthems, which I have had to play at least a thousand times. For the German national anthem I had to play "Heil Dir im Siegerkranz" and for the British "God Save the Queen," which is the same and could not be distinguished. Such were the facts in the nineteenth century and are now in the twentieth. C. RICHTER.

New York, Feb. 13, 1910.

PREACHERS FROM ABROAD.

A Comparison of Church Going in England and America.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial article under the caption "Preachers from Abroad" you say that the English people go to church but that here they have to be coaxed or drawn. That is undoubtedly true, but we have the right and duty to look for the reason for such a difference in the attitude of the American as compared with the Englishman toward the matter of church going or church attendance.

The reason that most of the Nonconformist Christians of England go to church without having to be "drawn" is largely because of their environment. They are largely influenced by the example of the Catholic Church of their land, the Anglican, whose teaching is and always has been that people go to church to worship.

The average American Christian through years of segregation from the life of the apostolic church has lost sight of this all-important fact. The Englishman, though he be a Nonconformist, believes that the man who preaches in his chapel is one sent with authority to preach, and accepts what is said as a message from God. And moreover he goes to church with the idea of worship, not to hear merely, to be entertained, but to give, to offer himself soul and body with prayers, praise, and thanksgiving, as acts of worship. When the "lost art of worship" has been recovered by American Christianity we shall hear less of preachers from abroad or elsewhere. R. T. J.

New York, Feb. 15, 1910.

CITY FARMING.

Tells of Sixteen Years' Experience with a Small Plot.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read the letter by "Ex-Farmer" in Monday's TIMES under the heading, "Uplift of the Farmer," and I consider the latter part of it especially important. According to his definition, I am a farmer, as I own and occupy a piece of ground, roughly speaking, 50 feet by 110 feet, located toward the northern part of the Bronx, but well within the boundaries of the Twenty-fourth Ward. I farm a piece about 25 feet by 70 feet; the balance of the ground is taken up by the house and a green—not lawn.

I have cultivated this garden for the past sixteen years, and for the most part after my day's work elsewhere was over. The soil was very poor and unpromising when I started in, but what with honest digging and manuring it became in three or four years fairly good, and now after sixteen years' cropping the soil is in fine condition, fit to grow almost anything, and I can surely say that there has not been one in all these years when I have not been amply repaid for the labor and money expended.

Last year we had from an asparagus bed 14 feet by 6 feet enough of that vegetable to satisfy a family of four, and the supply lasted nearly two months. We had four dozen tomato vines, and we had such a crop that it became an economic problem in a small way to know what to do with them in order to avoid waste. We canned them until there were no more jars to be had; we gave them away to friends and neighbors, and they were tomatoes worth eating. Then we had three rows of sweet corn and three rows of bush lima beans, which I raised from beans costing one cent each (ten beans) the previous year, and, by the way, there is no finer dish of its kind than fresh tomatoes and fresh lima beans stewed together, with a bit of good butter. We had also beds of lettuce, seed onions, leeks, and parsley. There are about a dozen grape vines, which last year bore all the grapes which we and our friends could use, besides forty pints of unfermented grape juice.

We have a dozen English gooseberry bushes, which produced a great many quarts of fine, luscious berries, some of which were as large as pigeon's eggs. From two three-year-old seedling peach trees there was gathered a large basketful of as fine peaches as you would wish to look at or eat, and I expect that this year each tree will carry a basketful. We had also quite a variety of flowers of the usual kind seen in suburban gardens.

My object in writing is to give encouragement to amateur gardeners, and so prevent much good land within the corporate boundaries of Greater New York from being misused or not used at all, and to confirm the sound views of my friend, an "ex-farmer."

AMATEUR FARMER.

Bronx, Feb. 10, 1910.

CROSSTOWN LINES.

Inconvenience for West Side Between Fifty-ninth and 116th Streets.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a resident of upper Broadway who often wishes to go to the upper east side and who has friends on the upper east side who often wish to go to the upper west side, I have wondered why there was no public demand for the extension of the Eighty-sixth Street Crosstown Line over to the Amsterdam and Broadway lines. Now, one must go up to 116th Street or down to Fifty-ninth Street, or walk very nearly half a mile to the park. This loss of time and energy means much in New York, where both are so necessary in the struggle for existence. Indeed, the long stretch of the park, with the difficulty of crossing, fixes the residence of many people in districts where either comfort or money has to be sacrificed.

Are the transportation facilities of New York entirely for the accommodation and enrichment of financiers or are they somewhat for the people? In Europe many of the great cities have a special yearly fare for school children. Here the boys of two great high schools have, many of them, to pay an extra fare since the discontinuance of transfers on the Fifty-ninth Street Crosstown Line. Yet this is a democracy, which is supposed, better than a monarchy, to represent the people.

E. E. GARRIGUES.

New York, Feb. 10, 1910.

Teachers' Salaries.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Considering the nature of the work, the amount of time she is actually engaged in it, and the market rates for skilled labor, the woman school teacher appears to be adequately compensated for her work. If the men teachers do not bring to their work either skill or influence, which is worth the extra money they receive, why not reduce their salaries to the amount the women teachers receive? The men teachers who would not be satisfied with the salary could seek other avenues of employment, and the money saved could be devoted to the needs of the children in the over-crowded lower grades. INTERESTED.

New York, Feb. 10, 1910.

Our Sailors in Uniform.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just read in to-day's issue of your paper—Feb. 14—"Better Treatment to Our Soldiers and Sailors," which as a mother I heartily indorse. My son entered our navy last May as a third-class electrician, and many times since on coming home has refused to go with me to various places of amusement because his sailor's uniform barred him. It does seem as if the American sailor has to blush for the uniform he wears.

This is a disgrace to our country and patriotism. In time of war so much is expected from our sailor boys in blue—who should demand respect—that Congress should take up this all-important question. All mothers who have sons in our navy will be in sympathy with such an effort. D. A. R.

New York, Feb. 16, 1910.

A Danger to the Navy.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Many important questions are brought to the attention of the public through your columns, and it seems to me that "Patriot's" letter, dated Feb. 1, regarding uniformed sailors not being admitted to certain reputable places of amusement voices an outrage that certainly ought not to be countenanced by a fair-minded people.

Several years ago I met a young man whose culture and refinement could not be questioned; his face proved them at a glance. He was of a Southern family. When traveling from here South on a steamer with two of his comrades of the navy he was informed when he entered the dining room that they would not be served with the other passengers, but would have to eat with the colored people. It is an absolute outrage. Instead of less courtesy that uniform should endear him to the public, and by that very emblem he should receive greater consideration. It seems to be that this method of treating the sailors of the United States as criminals is going to so demoralize the reputation of the navy that it will bring on a condition where self-respecting men will avoid entering the navy as they would a plague-stricken city. AMERICAN.

New York, Feb. 14, 1910.

Supply and Demand in Labor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Our food, clothing, and nearly everything that enters into the cost of living, are, in one form or another, the products of labor. The so-called "raw material," if, indeed, we can get so far back that no labor has been expended on it, is a very small part of the price paid by the consumer. Now, it seems to me a natural result that if labor is high, the products of labor, must, of necessity, be high, and that in looking for causes we should go back to first principles and find out why the price of labor is so high.

It is a general law of trade that prices are regulated by supply and demand. Is the actual supply of labor short? Or has it been restricted by labor unions? Or, again, are the high prices all right, and for the prosperity and best interests of the country?

B. F. AUSTIN.

New York, Feb. 15, 1910.

BENEFITS OF STANDING.

Straphanger May Have Exercise and a Chance to Pose.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The propriety of relinquishment by men to women of seats in our cars will probably be discussed as long as wheels revolve. As one addicted to walking I rarely ride distances of less than three miles. Although nearly sixty years of age and in good health, perhaps attributable to care in diet, good habits, and moderate exercise, I find little inconvenience in standing, except in that of being jostled by others in exit or entrance. When an empty seat is in sight I take it, but am ready to yield it to one selected as really needing it more than myself, because I am seated perhaps six or eight hours during the waking day.

On conscientious and really altruistic grounds I usually refrain from making a tender of my possession to women whom I judge to be stenographers and typewriters, with the knowledge that, being seated all day, to stand a while should be a relaxation and benefit to them; the necessity of clinging to a strap and preserving equilibrium bringing into play certain muscles otherwise unexercised, and conducing to an accelerated circulation of blood and its attending benefits, as outlined by physiologists.

In fact, I recommend standing to young adults of both sexes, who are generally addicted to self-worship, as affording an excellent opportunity of "attitudinizing" in semi-classic poises, with one hand held aloft and the form assuming willowy and graceful bendings, influenced by the movements of the car.

By the habit their health may be protected or lives saved because they are thus brought nearer to the ventilators and the advertising announcements of remedies for all the ills, real, imagined, or invented. Again, the satisfaction of a resting wet umbrella against the attire of some sitter is surpassed only by the ecstacy of permitting it to drain on his feet. There is a further positive benevolence in standing. One may interpose his body between the light and one making frantic efforts to read, and who, being prevented by such action, may be saved from impaired sight or perhaps even ultimate total blindness.

PHILANDER RICKRACKS.

New York, Feb. 14, 1910.

"A MAN" EXPLAINS.

He Didn't Ask for a "Hysteria of Documents" on Suffrage.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I, still a mere man, respond to the communication of M. W. S. in Friday's TIMES concerning woman suffrage campaign documents? First off, the lady, for M. W. S. must be a woman, says I complained because I have never met any woman suffrage campaign documents. I never contradict a lady, but really I didn't complain like that. On the contrary, I asked for a plain statement of "Why women should vote," done directly and clearly so the most ignorant layman might understand. I asked this because I knew of nothing of the sort. If I had complained at all my complaint would have been because there were already so many campaign documents a mere man couldn't find in them what the women really were trying to get at. There's a hysteria of documents. I was simply asking for a coherent statement when the women had become calm. But I see by the communication of M. W. S. that they are still raving and pouring forth their torrents of talk. She mentions 450 variegated styles of documents which will be mailed to me free; she adds that if I will call at headquarters I will be shown arguments from Lady Mary Whortley Montague to "Bill" Taft and the Brackett bill; also some 40,000 handbills in pink, green, yellow, and blue. She does not say, however, that any of them are red. This may sound like a joke by me, but it is no joke. Now think of all that stuff and everybody so busy turning out more along the same line that nobody can find time to boil it down to brass tacks, as one might say. I have no inclination, even if I had the leisure, to go into this overproduction of gab, but I would like to see and read something brief and to the point. I am aware what a task I impose upon women when I ask them to be brief and to the point, but as they are struggling to be what they have never been before, might they not include this with the other? If they find the labor too onerous, could they not at least be brief? That much gained would be a point, even though the other point were not fully developed. In conclusion may I come back to my original request and inquiry? M. W. S. in 200 or more words has failed to answer my question, and I know no better now than before whether or not the militants have a concise and clear campaign document entitled "Why Women Should Vote."

P. S.—In quoting Mme. de Stael as saying the more she knew men the better she liked dogs shouldn't M. W. S. have also said that the madame was quoting a man who said it before she did? A MAN.

New York, Feb. 19, 1910.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In THE TIMES of Feb. 16 "A Man" asked why the woman suffragists did not get out a document under the title of "Why Women Should Vote" and scatter it broadcast so that those who run may read. May we, through your columns, inform the "gentleman from Missouri" that we have such a document, and that hundreds of thousands of copies have been distributed? We inclose a copy herewith, and if THE TIMES can give space to it for the benefit of "A Man" we shall be very grateful. If not, "A Man" can procure it by sending his request to our office at 505 Fifth Avenue.

ELIZABETH J. HAUSER,
Vice Chairman National Woman Suffrage Press Bureau.

New York, Feb. 18, 1910.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Why does M. W. S. answer the civil question of "A Man" so uncivilly? She seems to have been "looking for this gentleman" with a gun. Her letter in this morning's TIMES is calculated to give any decently bred man or woman a shock. It cannot advance the cause of suffrage.

I have always believed myself a suffragist. Lately I am sure I am in process of making panic-stricken for the fence, and my militant and discourteous friends the suffragists are driving me there.

Why does she hurl that time-honored brick of Mme. de Stael's at the man? It has nothing to do with suffrage, or at least it shouldn't have, and if the lady is going to make it a weapon in the question I for one want to keep out of the fight. M. M.

New York, Feb. 18, 1910.

Pensions and Direct Taxation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The THE TIMES does well to offer reminders as to the abuses of the pension system. Years ago, an outside observer of American affairs—I think it was The Toronto Globe—said:

> If the immense sums paid for pensions by the United States was raised by direct taxation of the people, the annual fund would never have reached such gigantic proportions.

I think that has much to do with it. Under our comfortable methods of indirect taxation nobody consciously puts his hand into his pocket for the $10 per family that pensions cost the country. How long would the disbursements remain at $160,000,000 a year if that $10 had to be handed over in cold cash by each head of a family?

And what real objection is there to making the pension roll precisely what the late Grover Cleveland was so abused for saying it ought to be, namely, "a roll of honor"? W. C. T.

New York, Feb. 19, 1910.

BUSINESS AND GAMBLING.

You go downtown to Wall Street
  Where busy brokers meet,
You take some little options
  On January wheat;
You watch the little ticker,
  And you hear the brokers sing,
Till you find your little bank account
  Has gone a-glimmering.
        Now, that's business.

You go into a faro bank
  And buy a stack of chips,
And watch the cards come from the box
  Which the dealer deftly flips.
When your head is dull and aching,
  At the breaking of the day,
You see that fickle fortune
  Has gone the other way.
        Sure, that's gambling!

WALTER BEVERLEY CRANE.

CHOOSING ACTRESSES BY COMPETITION

Henry B. Harris Adopts a New Plan to Find Leading Women for Next Season.

CHANCE FOR THE UNKNOWNS

Parts from New Plays Now Being Typed Ready to Send Out to the Contestants.

A plan by which Henry B. Harris hopes to be able to select leading women for his next season's productions has come to light through the placing of an order with a typewriting agency for the copying of the parts of some eight or ten new plays. Only the feminine rôles are to be transcribed, but a dozen copies are to be made of each.

A representative of Mr. Harris explained yesterday that these parts are to be used as a sort of textbook in a competitive examination the manager intended to hold this Spring. They are to be sent to actresses, who will be invited to study the rôles they feel they are best suited to play, and to appear before a committee for examination some time in April. This committee will consist of Mr. Harris, his father, William Harris, and his general stage director, Frank Reicher. From the competitors the judges will select the leading women who will appear in eight or ten new plays next year.

It was explained that not only well-known actresses, but also some whose names have not been heard on Broadway, will be invited to compete, and it was also explained with some emphasis that the contest is not open to every aspirant for stage honors. Mr. Harris prefers to hear only those who have been invited to compete, but he says that the list will be a long one.

The plays from which selections are being made are "Whom the Gods Love," "Bobby Burnit," "The Scarecrow," "The Social Cheaters," and new pieces by Elmer Blaney Harris, Edgar Selwyn, Paul Dickey and Charles W. Goddard, Martha Morton, and Anna Steese Richardson. None of these plays has been produced, and the actresses who "get up in" the rôles will have no chance to imitate others. The test will be not only of ability to read the lines, but of power to originate characters.

Mr. Harris found much difficulty this year in obtaining suitable leading women.

MME. OLLY IN "BACCARAT."

German Actress to Star in an English-Speaking Part Here.

Mme. Marietta Olly, the German actress who is to be an English-speaking star under the Shubert management, will make her first appearance in English in the rôle of Helene, in Henri Bernstein's drama "Baccarat," at the Providence Opera House, Providence, R. I., next Monday night, Feb. 28. In Mme. Olly's supporting company will be Donah Benrimo, Caroline Harris, Rosalyne Mundell, Malvina Longfellow, Thurlow Bergen, Albert Gran, John Emerson, Melville Stewart, Francklyn Hurleigh, and Wallis Martin.

Bernstein is known here through his plays "The Thief," "Israel," and "Samson." "Baccarat," which has for its theme the dangers and consequences of gambling, was received as a sensation when produced in Paris. It was given here at the Irving Place German Theatre in January last year, when Mme. Olly appeared with the German stock company as a visiting star.

Her performance of the rôle so impressed the Shuberts that they immediately engaged her to appear under their direction in English. After a visit to Germany she came back to New York early last Fall and has devoted all of her time since then to the study of English.

After a few performances in Providence and on the road, "Baccarat" will be brought to one of the Shubert Broadway houses.

FOR NATIONAL THEATRE DAY.

Managers Plan to Have May 9 Observed in All the Playhouses.

A meeting of the Theatre Managers' Association of New York and the National Producing Managers' Association will be held one day this week to plan for the establishment of a National Theatre day. Charles M. Burnham, President of the Managers' Association, has proposed that May 9, the day that President Taft is to open the Actors' Fund Fair in New York, be observed at every theatre in the United States. He suggests that public exercises be held in every theatre in the afternoon, and that at night special performances be given, the proceeds of which shall be given to the Actors' Fund of America.

The plan has been broached to most of the managers in New York, and among those who have indorsed it are Charles Frohman, Klaw & Erlanger, Lee Shubert, Henry B. Harris, David Belasco, George C. Tyler, W. A. Brady, C. B. Dillingham, Sam H. Harris, and George M. Cohan.

Mr. Burnham said yesterday that this idea grew out of a suggestion made by William Collier, who saw in it an opportunity for all in the profession to assist in their charity, the Actors' Fund.

"The day will result in far more than that," said Mr. Burnham. "It will emphasize the dignity and prominence that the theatre has obtained, and public exercises will be a wonderful stimulus to pure drama."

APPEAL FOR CHILD ACTORS.

Francis Wilson and J. E. Dodson Urge a More Lenient Law in Massachusetts.

Francis Wilson went to Boston yesterday to address a meeting at the Hollis Street Theatre upon the Massachusetts labor law that forbids children to appear on the stage in that State. Mr. Wilson's present play, "The Bachelor's Baby," depends on the appearance of a child actress, and the star is particularly interested in the Massachusetts law for that reason.

Mr. Wilson's address was the principal one of the evening. He had prepared his brief carefully. He cited a number of cases of famous actors who had begun as children, including Garrick, Macready, Terry, Rachel, Maude Adams, and himself.

Judge Brackett of the Massachusetts bar and J. E. Dodson, the actor, also spoke on the same subject and along the same lines as Mr. Wilson, appealing for a modification of the law.

DEAF MUTES TO GIVE A PLAY.

Those Who Attended St. Francis Xavier's to Aid Sick Fund.

The Society of the College of St. Francis Xavier, the members of which are all deaf-mutes, will give a play in the college theatre to-morrow afternoon for the benefit of a fund to aid sick and destitute deaf-mutes. The play selected is a three-act drama, "Abbe de l'Epee," which has never been done in America before. The characters will all be played by deaf-mutes, and the performance will be interpreted orally for the benefit of those who don't know the sign language. The play deals with the life of the Abbe de l'Epee, one of the pioneers in the education of the deaf.

Mrs. Belmont Gives Settlement Recital.

Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont gave a song recital last night at the settlement home she opened last month at 84 East 111th Street. It was the first entertainment to be given since the formal dedication of the home, and the two rooms and the hallway of the lower floor of the old-fashioned house were filled with residents of the neighborhood. Miss Kitty Cheatham gave several selections and Mme. Susan Dona, teacher of dramatic reading in the home, gave readings from "The Rivals" and other plays. Mrs. Belmont personally directed the programme.

THE NEW YORK SYMPHONY.

New Music by Moszkowski and Walter Damrosch Played.

New compositions were heard at the concert of the New York Symphony Society given yesterday afternoon at The New Theatre. There were two movements from a new orchestral suite by Moszkowski and an excerpt from incidental music written by Walter Damrosch for Percy Mackaye's play, "The Canterbury Pilgrims," produced last Summer. On the programme also were three instrumental movements from Berlioz's "Roméo et Juliette," Guiraud's arrangement of two Songs without Words by Mendelssohn, (the so-called "Spring Song" and "Spinning Song,") and the "Ride of the Valkyries," from Wagner's "Die Walküre."

Moszkowski's suite is his third composition in this form, and one of his most recent. The two movements that were played are very pretty music, full of graceful themes in piquant rhythms, skillfully wrought with a sure touch and brilliant orchestration. It is diverting music, and is hardly meant to be other than this. In the second movement there is a persistently repeated C heard all through the movement, (played mostly on the harp, but with reinforcement at times from other instruments,) around which the melody and its changing harmonies are ingeniously made to play. The first movement, especially, needed a somewhat more piquantly rhythmical and carefully finished performance than the orchestra gave it.

The excerpt from Mr. Damrosch's music for "The Canterbury Pilgrims" has several interesting features. It is intended to accompany the processional and entrance into Canterbury of King Richard II. Written for an open-air performance, it naturally is conceived and executed in a somewhat broad, "al fresco" style, and accompanying a pageant in the dramatic representation, it has certain descriptive and illustrative features that do not fully explain themselves in a concert performance. For both of these reasons the music, probably, loses something of its effect in the concert room. A peal of bells has an important part in it, and these bells were not entirely in tune—as bells seldom are when called upon to make sweet concord with an orchestra—which fact did not enhance the effectiveness of the music. Mr. Damrosch has made use of a mediaeval hymn to St. Thomas, the patron saint of Canterbury, a noble and sonorous specimen of its kind, that lends itself superbly to the elaboration he has made of it. Mr. Damrosch informed his listeners before he began to play the piece that the music was taken from an English manuscript transliterated for his purposes from the ancient four-line staff by Mr. Krehbiel, apparently for the first time. The hymn in the processional music is sung by a chorus.

Berlioz called his "Roméo et Juliette" a symphony; but it has no relation to what the rest of the world knows as the symphonic form. He said of it that "it is equivalent to an opera in two acts, and will fill out a concert," and counted fourteen "movements" in it. There are really more than that, and there are required in many of them solo voices and a chorus. The three orchestral movements that were played yesterday are among the most important of them, and are also among the best of Berlioz's compositions in respect of the reality of their musical ideas. There is poetic suggestion contained in the love scene, (though beautiful themes are here developel to inordinate length and with vague and uncertain treatment.) There is fairy daintiness in the "Queen Mab" scherzo, expressed in filmy orchestration; though here, too, there is not a little aimless maundering. And Berlioz's lack of strength, originality, distinction, and passionate expression in harmony is felt in all these movements, as it is in most of his music. The orchestration has much that is brilliant and effective; but Berlioz's orchestration is no longer an endless wonder to an age that has mastered more secrets of orchestration than he knew. It is more remarkable now in a consideration of the period to which it belongs.

DVORAK'S ORATORIO SUNG.

Catholic Society Heard in "St. Ludmila" at Carnegie Hall.

The Catholic Oratorio Society has seemingly become a permanent organization from which at least one concert may be expected annually. Last evening the society sang Dvorak's oratoria "St. Ludmila" at Carnegie Hall. Whatever may be the avowed purpose of the organization, it is exceedingly wise for it to offer choral works which are somewhat out of the beaten paths. "St. Ludmila" answers to this description, and while it is not one of Dvorak's best-known works, it is one which is well worth hearing.

The book commences with hymns and sacrifices to pagan gods and we are gradually led to the Christian spirit as was Ludmila herself. Dvorak has seized the opportunities which this contrast gives.

The work of the Oratorio Society was creditable. The organization has been trained, the programme stated, by Mme. Selma Kronold. Last evening the orchestra, which was selected from the New York Symphony forces, and chorus were under the direction of Emil Reyl. The soloists were Miss Caroline Hudson, soprano; Miss Eva Mylott, contralto; Reed Miller, tenor, and Frank Croxton, bass.

"SAMSON" IN CONCERT FORM.

The First Act Given at the Manhattan Opera House.

The first act of "Samson et Dalila" was sung in concert form at the Manhattan Opera House concert last evening, and gave Mme. d'Alvarez another chance to demonstrate that she possesses a voice of beautiful quality. Mr. Lucas sang the part of Samson; Mr. Dufranne was the High Priest; Mr. Crabbé, Abimelech, and Mr. Vallier an aged Jew. Mr. de la Fuente conducted.

In the second part of the programme Inez Jolivet, a young violinist, played Sarasate's "Ziguenerweisen"; Mr. Devries sang the romance from "Carmen," Mme. Mazarin sang "Il est doux, il est beau," from "Herodiade," and Mr. Polese sang Iago's "Credo," from "Otello." The programme closed with the quartet from "Rigoletto," sung by Mmes. Miranda and Gentle, and Messrs. Harrold and Polese.

ELMAN AT THE MEROPOLITAN.

Big Audience to Hear Young Violinist at Opera Concert.

Mischa Elman again appeared at the Metropolitan Opera House concert last evening, and again that theatre was crowded. The young violinist was heard in Lalo's "Symphonie Espagnole" and in two shorter pieces. Mme. Delna sang "Ah, Mon Fils," from "Le Prophète." The audience would not let her go until she had repeated the air.

The other soloists of the evening were Miss Fornia, Mlle. Maubourg, and Messrs. Jadlowker, Whitehill, and Witherspoon. Max Bendix conducted.

SEEK MISSING SOPRANO.

Metropolitan's Plans Held Up by Hidalgo's Disappearance.

The Directors of the Metropolitan Opera Company are perplexed concerning the whereabouts of Elvira Hidalgo, the pretty seventeen-year-old Spanish coloratura soprano, who had been engaged to sing in March at that theatre. Her contract at the Metropolitan necessitated her arranging an engagement which she had already made with Raoul Gunsbourg to sing at the Monte Carlo Opera in the same month. Mr. Gunsbourg said that he would be willing to let her go.

Last week Mr. Gunsborug seems to have changed his mind, and Mlle. Hidalgo was announced to sing at Monte Carlo. The Directors of the Metropolitan kept the wires busy between here and Paris, where their agent, Gabriel Astruc, was instructed to look into the matter. He sent his secretary, Mr. Marcel, to Monte Carlo, and Mr. Marcel cabled the Metropolitan on Friday that Mlle. Hidalgo was leaving Monte Carlo on that day. He was to cable again from London and Liverpool, but nothing has as yet been heard from him.

In the meantime it is not known at the Metropolitan whether Mlle. Hidalgo is coming or not, and the répertoire for the next month is consequently unarranged.

NOTABLE COLLECTION OF ORIENTAL ART

Masterpieces from Japan and China Shown Here for the First Time.

EXHIBIT A VARIED ONE

Paintings Bound and on Screens by the Foremost Artists of Their Day Among the Works.

Collectors of Oriental art will be apt to feel an interest akin to excitement in the superb opportunity afforded them by the dispersal at the Anderson Auction Rooms of the ancient Chinese and Japanese paintings, screens, prints, carvings, porcelains, and other objects gathered in the last fifteen years by Bunkio Matsuki.

One of the notable features of the collection is a large group of books and albums containing for the most part drawings and designs by well-known artists, although one is devoted to autographs by famous statesmen, painters, priests, and writers from the eight century down to the seventeenth. Nothing like this album has been shown before in the United States, but a few are cherished in the Daimyo families of Japan.

Through important private and museum collections of Japanese prints we have become comparatively familiar with this field of Oriental art. The names of Utamaro, the delineator of dainty feminine charms; of Hokusai, the dashing and prolific draughtsman for whom the passing world provided inspiration of unending variety; Hiroshigi, whose portraits of landscapes and bridges are responsible for a change in Western landscape painting—these and many others are as well known to the American connoisseur as the names of Whistler and Tryon.

It goes almost without saying that the exhibition includes numerous fine examples of these marvelous printmakers who combined art and craft in a way that we are just beginning to understand. The paintings are a different matter. They include specimens of the truly great masterpieces of the Eastern world. There is one by Sofukko, a "Rembrandt of the Far East," a makimono by Rito, who is called the greatest of Chinese landscape painters, and two portraits on silk by Ririomin, a warrior and painter of the twelfth century. Here are also two screens by Yeitoku and other things no less important in the eyes of the student of Chinese and Japanese art.

Characteristics of the Painters.

It is in the nature of an impertinence for a Western critic to attempt to explain the work of Oriental painters of this rank. Not only in technique but in ideal and conception a Japanese and still more a Chinese painter is at the opposite pole from a modern European painter, yet such unity exists in art that the aesthetic appeal of one is no less potent than that of the other to the mind divested of arbitrary codes of taste. Certainly no important exhibition of the old masters of the East should be passed over without some indication of the characteristics of the painters represented.

The Chinese landscapes, according to Oriental criticism, were produced in obedience to the belief that such paintings should express the quintessence of calm and repose. The effect upon the spiritual mood of the observer was studied before anything else, and a landscape devoid of the qualities of spaciousness and sublimity has no title to be considered a masterpiece. Chinese landscape also is rich in the delicate notation of aerial phenomena, and in spite of its subjective quality, contains much subtle realism. This we are told, in a most interesting article written for the Kokka, is due to the fact that "the profound love of nature in the Celestial heart has nothing casual about it, but is the result of well directed training for long generations."

The Japanese artist also combines subjective with objective qualities, but shows a richer humor, a gayer taste, a bolder technique. "A vigorous brush," we quote from a Japanese writer, "is esteemed above all other qualities in Japanese art," and every Japanese painter of note has striven to express the essential attributes of a scene with the fewest possible strokes of his brush.

The public will find the names of the painters to whom the best works in the present collection are ascribed, sufficiently unfamiliar, as their pictures are seldom seen in this country outside of the Boston Museum, which contains several masterpieces. There is the same uncertainty regarding attributions as exists in the history of other schools of art, and with these problems we need not, of course, concern ourselves, but will call attention to one or two specially noteworthy examples of painters famous among their countrymen.

There are three screens by Kano Motonobu, one of them a six-paneled temple screen, the other two gold palace screens. The Kano school, which was founded by the father of Motonobu, is based on a Chinese type, in which strong outlines and a vigorous technique predominate to the exclusion of strong color. Motonobu, studying this Chinese style of the Northern School, as it is called, clung to his powerful bounding line and thus far preserved in his painting the distinctive Kano attributes. Marrying, however, the daughter of a Tosa painter, and having an eclectic and experimental turn of mind, he grafted on these elements of style certain others characteristic of the Tosa school, notably the employment of strong color, and thus worked out an individual ideal.

Motonobu Aided by His Wife.

The gold screens are outside the Kano tradition and their ascription to Motonobu is based not only on the internal evidence afforded by the draughtsmanship, but on the assumption that his Tosa wife disclosed to her husband the secret of combining polychrome and gold known to the painters of her family and he with his eager and versatile temperament made prompt use of the knowledge thus acquired.

Korin and Sotatsu are other interesting names in the catalogue. Both painters belonging to a period which saw the rise of a unique school of painting stamped with purely Japanese attributes. Koetsu was founder of the school. Then came Sotatsu, interpreting and developing his principles, and finally Korin carrying them to the point of technical perfection. Both Koetsu and Korin are adepts in the art of lacquer and a little tray by the latter together with several of his paintings are shown. He is a great favorite with European connoisseurs for the beauty of his craftmanship, and he figures in the legends and histories of his own country as a merry-hearted, eccentric, ingenious, and well-beloved person, preferring art and poverty to more profitable pursuits in a time of luxurious living.

Space is lacking to mention others represented in the catalogue but it is a wine that needs little bush. We advise all who have the chance to study the objects before they are put up for sale Friday afternoon and Saturday evening of this week.

Summer in March

The magnificent 5,000 ton Steamship "Metapan" sails from New York on February 24th.

She makes the round trip to Colon in 21 days. $125.00 covers everything. $85.00 to Jamaica and back.

For three days, in the harbor of Colon, she is your floating hotel, offering you every tropical comfort. She is the restful base from which you explore the giant undertaking which will one day sever two Continents and unite two Oceans. A stupendous project of fascinating interest.

She touches at Kingston both ways, where you may stop off indefinitely and whence you may connect with every point in the West Indies.

Zacapa, March 3rd

Unequalled weekly service from New York, Boston, Philadelphia and New Orleans to Jamaica, Panama and Central America.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY
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Or Any Steamship Ticket Agency

WASHINGTON SOCIETY.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Mrs. Taft will entertain at a musicale to-morrow evening, for which 300 invitations have been issued.

The French Ambassador and Mme. Jusserand, who have just returned from New York, will give a large dinner party on Tuesday evening.

The Italian Ambassador and Baroness Mayor des Planches and the Ambassador from Austria-Hungary and Baroness von Hengervar, are leaving for Europe within the next few days. Their departure will begin the general exodus which each Summer sees when envoys return home or leave for Newport, Bar Harbor, or other resorts.

In the Italian Ambassador's case, he, with the Baroness, goes to Constantinople to represent his country at the Sultan's Court.

Baron and Baroness von Hengervar, on the other hand, are only leaving for two or three months, and propose returning to Bar Harbor in June, there to establish their embassy for the Summer.

Baron Ambrozey, the Counselor of the Austrian Embassy, will leave in April for Rome, to assume a similar post there. The transfer is regarded as a promotion, but is nevertheless a matter of regret to the friends of the popular diplomat, who has been a part of the official life of the capital for the greater part of ten years. His successor, already appointed, is Baron H. Loewenthal von Linan, now with the embassy at Athens, after seeing service at Madrid, Rome, Tokio, and Belgrade.

Baron von Linan's engagement to the Countess von Nostits of Austria has recently been announced. Their marriage will take place early in April, so that his bride may accompany him to Washington.

Baron Ambrozey, who is a bachelor and well known in society at Bar Harbor and New York, as well as in Washington, first came to the United States in 1890, returning to Vienna in 1902 to serve in the Foreign Office, where he was attached to the Minister's Cabinet, in charge of American affairs. He returned to his present post three years ago. Since then he has borne much of the burden of his country's affairs, having been Chargé d'Affaires throughout the long and frequent absences of his chief.

The Ambassador from Japan and Baroness Uchida leave for Philadelphia to-morrow, where they will be the guests of Dr. Keen and Miss Keen at a musicale to-morrow evening, returning to Washington Wednesday.

The Minister from Norway and Mme. Gude and the Misses Gude have gone to Old Point Comfort for a short stay.

The Minister from Denmark and Countess de Moltke gave a breakfast to twenty guests to-day.

Capt. A. W. Butt entertained a breakfast company to-day in honor of Miss Cheatham of Nashville, Tenn., who is visiting her brother, Major Cheatham, U. S. A. Among the guests were Col. and Mrs. Spencer Cosby, Capt. Van Voorhis, Miss Hammond, Miss Hoyle, and Lieut. Commander Palmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Edson Bradley entertained at dinner this evening in honor of Miss Beatrice Sterling of New York, who is visiting them.

Miss Eleanor Downing of New York is the guest of Rear Admiral and Mrs. R. B. Bradford at their home, on P Street.

Mrs. Valentine Chappell of New London, formerly Miss Carol Simpson of this city, is the guest of Dr. and Mrs. John M. Dunlop.

PALM BEACH SOCIETY.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 20.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Flagler entertained at a luncheon at Whitehall this afternoon, and later a pipe organ recital took place in the grillroom, when coffee was served to the guests on the south loggia. The company included Mr. and Mrs. Leonard C. Hanna, Edmund Clark, and Frederick Townsend Martin.

Mr. Martin gave an attractive sunset tea in the Cocoanut Grove in honor of the Countess Von Rittenberg and the Baroness Marguerite Duray, who arrived at the Poinciana yesterday from Washington, where they were the guests of the Baron and Baroness Hengelmuller. Invited to meet them were Mrs. Flagler, Mrs. Frank Grey Griswold, Mrs. Don Cameron, Mrs. Leonard C. Hanna, Mr. and Mrs. F. Egerton Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Palmer Knapp, Edmund Clark, and E. Clarence Jones.

The Duke and Duchess of Manchester, who are registered at the Casino, at noon to-day went into the surf, where there were several hundred people. Afterward they were the guests of honor at a luncheon given in the grill by Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt. Lady Lister Kaye was among the other guests.

Mrs. Charles I. Cragin of Philadelphia was at home this afternoon at Reve d'Ete. The company included Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Seeley, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh J. Chisholm, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Woodwell, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Caperton, Mrs. Ely Patterson, Miss Wylie, Mrs. W. S. Smith, Edward A. Knieriem, Robert Dun Douglass, and Samuel Bell.

Col. and Mrs. Willis S. Paine gave a dinner at the Beach Club last night to a company including Mr. and Mrs. C. I. Cragin, Dr. and Mrs. Daniel Karsner, Mr. and Mrs. James Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Caperton, Mr. and Mrs. Norris Nundy, and Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Chisholm.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis S. Brown and René La Montagne, who entertain the largest parties, were among a score of hosts who gave luncheon at the Houseboat to-day.

Mrs. John Sherman gave a moonlight sailing party on Lake Worth to-night and stopped at the Houseboat for a late supper.

John D. Crimmins introduced Miss Dean of New York at a musicale at the Poinciana ballroom to-night, for which a hundred invitations were issued.

Arrivals at The Breakers are Mrs. Depham, Richard Delafield, Helen Fesser, Miss Ethel D. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Crawford, Dr. and Mrs. A. B. Mills, Morgan L. Jones, and Mr. and Mrs. C. H. King of New York, Robert Davis, George W. King, James J. Kelly, Thomas F. Aller, Joseph F. McGovern of Jersey City, John F. Connolly of Brooklyn, John J. McMahoney of North Bergen, F. S. Hodges of Boston, Mrs. P. H. Gardon, Miss E. L. Borden of Providence, Mrs. S. W. Haines and Miss Estelle Haines of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. James D. Kennedy of Detroit, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Kirkpatrick, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Warner, and Mrs. E. McGrove of Nashville, Mrs. R. A. Granger of St. Louis, D. E. Nolan, and W. W. Watt of Toledo, and F. M. Passon, England.

At the Royal Poinciana the arrivals included Mrs. Frank Gray Griswold, Mr. and Mrs. Bertram L. Taylor and Miss Dorothy Taylor, Miss Ada G. Phipps, R. B. Holmes, Miss Alice Gouverneur Kortright, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Aymar, Herbert W. Fell, Mrs. F. S. Freeman, Jr., Morton G. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. Clinton I. Richards, Mrs. G. D. Crawford, Mrs. J. C. Foester, Miss Margaret H. Harkell, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Lang, Frederick B. Cochran, Julian Tymock, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin H. Witherbeem, J. P. Drouillard, Mrs. Hicks Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Meehan, Mrs. H. Ridder, Horace H. Silby, L. N. Haskins, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Rising, M. McNeil Rodewald, Miss Eleanor Rodewald, Miss Marion Stoddard, Mrs. J. Victor Onativa, Miss Cora Onativa, Newton Rae, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Eaton, John Shepard, Jr., and Edward P. Shepard of New York, Lawrence Dilworth of Pittsburg, Miss M. Biddell, Lynford Biddell, and L. L. McCoy of Philadelphia, W. A. Schaaf, Miss Esther Schaaf, Mr. and Mrs. I. V. Egerton, and Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Egerton of Chicago, M. P. Piper of Memphis, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Otis of St. Paul, Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Ahrens, and Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Foster of Cleveland, Mr. and Mrs. Rollo V. Watts of San Francisco, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Hardin of St. Louis, Mr. and Mrs. William D. Carter, and E. G. Ward of Belleville, N. J.

NELSON IS PROBABLY DUNN.

Late Springfield Millionaire Apparently a Former New York State Man.

Special to The New York Times.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Feb. 20.—According to advices received here an attorney of Binghamton, N. Y., has discovered that the real name of the late George D. Nelson, who rose from stable boy to millionaire, leaving a fortune of about $1,000,000, is George Nelson Dunn.

It is stated that Dunn was born and reared in Broome County, N. Y., and when a young man lived in the town of Chenango. He went into the creamery business to manufacture butter for the New York trade. He was instrumental in the erection of large creameries, but being unable to raise all the money needed to finance the project, he could not withstand the financial reverses which befell him and abandoned the business.

During his business career in Chenango George Nelson Dunn incurred considerable indebtedness, and the attorney says that a number of judgments were filed against him which will be put in as claims against the estate of the Springfield man.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, Feb. 20.—Assistant Corporation Counsel Charles Yeomans is investigating the case of George D. Nelson, who is said to be George Nelson Dunn, born in Broome County and reared in the town of Chenango. His father is living and has a store at Chenango Forks.

Attorneys are compiling a record of judgments against George Nelson Dunn, and if it can be shown that he is identical with George D. Nelson will endeavor to collect from the estate. The identification will also make considerable difference in the distribution of property among the heirs.

RICH MEN'S CONDUCTOR DEAD.

Engineer of "Millionaires' Express," Taken Ill Same Day, near Death.

David Sanderson, conductor of "the Millionaire Express," running between Morristown, N. J., and Hoboken for the last twenty-five years, died yesterday at his Morristown home after an illness of two weeks. Engineer Benjamin Day of the same train is lying desperately ill in the railroad's hospital at Scranton, Penn., where it is said his chances for recovery are small.

Both Engineer Day and Conductor Sanderson finished their morning run from Morristown to Hoboken two weeks ago, and reported sick. Sanderson requested that he be allowed to go to his home, and Day asked that he be sent to the company's Scranton hospital.

Sanderson had been in the railroad business all his life, and conductor of "the Millionaire Express" since the inauguration of the train twenty-five years ago. He was 67 years old at the time of his death, and was known to every commuter between Morristown and Hoboken. He is survived by a wife and two children.

Samuel D. Warren Dead.

BOSTON, Feb. 20.—Samuel Dennis Warren died of apoplexy to-day at his home in Dedham. Mr. Warren was the son of Samuel Dennis Warren, and was born in 1852. He was graduated from Harvard in 1875 and from the law school in 1877. For a time he was in partnership with Louis D. Brandies, now counsel for L. R. Glavis, at Washington. In 1890 he relinquished the law and became a paper manufacturer, with mills in Maine. His wife was Miss Mabel Bayard, daughter of Thomas F. Bayard, whom he married at Washington in 1883. She survives him with six children.

Dr. Monroe Budd Long.

Dr. Monroe Budd Long, one of the best-known physicians in New Jersey, died yesterday at his home, 546 Park Avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Dr. Long was born in Martinsville, N. J., in 1849. He was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in this city in 1874. The next year he settled in Plainfield, and later became associated with Dr. Joel Suthen. He succeeded to the practice when Dr. Suthen died in 1885. Dr. Long leaves a widow, three daughters, and two sons. Mrs. Long before her marriage in 1877 was Miss Cora Goodman of Newark.

J. S. Cram's Mother Dies; He Is Away.

Mrs. Katherine Sergeant Cram, widow of the late Henry A. Cram, the lawyer, and mother of J. Sergeant Cram, died on Saturday at her home, 5 East Thirty-eighth Street, in her 87th year. She had been ill about two weeks. Her daughter, Miss Lillian Cram, and her granddaughter, Miss Charlotte Cram, lived with her. She also leaves another daughter, Mrs. J. Woodward Haven of 18 East Seventy-ninth Street. J. Sergeant Cram is in South Carolina on a hunting trip as the guest of R. T. Wilson. Messengers have been sent into the woods to notify him of his mother's death.

FOR "A SON OF THE PEOPLE."

Cast for The New Theatre's Next Play Complete.

John Mason, who is to present Sophus Michaelis's drama, "A Son of the People," at The New Theatre next week, announced yesterday the full cast. Mr. Mason will play the rôle of Marc-Arron, and Kathryn Kaelred will have the part of Alaine, the principal feminine character.

The rest of the company consists of George Fawcett, Ivy Troutman, Walter Hale, William Randall, Frank McCormick, Carl Antony, Charles Goodrich, Louis Bresh and Thomas McLarnie. The English translation was made from the German by Stephen Ivor Szinnyey.

Next week Friday, March 4, a professional matinée of Besier's comedy, "Don," will be given at The New Theatre. The principal stars now appearing in New York and Brooklyn will be invited to occupy the Founders' boxes.

MADE FORTUNE IN VAUDEVILLE

And Lost It Where Irving Made His—Death of Thomas Barrasford.

News was received here yesterday of the death at Brighton, England, of Thomas Barrasford, the proprietor of a chain of vaudeville houses in England, Scotland, and on the European Continent. He was in his fifty-first year. He made a fortune by giving the public a good entertainment at prices ranging from 8 to 40 cents in Paris, Brussels, Lille, and Antwerp, as well as in England. He lost it when the old London Lyceum Theatre, where Henry Irving and Ellen Terry acted for so many years, was pulled down. Mr. Barrasford bought the site and erected a luxuriously furnished vaudeville house, in which he put on expensive acts, including operatic artists or repute and a famous ballet. The place failed to pay expenses. He was forced into bankruptcy, and the Lyceum was converted into a theatre, with a stock company playing melodrama at popular prices. In this guise it proved a big success. Mr. Barrasford left a widow and two grown sons.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Harrison Grey Fiske has engaged Cyril Chadwick to play Hilmar Tonessen with Mrs. Fiske in Ibsen's "The Pillars of Society." Mr. Chadwick has had much experience with George Edwardes's companies in London. He played here recently in "The Noble Spaniard."

Arrangements have been made for Harry Lauder to visit New Haven and Hartford before he returns to Europe. He will play in the first city on Feb. 28 and in the second on March 1, returning here to catch the Mauretania on March 2.

Adeline Boyer, a dancer who has been appearing in London for the past four months in a series of Jewish dances, is expected here to-day on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria to play an engagement in this country.

A part of Lew Fields's plans for the benefit performance to be given for Mrs. John Faust, mother of the late Lotta Faust, will be the appearance of Blanche Ring as a theatre treasurer. Miss Ring has offered to sell tickets in the box office for one hour on the day the benefit is given.

Robert A. Johnson.

Robert A. Johnson, who introduced irrigation into the Hawaiian Islands, died at the home of his sister, Mrs. William Snowden, 110 West Third Street, Bayonne, N. J., yesterday. Mr. Johnson was in the employ of Claus Spreckels from the time he was 20 years old. He was sent to the Hawaiian Islands, Philippines, and Japan as overseer of sugar plantations. He was in the Philippines during the war, and participated in the battle of Malabaum. He was struck by a bolo, and locomotor ataxia followed.

Obituary Notes.

MILLS GARDNER, aged 80, former Congressman and member of both branches of the Ohio Legislature, died at Washington Court House, Ohio, last night. He was one of the last Lincoln Electors in Ohio.

EDWARD HINMAN, father of State Senator Harvey D. Hinman, died on Saturday at his home in Pitcher, Chenango County, of pneumonia. He was in his seventy-seventh year.

H. C. PRICE, for many years a Winsted, Conn., merchant, died at the County Hospital yesterday, following a long illness. He was 59 years old. He is survived by his wife and three daughters.

THOMAS H. FAY, for several years Superintendent of the Holy Sepulchre Cemetery in Newark, died yesterday at his home, 222 Highland Avenue, Newark, N. J. Mr. Fay had been in failing health for about a year. He was 42 years old.

JOHN CORREJA, who was well known in New York years ago as an architect, died on Saturday at his home in Iselin, N. J., in his eighty-fifth year. He was born in New York, and was a graduate of the old Coudare Wheatsheaf Military Academy of this city.

Lieut. Col. EDWARD BIDDLE WATTS, an attorney for the Cumberland Valley Railroad, died at Carlisle, Penn., last night of congestion of the brain, aged 58 years. Col. Watts served in the Spanish-American war. He was well known in New York business circles.

JOHN GUIRE, for eight years director of the Monmouth County (N. J.) Board of Freeholders, died yesterday at Los Angeles, Cal. He was a Director of the Monmouth Memorial Hospital and for many years a Democratic leader in Eastern New Jersey. He leaves a widow.

ARTHUR IRVING FISKE, for several years head master of the Boston Latin School, died suddenly on Friday night at Portland, Conn., where he was visiting a sister, in his fifty-second year. He was on leave of absence from his school because of an attack of illness, from which he appeared to be recovering. He was graduated from Harvard in the Class of '69, and was tutor in Greek at the university for four years. He was appointed a master in the Boston Latin School in 1873, and for thirty years was head of the Greek department there.

JAMES GALL, JR., an engineer and landscape artist, died on Friday night at his home in Preakness, N. J., of paralysis. He began his career with the late Col. Waring in the laying out of Central Park and Prospect Park, Brooklyn. He fought during the civil war in the Virginia and Gettysburg campaigns. When the question of National cemeteries came up Mr. Gall was engaged to lay them out. The first one was at Vicksburg, and later he laid out the cemeteries at Chattanooga, Newport News, Gettysburg, and the Arlington Cemetery at Washington.

JOHN K. POELL, for many years a clerk in Bellevue Hospital, died on Saturday in the City Hospital on Blackwell's Island of neuritis. He was in his fifty-fifth year. He was born in Limerick, Ireland, of a Dutch father and an Irish mother. Some years ago his fellow-clerks told him that his salary had been raised from $25 to $30. On the strength of the report Poell went to a near-by butcher and left $5, telling him to supply any worthy families with meat. It was said that when the trustees of the hospital heard of what he had done they voted him the increase.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

ARNSTEIN.—Feb. 17, 374 Kelly St., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Arnstein, a daughter.

HANDMAN.—Feb. 16, 73 West 116th St., to Mr. and Mrs. Handman, a daughter.

KAHN.—Feb. 15, 609 West 137th St., to Mr. and Mrs. Mark Kahn, a daughter.

KRIDEL.—Feb. 19, Newark, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. M. Kridel, twin sons.

SARNOFF.—Feb. 16, 552 Riverside Drive, to Mr. and Mrs. Sarnoff, a daughter.

SOLOMON.—Feb. 13, 530 Riverside Drive, to Mr. and Mrs. E. Solomon, a daughter.

Married.

DOLLY—PETIT.—On Feb. 14, 1910, Alice E. Petit of Besrucon, France, to James E. Dolly of New York.

BOOTH—KENNEDY.—Feb. 8, Brenda Kennedy to Clinton H. Booth.

MAULLION—GRAUX.—Feb. 19, Marguerite Graux to George Maullion.

SASSERATH—FISCHER.—Feb. 14, Lennie Fischer to Murray Sasserath.

TREADWAY—COLES.—Feb. 16, Alice G. Coles to Henry H. Treadway.

WEINBAUM—NEWMAN.—Feb. 16, Carrie Newman to Nathan Weinbaum.

WERTHEIM—GREEN.—Feb. 19, Julia Green to Max Wertheim.

New Jersey.

HOUTS—COLYER.—Feb. 14, Hoboken, Grace Colyer to Samuel M. Houts.

STINER—COHEN.—Feb. 16, Paterson, Miriam Cohen to Joseph Stiner.

WELSH—THAYER.—Feb. 16, Newark, Elizabeth V. Thayer to William R. Welsh, Jr.

New York State.

ALBERT—DENNER.—Feb. 20, Hoosick Falls, Fannie Denner to Henry Albert.

Died.

ALTONNIAN.—Feb. 19, George Altonnian. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, West 23d St., (CAMPBELL BLDG.) Tuesday, 2 o'clock.

BETTS.—Suddenly, on Feb. 20, at her late residence, 135 Cottage Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., Pamela Brisley, beloved wife of Edward H. Betts. Funeral service at her late residence on Tuesday, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn.

BRADY.—On Sunday, Feb. 20, 1910, Peter J. Brady, son of the late Dr. P. J. Brady. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CORREJO.—At Iselin, N. J., Feb. 19, 1910, John Correjo, Sr., in his 84th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, Iselin, N. J., Tuesday, Feb. 22, at 4:15 P. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Jersey City 3:17 P. M., Penna. R. R.

CRAM.—On Saturday, Feb. 19, Kathrine, widow of Henry A. Cram and daughter of the late John Sergeant of Philadelphia. Services will be at Trinity Chapel on Tuesday morning, Feb. 22, at 10:30.

FOWLER.—Clara M., at her late residence, 252 West 131st St., on Saturday, Feb. 19, 1910. Interment Ossining, N. Y.

GERARD.—Feb. 14, Rebecca Grace Gerard, aged 46. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, West 23d St., Tuesday, 2 o'clock.

HALL.—Suddenly, on Friday, Feb. 18, Thomas R. A., beloved husband of Josephine N. Hall. Funeral services at the residence of his son, William W. Hall, 15 East 75th St., Monday afternoon, at 5 P. M., Feb. 21. Interment private.

HOWE.—Terre Haute, Ind., Feb. 17, of pneumonia, Edward Thorndike Howe of Glen Ridge, N. J., in his 39th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 39 Wildewood Terrace, Glen Ridge, N. J., at 2:30 P. M. Monday, Feb. 21. Interment private. Hartford papers please copy.

LEYPOLDT.—On Sunday, Feb. 20, 1910, at his residence, 143 West 93d St., Edward, son of the late Louis and Ulrika Leypoldt. Notice of funeral hereafter.

LONG.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Sunday, Feb. 20, 1910, Monroe Budd Long, M. D., aged 60 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 819 Park Av., Plainfield, on Wednesday, Feb. 23, at 11 A. M.

LYNCH.—On Friday, Feb. 18, 1910, Sarah, widow of William Lynch, in the 85th year of her age, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. James J. Coogan, 599 5th Av. Funeral services Monday morning at 10:30 A. M. at the Ladies' Chapel of St. Patrick's Cathedral, 5th Av. and 50th St. Interment private.

MORGAN.—On Sunday, Feb. 20, 1910, Emma, wife of Thomas Morgan. Funeral services at her late residence, 130 West 86th St., Wednesday, Feb. 23, at 10 o'clock.

MORGENROTH.—At White Plains, N. Y., on Saturday, Feb. 19, 1910, Gustavus A., in his 59th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, No. 1 Sterling Av., on Monday, Feb. 21, at 4 P. M.

O'NEILL.—Sunday, Feb. 20, 1910, Jane F. O'Neill, widow of Charles F. O'Neill, age 79 years. Funeral service at her late residence, 663 Greenwich St., Tuesday evening, Feb. 22, at 8 o'clock. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery.

PAGNON.—Joannes E., on Sunday, Feb. 20, 1910, at the French Hospital. Funeral from St. Vincent de Paul Church, 23d St. and 6th Av., at 10 A. M. Tuesday. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

BUSH.—Port Chester, N. Y., Feb. 19, 1910, Andrew L. Bush. Funeral service at his late residence, 479 King St., on Tuesday, 22d inst., at 2:30 P. M.

SIDENBERG.—On Saturday, Feb. 19, at her home, 48 West 56th St., Theresa, beloved wife of Gustavus Sidenberg. Funeral private.

STILWELL.—On Saturday, Feb. 19, 1910, Aimee Natalie Stilwell, age 25 years. Funeral services Monday evening, 8 o'clock, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. A. N. Lowes, 91 Broadway, Bayonne, N. J. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery Tuesday.

TRACY.—On Saturday, Feb. 19, 1910, Martha Sherman, wife of J. Evarts Tracy, in the 71st year of her age. Funeral services at 1,331 Prospect Av., Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, Feb. 22, at 3:30 P. M.

TRUEG.—On Sunday, Feb. 20, 1910, Edward H., beloved husband of Elise Bellwidt Trueg. Funeral from his late residence, 622 54th St., Brooklyn, Wednesday, 2 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

WARREN.—Suddenly, of apoplexy, in Dedham, Mass., Feb. 20, Samuel Dennis Warren, in his 57th year. Funeral private, notice later. Kindly omit flowers.

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Died.

WILLIAMS.—Sarah F., widow of John B. Williams, M. D., Feb. 20. Funeral services at her late residence, 220 Bergen St., Brooklyn, Wednesday at 11 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

BARTHOLOMEWS.—Delia, 1,289 1st Av., Feb. 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BRANDENSTEIN.—Susanne, 128 West 117th St., Feb. 19. Funeral to-day, noon.

CAHILL.—Ann, 2,079 Arthur Av., Bronx, Feb. 19. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

CANTONE.—Blanche L., 64 6th Av., Feb. 17.

CASEY.—William M., Lorrillard Place, Bronx, Feb. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.

CASSEL.—Isaac B., 251 West 114th St., Feb. 19. Funeral private.

COBY.—Peter, 220 East 39th St., Feb. 19.

COOPER.—Florence, 827 10th Av., Feb. 19.

DICKINSON.—Mary E., 443 Manor Road, West New Brighton, S. I., Feb. 19.

DOERR.—Mary A., 104 West 103d St., Feb. 19. Funeral service to-day.

EPSTEIN.—Matilda, 511 West 143d St., Feb. 19, aged 67. Funeral private.

GOLDSMITH.—Helena, 229 West 97th St., Feb. 18, aged 71. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

GOLDER.—James, 904 Union Av., Bronx, Feb. 18, aged 65. Funeral private.

HAMILTON.—Sarah E., 154 West 15th St., Feb. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HOUSTON.—Margaret, 428 East 57th St., Feb. 19. Funeral to-morrow.

HOLLINGER.—August, 428 West 124th St., Feb. 18, aged 47. Funeral to-day.

KAHN.—Simon, 1,673 Lexington Av., Feb. 18.

KAUFMAN.—Amelia, 139 East 72d St., Feb. 19. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

LEFKOVICS.—Hannah, 25 Avenue C, Feb. 19. Funeral notice later.

LEVY.—Rebecca, 124 East 76th St., Feb. 19. Funeral notice later.

McCAFFREY.—Joseph, 422 West 46th St., Feb. 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MAGINNESS.—Margaret, 57 West 117th St., Feb. 19. Funeral notice later.

O'CONNOR.—Daniel, 128 West 63d St., Feb. 18. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

O'NEILL.—Johanna, 1,061 1st Av., Feb. 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

POELL.—John K., City Hospital, Feb. 19, aged 54.

RUSSELL.—Mary, 446 East 79th St., Feb. 19. Funeral notice later.

SWIRES.—George, 1,433 Amsterdam Av., Feb. 19, aged 32. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

TALBOT.—Margaret N., 454 East 186th St., Feb. 19. Funeral to-day.

VIX.—Jacob, 715 West 180th St., Feb. 18. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

WILLIAMS.—Gladys, 2,128 Arthur Av., Bronx, Feb. 19, aged 15. Funeral service to-day.

Brooklyn.

EHRHORN.—Ann, Brooklyn Hospital, Feb. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

ELSTON.—Edgar B., 478 6th St., Feb. 19. Funeral service to-day.

GILLIGAN.—Agnes E., 741 Carroll St., Feb. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

GRANNEN.—Daniel, 1,396 Gates Av., Feb. 19. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HENRY.—William H., 47 Berkeley Place, Feb. 18.

HUGGINS.—James, 11 Clifton Place, Feb. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

LUHRS.—John E., 278 Hayward St., Feb. 18.

McBURNEY.—Annie W., 364 7th St., Feb. 19. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McCABE.—Francis J., 174A 8th St., Feb. 18, aged 42. Funeral to-morrow.

McCLOSKEY.—Mary, 1,908 Pacific St., Feb. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MORRIS.—Thomas, 633 Macon St., Feb. 19. Funeral notice later.

NUGENT.—Annie, 908 Kent Av., Feb. 18. Funeral to-day 9:30 A. M.

RHEINSTROM.—Barbara, 1,266 51st St., Feb. 19, aged 81. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

SKIPPER.—Eliza E., 355 Franklin Av., Feb. 18. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SOUTHWICK.—John F., 805 St. John's Place, Feb. 18. Funeral service to-day.

STRAUB.—Mary, 642 Putnam Av., Feb. 19. Funeral private.

SULLIVAN.—John J., 248 Lexington Av., Feb. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

WAACKS.—Christian J., Long Dock, Erie Basin, Feb. 19, aged 50. Funeral to-morrow.

New Jersey.

BOSCH.—George, Newark, Feb. 18, aged 23.

COATES.—A. Elizabeth, Finderne, Feb. 17, aged 79. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

DOYLE.—Mary, 20 Norfolk St., Newark, Feb. 19. Funeral to-morrow.

FUHRLEIN.—Dorette, 46 Park St., Jersey City, Feb. 19. Funeral to-day.

HEMMINGWAY.—Frances, Bellville, Feb. 19. Funeral notice later.

McHUGH.—Patrick, 135 Summit St., Newark, Feb. 19. Funeral to-morrow, 8 A. M.

MAITLAND.—Jean, 70 Front St., Newark, Feb. 15.

MOORE.—Lester, Atlantic Highlands, Feb. 19, aged 55. Funeral to-morrow, 1:15 P. M.

RAAB.—Casper, Montclair, Feb. 19, aged 65.

SCHNEIDER.—Maria E., 66 Chadwick Av., Newark, Feb. 19. Funeral to-day.

SEBRING.—Walter, 12 Treacy Av., Newark, Feb. 18.

TARPEY.—Edward, Newark, Feb. 18, aged 26.

USELMANN.—John, Newark, Feb. 18, aged 24. Funeral to-day, 7:30 A. M.

New York State.

CONNELLY.—Jerry, Irvington-on-Hudson, Feb. 17. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

DOKE.—Rebecca A., Mount Vernon, Feb. 18.

In Memoriam.

FARLEY.—In loving memory of William T. Farley, who died Feb. 21, 1906.

CARLIN.—Mary A., in memory of, died Feb. 22, 1907.

CASSIN.—Katharine L., mass, Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, Feb. 23, 8 A. M.

COHEN.—Rosa, in memory of, died Feb. 22, 1905.

GISEN.—Serette, unveiling monument, Cypress Hills Cemetery, Feb. 27, 2:30 P. M.

LAUFER.—Jacob, in memory of, died Feb. 21, 1909.

LYNCH.—Julia, mass, St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, N. J., Feb. 25, 8 A. M.

McBREEN.—Michael, mass, Holy Cross Church, to-morrow, 9 A. M.

McCAFFERY.—Harry J., mass, Church of Our Lady of Good Counsel, to-morrow, 10 A. M.

McCLATCHEY.—James F., mass, Church of the Blessed Sacrament, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

MADISON COUNCIL, NO. 4, Catholic Benevolent Legion.—Mass deceased members, Church of the Nativity, Brooklyn, to-morrow, 9 A. M.

MARCUS.—August, in memory of, died Feb. 21, 1904.

MULICK.—Mary, mass St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

MURPHY.—Jeunie M., in memory of, died Feb. 24, 1906.

THOMPSON.—George E., in memory of, died Feb. 22, 1906.

WEIL.—William, unveiling monument, Mount Hope Cemetery, Feb. 27, 2:30 P. M.

WIMMER.—Tillie M., in memory of, died Feb. 21, 1909.

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RACQUET CHAMPION LOST TO FINCKE

H. F. McCormick of Chicago Beaten in Semi-Final of Boston Tournament.

SHAW AND NEWYORKER LEFT

BOSTON, Feb. 20.—Reginald Fincke of the New York Racquet and Tennis Club put H. F. McCormick of the University Club, Chicago, the present National amateur racquet champion, out of the running in the present tournament by defeating him in one of the semi-final matches, 3 games to 1. G. R. Fearing, Jr., of this city was obliged to default his match with Quincy A. Shaw, also of Boston, in the other semi-final, so that the championship for 1910 lies between Fincke and Shaw. The match to decide the title will be played Tuesday afternoon at the Tennis and Racquet Club of this city.

The defeat of the champion was not a great surprise, as Fincke is rated as high as G. C. Clark, Jr., of New York, who won a victory over McCormick at Tuxedo recently. In the match with Fincke McCormick put up a great fight to remain in the tournament, but he was plainly nervous. In the first game, when Fincke tied the score at 13 McCormick set it at 5. Fincke scored 4 aces on misses by his opponent, but McCormick made it love-all with a run of 4, 2 of which were on misses, 1 on a fine place shot, and the other on service. Fincke was quickly put out, and then McCormick made a double fault, his opponent going in and winning the game on a service ace. The second game also went to Fincke because of his hot service and nice placing, but the champion came back strong in the third game, running it out with 7 aces. McCormick missed constantly in the fourth game, and so lost the contest. Summary:

Semi-Final Round, National Amateur Racquet Championship.—Quincy A. Shaw, Boston, won by default over G. Fearing, Jr.

Reginald Fincke, New York, defeated H. F. McCormick, Chicago, 18—17, 15—11, 14—17, 15—9.

JOCKEYS WILL SOON REPORT.

Prominent Riders Leave Southern Tracks to Join Their Stables.

With the racing season about New York opening in nine weeks the stables on Long Island are making ready and every fine morning the horses are sent along in galloping exercises. Gravesend, as usual, is particularly well filled with horses in training and Sheepshead Bay has sheltered a greater number through the Winter than ever before. The racing at Jacksonville and Tampa has attracted several owners who in other seasons have been content to rest their horses, but even from those points plans are being laid to bring some of the strings to New York for a short rest before the arduous training for the long Summer campaign.

Some of the large racing establishments require that the stable jockeys report at the stable March 1 and this will take some of the best riders away from the Winter tracks. Both Eddie Dugan and J. Creevy, who have ridden at Juarez, have left for the East and this week will be galloping horses and becoming acquainted with the lot they have to ride during the season. Creevy will report to Thomas Healey, who has the horses of Richard T. Wilson, Jr., at Belmont Park, and Dugan will either go to Thomas Welsh at Gravesend or to John Whalen, who is still at the Belmont farm with his division. Butwell, who has been signed to ride for James R. Keene, will leave Jacksonville to-night and he is due to take up his contract with Trainer James Rowe at Sheepshead Bay.

Several other jockeys that are under contract are coming on and before the end of next week both Sheepshead Bay and Gravesend will show new life and the trainers will before long be sending their charges along seriously.

GIANTS PRACTICE TO-DAY.

Eighteen Players Join the Colony of Youngsters at Marlin.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, Feb. 20.—The baseball season in the South practically began to-day, when eighteen new players dropped into Marlin on a special train and made the total colony number twenty-five. The Giants who arrived to-day included several of the veterans and a lot of youngsters who had to be introduced to their teammates. The incoming party consisted of Pitchers Mathewson, Marquard, Buck, Klawitter, Bell, Raymond, and Parsons; Outfielders Devore, Shaw, Williams, Collins, and Kommers, and First Baseman Spencer. Wilbur Robinson, the veteran catcher, came along to handle the young pitchers, and accompanying him was Arlie Latham, who will have charge of the fun department. Ed. McCall, the negro trainer, arrived with the uniforms, bats, and balls, and practice will begin to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

McGraw did not catch the train at St. Louis, but he wired ahead for Robinson to take charge and go ahead with the work of training. He will probably arrive here to-morrow afternoon. There is a train a day from the East.

The appearance of Raymond was a great surprise to the other players, who had an impression that he would not be with the team this year. He is looking well, and says he has been taking care of himself for several weeks. He has promised to keep away from drink all season. If he does McGraw expects to have a winning pitcher in him.

Williams, the new outfielder, who is a full-blooded Oneida Indian, attracted a lot of attention. He is a typical redskin, but is not nearly so large and bulky as Myers. The two Indians are rooming together, though they were total strangers until this afternoon.

CARRIED OUT HIS ORDERS.

President Ebbets Explains His Position on National League Schedule.

President Charles H. Ebbets of the Brooklyn Baseball Club says he is greatly pleased with the adoption of the 154-game schedule and thinks it is the best the National League has ever adopted. Mr. Ebbets says that the baseball public has misunderstood his position in the schedule matter. He says:

"Whatever I did in the preparation of the 168-game schedule was done after I had received the unanimous approval of my colleagues, who by their unanimity of action on Dec. 18, 1909, voted to play 168 games. I worked hard and faithfully to do what I was instructed to do by the National League.

"Up to last Tuesday I supposed that six clubs favored the 168-game schedule, as frequent expressions to me of a voluntary nature upon this subject led to that deduction. I was greatly surprised to find when we assembled for this meeting that, for reasons unknown to me, some of my colleagues had changed their views. As my vote would not decide the schedule proposition, and recognizing the justice of the position of the Philadelphia, Chicago, and St. Louis Clubs, I therefore cast my vote with theirs for the purpose of obtaining changes in the 154-game schedule as they desired."

Mr. Ebbets says that when he was making up the 168-game schedule he, as Chairman of the Schedule Committee, telegraphed President Ban Johnson of the American League to make some minor changes in his programme, so as to avoid some of the twenty-one double-headers the 168-game plan would have necessitated. The Brooklyn owner says that, although the American League schedule would not have been weakened by these minor changes, Mr. oJhnson refused to consider them.

Baseball Practice at N. Y. U.

Baseball practice is now well under way at University Heights. The indoor cage of the New York University has been erected in the gymnasium, and practice is held daily. Many of last year's team are still in college, and several promising candidates have been found in the freshman class.

With their first intercollegiate meet only two weeks off, the New York University gymnasium team is working hard to prepare for the contest, which will be with Yale at University Heights on March 5. Next Saturday night the team will give an exhibition at Lesher's Gymnasium at Rye, N. Y. The team has been materially strengthened by Werner again taking up work on the mat.

Preparatory School Day at New York University will be held this year on Saturday, April 23. The committee has been appointed, and it is busily engaged sending out entry blanks and arranging for the games, which will be held in the afternoon. Invitations will go to about seventy-five preparatory schools in the vicinity of New York.

MOTOR BOATS FIND READY PURCHASERS

Growth of Industry Shown in Madison Square Garden Has Been Phenomenal.

CHEAPER THAN STEAM YACHT

The growth of the motor industry for marine purposes in the last few years has been almost phenomenal. The display of motor boats in Madison Square Garden fully demonstrates the progress made, not only in the building and type of the boats, but also in the engines. When the gasoline motor was first declared to be practical there were few who would take chances with it. High-speed boats were looked upon more as toys, and the practical end of the boat was lost sight of by the few yachtsmen who were able or inclined to purchase them. Others, realizing that the engine was one which could be developed and used on cruising craft, set to work to show the practicability of the motor, and while their efforts were watched with much interest, it was some time before others realized that in boats, up to a certain size, the gas engine would eventually supplant the steam engine.

Although the show has been open but one day, exhibitors are reporting sales, and several of the boats now on exhibition at the Garden have already found purchasers, while others, who have their own ideas of what a motor boat should be, have placed orders with the builders for boats of special design and construction.

The attractions at the Garden are many, and the interest shown by the general public in the different types of boats points conclusively to the fact that the motor boat, whether for speed or pleasure, has come to stay.

The advantages of the marine gasoline motor are many. The cost is less than for steam engines, so that the first outlay is much less than if a steam craft is wanted. The gasoline motor takes very little room in a boat. It can be stowed under the cabin or cockpit floor, where it can accomplish its object unseen. There are no fires or boilers necessary to keep the motor going, no fires to bank when the motor stops, and consequently no fuel is used when the boat is at anchor. There is no delay in starting, and the motor does not take an hour or two to get power up and does not need a licensed engineer to run it. In a very small craft, such as a fisherman's dory, it saves an immense amount of work.

In a larger boat the gasoline motor is even more economical. It takes so little room, even with the tank for the gasoline, that a seventy-five-foot yacht driven by a gasoline engine will have more accommodation on board than a 100-foot steam yacht. A steam yacht of that size would require a crew of about seven or eight men. Four, at most, will take care of the gasoline yacht. There will be dust, dirt, and heat from the steam; the gasoline motor is clean and cool, and, what is more important to the owner, better speed can be had with a gasoline motor than with a steam engine, at a much less cost of running on fuel consumption alone.

The interest manifested in the show at the Garden is another evidence of the growing popularity of the motor boat. A large percentage of the visitors show a surprising knowledge of the technical construction of the boats, while the majority of the visitors who have attended the show show a seriousness in their inquiries that is entirely foreign at an automobile exhibition.

DEFEND HARMSWORTH CUP.

F. K. Burnham's Fast Power Boat to Race Against British Entries.

What promises to be one of the fastest racing power boats that has been built for a long time is now fast nearing completion at Robert Jacob's yard at City Island. She is the property of Frederick K. Burnham of the Thousand Islands Yacht Club, and is from designs by Henry J. Gielow.

It was Mr. Burnham's intention when he ordered her to have the boat defend the famous Gold Challenge Cup of the American Power Boat Association, which is now held by the Thousand Islands Yacht Club, and which has recently been challenged for by several of the prominent clubs situated on the St. Lawrence River.

Since then, however, the Motor Boat Club of America, the custodian of the Harmsworth Cup, has received a challenge from Great Britain for a contest this Summer for that trophy. And it is now quite likely that Mr. Burnham's new boat will be seen at Huntington Harbor, or wherever the international race is held, before she goes to the St. Lawrence.

One of the requirements in boats challenging for or defending the Harmsworth Trophy is that they shal not exceed forty feet over-all length. Mr. Burnham's boat is 39 feet 11 inches over all, with exactly the same load waterline length. She has an extreme beam of 5 feet 9 inches and her draught does not exceed 10 inches. The waterline is fairly full, running in an unbroken sweep from the fore-foot to the stern. The deck is full forward, which, combined with a liberal freeboard, should make her an exceedingly steady boat in any seaway.

The motive power of the craft will consist of an eight-cylinder, four-cycle Sterling engine, capable of developing not less than 240 horse power. The bedplate is of aluminium bronze to secure lighiness, but the other parts of the machinery are of the usual metals. It is expected that the boat will be ready for her first trial runs not later than May 1.

Slow Time in Hillside A. A. Run.

Several attempts have been made to lower the time of 18 minutes and 45 seconds for the three and one-half mile course of the Hillside Athletic Association, which was made by Joe Bedell, and yesterday another attempt was made but proved unsuccessful, as the time of the winner, C. Ressineco of the Irish-American Club was 20 minutes. Ressineco ran a fast race, being forced all the way by C. Burnis of the Xavier Club, but the former was strong at the finish and opened a large gap in the last quarter, winning easily. The order of finish:

C. Ressineco, Irish-American A. C.; C. Burnis, Xavier A. A.; L. A. Stultz, Glencoe, A. C.; C. Reed, Hillside A. A.; J. McKenna, Riverside A. C.; J. Taylor, unattached; T. O'Gara, Pastime A. C.; F. Tenny, unattached; H. Bauer, Hillside A. A.; C. Ford, Morningside A. C.

PELHAM LEADS IN SHOOT.

High Gun in Week-End Event at Larchmont Yacht Club Traps.

The week end shoot of the Larchmont Yacht Club at the Larchmont traps yesterday was largely attended and in spite of a strong wind inshore, the gunners made good scores. The honors of the day went to F. Pelham, who was high gun and also winner of the February cup event. J. Ross Collins also got first place in two events. A team shoot was an added feature and was won by W. B. Smith and E. A. Wilson. W. D. Wells won the eliminating match, hitting 35 birds straight. The scores:

High Gun, Scratch, Out of a Possible 125 Birds, Unknown Angles.—W. J. Elias, 98; F. Pelham, 110; H. H. Wells, 92; R. S. Spotts, 105; W. B. Smith, 106; K. R. Hooker, 100; E. A. Wilson, 105; J. G. Batterson, 108; J. Ross Collins, 107.

Twenty-five Birds, Handicap, Unknown Angles, for Leg on Sauer Gun.—W. J. Elias, 24; F. Pelham, 24; H. L. Wells, 18; W. B. Short, 23; R. S. Spotts, 21; W. B. Smith, 22; K. R. Hooker, 24; E. A. Wilson, 25; J. G. Batterson, 22; J. Ross Collins, 25; A. B. Alley, 13.

Twenty-five Birds, Handicap, Unknown Angles, for Leg on W. B. Short's February Cup.—W. J. Elias, 20; F. Pelham, 25; H. H. Wells, 20; W. B. Short, 20; R. S. Spotts, 21; W. B. Smith, 23; K. R. Hooker, 19; E. A. Wilson, 22; J. G. Batterson, 24; J. Ross Collins, 24; A. B. Alley, 19.

Twenty-five Birds, Handicap, Unknown Angles, for Leg on Accumulative Cup.—W. J. Elias, 23; F. Pelham, 24; H. H. Wells, 17; W. B. Short, 22; R. S. Spotts, 22; W. B. Smith, 18; K. R. Hooker, 21; E. A. Wilson, 21; J. G. Batterson, 21; J. Ross Collins, 25; E. G. Smith, 20.

Wickham's World's Swimming Record.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Feb. 20.—Alec Wickham to-day swam 50 yards in 23 3-5 seconds. This is a new world's record. Wickham held the former record of 24 3-5 seconds for 50 yards straightaway.

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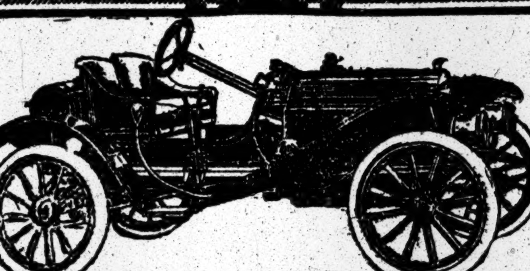

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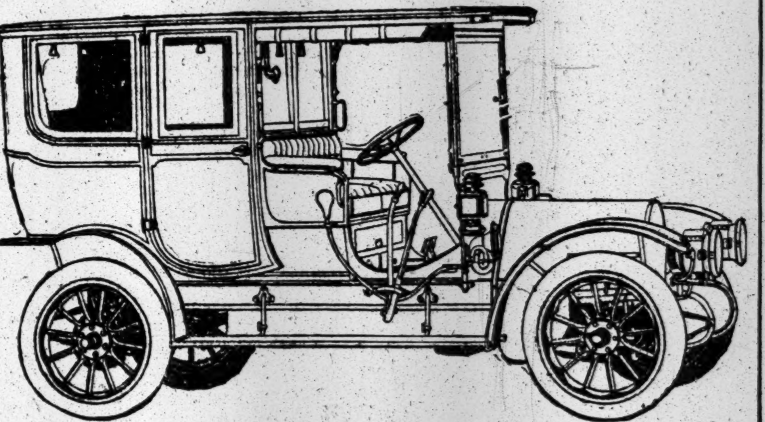

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THE COMMODITIES MARKET.

Wheat Damage Reports Follow Melting Snows—Corn Shows Poor Grading—Hogs Scarce—Cotton Weak.

GRAIN.—The conditions which have prevailed the past week in the wheat market have resulted in an active and rather broad market. Prices advanced rapidly, and at the high point showed a gain of between 4c and 5c from the low of the previous week. From this advance there was a quick reaction of 1c to 2c a bushel on profit taking, and a pause in the speculative demand. The buying appeared to be largely in the way of covering shorts on the reports of damage to the growing crop.

The crop reports have put on quite a serious tone and there were a great many advices of damage to the crop in the Southwest. It was claimed that the damage was quite serious as a result of the heavy rains the early part of the Winter, flooding the fields. The water froze in the low ground, and either smothered the wheat or else when the ice lifted pulled the roots of the wheat out of the ground. There have been a good many complaints. Whether the damage is of a widespread character or not is as yet uncertain, but the market was nervous and easily influenced.

The crop has been covered with snow since the opening of the season until about ten days ago. The covering was about on a line with the Ohio River and part of the time south of the Ohio River. The snow disappeared in the Southwest about ten days ago, and the damage reports came in. During the past week there has been a heavy storm over a good portion of the Southwest, and even down to Texas there has been snow and the fields are generally well protected.

There has been a marked falling off in the movement of wheat at the interior. The receipts during the past week have decreased 100,000 bushels compared with the previous week, and this decrease has been quite a factor in the situation. Even with the heavy movement since Jan. 1, the visible supply has decreased a little, while the receipts were nearly double last year. With this falling off in the movement there is presented the possibility of a very rapid decrease in the visible, while the size of the visible is much less than last year to begin the usual Spring decrease in stocks. If the distribution for the balance of the season is at all in keeping with the distribution so far this season there is likelihood of a very rapid and heavy drain upon visible supply points. The apparent distribution this season has been slightly over 50,000,000 bushels in excess of last year. The bear claim is that this excess in distribution has filled up all the possible demand, and the requirements for the balance of the season will be correspondingly reduced. They also claim that the farm reserves reported March 1 will show a large total compared with last year. On the other hand the point is strongly brought out that this increased distribution is the result of the situation at the end of the old crop when all stocks were depleted; that the movement from the farms has been larger than last year as shown in the increase in the primary movement, and therefore the amount to be shown on the farm will be only moderately increased over last year, notwithstanding the increased size of the crop.

Corn has also been active and decidedly irregular. The market advanced sharply in sympathy with wheat and on the reports of somewhat lighter movement from the country. The primary receipts for the week showed a decrease of 1,000,000 bushels, compared with the previous week. The receipts were, however, 2,000,000 bushels in excess of last year. The weather conditions were against a large movement on account of the severe storm throughout the country. The market Friday showed a very rapid decline from the high point, owing to large selling, led by a leading commission house, which has been against the market for the entire season. This house put out very bearish statements on the situation, predicting a rapid decline in values as a result of alleged large supplies to be shown in farmers' hands March 1, as a result of heavy accumulation of stocks at points not shown in the visible supply, in the belief that the country was speculatively long of corn and would have to liquidate. It was asserted that there were large stocks at points outside the visible supply points, and that the conditions of the market on that account were decidedly adverse. It was also claimed that owing to the great deficiency in the hog supply of the country the consumption would be decidedly less than last year. Against this is the severity of the past Winter and the actual increase in the needs of the country for feeding purposes for all stock, which naturally has consumed a large amount of corn. The position of cash corn at the West is a very interesting one. The quality of the corn has been rather unsatisfactory this year, and the grading has been poor, owing to the high percentage of moisture. Contract corn has been selling for car lots only about 3 cents a bushel under May at Chicago, but the low grades of corn, however, have been very weak, and quotations have ranged all the way from 50c up to about 64c. There has, however, been a good demand for the corn which would be dried and made into contract corn.

Oats moved over about the same course as corn. Prices advanced quite rapidly, with a rather broad trade. The feeling was of a decidedly bullish character, and the advance in the market brought a good deal of speculative support. The buying was increased by a decrease of receipts and the strength of cash oats. The Western receipts for the week decreased 900,000 bushels, while the interior shipments were of a liberal character. Toward the close of the week there was a good reaction on profit taking, largely the result of the decline in corn and the wheat market.

The provision market has been active and strong, advancing to new high levels. This advance has been the direct result of the live hog movement. Live hog receipts have been small and record quotations have been made through the West at prices from $9.40 to $9.60 in different markets, and in Chicago the highest quotations with one exception since the civil war. The receipt of hogs has not increased, and the country seems to be slowly accepting the Government statement of the official decrease in the supply of hogs this season. In 1870 hogs sold at 10c a pound in Chicago for a short time. The packing during the past week showed another decrease of about 30,000 hogs, and the decrease in packing this season has been 2,610,000 hogs. The stocks of product at Chicago, while they have increased a little, have not gained at all in keeping with the gains in ordinary years, and the close of the Winter season, which is near at hand, will show only a small accumulation of product throughout the country.

COTTON.

The cotton market went through a week of decided interest and pronounced weakness. There was a decline of 100 points during the week, with the lowest prices made Saturday. The decline in the market was the direct result apparently of renewed liquidation and the absence of sufficient developments on the bull side to either check the selling of long cotton on the one hand or to bring fresh support to the market on the other. The early part of the week the market suffered from the selling of a line of long cotton estimated at about 75,000 bales. This carried the market off ½c a pound. On this break the buying of March and May by a big spot house in the way of undoing of spreads against later deliveries steadied the market. This buying seemed to be effective up to Saturday.

Saturday morning the selling pressure began with tremendous liquidation in Liverpool, where it was stated by private cables that 125,000 bales of cotton were sold by American interests, and during the morning here there was about as much more put on the local market. Prices suffered another ½c loss during the short session of Saturday, closing a little over the low.

The situation of the market is a very peculiar and interesting one. The selling during the past week was generally believed to be the wind-up of the big bull lines accumulated during the last advance, when every one was confident, or appeared to be, of 20c cotton. The selling was looked upon as the relinquishing of the last hope of a renewal of any big upward movement of cotton values again this season. The tremendous liquidation which the market has gone through with and the eremendous setback which bull speculation has received make the revival of bull speculation this season without the injection of some new conditions later a very uncertain quantity.

The advance in prices evidently did what it was feared they would not do. The advance apparently checked the distribution of cotton to a sufficient extent to arouse confidence that the demand for the year would be brought within the supply for the year. One of the important results of speculation is to so affect prices during periods of scarcity as to make the pinch of scarcity felt before exhaustion of supplies, and compel economy of distribution. The level of prices during the past year has evidently done this to a certain extent. The fact that prices have been for the raw material above the distributing level for product is shown very clearly in the report on the English spinning industries for the past year, exhibiting a greater loss during the past than the entire loss of the previous twenty-five years put together. This shows that the advance of prices has carried the raw material above the parity of the distributing demand of England, and it is quite possible that a similar condition has prevailed on the Continent.

In America the wage situation at Fall River is possibly another illustration of this condition. For several periods of six months the wage scale at Fall River has been the minimum one, according to the margin of profit between raw cotton and the finished goods. That the operatives have been paid more is simply the desire of manufacturers to be as fair as possible to their labor notwithstanding the extremely limited profits. This small margin of profit meaning the lowest wage scale, shows that the demand for product in this country has not kept pace with the advance in spot cotton.

During the last few weeks there has been a very marked falling off in the world's takings of American cotton. For three weeks past the takings have decreased about 26 per cent., compared with the takings of last year. During the six weeks' period just ended the takings have decreased 24.2 per cent. During the ten weeks just ended the decrease has been 23 per cent., and this season to date the decrease has been 16.4 per cent. If the takings of American cotton the balance of the season should be at the same rate as the past three weeks the total for the season would be just under 11,000,000 bales, or a decrease of about 2,200,000 bales from last year.

There is also quite a decided difference of opinion as to the supplies for the season. An analysis of the supplies now unmarketed in the Southern towns would indicate probabilities of a larger movement for the balance of the season than seems likely in view of the Government estimate of the crop. Taking into consideration the accepted estimates of the visible and invisible supplies of cotton at the opening of the season the Government estimate of the crop, the probable crop of other growths in other countries, the total carry over at the end of the season would be about 4,700,000 bales, or 2,000,000 bales less than the carry over last September. If, however, the distribution of American cotton is reduced to the extent which now appears reasonable in view of the recent developments in the distribution the total carry over may be decidedly more. The world's takings of cotton last year were placed at 17,075,000 bales, including about 13,100,000 bales American. With a possible decrease of approximately 2,000,000 bales in the takings of American cotton, as now seems possible, the total world's takings on the basis of the same amount of other cotton as last year would be reduced just this amount, and the carry over at the end of the season would apparently be changed but little from that of a year ago.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—Forecast for Monday and Tuesday for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Rain Monday; warmer in interior. Tuesday partly cloudy and colder; moderate variable winds.

South Carolina—Rain and warmer Monday. Tuesday unsettled; moderate variable winds.

Georgia—Rain and warmer Monday. Tuesday partly cloudy; colder in northern and western portions; light to moderate variable winds.

Florida—Partly cloudy, probably rain in northwestern portion Monday; warmer in northeastern portion. Tuesday unsettled; colder in northwestern portion; moderate southerly winds, becoming northerly over northwestern portion.

Alabama—Rain Monday. Tuesday partly cloudy and much colder; moderate southerly winds, shifting to northerly by Monday night.

Mississippi and Louisiana—Rain, followed by clearing colder in northern and western portions Monday. Tuesday fair and colder; moderate northerly winds.

Eastern Texas—Rain in southern, fair in northern portions; colder Monday. Tuesday fair; moderate variable winds, becoming northerly.

Western Texas—Partly cloudy and colder Monday. Tuesday fair, except snow in the Panhandle.

Utah—Local rains or snows Monday and probably Tuesday.

Oklahoma and Kansas—Fair and colder Monday. Tuesday fair.

Arkansas and Missouri—Fair and colder, with a cold wave Monday. Tuesday fair.

Tennessee—Fair in western, rain in eastern portion Monday; colder; cold wave in western portion. Tuesday fair; colder in eastern portion.

Kentucky and Indiana—Rain or snow, followed by clearing and colder, with a cold wave Monday. Tuesday fair.

Ohio—Rain or snow and much colder Monday. Tuesday fair and colder, except snow near the lake; moderate northerly winds.

Illinois and Wisconsin—Fair and colder, with a cold wave Monday. Tuesday fair; moderate northerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Snow and colder, with a cold wave Monday. Tuesday fair; moderate northerly winds.

Upper Michigan—Clearing and colder, with a cold wave Monday. Tuesday fair.

Minnesota—Fair Monday; colder in eastern portion. Tuesday fair.

Iowa—Fair and colder Monday; cold wave in eastern portion. Tuesday fair.

North Dakota—Fair and continued cold Monday; probably snow in extreme western portion. Tuesday probably snow.

South Dakota and Nebraska—Fair in eastern portion, snow in western portion Monday; colder in southern portions. Tuesday probably snow.

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Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; J. S. Elmland, cloaks and suits; 684 Broadway.

Eisinger, Dessauer & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Mr. Eisinger, hosiery and underwear; 258 Church Street.

Fair, Chicago, Ill.; H. Greve, toys, musical instruments, and willowware, horse goods and harness; B. M. Thomas, stationery and leather goods; 684 Broadway.

Kinnane-Sullivan Company, Springfield, Ohio; J. J. Kinnane, ribbons, silks, and dress goods; Miss C. C. Cramer, art and fancy goods; Mary E. Plogeman, house furnishing goods; T. H. Sullivan, leather goods, laces, and jewelry; Hotel Navarre.

Boggs & Buhl, Pittsburg, Penn.; T. A. Neely, china and glass, 45 East Seventeenth Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Robert, John A., & Co., Utica, N. Y.; C. L. Snyder, upholstery goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Sherer, C. T., Company, Worcester, Mass.; A. J. Vian, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.

Weber, H., Sons Company, Zanesville, Ohio; B. F. Weber, notions and laces; Miss M. Pfeiffer, millinery; 817 Broadway; Hotel Wellington.

White, Z. L., Company, Columbus, Ohio; J. G. Likes, notions, ribbons, hosiery and furnishing goods; A. J. Scott, muslin underwear, corsets, and house furnishing goods; Hotel Imperial.

McCreery & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; Miss K. Shields, corsets; 214 Church Street.

Mannheimer Brothers, St. Paul, Minn.; J. A. Velron, furnishing goods; 320 Church Street; Hotel King Edward.

Hamburger, A., & Sons, Los Angeles, Cal.; W. O. Telliver, domestics; 487 Broadway; Hotel Long Acre.

Haeff, M., & Brother, San Antonia, Tex.; H. Leopold, notions and furnishing goods; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Long Acre.

Marks, A., Sons, Amsterdam, N. Y.; Carl Marks, millinery, laces, and ribbons; Hotel Wellington.

Stanton, C. H., Westerly, R. I.; house furnishing goods; Hotel Wellington.

Umstadter-Myers Company, Norfolk, Va.; A. M. Umstadter, dry goods; Hotel York.

Martin & Naylor Company, Gloversville, N. Y.; Miss C. Wells, laces and trimmings; Miss B. Croner, neckwear; 320 Church Street; Hotel York.

Leatherbury, Webster & Co., Baltimore, Md.; L. C. Leatherbury, millinery; Hotel York.

Field, Schlick & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; C. H. Greoza, jewelry and stationery; 45 East Seventeenth Street; Hotel Woodward.

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MacInnes, J. C., Company, Worcester, Mass.; R. E. Olney, millinery; G. J. Thompson, millinery; Miss A. Donahue, millinery; Miss E. Weir, millinery; 57 White Street; Hotel Navarre.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; F. H. Myers, dress goods; Hotel Cadillac.

Elliott-Taylor-Woolfenden Company, Detroit, Mich.; C. W. Bieber, ribbons and ladies' neckwear; 31 Union Square; Hotel Cadillac.

Lazarus Brothers, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; C. E. Wonderley, dress goods and silks; Hotel Grand.

Barie, William, Wry Goods Company, Saginaw, Mich.; W. D. Broome, ribbons and leather goods; Hotel Grand.

Watts Brothers Company, Lynchburg, Va.; R. J. Watts, Jr., linens, hosiery, notions, and furnishing goods; 258 Church Street.

Mannheimer Brothers, St. Paul, Minn.; Miss C. Cavanagh, trimmings; 320 Church Street.

Lasalle & Koch Company, Toledo, Ohio; J. R. Fairley, carpets; L. Epstein, curtains; Hotel Cadillac.

Newcomber, M. M., Company, Knoxville, Tenn.; M. M. Newcomber, dress goods and silks; Hotel Cadillac.

Schuster, Edward, Company, Milwaukee, Wis.; L. Arnstein, toys; 31 Union Square; Hotel Grand.

Pellitier Company, Sioux City, Iowa; J. Ervin, house furnishing goods; 45 East Seventeenth Street; Hotel Grand.

Wren, E., Company, Springfield, Ill.; R. Staley, rugs; 41 Union Square; Hotel Grand.

Sibley, Lindsey & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; W. P. Briggs, china; W. H. Mosher, house furnishing goods; 454 Broome Street; Hotel Grand.

Dey Brothers & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss S. Mara, ribbons, 31 Union Square; Hotel Victoria.

Upson, Singleton & Co., Waterbury, Conn.; B. R. Singleton, clothing; Hotel Victoria.

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Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss E. Goldberg, misses' and children's coats and suits; D. Saunders, crockery; Sixth Avenue and Nineteenth Street; Hotel Lathan; J. Boach, gloves and ribbons; Hotel Seville.

Wyckoff, A. B., Stroudsburg, Penn.; dry goods; The Breslin.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the Matter of the application of NEW YORK & OHIO BUCKLE CO. for authority to change its corporate name to NEW YORK BUCKLE CO.

Notice is hereby given that the New York & Ohio Buckle Co., a domestic corporation having its principal business office in the City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I, thereof, to be held in and for the County of New York at the County Court House in said county, on the 28th day of February, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to the New York Buckle Co.

Dated New York City, February 2d, 1910.
NEW YORK & OHIO BUCKLE CO.,
By JOSEPH SCHANZ, President.
HERMAN GOLDMAN, Attorney for New York & Ohio Buckle Co., 13-21 Park Row, Bor. of Manhattan, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the application of the MANHATTAN SHOE CO. for authority to change its name to THE RICE & HUTCHINS NEW YORK CO.—Notice of application for order to change name.

Notice is hereby given that the Manhattan Shoe Co., a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the City, County, and State of New York, Borough of Manhattan, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, for the County of New York, at a Special Term, Part I, thereof, to be held at the Court House thereof in the City and County of New York, on the 24th day of February, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing the said corporation to change its corporate name to The Rice & Hutchins New York Co.

Dated New York City, February 5th, 1910.
MANHATTAN SHOE CO.,
By THEODORE M. BROWN, President.
LESSER BROTHERS, Attorneys for Applicant, 299 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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Jos. Zindler, ("Empire" Waist,) 135 Wooster.
LEATHER GOODS.
Weiss M'f'g Co., 418 Broadway, cor. Canal.
MISSES' DRESSES.
A. Adler, 928 B'way. (Also Women's Neckw'r)
NECKWEAR—Men's.
Louis Auerbach, 842, 844, & 846 Broadway.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 B'way
Keiser Cravats, 10-16 West 20th Street.
NECKWEAR—Women's.
Ostrich & Fancy Feather Boa Co., 28 E. 10th
PAPER & CHINA SOUVENIRS for Dinners.
Theo. Metzeler, 46 Vesey Street.
PERFUME AND TALCUM POWDERS.
C. H. Selick, "Florentine," 56 Leonard St.
RAINCOATS.
Harris Raincoat Co., 87-89 Fifth Avenue.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 31 Maiden Lane.
SUSPENDERS, BELTS, AND GARTERS.
Knothe Bros., 122 Fifth Avenue.
SWEATERS & LADIES' BATHING SUITS.
Progressive Knitting Works, 31 Union Sq.
TOYS, NOVELTIES, AND EASTER GOODS.
Playmate Toy Mfg. Co., 152 Bleecker Street.
H. Rosenstein, 36 Warren St.
TRAVELING BAGS AND SUIT CASES.
S. Rosenhaupt, 418-422 Broadway.
WOMEN'S NECKWEAR AND BELTS.
James R. Kaiser, 10-16 West 20th Street.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

NOTICE OF RECEIVER'S SALE IN BANKRUPTCY.—United States District Court, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of UNITED STATES PAPER EXPORT ASSOCIATION, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, the undersigned, Daniel F. McIntosh, the Receiver in Bankruptcy of United States Paper Export Association, will sell, by Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on February 21, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, together, in bulk, and as a whole, all the property, assets, and effects of said bankrupt now in the possession of said Receiver or to the possession of which he is or may hereafter become entitled, together with the goodwill of the business heretofore conducted by said bankrupt at No. 17 Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, and together with the sole and exclusive right to use the name "United States Paper Export Association," and including also all orders heretofore received by said bankrupt or by said Receiver and not now being filled by said Receiver, and including also all orders that may hereafter be received by said Receiver or at the office of said bankrupt (but not including any orders now being filled by said Receiver or any moneys of said bankrupt that now are or may hereafter be in bank or that now are or may hereafter come into the possession of said Receiver or any drafts or promissory notes heretofore discounted by said bankrupt with various banks, on which drafts and notes said bankrupt is contingently liable in the event that the acceptors or makers thereof, as the case may be, fail to pay any one or more of them at maturity.)

A further general description of the property, assets and effects so to be sold is as follows: Paper, stationery, drafts, notes, open accounts, office furniture and fixtures, samples, books, files, records, etc. A schedule of all the property, assets, and effects so to be sold may be inspected at the office of said Receiver, 17 Battery Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on February 17th and 18th, 1910, between the hours of 2 P. M. and 5 P. M. So much of said property as is in the City of New York may also be inspected on said days, between the hours aforesaid, at said Receiver's office, and at Duval Company's Storehouse, 131 Franklin Street, and at Jackson Brothers' Storehouse, 365 South Street, in said Borough and City.

The Receiver reserves the right to withdraw said property, assets, and effects from sale unless the sale realizes 75 per cent. or more of the appraised value thereof.

Dated, New York City, February 15, 1910.
DANIEL F. McINTOSH, Receiver,
17 Battery Place, New York City.
EISMAN, LEVY, CORN & LEWINE, Attorneys for Receiver, 135 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHEL A. BELLUSCIO, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Feb. 21, 1910, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at Rye, Westchester County, N. Y., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of boots, shoes, notions, furnishings, dry goods, fixtures, &c.
COLIN W. McLENNAN, Receiver.
CARELL & HENKEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

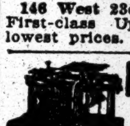
IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HILL-WRIGHT ELECTRIC CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Feb. 21, 1910, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 105 Reade St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of complete plant for the manufacture of renewed incandescent electric lamps, also lease of premises. WILLIAM A. RUMSEY, Trustee. CLARENCE E. MUNDY, Attorney for Trustee, 15 William St., New York.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED 5½¢ PER DAY
$5 FOR 3 MONTHS
Our trade connections give us the pick of the latest models in all makes. Every machine is in fine working order, and we will keep it so during term of rental. WE SELL rebuilt machines at a saving of 50% to 75%. Year's guarantee.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 1½ Barclay St.
5 Doors from B'way. Tel. 5915 Barclay

SLIP COVERS

Made to order. Direct from the manufacturer.
5 Pieces $4.35
The best Belgian Damask, allowing 20 yards; perfect fit guaranteed.
'Phone or send postal and experienced upholsterer will call with samples and give estimate.
H. LEHMAN CO.,
146 West 23d St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs.
First-class Upholstering and Drapery at lowest prices. 'Phone 2733 Chelsea.


TYPEWRITERS
Rented $3 month; $100 machines $15 to $50 six months; rental allowed to apply if purchased. Typewriter Sales Co., 5 Cortlandt St. Telephone 1983 Cortlandt.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. 'Phone connec'n.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, files, bookcases, stockboards, mirror, wall fixtures, business furniture, all kinds; large safe, 7 ft. high, 5 ft. 6 wide, 2 ft. 9 deep. Finn Bros., 358 Broadway.

DESKS CHAIRS, OFFICE FURNITURE, PARTITIONS, &c. BUY DIRECT FROM MANUFACTURERS. HAMBURGER, 33 East 20th St.

TYPEWRITERS ALL MAKES, $10 to $50; rented, bought, repaired Eagle T. Co., 312 B'way.

For Sale—Ronea letter copying machine in first-class condition; copies letters without the use of water or carbon. Address Y 36 Times, Times Square.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

SPECIAL FACTORY SALE
To make room for our new line of PIANOS, will sell our entire stock of new, shopworn and slightly used instruments at far below regular Factory Prices. Great saving assured. Cash or easy terms.
LURCH PIANO CO., 121 East 23d St. Near Subway. 353 4th Ave., near 26th St.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,
105 East 14th St. and 14 West 125th St.
Upright pianos, $75; $5 monthly. New self-playing pianos, $350. Call and hear them.

Must sacrifice beautiful mahogany upright piano, (perfect condition,) $100; cost $450; also lot furniture. Owner, 56 East 76th St., private house.

Special sale of used pianos; Steinway, Sohmer, Weber, and other Uprights, and Steinway Baby Grand, at lowest prices. No reasonable offer refused. Christman Sons, 35 W. 14th St.

$80 Billings upright piano, $3 monthly until paid; $50 Gabler, $3 monthly until paid. Goetz & Co., 81 Court St., Brooklyn.

INSTRUCTION.
NEW YORK—Manhattan.

FRENCH,
GERMAN, ITALIAN, SPANISH, ETC.
Low rates and most efficient instruction. In classes and privately. Native teacher only.
THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES, MADISON SQUARE (1,122 BROADWAY).
Harlem Branch ... 343 Lenox Av., near 127th St.
Brooklyn " ... 218 Livingston St.

Founded 1879. Stern's School of
LANGUAGES
961 Madison Ave., near 75th Street,
200 West 72d Street.
Languages taught in classes or privately.

MUSICAL.

VAN BAAR'S OLD GUARD ORCHESTRA MILITARY BAND.
Charles L. Van Baar, Musical Director and Bandmaster, 102 West 57th St. Tel. 4200 Col. From Pianist to Orchestra or Military Band of 100 Men.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

MUSIC LESSONS FREE in your own home; any instrument; beginners or advanced; over 100,000 successful pupils. Write for free offer. U. S. School of Music, Box T, 225 5th Ave., New York City.

Wanted—A good chorus tenor; also boys with voices for church; salary and training. Choirmaster, L 1 Times, Times Square.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of THE GUS EDWARDS MUSIC PUBLISHING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of Hon. George C. Holt, U. S. District Judge, the undersigned will sell all the property and effects of the above named bankrupt, consisting of a stock of sheet music, also fixtures and office furniture, typewriter, and all the right, title, and interest of the bankrupt in two pianos, now contained in the premises 1,531 Broadway in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Sealed bids may be submitted to Theron R. Strong, Esq., the receiver, at the office of Stern, Singer & Barr, his attorneys, No. 299 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of February, 1910, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time said bids will be opened by the receiver.

All bidders will be required to deposit a certified check or cash for 10 per cent. of their bids.

The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors to attend at the time and place above stated to express their approval or disapproval of the acceptance of any bid received.

If all bids are rejected by the receiver, the property will be sold at public auction at a date to be fixed, notice of which auction sale will be published in The New York Times.

The property may be inspected at 1,531 Broadway, New York City, on any day before the sale between 9 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Dated, February 15, 1910.
THERON R. STRONG, Receiver.
STERN, SINGER & BARR, Attorneys for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York City.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of AUGUST BERTSCH, Bankrupt.

Pursuant to an order entered herein, the undersigned Receiver will sell all the personal property belonging to the above named bankrupt at private sale. Sealed bids for the assets, in whole or in part, shall be submitted to the Receiver at his office, 320 Broadway, Room 1,206, Manhattan, New York City, on or before February 21st, 1910, at 4 P. M. A certified check for at least 10 per cent. shall accompany the bids.

The assets consist of chocolate, candies, Easter eggs, and novelties, and machinery.

The said assets can be inspected any day up to the day of sale, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. at the premises, 305 East 80th Street, Manhattan, New York City. The said assets must realize at least 100 per cent. of the appraised value. The Receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Should any bids be rejected, the Receiver will offer the said assets at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, on the premises on February 23rd, 1910, at 10:30 A. M.

HARRY OSTERMAN, Receiver,
320 Broadway,
Borough of Manhattan,
New York City.
STRAUSS & SINGER, Attorneys for Receiver, 160 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 11,580.—LEON WOLOWITZ, HARRY WOLOWITZ, and HARRY WEINSTEIN, individually and as member of the copartnership of WOLOWITZ & WEINSTEIN, and said copartnership, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Leon Wolowitz, (Leon Wallowitz,) bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 14th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 28th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, February 14th, 1910.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of JOSEPH SHEHAB & COMPANY, Bankrupts.

Sirs: Please take notice that by unanimous vote of creditors at a meeting duly called for the purpose, an offer of $170 for the one-half undivided interest in a tract of land situated in the Borough of Etna, County of Bergen, State of New Jersey, was accepted, described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side of a public road, now called Railroad Avenue, at the northwestern corner thereof and the southwestern corner of a tract of land conveyed by the Grantee herein to Annie McKeen the Grantor herein by deed of even date herewith and running thence (1) south sixty-seven degrees nine minutes east, seven hundred fifteen and seventy-seven hundredths (715.77) feet to land now or late of Beshina Dockert; thence (2) south twenty-seven degrees twenty-four minutes, west one hundred twenty-six and seventy-seven hundredths (126.77) feet, to the middle of a public road called Palisade Avenue; thence (3) north sixty-seven degrees twenty-six minutes west through the middle of said avenue six hundred eighty-eight and twenty-five hundredths (688.25) feet to the eastern side of Railroad Avenue, thence (4) north fifteen degrees eight minutes east along said Railroad Avenue one hundred thirty and fifty-hundredths (130.50) feet to the place of beginning. It being the southern part of the property conveyed to Moses Abboud the Grantee herein and Annie McKeen the Grantor herein by deed of Joseph Galainy, dated March 9, 1908, and recorded in the office of the Clerk of Bergen County in Book 558 of Deeds at Page 436A.

Said meeting was adjourned to the 21st day of February, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon at the office of Referee Nathaniel S. Smith, at No. 68 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. At such adjourned meeting an order will be presented for confirmation of the said sale in the absence of objection.

JOSEPH H. MACKSOND, Trustee.
JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS, Attorneys for Trustee, 170 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EUGENE F. WILSON, Bankrupt.—No. 13,291.

To the creditors of Eugene F. Wilson of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the fifth day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Eugene F. Wilson was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the third day of March, A. D. 1910, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 14th, 1910.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHESTER BILLINGS & SON, Bankrupts.—No. 13,223.

To the creditors of Chester Billings & Son of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the tenth day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Chester Billings & Son were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twenty-eighth day of February, A. D. 1910, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 17th, 1910.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 11,871.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HEYMAN JAGER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Heyman Jager of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1909, the said Heyman Jager was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 3d day of March, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Feb. 19, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 13,001.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ASPELL WHOLESALE GROCERY COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Aspell Wholesale Grocery Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of December, A. D. 1909, the said Aspell Wholesale Grocery Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 3d day of March, A. D. 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Feb. 19th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILFORD S. WATTERS, Bankrupt.—No. 13,318.

To the creditors of Wilford S. Watters of the City, County, and State of New York and District aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Wilford S. Watters was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated February 18, 1910.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NICHOLAS PAPPAS, Bankrupt.—No. 12,970.

To the creditors of Nicholas Pappas of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the twenty-ninth day of November, A. D. 1909, the said Nicholas Pappas was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the third day of March, A. D. 1910, at twelve o'clock noon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 14, 1910.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 13,226.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of UNION WATCH COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Union Watch Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Union Watch Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, City and County of New York, on the 2d day of March, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 19th, 1910.

NO. 13,064.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH NEWMAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Joseph Newman of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of January, A. D. 1910, the said Joseph Newman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room 1,375 Hudson Terminal Bldgs., No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 3d day of March, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Feb. 18th, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 13,306.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of RALPH RANDOLPH ADAMS, INC., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Ralph Randolph Adams, Inc., of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of February, A. D. 1910, the said Ralph Randolph Adams, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room 1,375 Hudson Terminal Bldgs., No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 3d day of March, A. D. 1910, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Feb. 18, 1910. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—No. 13,145.—MORRIS TANNENBAUM, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Morris Tannenbaum, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 11th, 1910, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 28th, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, February 11th, 1910.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HENRY S. HASKINS, HENRY LEVERICH, and FANNY G. LATHROP, individually and as copartners trading under the firm name of LATHROP, HASKINS & COMPANY, alleged Bankrupts.

Upon reading the annexed petition of Henry D. Hotchkiss, verified February 18th, 1910, and upon all the proceedings herein and upon all the papers on file in the office of the clerk of this Court, and it appearing that an involuntary petition in bankruptcy has heretofore been duly filed against the above-named alleged bankrupts, and that said petitioner, Henry D. Hotchkiss, was duly appointed receiver herein and duly qualified as such receiver on or about the 19th day of January, 1910, and on motion of Abram I. Elkus and William S. McGuire, attorneys for said Henry D. Hotchkiss, receiver, it is

Ordered as follows:

1. That Frederick J. H. Sutton, Alexander Melchers, Charles Boylhart, Herbert G. Green, Alice Bellinger, Albert Vander Veer, Louis Breslauer, Stillman Gray as executor of the estate of Robert J. Gray, deceased; Sarah Martin, Bryan D. Sheedy, David L. Evans, Howard G. C. Barnaby, Jane L. Hill, John A. Fonda, S. Carissima Burt, Harriet C. Green, Day, Adams & Company, Alice Kraft, Hortense Walker, Mary J. Simonson, Susan C. Davey, Ottilie Gessner, Edward Martin, Carroll Berry, Ella M. Graves, Genevieve A. Vedder, William L. Jacques, Kate L. Kennedy, Meyer I. Newman, Sadie W. Newman, Jane L. Hill, Elisa Wolff, Frederick W. Finlay, Robert Flanagan, Theodore S. Darling, Charles B. Dunlap, Harry A. Dayton, Alice Alexander, Emeline E. Eastmond, Alexander S. Niven, Sarah Martin, Sarah Breslauer, Thomas L. Jacques, David L. Evans, Commodore P. Vedder, Ellen K. Denison, as executrix of the estate of Ellery Denison, deceased, and Herman Weiss, and all other claimants of stocks, bonds, securities, or other choses in action or assets of any kind which are now in the possession of the receiver or to which he or any trustee hereafter appointed may be entitled, and all creditors who may assert any claim to any of such assets of this estate, are required to show cause before me or one of the Judges of this Court at a Stated Term of said Court, to be held in Room 66, in the Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 7th day of March, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why an order should not be made and entered herein directing said persons, claimants, and creditors to file on or before April 1st, 1910, or within such time as the Court may direct verified statements of their claims to any such assets, such claims to be filed with Stanley W. Dexter, as Special Master, at his office at 71 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and why in default of filing and proving such claims at the time and place and in the manner in which this Court may direct, they should not be forever barred, foreclosed, and enjoined from making or asserting any claims whatever to any right, title, interest or lien in, to or on said stocks, bonds, or other securities or the proceeds thereof or other assets of the estate.

They and each of them are further directed then and there to show cause why any such claims on their part to any such assets in the possession of the receiver should not be referred to the Hon. Stanley W. Dexter, of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, Referee in Bankruptcy, as Special Master, for hearing, testimony and report; and it is further

Ordered, That pending the hearing and determination of this order to show cause all such claimants are stayed and enjoined from taking any proceedings whatever in the premises;

Sufficient reason appearing therefor, it is

Ordered, That sufficient, due, and complete service of this order to show cause and of the annexed petition shall be made as follows:

1. A copy of this order to show cause and the annexed petition shall be mailed to all creditors and claimants to their address as the same appears on the books of the alleged bankrupts, such mailing to be by inclosing in a securely sealed post-paid envelope a copy of this order to show cause and the annexed petition and depositing same in the Post Office in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before February 23d, 1910.

2. As to all creditors who have appeared by attorneys, a copy of this order to show cause and the annexed petition shall be deposited at the offices of said attorneys within the same time.

3. A copy of this order to show cause shall be published in the "New York Times," one of said advertisements to be inserted on or before February 23d, 1910, and the other on or before March 1st, 1910.

4. In the event that the addresses and residences of any of the persons named herein or any of the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupts are unknown to the receiver herein and do not appear on the books of the alleged bankrupts, sufficient service hereof shall be made as to them by mailing in the manner and within the time above specified to them a copy of this order and the annexed petition to such address as the alleged bankrupts furnish, and it is further

Ordered, That said alleged bankrupts forthwith furnish such addresses to said receiver; and it is further

Ordered, That the receiver or any trustee hereafter appointed may apply at the foot of this order for such further relief in the premises as may be necessary or proper.

Dated New York, February 18, 1910.
GEO. C. HOLT, U. S. D. J.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MORRIS NEDELL and ADOLPH PALEIAS, individually and as members of the firm of NEDELL & PALEIAS, alleged bankrupts.

It appearing to my satisfaction by the petition of A. Joseph Geist, verified the 10th day of February, 1910, that a petition was filed in this court on the 13th day of December, 1909, praying that the above named Morris Nedell and Adolph Paleias be adjudged bankrupts, and that a subpoena directed to the said Morris Nedell and Adolph Paleias was duly issued out of this court to the Marshal for the Southern District of New York, and that said Marshal has been unable to serve the same on said Morris Nedell and Adolph Paleias, and that thereupon there was issued a special subpoena to the Marshal of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York, in which district the alleged bankrupts, at the time the petition herein was filed, resided, and still reside; that the said Marshal returned the said subpoena, and thereafter, the alleged bankrupt herein, Adolph Paleias, duly filed a notice of appearance by his attorneys, Stone & Chugarman; that the alleged bankrupt, Morris Nedell, is not now within this district, so that personal service cannot be made upon him, and that diligent efforts have been since made to ascertain the whereabouts of the said Morris Nedell and that said Morris Nedell is not now within the jurisdiction of this court, it is, on motion of A. Joseph Geist, attorney for petitioners,

Ordered: That the said Morris Nedell appear, plead, answer or demur on or before the 10th day of March, 1910, to the petition herein, filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court, on the 13th day of December, 1909, and in case of his failure to appear, plead, answer or demur, adjudication shall be made according to the prayer of said petition; and it is further

Ordered: That this order be published in The New York Times once a week for two consecutive weeks, said publication to commence not later than the 21st day of February, 1910, and that a copy of this order be mailed to the said Morris Nedell, at his last known place of abode, on or before the day of the first publication.

Dated New York, February 14, 1910.
GEO. C. HOLT, U. S. D. J.
A. JOSEPH GEIST,
Attorney for petitioning creditors, 309 Broadway, Manhattan, N. Y. City.

Hotels and Restaurants

WHERE TO DINE.
Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 2472 Murray.

LUCHOW'S
108 to 114 EAST 14TH ST. (Tel. 1480 Stuyvesant).
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE AND TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.

5th Avenue Restaurant
A la carte Table d'hote $1.50
Music
Fifth Avenue Building 24th St. & 5th Ave.

CAFE BOULEVARD
FAMOUS HUNGARIAN ORCHESTRA and SELECT VOCAL QUARTETTE.
Second Ave. and Tenth St. Tel. Orch. 4040.

CAVANAGH'S 258-260 W. 23d St. RESTAURANT, GRILL and BANQUET ROOM. MUSIC EVENINGS. Vocal and Instrumental

Little Hungary 257 E. Houston. Tdh., with wine. Hungarian Music and Singers Every Evening.

MARLBOROUGH HOTEL. B'way & 36th St. Music. Table d'Hote Dinner $1.00. Theatre Suppers.

Herald Square Hotel 34th St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Hotel Bayard 142 West 49 St., nr. B'way. DINNER 75c. Music.

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant. Alc. Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

51 W. 35th, Near B'way, Tel. 1415 M. H. MORETTI Lunch 40c. Dinner 65c. Wine. Music.

Arrowhead Inn 177th St. & Ft. Wash'n Av. Alc. Ben Riley, formerly Saratoga.

Consumers Park Hotel, 1077 Wash. Av., B'klyn, & CafeE. of Prosp. P'k. Alc. Tdh.

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. Open all yr. High-class Rest. Alc. Music

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:46 | Sun sets..5:42 | Moon sets..5:40

TIDES TO-DAY.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:35	6:25	12:07	12:09
Governors Island	6:08	6:55	12:15	12:45
Hell Gate	7:58	8:45	1:35	2:15

Arrived—Sunday, Feb. 20.

SS Prins Frederik Hendrik, Hayti, Feb. 14.
SS Seguranca, Nassau, Feb. 17.
SS Curityba, Nice, Feb. 14.
SS Larimer, Port Arthur, Feb. 12.
SS Alamo, Mobile, Feb. 12.
SS City of Columbus, Savannah, Feb. 18.
SS Hamilton, Norfolk, Feb. 19.
SS Hawaiian, Philadelphia, Feb. 19.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, Feb. 19.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Saramacca, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Potsdam, Rotterdam	———	9:00 A.M.
Pennsylvania, Hamburg	———	11:00 A.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Umbria, Liverpool	5:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Lapland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Russia, Libau	———	———
Adm. Farragut, Jamaica	6:30 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
St. Irene, Argentina	7:00 A.M.	9:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Maracas, Grenada	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Panama, Cristobal	11:20 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Manzanillo, Guantanamo	———	12:00 M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	———	12:00 M.
Alamo, Tampa	———	12:00 M.
Orotava, Bermuda	———	10:00 A.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Irene	Patras	Jan. [illegible]
Antonio Lopez	Naples	Feb. [illegible]
Korea	Tyne	Feb. 4
Emilia	Patras	Jan. 27
Hazelwood	Barbados	Feb. 11
Umbria	Liverpool	Feb. 12
Touraine	Havre	Feb. 12
Crispin	Para	Feb. 8
Kaiserin Aug. Victoria	Hamburg	Feb. 12
Themistocles	Smyrna	Feb. 4
Parthenia	Antwerp	Feb. 6
Admiral Farragut	Port Antonio	Feb. 15
America	Naples	Feb. 11
Allianca	Cristobal	Feb. 15
Caracas	San Juan	Feb. 16
Alleghany	Kingston	Feb. 15
Bermudian	Bermuda	Feb. 19
Orotava	Bermuda	Feb. 19
Ponce	Porto Rico	Feb. 15
Momus	New Orleans	Feb. 16
El Dia	Galveston	Feb. 15

DUE TO-MORROW.

Kroonland	Antwerp	Feb. 12
Alice	Algiers	Feb. 11
Furnessia	Glasgow	Feb. 12
Moncenisio	Lisbon	Feb. 10
Suriname	Trinidad	Feb. 14
Saratoga	Havana	Feb. 19
Javary	Barbados	Feb. 14
Camaguey	Guantanamo	Feb. 16
Prinz Joachim	Colon	Feb. 15
City of Savannah	Savannah	Feb. 19

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Mesaba	London	Feb. 12
Barcelona	Hamburg	Feb. 9
Madonna	Naples	Feb. 10
Hellig Olav	Christiansand	Feb. 12
San Giovanni	Naples	Feb. 8
Virginia	Naples	Feb. 10
Camoens	Barbados	Feb. 15

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Umbria, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 560 miles east of Sandy Hook at 11 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, about Tuesday morning.

SS Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, incoming from Hamburg, was reported 850 miles east of Sandy Hook at 1:30 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late to-day or early Tuesday.

By United Wireless.

SS Ponce, Mayaguez, 76 m. S. Sandy Hook, 8 P. M.

SS Bermudian, Bermuda, 161 m. S. E. Sandy Hook, 8 P. M.

SS Orotava, Bermuda, 190 m. S. E. Sandy Hook, 8 P. M.

SS Caracas, San Juan, 84 m. S. Sandy Hook, 8 P. M.

SS Apache, Jacksonville, 523 m. S. Scotland Lightship, 8 P. M.

SS Winifred, Port Arthur, 390 m. S. Scotland Lightship, 8 P. M.

SS City of Savannah, Savannah, 428 m. S. Scotland Lightship, 8 P. M.

SS Brazos, Galveston, 330 m. E. Galveston, 8 P. M.

SS Momus, New Orleans, 850 m. S. of Dock, noon, 20.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Amerika, at Plymouth, Feb. 20.
SS Saxonia, at Naples, Feb. 20.
SS Caledonia, at Moville, Feb. 20.

Sailed.

SS Laurentic, from Queenstown, Feb. 20.
SS Mauretania, from Queenstown, Feb. 20.

Passed.

SS Carmania, Fiume for New [illegible] Gibraltar.

SS Minnewaska, New York for London, passed Brow Head.

Pacific Steamships.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close New York.
Japan, Korea, and China, (via Tacoma)—Seattle Maru	Feb. 27 6:30 [illegible]
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—U. S. transport	Feb. [illegible]
Hawaii, (via San Francisco)—Alameda	Feb. [illegible]

For Latest Shipping News See Page 2.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20.—The weather is unsettled over much of the country, and during the past twenty-four hours there were rains in the Middle Atlantic and South Atlantic and Gulf States, and on the Pacific Coast, and snow in the upper lake region, the upper Mississippi Valley, the Middle Plains States, and the Rocky Mountains and plateau regions.

The storm that covers the Mississippi Valley will move eastwardly, attended Monday by rains in the Gulf and Atlantic States, and rain turning to snow in the Ohio Valley and the lake region, and it will be followed Tuesday by fair weather in these districts. The temperature will rise Monday in the interior of the South Atlantic States. The indications are that a period of cold weather lasting several days, will set in over the east portion of the country, following the passage of the West storm.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate Southeast and South; Middle and South Atlantic Coast, moderate and variable South.

Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have variable winds and unsettled weather, and rain to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

New England and Eastern New York—Rain in south; rain or snow in north portions Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy and colder; moderate south and southeast winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Rain and warmer Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy and colder, moderate variable winds, becoming south.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	51	24	4 P. M.	47	38
6 A. M.	50	25	6 P. M.	45	38
9 A. M.	46	25	9 P. M.	42	38
12 M.	47	36	11 P. M.	41	39

This thermometer is 103 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 30; for the corresponding date last year it was 46; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 31.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 24; at 8 P. M. it was 38. Maximum temperature, 38 degrees at 2:10 P. M.; minimum, 23 degrees at 7:40 A. M. Humidity, 54 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 83 per cent. at 8 P. M.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the application of THE NEW AMSTERDAM SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY for authority to change its name to "HUDSON SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY."

Notice is hereby given that the New Amsterdam Safe Deposit Company, a domestic corporation, organized under the Banking Laws of the State of New York, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I., thereof, to be held at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on the 28th day of February, 1910, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to "Hudson Safe Deposit Company."

Dated New York, January 27th, 1910.
THE NEW AMSTERDAM SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY, by
E. R. CHAPMAN, President.
HOLM, WHITLOCK & SCARFF, Counsel for Petitioner, 35 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.

300 Shares
Cleveland & Pittsburgh
7% Stock
Dividends Guaranteed by
Pennsylvania R. R. Co.
Price to net 3.97%

Wm. A. Read & Co.
25 Nassau Street,
New York
Boston Baltimore Chicago
London

Reserve Fund Invested in Bonds

In order to afford a measure of protection against the adverse effect of unforeseen contingencies, there is a growing tendency among firms and business men to set aside some percentage of earnings as a Reserve Fund, and to invest the money in sound investment bonds.

We have issued a **special letter** in which we explain the desirability of creating a Reserve Fund, and why the wisdom of such a policy appeals to the best judgment of conservative business men. We include in the letter recommendations of six bond issues which are, in our judgment, suitable investments for a Reserve Fund, as well as for investors dependent upon income. The bonds yield about 4½ to 5 per cent. They have been purchased by conservatively managed institutions.

Write for Special Letter No. 824.

Spencer Trask & Co.
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KISSEL, KINNICUTT & CO.
37 WALL ST., NEW YORK

Foreign and Domestic Bankers
Bills of Exchange
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Collections made on all European Points

Investment Securities

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WE HAVE FOR SALE
(Bids Wanted)

$10,000	Amer. Brake Shoe 1st 5s
200	Amer. District Tel. of N. J.
31	American Express
30	Amer. Speaking Telephone
50	Brooklyn Union "L" Com.
100	Buffalo & L. E. Trac. Pfd.
200	Buffalo & L. E. Trac. Com.
37	Cincinnati Northern
50	Degnon Realty & Terml. Imp.
200	Floridine Manufacturing
100	Heany Co. Common
121	Internat. Silver Pfd.
220	Internat. Silver Com.
100	Kings Co. E. L. & Power
50	Louis., Hend. & St. Louis Pfd.
100	Madison Square Garden
25	New York Curtain
50	New York Engine
100	Pacific Gas & Electric Com.
50	Pere Marquette Com.
20	Safety Car Heat. & Light
$20,000	Tacoma Gas Refd. 5s
40	United States Express
110	Wells Fargo & Co.
200	Western Pacific

We have good markets in unlisted and inactive securities and respectfully invite inquiries.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 7460 to 7466 Hanover. 33 Wall St., N.Y.

February Bond Circular
offering a variety of selected issues yielding from
about 4% to 6%
Mailed on Application
N. W. Halsey & Co.
BANKERS
49 Wall St., New York
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BLAIR & CO
24 BROAD ST., NEW YORK
Domestic and Foreign Bankers
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Travelers Letters of Credit

Henry Clews & Co.
BANKERS.
11, 13, 15, AND 17 BROAD ST.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.
STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold for investors or carried on liberal terms.
Banking accounts received subject to check at sight. Interest paid on daily balances.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
LETTERS OF CREDIT
Issued Available the World Over.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

While the further recovery in prices on the Stock Exchange last week from the depressed levels to which they were carried by the violent break of exactly two weeks ago was important in itself, its real significance lay in the fact that it reflected not only purely technical changes for the better in the market structure itself, but also a very decided veering of sentiment in the financial community toward optimism. There is no occasion for minimizing the influence upon the course of prices of the technical considerations mentioned. The long decline had created and encouraged a short interest in stocks which, as is always the case, proved very vulnerable when the market finally turned. Covering purchases went on throughout the week in a large way and were clearly indicated by the violent advances in such stocks as Reading and Union Pacific. Support of this kind, however, is more or less ephemeral, and would have been by no means so effective last week had it not been accompanied by investment buying for home and foreign account upon a most substantial scale. The sources and reasons for this buying are, therefore, the matters of chief interest in any review of the securities markets of the week. As regards the sources it may be said very briefly that among the purchasers of securities were institutions of the highest standing. Their confidence in the outlook was obviously shared by individual investors large and small, as well as by foreign bankers and banking houses which consider our own financial situation to be much clearer, in spite of opinions to the contrary based upon the position of affairs at Washington, than that in their own countries. It was the modification of previous opinions of the "Washington situation," a phrase which has come to include both the activities of the Administration with respect to corporations and the litigation involving the American Tobacco Company and the Standard Oil Company, which underlay the more favorable attitude of the financial community toward securities. Mr. Taft's Republican Club address was, of course, delivered after the close of business in the preceding week, and therefore reserved for appraisal by last week's markets. At the opening of business on Monday a deliberate effort was made to provoke fresh liquidation upon the strength of the President's reiteration of earlier views on corporation questions, but this failed signally. As the week wore on, interest in what the President had said diminished, probably because he simply restated a position which every one knew he held. In general the feeling at the week's close in the financial district seemed to be that nothing more would be undertaken by the Administration until the Supreme Court had rendered its decisions in the two leading cases now before it, and that, inasmuch as there was a possibility that a determination of the Tobacco case would be delayed until the Standard Oil case had been heard, a number of months might elapse before this part of the "Washington situation" is cleared up. It would be contrary to precedent for Wall Street to sit supine throughout any such period of time as this, and the fashion in which it began last week to resume its wonted activities seemed, at least, to indicate a determination on its part to make the present case no exception to its general rule.

It is surely not out of place here to mention a matter which was very much in the minds of people in Wall Street last week, and which possesses even more general interest. It involves exclusively the question of the administration of the affairs of the Stock Exchange. Within reasonable limits it may be said that the Stock Exchange's affairs are its own affairs, but this is not exclusively so, since it is obvious to any fair-minded observer of financial matters that the character of the market place to which the public must come for securities is of real concern to that public. There is, however, a better reason than this for touching upon this subject at all; it is found in the praiseworthy ambition which Stock Exchange members themselves and citizens of this city may well cherish to possess an Exchange which shall be the greatest and the best in the world. Steps to make it so have been numerous in the last twelvemonth, and last weeks' visitation of the severest penalty upon a member personally esteemed but whose ill-considered use of the facilities of the market brought upon it public censure was one of the longest of these steps. There remain, however, certain defects which should be corrected, and, as last week's news from Albany indicated very clearly, if correction is to be made by the Exchange itself it must be done speedily. The opportunities now afforded the so-called "specialists" to buy and sell at one and the same time must be removed. The acceptance of orders by any broker to simultaneously make, or distribute orders for, sales and purchases of the same security to aid or abet manipulation must likewise be stopped, and ever-increasing vigilance must be displayed in the matter of admitting to membership new men. These are matters which the Exchange can best attend to, and for the credit of the market and its greater usefulness they must not be neglected.

It is an interesting fact that the turn in the stock market brought with it a subsidence of the previously insistent reports that business was falling off in all parts of the country. President Earling of the St. Paul occupies a unique, if somewhat unenviable, position in that he is the only railroad executive of long standing to have publicly vouched for the truth of such reports in his own domain. Last week the accepted journal of the iron and steel trades, after careful investigation, announced that there had been no cancellation of orders with iron and steel makers, and that so far as new business was concerned it had diminished no more than was always the case at this season of the year. This is important testimony and is substantiated in other lines of business by such developments as the very considerable volume of orders for new equipment placed with the companies supplying railroad materials, such orders in the case of one of the largest of the car-making companies amounting, it is understood, to the concern's capacity for above six months, and the dividend increases announced by a number of miscellaneous corporations, including the "Soo" Railroad and the Quincy Mining Company, a large copper concern. The railroads are the best customers of most of our great manufacturing companies, and their ability, as evidenced in the financing announced from time to time last week to secure with relative ease funds for purposes of improvement and betterment is certain to tell. The only real disappointment to be found in last week's news budget concerned the statistics of our foreign trade for the month of January. Continuing the unsatisfactory tendency of recent months imports again increased, this time by $30,000,000 over January, 1900. Exports, also in keeping with a regrettable tendency, fell away above $12,000,000, and the excess of exports over imports, amounting only to $10,357,000, was the smallest for any January since 1893. Great decreases in cotton and grain shipments for some time past have accomplished in a very large degree the results here set forth, and for these decreases the altogether unusual level of prices is responsible. Under the circumstances it is a matter of the utmost satisfaction that our Winter wheat crop has come through the Winter thus far so splendidly and that every sign points to the planting of an exceptional acreage of cotton.

The noteworthy event of the week in monetary affairs was the resumption of the gold export movement to Argentina both from New York and from London. Our own banks by the end of the week had been called upon to forward to that country $1,500,000, and the London cables announced the withdrawal of $2,700,000 from the Bank of England for shipment to the same destination. This outflow of gold from New York followed a recovery of one-half cent in the sterling exchange rate, the significance of which is more apparent when viewed in the light of the poor showing made in the country's foreign trade statement for the month of January.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE.

LONDON SITUATION ABNORMAL.

If Political Deadlock Continues a Big Loan Is Inevitable.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—The financial situation is quite abnormal for this time of the year, owing chiefly to the political deadlock. If it continues and the budget is not passed a big loan in the near future is unavoidable.

Aside from the weakness of consols and other gilt-edged securities, a combination of unfavorable influences is checking business on the Stock Exchange, the most potent of which are the Paris floods, internal politics, and apprehensions of President Taft's anti-trust policy.

CONSERVATISM IN BERLIN.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Feb. 20.—Reserve was again a conspicuous feature of the market during the week. Speculation was almost at a standstill owing to the growing conviction that the business outlook is discouraging. Gloomy news from the coal and iron regions contributed to the prevailing depression.

Lively disappointment was occasioned by the announcement that the Canadian Pacific dividend, contrary to expectations, would not be increased. The market also expected greater encouragement from the annual reports of the German banks, which, though good, were in no respect phenomenal.

The market remained firm and few declines occurred. Shipping shares rose on account of the settlement of the Canadian-German tariff hostilities.

PRICES FIRM IN PARIS.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 20.—The mid-month liquidation took place under easy conditions and prices remained firm the greater part of the week. Until Friday there was a moderate upward tendency, but later the uncertain behavior of the London market had its effect in free selling orders.

The fall in prices was slight except in the case of Rio Tinto, which was affected by the report of an increased stock of copper.

THE STEEL TRADE POSITION.

Iron Production Running Ahead of Demand—Merchant Mills Driven.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20.—Pig iron interests in this territory admit that there has been more Bessemer and basic iron produced during the present month than has been consumed. The furnaces, running at a rate of nearly 32,000,000 tons of pig iron a year, have a little more than caught up with the steel mills, but it is argued that the increased steel capacity being brought in this month and next will avoid any necessity for curtailment of pig iron output.

Dullness characterized the local pig iron market, although shipments on running contracts continued heavy. The Steel Corporation is expected to take 10,000 tons more of Bessemer iron out of the open market within the next fortnight, the combine's purchase of a week ago having been cut down from 50,000 to 40,000 tons at the last minute, as a result, it is said, of the effort of some of the valley furnace interests to force the price from $18, valleys, the figure the Steel Corporation had offered, to $18.50. Roughly estimated, the tonnage of steel making irons now pressing the market in the Pittsburg district is about 20,000 tons of Bessemer and 15,000 tons of basic. With this out of the way, the furnaces could run on current contracts to April 1 without further buying.

Prompt basic was offered at $16.75, valleys, during the week. A report that a block of several thousand tons was available at $16.50 could not be confirmed. Southern foundry iron touched its low point in the present movement in a sale closed here early in the week, when the Standard Sanitary Company of Pittsburg took 2,500 tons of Southern resale iron, paying $13, Birmingham, for No. 2; $12.50 for No. 3, and $12 for gray forge. This resale iron is understood to have been bought last year on the basis of $10.75 for the No. 2.

Shading of prices on wire and nails was not so marked in this district at the close of the week as it had been ten days ago. Some independent manufacturers still were offering $1 and $2 a ton off the recognized market prices. Structural shapes were shaded by independent firms to the extent of $1 a ton, making the minimum $1.50 on plain material. The combine was holding strictly to the market in structural prices.

Demand for steel bars and other lines of merchant mill products showed no cessation. Deliveries are further behind than they were a month ago, and implement manufacturers and other consumers are going East for their prompt merchant steel. Heavy riveted pipe lettings pending in the West will increase the pace at which the plate mills are being driven. Rails and track materials are slightly better. Considerable contracting for export is being done in spikes. The Jones & Laughlin Steel Company is shipping 3,000 kegs for export.

The newly completed ten-mill tin plate plant of the Phillips Sheet and Tin Plate Company at Wierton, West Va., near here, will go in operation next Wednesday. The Jones & Laughlin Company, whose tin mills at Aliquippa are nearing completion, is taking orders for June delivery. This new capacity is expected to relieve the strain on the tin plate trade. The American Sheet and Tin Plate Company is seeking to increase its operating capacity, to take care of enlarged requirements from its regular trade, many consumers having sought to increase their first half reservations, confessing that they had underestimated their needs.

The stagnation in coke has touched bottom. Prices on spot furnace coke at the end of the week ranged around $2.25; for spot standard foundry coke, $1.65 and $2.75. The production for the week ending Feb. 12 was 466,344 tons, having been curtailed about 8,000 tons.

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Activity at Lake Superior—Encouraging Reports from the Camps.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 19.—Great activity is maintained by the Lake Superior copper miners. The North Indiana Mining Company has been formed this week to operate a tract of 1,100 acres lying between Copper Range, North Lake, Indiana, South Lake, and Bohemia mines. No. 2 drill of South Lake has reached half way to the supposed location of the Lake lode, while No. 1 drill has thus far passed through three different lodes.

The product of Ohio Copper at the present time is said to be 25,000 pounds of copper per day from 1,000 tons of ore.

Mohawk's rock in 1909 averaged 13.73 pounds of copper to the ton. The January average was 14.20. Developments in the new shaft are reported very favorable.

Improvement continues in Trimountain Shaft No. 2.

General Manager Bennis reports that Shannon ore is now yielding about 55 pounds of copper to the ton. He prophesies an output of 20,000,000 pounds this year at a cost not exceeding 10½ cents loaded in New York and sold.

The ore from Arizona Commercial now being smelted was from 3½ to 6 per cent.

The strike in Boston Ely is of great importance to the district. The drift from the 1,125-foot level had penetrated the ore body 12 feet at last accounts and was still in ore. A large body of high-grade ore is indicated.

A strike of unusual importance is reported from the Valparaiso mine in the Montana-Corbin district. Two distinct veins show copper of 13 per cent., besides silver and lead. Rich discoveries are also reported from the Ada mine in Jefferson County, and the Homestake mine in the Biter Root Valley.

In the Bonita mine on Lake Pend Oreille, Idaho, a ledge of fine looking copper ore has been encountered and appears to be extensive.

The Weekly Financial Review.

The pros and cons of irrigation bonds are impartially discussed in an article in to-day's NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW. These new issues, whose popularity has so seriously cut into the sales of the old-line bonds as to have caused them to be named as one of the contributing causes for the recent failure of a well-known banking house, are to-day the subject of a somewhat bitter controversy between houses of standing and influence in Wall Street.

An interesting question has been brought up as to the availibility, now, of New York City bonds as investment for savings banks in Massachusetts under the strict laws of that State. In an article the position of these bonds, the market for which is improving, is explained. Other articles tell of the movement for reform on the Stock Exchange, the defense of Union Pacific in the Government's dissolution suit, and the ominous fall in our agricultural and other exports and in our trade balance.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

The Stock Exchange House of Harris, Winthrop & Co. will keep open their branch office at the Plaza on Washington's Birthday for the execution of orders in American securities on the London Exchange through its branch office there.

The Delaware & Hudson Company reports that from July 1, 1907, to June 30, 1909, it carried 13,888,355 passengers without a fatality. In this period the number of passengers carried one mile was [illegible].

NEW YORK'S TRACTIONS.

More Subways, Better Service, and No Disintegration of Metropolitan Lines.

As the result of a conference between Mayor Gaynor, Controller Prendergast, and President Mitchel of the Aldermen of New York City with the members of the Public Service Commission on subway matters, it has been practically decided to build the so-called tri-borough subway as soon as possible with the city's money.

The route includes the Broadway-Lexington Avenue Subway in Manhattan, three connecting elevated extensions in the Bronx, the Broadway-Lafayette Avenue Subway in Brooklyn to connect with the Fourth Avenue route, now under construction, and two elevated extensions from the lower end of the Fourth Avenue line to Fort Hamilton and Coney Island.

The construction of this subway means an expenditure of upward of $100,000,000. The Bradley-Gaffney-Steers syndicate has already signified its willingness to bid on it, both for construction with its own money and for the city, but it is clear from the comments made by the Mayor and Mr. Willcox that the work will be done with city money.

Following an investigation by the Public Service Commission into the service of the Interborough Subway, a peremptory order has been issued for running more trains, up to the maximum service, in an effort to seat all passengers.

The effect of this order, which is to become effective February 25, will be to insure the maximum service of which the subway is capable, both during the rush hours and the non-rush hours, except that in the non-rush hours if the volume of travel does not justify the maximum service the company may curtail the number of trains, providing that the trains actually operated supply seats enough for all passengers.

The Public Service Commission has also adopted an order for a general investigation of the elevated railroad system.

Judge Lacombe, in the United States Circuit Court last week, handed down a decision which will have the effect of keeping the Eighth, Ninth, and Madison Avenue lines in the Metropolitan Street Railway system, at least until the properties of the Metropolitan proper may be sold under foreclosure.

The decision was rendered on the application of the New York & Harlem Railroad, owner of the Madison Avenue surface line, and of the Eighth and Ninth Avenue Railroad Companies, for an order directing Receivers Joline and Robinson either to pay back franchise taxes on their lines or else turn them over to the lesser companies, according to the Metropolitan's contract with them.

The court authorizes the receivers to take up negotiations with the proper authorities for the payment of all these taxes, including the $400,000 which the New York & Harlem road has already advanced on account of the taxes on the Madison Avenue line to prevent a sale, and states that when a decision has been reached as to the exact amount they may come to him with an application for receivers' certificates to discharge this indebtedness. If, Judge Lacombe remarks, foreclosure and sale intervene before these negotiations are over, then the receivers have at least kept off the disintegration of the property.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED FEB. 19. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 4,192,537 SHARES.

Range for Year 1909.		Range for Year 1910.				Closing Saturday, Feb. 19.		Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid.		Period.	Range for Week Ended Feb. 19.				Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended Feb. 19, '10.
High.	Low.	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Bid.	Ask.					Date.	Per Cent.		First	High	Low	Last		
16⅞	12¾	15	Jan. 3.	11⅛	Feb. 3.	12¾	13	+ ½	**Allis-Chalmers Co.**	100	$19,820,000	....	..	..	11⅞	12⅝	11⅞	12½	14¼	1,200
57½	38	54¾	Jan. 5.	36	Feb. 3.	42½	44	+ 1½	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,150,000	Feb. 1, '04.	1¾	..	40½	42½	40½	42½	45⅝	500
96⅛	65	90⅜	Jan. 3.	70¼	Feb. 8.	76⅝	76¾	..	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,287,900	Nov. 29, '09.	50c	Q	74⅝	77⅞	73⅞	76⅝	72⅝	213,300
50	33½	49	Jan. 10.	40½	Feb. 8.	47¼	47½	+ 4¼	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,114,100	....	..	..	42	47¼	42	47¼	37¾	2,400
49½	20¼	47¼	Jan. 10.	31⅞	Feb. 8.	38½	38¾	+ 1¾	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	....	..	..	36¾	39¾	36¾	38¾	23½	8,525
98	82	94	Feb. 19.	89⅞	Jan. 25.	93	96½	+ ½	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	5,000,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1½	Q	93½	94	93½	94	..	300
15⅛	7½	13⅞	Jan. 3.	10	Feb. 8.	11½	11⅝	+ ½	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	....	..	..	11	11⅞	11	11½	8	4,100
86	71½	81½	Jan. 6.	72	Feb. 3.	76¼	77	+ ½	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,200	Jan. 1, '10.	1¼	Q	76¼	77	76¼	76¾	74⅝	2,600
76½	44¼	72⅞	Jan. 3.	56⅛	Feb. 8.	62⅛	62¾	+ 2¼	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Jan. 1, '10.	½	Q	59⅝	62⅞	59⅝	62¼	46½	10,900
124¾	107½	119⅞	Jan. 7.	115	Feb. 7.	117¾	119	+ ⅝	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Jan. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	119	119	118¾	118¾	110⅝	200
79¼	42⅞	67½	Jan. 3.	57	Feb. 8.	65½	65¾	+ 5⅝	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	Dec. 1, '09.	5	A	59⅝	66½	59⅝	65⅝	58	12,125
10	6¼	8½	Jan. 5.	6	Feb. 3.	7	7½	+ ⅜	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	....	..	..	6⅝	7	6⅝	7	7	700
51⅞	34	47⅞	Jan. 3.	32	Feb. 3.	40	40½	+ 4¼	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05.	1	..	36	40⅞	36	40¼	38⅝	8,475
42¼	18⅞	26¾	Jan. 4.	20	Feb. 8.	23½	24¼	+ 1¼	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,042,500	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	23	24⅝	23	24	21½	1,750
20	12	17¼	Jan. 3.	13⅛	Feb. 7.	14½	15	+ ⅞	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	....	..	..	14	15	14	14¾	13⅝	925
47¾	29	46⅞	Jan. 3.	34½	Feb. 8.	38½	39	+ 1¾	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾	..	37	39⅝	37	38⅝	32⅞	2,010
69¼	49	62½	Jan. 3.	45⅝	Feb. 8.	51	51½	+ 1½	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08.	1¼	..	48	51½	47½	51	51	6,540
122	109¼	115	Jan. 7.	110	Feb. 7.	112	114	+ 1	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Jan. 21, '10.	1¾	Q	112	113	112	113	112	300
11½	6	8	Feb. 18.	5½	Feb. 8.	7	8	+ 1¼	American Malt Corp.	100	5,603,300	....	..	..	6½	8	6½	7⅝	7⅝	2,200
59	38	44¼	Feb. 18.	33	Jan. 20.	44	44½	+ 7	American Malt Corp. pf.	100	8,651,000	Nov. 3, '09.	2½	SA	38⅝	44¼	38⅝	44	48	8,705
105½	77¾	104	Jan. 3.	75¼	Feb. 8.	84	84⅛	+ 1⅝	American Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	1	Q	80½	85¼	80½	84⅛	84⅛	109,300
116¾	101	112¾	Jan. 3.	104½	Feb. 7.	107¼	108	+ ¾	Amer. Smelt. & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Jan. 2, '10.	1¾	Q	106	108	106	108	102¾	2,400
92	80	90⅞	Jan. 3.	86⅜	Feb. 8.	88¼	88½	+ 1¼	Amer. Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	30,000,000	Dec. 1, '09.	1¼	Q	88	89½	88	88½	85	1,093
66⅛	34⅞	66	Jan. 10.	54½	Feb. 4.	60½	61	+ 3¼	American Steel Foundries	100	16,218,000	....	..	..	57½	61½	57	60½	36⅛	2,950
136⅜	115⅝	125⅞	Feb. 18.	118¼	Feb. 7.	124	126	+ 2⅞	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1¾	Q	122½	125⅞	122½	125⅝	130⅜	10,100
131	118	122½	Jan. 3.	119½	Feb. 10.	122	123¼	+ 1	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1¾	Q	121⅝	122	121½	122	..	300
145⅛	125	141¾	Jan. 3.	134½	Feb. 3.	137⅜	137⅝	¼	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	257,264,300	Jan. 15, '10.	2	Q	137	137½	135¼	137½	128¼	8,390
104	90½	95½	Jan. 3.	91	Feb. 3.	94	94½	+ 3¼	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	78,689,100	Jan. 3, '10.	1½	Q	93½	94½	93⅜	94½	91¼	1,695
40½	26	38	Feb. 19.	31	Jan. 25.	37	38	+ 8⅜	American Woolen Co.	100	29,501,000	....	..	..	35	38	34	38	29½	4,850
107¾	93¾	103⅛	Jan. 3.	99	Feb. 8.	101½	103	+ 1¼	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	1¾	Q	100⅞	102	100⅞	102	96¼	1,700
54⅞	37⅜	54	Jan. 3.	45	Feb. 8.	49¾	50	− ¼	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	30,000,000	Jan. 19, '10.	50c	Q	49	51¼	49	50	43½	25,000
125⅝	97⅞	124⅛	Jan. 3.	110¼	Feb. 8.	115½	115¾	+ ½	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe	100	163,488,000	Dec. 1, '09.	3	SA	113⅝	116⅝	113⅝	115½	101⅝	73,140
106¾	100¼	104¼	Jan. 10.	102½	Feb. 8.	103⅝	103⅞	+ ¼	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '10.	2½	SA	103⅝	103⅞	103⅝	103⅞	102	1,100
143½	107½	137½	Jan. 5.	123½	Feb. 8.	130	131	+ 1½	Atlantic Coast Line	100	47,552,600	Jan. 10, '10.	3	SA	126¾	131⅜	126¾	130	116	4,700
122¼	103½	119½	Jan. 8.	108⅝	Feb. 7.	112½	112⅝	+ 1½	**Baltimore & Ohio**	100	152,206,800	Sept. 1, '09.	3	SA	110½	113½	110½	112⅝	107⅝	17,640
96	91	94	Jan. 7.	90	Feb. 4.	92	93	+ 1	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Sept. 1, '09.	2	SA	94	94	94	94	93	100
36¼	18¾	34	Jan. 3.	26½	Feb. 3.	28	29	+ ¼	Bethlehem Steel Corporation	100	14,862,000	....	..	..	28¼	29	28¼	28½	22	500
69½	47	65	Jan. 19.	53	Feb. 8.	56	57	− 1¼	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	¾	..	54	56⅝	54	56⅝	49½	400
82⅞	67	80¼	Jan. 3.	68½	Feb. 7.	73⅝	73¾	+ 1⅞	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Jan. 1, '10.	1	Q	71½	74⅝	71	73⅝	69⅞	21,907
164½	118	164½	Jan. 3.	143	Feb. 8.	157	158	+ 9	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	17,994,500	Oct. 1, '09.	3	SA	150	162	150	158	..	4,420
21⅛	13	18⅛	Jan. 3.	12½	Feb. 10.	12½	13½	..	Brunswick T. & Ry. Securities Co.	100	7,000,000	....	..	..	13¼	13½	13	13	15	400
62	62	35	Feb. 19.	35	Feb. 19.	25	40	−24	Buffalo & Susquehanna pf.	50	4,000,000	Dec. 1, '09.	1	Q	35	35	35	35	..	100
37	23⅞	33	Jan. 4.	30¾	Feb. 8.	30¾	32¾	+ 1¼	Butterick Co.	100	14,555,700	Dec. 1, '09.	¾	Q	33	33	32	32	28¾	800
70¼	60¼	70	Jan. 4.	67	Feb. 11.	66¾	68½	+ ⅜	**Canada Southern**	100	15,000,000	Feb. 1, '10.	1¼	SA	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝	..	100
189⅞	165	183¼	Feb. 14.	176¾	Feb. 8.	180	181	− ½	Canadian Pacific	100	149,998,900	Oct. 1, '09.	3½	SA	180½	183¼	180¼	180¼	172	12,050
51¾	25½	48¾	Jan. 3.	35½	Feb. 3.	42⅛	42½	+ 2½	Central Leather Co.	100	39,508,800	....	..	..	39	43⅜	38⅞	42	29⅝	39,685
111	99⅞	108⅞	Jan. 5.	105¼	Feb. 7.	108	108½	+ 2⅛	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,159,800	Dec. 31, '09.	1¾	Q	108¼	108⅝	108¼	108⅝	102⅝	200
323½	215	312	Jan. 7.	290	Feb. 3.	295	300	+ 2½	Central Railroad of N. J.	100	27,436,800	Feb. 1, '10.	2	Q	290	295	290	295	225	500
115	105	119	Jan. 25.	116	Jan. 3.	118½	119¾	− ¼	Central & South Amer. Telegraph	100	10,000,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1½	Q	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝	..	288
91¼	55⅝	92	Jan. 3.	77⅛	Feb. 8.	83⅜	83¾	+ ¾	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	Dec. 31, '09.	1	Q	81½	85	81½	83⅝	65⅝	61,600
37⅝	31½	36⅞	Jan. 3.	27	Feb. 7.	31⅞	32¼	+ 1½	Chicago Great Western	100	44,464,500	....	..	..	30	32⅞	30	32	..	8,125
64⅞	58⅝	64⅛	Jan. 10.	52	Feb. 8.	57⅞	58½	+ 4	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	36,119,800	....	..	..	53⅜	59⅝	53⅜	58½	..	7,100
165⅛	141	158¾	Jan. 3.	142¾	Feb. 10.	146¼	146½	+ 2	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	116,348,200	Sept. 1, '09.	3½	SA	143½	147⅞	143	146	144⅝	44,400
181	158½	172¼	Jan. 3.	162	Feb. 18.	161¼	162½	− ¼	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Sept. 1, '09.	3½	SA	162⅝	162⅝	162	162	163	600
198½	173⅛	182½	Jan. 3.	152⅝	Feb. 7.	157⅛	157½	+ 2½	Chicago & Northwestern	100	99,618,500	Jan. 3, '10.	3½	SA	154⅝	158⅞	154⅝	157½	176⅝	14,150
228	208	225	Jan. 4.	206	Feb. 2.	200	215	..	Chicago & Northwestern pf.	100	22,395,100	Jan. 3, '10.	2	Q	206	206	206	206	212	170
..	..	16¼	Jan. 5.	12½	Feb. 7.	..	..	..	Chicago & Northwestern rights			....	..	..	13⅝	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛	..	4,000
167	148	161⅜	Feb. 18.	145	Jan. 19.	158	162	+ 9¼	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha	100	18,556,200	Feb. 21, '10.	3½	SA	158	161⅜	158	161⅜	..	581
180	166½	*170¼	Feb. 18.	*170¼	Feb. 18.	160	170	..	Chicago, St. P., Minn. & Omaha pf.	100	11,256,800	Feb. 21, '10.	3½	SA	170¼	170¼	170¼	170¼	..	50
7	3½	5⅜	Jan. 4.	4	Jan. 28.	3½	4½	+ ¼	Chicago Union Traction tr. rcts.	100	16,862,000	....	..	..	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	5⅜	100
18¼	7¾	12¼	Jan. 4.	7⅝	Feb. 7.	39½	40	+ 8⅜	Chi. Union Trac. pf. tr. rcts.	100	11,344,900	....	..	..	8½	8½	8½	8½	15⅞	100
83¾	68	82⅝	Jan. 6.	77	Jan. 20.	78¼	79	..	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	100	47,056,300	Mar. 2, '08.	1	..	77	78½	77	78	75	400
53	29	50	Jan. 3.	32½	Feb. 7.	8½	9	− ⅜	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02.	1¾	..	37	40⅜	36½	40¼	31½	8,500
68¼	51	62½	Jan. 10.	54½	Feb. 8.	59½	60	+ 2½	Colorado Southern	100	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '09.	2	A	57½	61¼	57½	60	62	5,950
86	76½	82½	Feb. 15.	80	Jan. 20.	81	82½	+ 1¾	Colorado Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '09.	2	SA	82½	82¾	82	82	81	225
84½	73¼	81	Jan. 6.	79½	Feb. 8.	79	81	+ ½	Colorado Southern 2d pf.	100	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '09.	2	SA	80½	80½	80½	80½	78⅞	100
91½	21⅞	92½	Jan. 4.	12⅛	Jan. 27.	20	21	+ 4	Columbus & Hocking Coal & Iron	100	6,989,600	Mar. 1, '04.	¼	..	17½	21½	17½	21½	23⅛	1,650
165¼	114½	160⅝	Jan. 3.	139	Feb. 7.	145	145½	+ 2	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,800,000	Dec. 15, '09.	1	Q	142	147⅛	142	145¼	120⅝	40,985
26½	16½	23¼	Jan. 6.	17	Feb. 8.	18⅛	18⅞	− ⅛	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	....	..	..	18⅛	19	18⅛	18¾	18⅞	4,250
93½	73¼	86⅝	Jan. 3.	78⅜	Feb. 8.	82	82¼	+ 2⅛	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,797,600	Jan. 10, '10.	1	Q	82	84⅛	82	84⅛	75	740
200	167¾	185	Jan. 3.	168½	Feb. 8.	176⅛	177½	+ 4	**Delaware & Hudson**	100	42,501,000	Dec. 20, '09.	2¼	Q	172½	178	172½	176¾	174½	3,900
54	37⅝	52	Jan. 3.	36	Feb. 8.	41⅛	41⅜	+ 1⅝	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000	....	..	..	38⅞	42¼	38⅞	41⅜	44⅛	16,125
90	79½	84	Jan. 3.	76½	Feb. 8.	79	80	+ ½	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	45,772,400	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	SA	79½	80	79	79½	85⅞	2,240
41⅝	32½	36¾	Jan. 10.	27	Feb. 8.	31½	31⅝	+ ⅞	Distillers' Securities Corporation	100	30,768,000	Jan. 31, '10.	½	Q	30⅛	32	30⅛	31⅝	36	5,366
21	14¼	18¾	Jan. 3.	14	Feb. 3.	15¼	16	+ ½	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	16⅛	16⅜	16	16	17¼	1,020
36½	28	34⅝	Jan. 4.	24	Feb. 3.	28½	29⅜	+ 1½	Duluth, So. Shore & Atlantic pf.	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	28	29⅝	28	29	30	1,900
88	87½	86½	Feb. 15.	85	Feb. 7.	85	88	+ 1½	Dupont de N. Powder pf.	100	13,602,900	Jan. 25, '10.	1¼	Q	86½	86½	86½	86½	..	125
39	22⅜	34⅝	Jan. 5.	25¼	Feb. 8.	29	29¼	+ ¾	**Erie**	100	112,378,900	....	..	..	28⅛	29¾	27⅝	29¼	29¼	13,275
56¾	36½	52½	Jan. 5.	41⅜	Feb. 7.	46⅛	46⅜	+ 1¼	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	45⅛	46⅝	45	46⅜	45	2,820
46	28½	41⅜	Jan. 5.	32⅝	Feb. 8.	35	35½	+ ½	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	35¾	36	35⅛	35⅛	35	400
94	80	88	Jan. 3.	78⅞	Feb. 7.	81	82	+ ⅞	**Federal Mining & Smelting pf.**	100	12,000,000	Dec. 15, '09.	1¾	Q	80	81⅞	80	81⅞	..	1,400
95	61	109¾	Feb. 16.	94	Jan. 20.	108	110	− ¼	**General Chemical Co.**	100	7,410,300	Dec. 1, '09.	1	Q	107⅞	109¾	107⅞	109	..	350
108	98½	105½	Feb. 16.	103	Jan. 4.	104½	105¼	+ 1	General Chemical Co. pf.	100	12,500,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1½	Q	104½	105½	104½	105	101	932
172¾	150⅛	160⅝	Jan. 6.	147½	Feb. 7.	155¼	156	+ 4¾	General Electric Co.	100	65,179,600	Jan. 15, '10.	2	Q	152½	156½	152½	156½	152½	2,400
157⅝	136⅝	143⅞	Jan. 3.	130¾	Jan. 20.	136⅜	137	+ ¼	Great Northern pf.	100	209,950,400	Nov. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	136	137⅞	135⅜	136⅞	141	16,224
88½	65⅛	80½	Jan. 4.	63½	Feb. 8.	70½	71	+ 1⅞	Gt. Northern ctfs. for ore prop.	..	....	Sept. 15, '09.	$1	..	69¼	71⅞	68⅜	71⅞	70	7,580
95	95	96⅝	Jan. 7.	96	Jan. 5.	..	..	..	**H. B. Claflin Co. 1st pf.**	100	2,600,300	Feb. 1, '10.	1¼	Q	98	98	98	98	..	30
100	100	*101	Feb. 17.	*101	Feb. 17.				H. B. Claflin Co. 2d pf.	100	2,570,600	Feb. 1, '10.	1½	Q	101	101	101	101	..	42
103	39	96	Jan. 31.	88⅛	Jan. 20.	91	93½	− 1	Havana Electric Ry.	100	7,500,000	Feb. 14, '10.	1	Q	94	94	94	94	39	400
126	97	118⅞	Jan. 5.	102	Feb. 7.	112	115	+13	Hocking Valley tr. rects.	100	3,214,800	Jan. 17, '10.	2	SA	116	118	116	118	..	200
94½	88	90	Jan. 17.	86	Feb. 7.	86⅛	90	+ ¼	Hocking Valley pf.	100	15,000,000	Jan. 17, '10.	2	SA	90	90	90	90	..	300
162⅞	137	147	Jan. 5.	138¼	Feb. 8.	143	144	+ 1½	**Illinois Central**	100	109,270,400	Sept. 1, '09.	3½	SA	141	143¼	141	143	141¼	1,900
25⅞	11⅝	25½	Jan. 11.	18	Feb. 3.	22⅛	22¼	+ 1⅝	Interborough-Metropolitan	100	93,262,100	....	..	..	19⅝	23⅛	19⅝	22	15	83,105
63⅝	36¾	62⅞	Jan. 12.	45⅛	Feb. 8.	55⅝	55¾	+ 5	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	45,740,000	July 1, '07.	1¼	..	49½	57⅝	49½	55½	41	83,000
118¾	62	125⅞	Jan. 10.	83⅛	Feb. 8.	86½	86¾	+ ⅜	International Harvester	100	60,000,000	....	..	..	86	88⅞	86	86	65	8,662
128	109¼	129	Jan. 4.	120	Feb. 17.	119	120	..	International Harvestr pf.	100	60,000,000	Dec. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	121	121	120	120¼	111¼	750
19¼	9½	16	Jan. 3.	12¼	Feb. 4.	14⅛	14½	+ 1	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,000	....	..	..	12⅞	14½	12⅞	14⅜	11⅜	3,000
69⅞	47⅜	61½	Jan. 3.	53½	Feb. 8.	55½	56	+ 1¼	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Jan. 15, '10.	½	Q	54⅜	57	54⅜	56¼	55⅛	2,050
54¼	33½	54⅝	Jan. 7.	43½	Feb. 7.	47⅞	49	+ 3¼	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	..	46½	49	46½	48¼	37	5,195
91¾	82½	90¾	Jan. 17.	82½	Feb. 7.	87½	89	+ 2½	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	11,350,000	Feb. 1, '10.	1½	Q	86	88	86	88	84⅝	260
36	26¾	30	Jan. 3.	19	Feb. 8.	23	23¼	+ 1	Iowa Central	100	8,524,400	....	..	..	22	23¾	22	23¼	29¼	4,600
62	48	54¼	Jan. 3.	39	Feb. 9.	42½	43	+ 1⅜	Iowa Central pf.	100	5,673,300	May 1, '00.	1½	..	41	43⅜	41	43	57	4,110
61	50	55	Jan. 12.	52	Feb. 15.	50	55	− ¼	**Kanawha & Michigan tr. rcts.**	100	4,002,500	....	..	..	52	52	52	52	..	100
82	74	80	Feb. 18.	80	Feb. 18.	78	80	+ ½	Kan. City, Ft. Scott & Memp. pf.	100	13,510,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1	Q	80	80	80	80	..	250
50¼	37	44¼	Jan. 3.	33½	Feb. 8.	38¼	38½	+ 1⅜	Kansas City Southern	100	30,000,000	....	..	..	35⅝	38⅜	35¼	38½	40⅜	7,500
75½	67⅞	71	Jan. 4.	67	Jan. 25.	69	70	+ ½	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	21,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	1	Q	68⅞	69⅝	68⅞	69	70⅝	1,850
113⅜	104	116¼	Jan. 10.	97	Feb. 7.	102	102¼	+ ½	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	8,500,000	Dec. 15, '09.	1½	Q	101¼	102½	98¼	102	..	17,220
29¼	19½	25¾	Jan. 5.	20	Feb. 3.	22	23	+ 1½	Lake Erie & Western	100	11,840,000	....	..	..	22	23½	22	23½	22½	200
64⅞	48	62¾	Jan. 3.	55	Feb. 8.	59⅝	60	+ 1½	Lake Erie & Western pf.	100	11,840,000	Jan. 15, '08.	1	..	59⅝	61	59⅝	60	53½	1,000
162½	121	159¾	Jan. 5.	141¼	Feb. 3.	150¼	151	+ 2½	Louisville & Nashville	100	60,000,000	Feb. 10, '10.	3½	SA	147	152½	147	150½	127½	10,500
93½	70	91⅛	Jan. 5.	85	Jan. 17.	89	90	+ 2	**Mackay Companies**	100	41,380,400	Jan. 3, '10.	1¼	Q	90	90	90	90	72¼	500
77⅞	69½	78¼	Jan. 10.	76	Feb. 10.	76	78	+ ¼	Mackay Companies pf.	100	50,000,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1	Q	77	77	76	76⅛	71¼	600
153½	137	138¼	Jan. 3.	134	Feb. 9.	135	138		Manhattan Elevated	100	60,000,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1¾	Q	136	136	136	136	143	10
9	5⅝	7½	Jan. 5.	6	Feb. 3.	6½	7	+ ⅜	Mercantile Marine	100	49,921,800	....	..	..	6¼	6⅜	6¼	6⅜	8	1,100
27⅝	18⅞	24⅜	Jan. 5.	18¼	Feb. 3.	21½	21¾	+ 1¼	Mercantile Marine pf.	100	51,731,000	....	..	..	19½	21⅜	19½	21⅜	24	3,200
42	18	25	Jan. 14.	17	Feb. 10.	16	19	+ 1	Metropolitan Street Railway	100	9,550,400	July 1, '07.	1¾	..	18	18	18	18	30	100
65	51	53¾	Jan. 4.	42	Feb. 10.	44	46	+ 1⅜	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	6,000,000	July 15, '04.	2½	..	43	45½	43	45½	55	2,200
90	81	*78	Feb. 19.	*78	Feb. 19.	75	85		Minneapolis & St. Louis pf.	100	4,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	SA	78	78	78	78	..	20
149½	132½	144	Feb. 17.	130¼	Jan. 19.	142¾	143	+ 8¾	Minneapolis, St. P. & S. S. Marie	100	20,831,900	Oct. 16, '09.	3	SA	139¼	144	138½	142¾	140½	14,043
94	89	92¾	Jan. 3.	91	Feb. 7.	91½	91⅝	+ ¼	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M., leased line	100	11,060,500	Oct. 1, '09.	2	SA	91⅝	91⅝	91½	91½	..	200
50¼	35½	51⅛	Jan. 5.	38	Feb. 8.	43⅞	43⅝	+ 2½	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	100	63,300,300	....	..	..	40½	44⅝	40½	43⅞	40⅛	42,500
78¼	71	74⅝	Jan. 5.	69½	Jan. 25.	71½	73	+ ¼	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf.	100	13,000,000	Nov. 10, '09.	2	SA	73½	73⅜	73½	73½	73½	350
77½	65	72⅞	Jan. 6.	65¾	Feb. 8.	70⅝	71⅛	+ 1⅛	Missouri Pacific	100	83,044,400	Jan. 30, '08.	2½	..	68⅝	71½	68⅜	70⅝	69¾	24,100
120	96½	115	Jan. 5.	101	Feb. 4.	106	111½	+ ⅝	**National Biscuit Co.**	100	29,236,000	Jan. 15, '10.	1¾	Q	110¼	110⅝	110¼	110⅝	101½	200
30¼	12⅞	28½	Jan. 3.	20¼	Feb. 7.	23½	24	+ ⅜	National Enameling & Stamping Co.	100	15,591,800	July 15, '05.	1	..	22¼	24¼	22¼	23½	13	1,800
99½	82	96½	Jan. 18.	90½	Feb. 5.	90	98	+ 3½	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co. pf.	100	8,546,600	Dec. 31, '09.	1¾	Q	94	94	94	94	..	100
94	71¼	89⅝	Jan. 4.	74	Feb. 8.	81¼	81⅜	+ 1¼	National Lead Co.	100	20,750,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1¼	Q	79¼	82	79¼	81½	77⅞	6,050
113¾	102⅝	110½	Jan. 17.	107	Jan. 20.	107	111	+ ¾	National Lead Co. pf.	100	24,463,600	Dec. 15, '09.	1¾	Q	109½	109½	109½	109½	108⅝	100
64	44½	64	Jan. 3.	60	Feb. 3.	60¼	63¼	− ⅝	National Rys. of Mexico 1st pf.	100	28,830,200	Feb. 10, '10.	1	SA	62	62	62	62	..	300
26⅝	21	28⅝	Jan. 20.	24⅜	Jan. 15.	27⅛	27¼	− ⅝	National Rys. of Mexico 2d pf.	100	123,835,600	....	..	..	27	27½	26⅛	27⅛	..	2,500
53	45½	52⅛	Feb. 16.	52⅛	Feb. 16.	30	60	+ ¼	New Central Coal	20	1,000,000	Nov. 1, '09.	2	SA	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛	..	100
97¼	80	95½	Jan. 3.	72	Feb. 8.	76	78	− 1¾	New York Air Brake	100	10,000,000	Oct. 22, '07.	2	..	79	80	75⅛	75¼	85	1,160
147¾	120½	125½	Jan. 3.	114⅞	Feb. 8.	120⅞	121¼	+ 1⅞	New York Central	100	222,546,200	Jan. 15, '10.	1¼	Q	118¼	122¼	118¼	121	126⅛	68,910
69	48½	65½	Jan. 4.	57⅞	Feb. 8.	56	60	− 3	New York, Chicago & St. Louis	100	14,000,000	....	..	..	62⅝	62⅝	60	60	52	600
95	76¼	98	Jan. 19.	95½	Feb. 16.	..	92	− 1½	New York, Chi., & St. Louis 2d pf.	100	11,000,000	Mar. 1, '09.	5	A	95½	95½	95½	95½	..	100
82⅞	75	83	Jan. 28.	83	Jan. 28.	81½	..		New York Dock Co. pf.	100	10,000,000	Oct. 15, '09.	2	SA	82	82	82	82	..	11
174¾	154	160⅞	Feb. 17.	154½	Jan. 19.	159	160	+ 1	New York, New Haven & Hartford	100	100,000,000	Dec. 31, '09.	2	Q	159½	160⅞	159½	160	159	1,800
..	..	149	Feb. 18.	145	Jan. 20.	..	..	+ 1⅝	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. cfs. 1st paid						148	149	148	149	..	2,050
55⅝	42¼	50	Jan. 5.	43¼	Feb. 8.	45⅝	45⅞	+ ⅜	New York, Ontario & Western	100	58,113,900	Aug. 9, '09.	2	A	44¼	46⅜	44	45⅝	45½	18,200
102	84¼	102⅝	Feb. 10.	95	Jan. 25.	101	101½	− ½	Norfolk & Western	100	66,000,000	Dec. 17, '09.	2½	SA	101¼	102⅝	100¼	101	87⅝	21,160
92½	85⅛	91	Feb. 19.	88	Feb. 2.	90	92	+ 3	Norfolk & Western pf.	100	23,000,000	Feb. 18, '10.	2	SA	89⅞	91	89	91	..	800
87½	72	84	Jan. 3.	75	Feb. 3.	80	80¾	+ 2⅝	North American	100	29,779,700	Jan. 3, '10.	1¼	Q	78½	80⅞	78¼	80⅞	79⅝	4,525
159½	133¼	145⅝	Jan. 3.	131¼	Jan. 19.	136⅜	136½	..	Northern Pacific	100	247,905,300	Feb. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	135¼	137	134¾	136⅛	138	20,750
5⅝	2	3¼	Feb. 17.	2¼	Jan. 22.	3	3¼	+ ¼	**Ontario Mining Co.**	100	15,000,000	Dec. 30, '02.	30c	..	2⅝	3¼	2⅝	3	..	910
116½	76	118¾	Jan. 12.	107	Feb. 15.	111½	115	+ 2	**Pacific Coast**	100	7,000,000	Feb. 1, '10.	1¼	Q	107	112	107	112	80	1,140
115	88	118	Jan. 3.	105	Feb. 14.	109	114	− 5	Pacific Coast 2d pf.	100	4,000,000	Feb. 1, '10.	1½	Q	105	105	105	105	81	200
48½	29⅛	43¾	Jan. 4.	28	Feb. 3.	32½	33	+ 3	Pacific Mail	100	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '09.	1	..	29½	33¼	29¼	33	..	4,500
64½	45¼	46¼	Jan. 4.	33	Jan. 26.	38⅜	40	− 1	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph	100	18,000,000	....	..	..	39	40	38½	39	..	1,660
151¼	126⅛	137⅞	Jan. 3.	129¼	Feb. 8.	133⅛	133¼	+	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	305,269,200	Nov. 30, '09.	3	SA	131⅝	134⅜	131½	133¼	128½	85,190
120	101½	116⅝	Jan. 3.	105½	Feb. 3.	110⅝	110¾	+ 1¼	People's Gas, Chicago	100	35,000,000	Nov. 26, '09.	1¾	Q	108¾	110⅜	108¾	110½	111⅞	7,550
28	23½	28	Jan. 10.	18¼	Feb. 3.	24	26	+ ⅛	Peoria & Eastern	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	22	25	22	25	..	400
103½	99½	106½	Jan. 8.	97	Feb. 8.	103	104	+ 5¼	Philadelphia Co.	50	36,000,000	Feb. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	99	104¼	99	104¼	..	6,480
99⅞	86½	100½	Jan. 5.	95	Feb. 8.	97⅝	97⅞	+ ½	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	27,464,100	Feb. 15, '10.	2½	SA	97½	98	97½	97⅞	90½	1,790
29⅝	10	27¾	Jan. 5.	18⅝	Feb. 7.	21	21½	+ ¾	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J.	100	28,104,600	....	..	..	20½	21½	20¼	21¼	..	5,000
87½	40	85	Jan. 3.	66½	Feb. 8.	71	72	+ 1⅞	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J., pf.	100	27,071,800	Apr. 25, '05.	1¼	..	71	74	71	71¾	..	6,900
56	30½	51⅞	Jan. 3.	35½	Feb. 8.	42½	43	+ 2½	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04.	1	..	40	44	39½	43	34	4,500
111¾	96	107½	Jan. 5.	100¼	Feb. 5.	101¾	102¼	− 1	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Nov. 24, '09.	1¾	Q	102	102¼	102	102	98	1,250
200	169	200	Feb. 11.	188¾	Jan. 12.	197	198	− 1½	Pullman Company	100	100,000,000	Feb. 15, '10.	2	Q	199½	199½	197	197¾	171½	1,919
9⅜	1⅝	3⅝	Jan. 12.	2⅝	Feb. 9.	3⅛	3½	..	**Quicksilver**	100	5,708,700	....	..	..	3	3	3	3	2½	300
54¼	32½	51⅞	Jan. 3.	35	Feb. 7.	42½	43	+ 2	**Railway Steel Spring Co.**	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08.	1	..	40	43	40	43	42½	2,600
173⅜	118	172¼	Feb. 18.	154	Jan. 27.	169⅛	169¼	+ 6⅜	Reading	50	70,000,000	Feb. 1, '10.	3	SA	161¼	172¼	160⅝	169¼	128½	936,800
96	89	93½	Feb. 17.	90⅝	Feb. 7.	91	91½	+ 2¼	Reading 1st pf.	50	28,000,000	Sept. 10, '09.	2	SA	93	93½	91⅞	91¼	92	500
117½	90	110½	Jan. 3.	99⅜	Jan. 20.	107	107½	+ 2	Reading 2d pf.	50	42,000,000	Nov. 10, '09.	2	SA	103	110½	103	107	91	5,638
49½	16⅝	45⅛	Jan. 3.	33⅛	Feb. 8.	39¼	40	+ 2⅝	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000	....	..	..	36⅜	41	36⅜	40	18¼	17,413
110¼	67⅛	104¼	Jan. 3.	98⅞	Feb. 9.	102¼	103	+ 2⅝	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Jan. 1, '10.	1¾	Q	99½	102⅞	99½	102½	75⅞	5,710
81	20⅞	57¼	Jan. 3.	38⅝	Jan. 20.	49⅝	49¾	+ 2	Rock Island Co.	100	90,286,400	....	..	..	46	50⅞	45	49⅝	23¼	190,800
94¾	57⅞	91½	Jan. 8.	81	Jan. 25.	87½	89	+ 3	Rock Island Co. pf.	100	49,526,100	Nov. 1, '05.	1	..	84	88⅝	84	88	62½	7,100
74	65¼	73	Jan. 6.	68⅞	Feb. 3.	69½	70	+ 1⅝	**St. Louis & San Fran. 1st pf.**	100	5,000,000	Feb. 1, '10.	1	Q	70	70	70	70	69	175
60¾	36	60	Jan. 5.	45	Feb. 8.	50	50½	+ 1⅞	St. Louis & San Fran. 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05.	1	..	48	51	48	50¼	38¼	5,880
35⅜	20½	34½	Jan. 3.	24¼	Feb. 8.	29¾	30	+ 1¼	St. Louis Southwestern	100	16,356,200	....	..	..	28½	30⅝	28	29¾	22½	9,200
82⅜	47½	77½	Jan. 3.	69¾	Feb. 7.	73½	73¾	+ ¾	St. Louis Southwestern pf.	100	19,893,700	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	SA	72½	74⅝	72¼	73¾	51	2,400
94⅝	68	86½	Jan. 3.	71½	Feb. 7.	76½	77½	+ ¾	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 30, '09.	1¼	Q	77	78¼	75⅝	77	71	1,870
120	107⅞	118¾	Feb. 1.	115	Jan. 19.	116⅛	117½	..	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co. pf.	100	6,700,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1¾	Q	118	118	118	118	107⅞	10
83	79½	85	Jan. 18.	81½	Jan. 25.	80	85	+ ½	South Porto Rico Sugar	100	8,271,000	Jan. 3, '10.	1	Q	82	82	82	82	..	100
139⅛	114⅝	138¼	Jan. 4.	119⅞	Feb. 8.	125⅝	125¾	+ ½	Southern Pacific	100	272,671,300	Jan. 2, '10.	1½	Q	123¼	127⅛	123	125⅝	117½	113,200
34	22	33¾	Jan. 3.	25⅜	Feb. 7.	28½	29	+ ¾	Southern Railway extended	100	119,900,000	....	..	..	27⅝	29½	27⅝	29	24⅞	13,025
75½	60	75	Jan. 3.	60	Feb. 8.	65½	66	+ ¾	Southern Railway pf. extended	100	60,000,000	Oct. 17, '07.	1¼	..	63	66	63	65⅝	63	4,227
49	33½	40⅝	Jan. 3.	30⅛	Feb. 4.	32¾	33¼	− ⅛	**Tennessee Copper**	25	5,000,000	Dec. 23, '09.	$1.25	..	32¼	33⅝	32¼	33¼	39⅞	1,400
40¼	30	36¾	Jan. 3.	26½	Feb. 8.	30⅛	30½	+ 1⅜	Texas Pacific	100	38,760,000	....	..	..	29	30⅝	29	30⅝	33⅛	7,450
93⅞	80½	89½	Jan. 10.	83	Feb. 8.	85	90	+ 4¾	Texas Pacific Land Trust	100	5,756,200			..	88	88	87⅞	87⅞	..	300
42½	12¼	19½	Jan. 7.	8	Feb. 16.	9	9½	−	Third Avenue	100	16,000,000	July 30, '07.	1½	..	9⅝	10⅜	8	10	39¼	6,220
15⅜	7	15⅝	Jan. 12.	10⅛	Feb. 8.	11½	12½	+ 1	Toledo Railways & Light Co.	100	13,875,000	May 1, '07.	1	..	11⅜	12½	11⅜	12½	18⅞	900
54⅞	43	54⅜	Jan. 4.	42	Feb. 8.	43⅝	44½	+ ¾	Toledo, St. Louis & Western	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	43	45½	43	44⅝	47	8,000
74¼	64¾	72¼	Jan. 4.	62½	Feb. 4.	65½	66⅝	+ 1¼	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf.	100	10,000,000	Oct. 15, '09.	2	SA	65	66½	65	66	68½	3,225
116½	97	117½	Jan. 3.	111	Jan. 25.	113½	113¾	+ 1	Twin City Rapid Transit	100	20,100,000	Feb. 15, '10.	1½	Q	112½	113½	112	113¼	104	1,633
15⅝	9¼	18¼	Jan. 8.	8⅞	Jan. 25.	9½	11	+ ⅝	**Union Bag & Paper Co.**	100	16,000,000	....	..	..	9⅞	10¼	9⅞	10¼	10	200
81¼	66	73	Jan. 13.	69	Feb. 1.	70	75	+ 1	Union Bag & Paper Co. pf.	100	11,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	1	Q	70	70	70	70	67½	240
219	172½	204⅞	Jan. 3.	178½	Feb. 8.	186⅝	186½	+ 3¼	Union Pacific	100	216,575,200	Jan. 2, '10.	2½	Q	181¼	188⅝	180⅝	186½	177½	425,300
118½	94	103⅞	Jan. 7.	96	Feb. 3.	100	101	− 1¼	Union Pacific pf.	100	99,569,300	Oct. 1, '09.	2	SA	101⅝	102⅝	100	100	95⅝	5,540
125½	115	122	Jan. 3.	118¼	Feb. 8.	118	119¼	− ¾	United Dry Goods	100	11,141,600	Feb. 1, '10.	2	Q	120	120	118½	118½	..	310
114	109	113⅞	Jan. 3.	110	Feb. 7.	110	110½	− ¼	United Dry Goods pf.	100	10,500,000	Dec. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	110½	111	110½	110½	..	1,227
47	30	42¼	Jan. 3.	33	Jan. 25.	37	38½	+ ½	United Railways Investment Co.	100	20,400,000	....	..	..	36⅞	39½	36⅞	37½	32⅞	1,410
77	50¼	72⅝	Jan. 8.	56½	Jan. 25.	67	68½	+ 3½	United Railways Investment Co. pf.	100	16,000,000	Jan. 10, '07.	2½	..	64	69⅝	64	67	53	3,050
35½	24⅞	32	Jan. 3.	23	Feb. 8.	25	25¾	− ⅜	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07.	1	..	25½	26	24⅝	25⅝	26½	1,030
87½	70	84	Jan. 10.	75	Feb. 8.	75	78	+ ½	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Fo. Co. pf.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '09.	1¾	Q	79	79½	78¼	79½	73	563
110	82	145	Jan. 10.	112	Jan. 4.	120	125	− 2	United States Express Co.	100	10,000,000	Nov. 15, '09.	3	SA	118	118	118	118	..	150
87	60	84¼	Jan. 4.	72	Feb. 8.	73½	75	+ ¾	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	Feb. 1, '10.	1¼	Q	73⅞	74¼	73⅞	74¼	66½	1,100
17½	10	11	Jan. 14.	7¼	Feb. 10.	8	11	− ⅞	U. S. Reduction & Refining Co.	100	5,918,800	Apr. 1, '08.	1	..	8⅛	8¼	8⅛	8⅛	..	200
57⅝	27	52½	Jan. 3.	35	Feb. 7.	45½	45¾	+ 4¼	United States Rubber Co.	100	23,666,000	Apr. 30, '00.	1	..	39⅛	46½	39¼	45⅝	30⅝	9,100
123½	98	116½	Jan. 10.	108	Feb. 7.	113⅞	114¼	+ 3⅜	United States Rubber Co. 1st pf.	100	36,263,000	Jan. 31, '10.	2	Q	111	114½	111	114½	103	3,014
89½	67½	84	Jan. 3.	76	Feb. 7.	80½	81	+ 1¼	United States Rubber Co. 2d pf.	100	9,065,000	Jan. 31, '10.	1½	Q	80	80½	80	80½	68½	600
94⅞	41¼	91	Jan. 3.	75	Feb. 8.	80½	80¾	+ 1¼	United States Steel Corporation	100	508,495,200	Dec. 30, '09.	1	Q	78	81⅜	77¼	80⅝	46	738,189
131	107	125⅝	Jan. 3.	116¼	Feb. 7.	120	120⅛	+ ⅝	United States Steel Corporation pf.	100	360,314,100	Nov. 30, '09.	1¾	Q	119	120⅝	118⅞	120¼	109⅝	16,225
67¼	39⅛	60½	Jan. 6.	42⅝	Feb. 8.	49½	50	− ½	Utah Copper	10	13,045,040	Dec. 31, '09.	50c	Q	49	51	49	49⅝	42	64,360
..	..	⅝	Feb. 2.	8-32	Feb. 7.	..	..	− ⅛	Utah Copper rights	..	....				¼	¼	⅛	⅛	..	4,104
56⅝	40⅞	57⅞	Jan. 10.	47	Feb. 8.	54¾	55	+ 3½	**Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.**	100	27,984,400	Aug. 20, '09.	3	..	51	55⅝	50¼	54¾	44⅝	31,400
128	114	129¼	Jan. 4.	121	Feb. 11.	123	124	+ 3	Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co. pf.	100	18,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	2	Q	122½	124	122½	124	115	900
75⅞	57	73	Jan. 8.	63	Feb. 19.	61	65	− 1	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,073,600	....	..	..	62	62	62	62	59	100
37¼	6	20	Jan. 24.	15	Feb. 4.	15	23	..	Vulcan Detinning Co.	100	2,000,000	....	..	..	19	19	19	19	6½	40
27⅞	15	27¾	Jan. 3.	18¾	Feb. 3.	21½	21⅞	+ ½	**Wabash**	100	53,187,200	....	..	..	20⅞	22¼	20⅝	21⅝	18	11,750
61¾	41	61	Jan. 3.	39¾	Feb. 8.	47⅝	47¾	+ 1⅝	Wabash pf.	100	39,187,200	....	..	..	44½	48⅝	44	47⅝	47	49,000
650	300	186	Jan. 17.	152	Feb. 8.	170	175	+ 3	Wells-Fargo Express Co.	100	23,966,300	Jan. 15, '10.	5	SA	170	170	168	168	..	200
..	..	52½	Jan. 5.	45	Feb. 8.	48	48½	+ 1½	Western Maryland 4th pd.	50	15,685,400	....	..	..	46⅝	49⅜	44	48½	21¼	5,450
85¼	64	77	Jan. 3.	69	Feb. 4.	72½	73	+ 2	Western Union Telegraph	100	99,695,700	Jan. 15, '10.	¾	Q	71	73½	71	73	67½	3,225
90	74	82½	Jan. 3.	62	Feb. 8.	69	70¾	+ 2¼	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	35,983,700	Oct. 10, '07.	2½	..	67¼	70⅝	67	70⅝	79⅝	1,600
12⅝	5	10	Jan. 3.	5	Jan. 31.	5¼	5¾	−	Wheeling & Lake Erie	100	20,000,000	....	..	..	5⅝	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	10	500
25½	15¼	28	Jan. 3.	9	Jan. 31.	11	12	[illegible]	Wheeling & Lake Erie 1st pf.	100	4,986,900	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	12	12	12	12	22	100
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Jan.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Wisconsin Central	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	3,400

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Central Foundry Company

To holders of the 6% Sinking Fund Gold Debentures of 1919 of Central Foundry Company, and to all other creditors of said company:

In view of the appointment of a receiver of the properties of CENTRAL FOUNDRY COMPANY, and at the request of the holders of said debentures and creditors to a large amount, the undersigned have consented to act as a committee for the protection of the interests of all creditors who shall become parties to an agreement now in course of preparation, to be dated February 16, 1910.

Creditors are accordingly requested to deposit their debentures in negotiable form with the coupon of May 1, 1910, and all subsequent coupons attached, and all other claims and evidences of indebtedness, with appropriate transfers, proofs of claims, and powers of attorney with the **CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK**, the depositary to be named in said agreement, at its office, 54 Wall Street, New York City. Certificates of deposit will be issued for all debentures and claims so deposited.

In the judgment of the Committee the interests of the creditors demand immediate concerted action for their protection, and a prompt deposit of debentures and of claims is therefore urged. Copies of the deposit agreement and forms of transfer, proofs of claims, and powers of attorney may be obtained on and after FEBRUARY 21, 1910, from the Central Trust Company of New York or from the secretary of the committee.

Dated New York, February 16, 1910.

J. N. WALLACE, Chairman;
C. D. SMITHERS,
P. J. GOODHART,
AUGUST HECKSCHER,
GEORGE D. HALLOCK,
Committee.
FRANKLIN L. BABCOCK, Secretary,
54 Wall Street, New York City.
JOLINE, LARKIN & RATHBONE,
BYRNE & CUTCHEON,
Counsel.

Lackawanna Steel
STOCK and RIGHTS
Bought and Sold.
WEED and GWYNNE,
7907-8 Hanover. 35 Wall St., N. Y. City.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

Houston & Texas Central Consolidated Mortgage Bonds.

Notice of Bonds Drawn for Payment

The Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company, having in its possession cash proceeds from sales of lands covered by Trust Indenture between Frederic P. Olcott, The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York, and the Southern Pacific Company, dated April 1, 1890, which are applicable to the purchase of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company's Consolidated Mortgage Bonds, secured by such indenture, to an amount sufficient at the price limited in said trust indenture to purchase and retire 150 of such bonds, and, it having been found that such bonds cannot be purchased at or below 110 per centum of the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon, there have been drawn by lot, under the provisions of such trust indenture, bonds secured thereby bearing the distinguishing numbers hereinafter stated to be paid for out of such proceeds of such land sales at the said rate of 110 per centum of the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon.

The distinguishing numbers of the bonds so drawn are as follows, viz.:

34	208	535	1099	1637	2069	2726	3379
45	237	544	1164	1643	2108	2798	3596
69	258	558	1177	1651	2128	2804	3612
70	287	641	1183	1706	2229	2816	3622
74	298	643	1186	1779	2250	2818	3635
79	322	645	1217	1783	2360	2954	3636
105	339	800	1227	1794	2362	2972	3651
114	360	814	1262	1853	2389	2974	3653
129	409	859	1264	1867	2427	2987	3663
143	419	870	1288	1869	2485	2995	3665
149	428	894	1377	1877	2518	3020	3666
153	457	902	1392	1882	2560	3035	3689
157	460	924	1429	1898	2629	3127	3744
158	461	940	1449	1918	2642	3156	3815
175	471	1043	1512	1936	2644	3325	3834
189	478	1055	1531	1938	2659	3337	3843
196	505	1056	1580	1942	2683	3339	3848
198	506	1066	1596	2045	2701	3373	3865
203	526	1091	1615	2050	2722		150

The bonds bearing such distinguishing numbers will be paid for at the rate above mentioned, viz.: 110 per centum and accrued interest, upon presentation thereof, with all unmatured coupons attached thereto, at the office of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company, 120 Broadway, New York City.

The bonds so drawn will cease to bear interest from and after sixty days' published notice of such drawing, viz.: From and after the 25th day of February, 1910.

Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company
By ROBERT S. LOVETT,
President.

New York, December 27, 1909.

NOTICE TO REDEEM "GENERAL INdebtedness Funding Bonds of 1895 of the City of Galveston," issued by said city in the year 1895.

Notice is hereby given to the holders of the bonds of the City of Galveston, known as "General Indebtedness Funding Bonds of 1895 of the City of Galveston," issued by said city in the year 1895, and numbered 36, 38, 39, 40, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, and 86, each of said bonds being for one thousand dollars, ($1,000.00,) that the City of Galveston will redeem, at par, the hereinbefore named and numbered bonds, upon their presentation at the office of its Treasurer in the City of Galveston, or, at the option of the holder thereof, at the fiscal agency of the City of Galveston in the City and State of New York, on the 17th day of March, 1910, and any of the bonds herein described and designated which are not presented for redemption as aforesaid, on the 17th day of March, 1910, shall cease to bear interest from and after said date. The bonds herein designated for redemption being in the order of their issue; that is to say, in the order of their numbers, which are now outstanding.

This notice is given in pursuance of Section 2 of the ordinances of said city by virtue of which the bonds hereinbefore named and designated were issued.

LEWIS FISHER,
Mayor-President of the City of Galveston.
T. J. GROCE,
Treasurer of the City of Galveston.

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¶ This company has been acting as executor for a quarter of a century. Its commissions are fixed by law. They are the same as those of individuals. Its capital and surplus are $3,000,000.

LONG ISLAND LOAN & TRUST COMPANY
TEMPLE BAR, 44 COURT ST.
BROOKLYN

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY

On and after
April first, 1910
temporary offices at
113 Broadway
pending completion
of its new offices

WALL STREET
CORNER NASSAV

CHARTERED 1866
Brooklyn Trust Company

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital $5,000,000
Surplus 18,000,000

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

SLOSS-SHEFFIELD STEEL & IRON CO.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron Company will be held on the 9th day of March, 1910, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the office of the Company, Hudson County National Bank Building, 243 and 245 Washington Street, Jersey City, N. J., for the purpose of electing Board of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

In accordance with the laws of the State of New Jersey no stock can be voted on which has been transferred on the books of the Company within twenty days next preceding this meeting.

Kindly execute and forward the enclosed form of proxy to F. L. Babcock, Ass't Sec'y, 54 Wall Street, New York City, in case you should be unable to attend the meeting in person.

E. L. MORRIS, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

A Semi-Annual Dividend of $2.00 per share on the Preferred Stock and a Quarterly Dividend of $2.50 per share on the Common Stock of this Company have this day been declared, payable at the Treasurer's office, 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on April 1, 1910, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, March 1, 1910.

The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend.

Stockholders who have not already done so are requested to promptly file mailing orders for dividends with the undersigned, from whom blank orders can be had on application.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., Feb. 10, 1910.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

SILVER & MAYER.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of SILVER & MAYER, to carry on the business of merchant tailoring at No. 115 West 42d Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Dated New York, February 19th, 1910.
ISIDOR H. SILVER,
DANIEL MAYER.

PROPOSALS.

BUILDING—OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTING Quartermaster, Fort Hamilton, N. Y., February 16, 1910.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for the construction and plumbing of brick Extension to Ordnance Shop at Fort Wadsworth, N. Y., will be received here until 11 A. M. March 18, 1910, and then publicly opened. Information furnished from this office on application. Plans and specifications may be seen in the office of Chief Quartermaster, Governors Island, N. Y. H., or Quartermaster's Office, Fort Wadsworth, N. Y., or will be loaned by this office on deposit of $5.00 to insure safe return. The U. S. reserves the right to reject or accept any or all proposals. Envelopes containing proposals must be marked "Proposals for Extension to Ordnance Shop at Fort Wadsworth, N. Y.," and addressed to Constructing Quartermaster, Fort Hamilton, N. Y.

MACKAY SELLS 'PHONE STOCKS

Syndicate Takes Over and Markets Mackay Companies' Big Holdings.

One of the interesting financial happenings of the week was the sale by the Mackay Companies of its large holdings of American Telephone and Telegraph Company stock. This concern has for years been the largest single holder of the 'Phone stocks. An official statement was made, as follows:

The Mackay Companies will sell its entire holding of stock in the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, that step being taken in deference to public opinion, which views with suspicion this large holding of stock in a company which has recently purchased the control of the Western Union Telegraph Company. Moreover, that stock was acquired by the Mackay Companies with a view to bringing about economies in the construction and maintenance of joint-pole lines over long stretches of country where the business was not sufficient to justify either company constructing an independent pole line by itself. Many such arrangements were made, each company owning one-half of the pole line, but having nothing to do with the business of the other company. Since, however, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company has acquired control of the Western Union Telegraph Company the time has come for the Mackay Companies to sell its holdings of stock in the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, and that will be done. The Postal Telegraph system will continue to be free and independent, prepared to maintain the competition which it has furnished for twenty-five years.

It is understood that a banking syndicate had arranged to take over the Mackay Companies' holdings, which, it is said, amounted to about 82,000 shares. At the present market price of 137 the investment amounts to $11,234,000. It was reported that much of the stock has already been marketed.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 19, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Am.Cit. R. & L.	$10,761,165	1½	S	Jan. 1, 10	61	62
Do preferred	6,906,177	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	94½	96
Albany So. 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	96	99
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,000,000	V	V	V	39	39¾
Do 6% cum. pf	2,500,000	V	V	V	80	80¾
Ariz. Power	3,000,000	V	V	V	26	27
Do preferred	750,000	V	V	V	46	50
Do 1st 6s, '33	1,650,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	†87½	†92
Atl. Av. 5s, '31	2,241,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 09	98	101
A. & S. E. RR. 1st & ref.5s,'42	1,425,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	100	102
Augusta R&E5s	1,000,000	V	V	V	100	102
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Jan 10, 10	56¼	57¼
Do preferred	3,100,000	1½	Q	Jan 10, 10	90	92
Do 1st 5s, '41	3,000,000	2½	S	Oct 15, 09	99¾	100¼
Do 1st rf 5s,'46	1,300,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	91¾	93½
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	823,000	2½	S	Nov. 1, 09	96	98½
Bangor R. & E 1st con. 5s,'35	1,851,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	103	..
Binghamt'n Ry. 1st con. 5s,'31	1,000,000	V	V	V	..	101½
Birmingham R. & E. Co. 5s	957,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	103	106
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co.4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	Oct. 1, 09	89½	91
Do 6s	1,300,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	102	106
Bleecker St.&F. Ferry stock	900,000	¾	S	July, 1909	17	23
Do 1st 4s,1950	700,000	V	V	V	65	70
B'way& 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	Oct 11, 09	140	..
Do 2d 5s, 1914	500,000	2½	S	July 1, 09	98	100
B'way Surface guar. 1st 5s,'24	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan, 1910	102	105
B., B. & W. E. gen. 5s, 1933	250,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	97	102
B'klyn C.R.($10)	12,000,000	2½	Q	Jan., 1910	190	195
Buff. Cross'n 5s	2,974,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	106½	107½
Buff. Gen. El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	102	103
Buff. & L. E. Tract. 5s, '36	5,005,000	V	V	V	84½	86
Buf. & Niag. F. E. L. & P. 5s	500,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	98	..
Cal. Cent. G. & E. 1st 5s, '31	V	V	V	V	103	105
Cal. G. & E.Cor. gen. mg. 5s,'33	10,000,000	V	V	V	91	93
Cap. Traction (Wash.)	12,000,000	V	V	V	133½	134½
Do 1st 5s, '47	2,500,000	V	V	V	114¾	115¼
Cent. Col. Pow.	15,000,000	V	V	V	3	4
Do preferred	4,500,000	V	V	V	9	14
Do 1st 5s, '46	9,000,000	V	V	V	40	60
Cen. Crosstown	600,000	V	V	V	90	130
Do 1st 6s.1922	250,000	V	V	V	..	95
Charleston Con. Ry., G. & E.	V	V	V	V	80	82
Con. 5s, '99	1,713,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	91½	92½
C'ston City Ry. 1st 5s of '28	780,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	103	104
Chattan'ga Rys	2,000,000	..	..	....	38	40
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 1, 10	80	81
Do 1st 5s, '56	2,165,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	99
Chi. & Jol. 1st 5s	7,000,000	V	V	V	95	96½
Clev., Painsv. & East. 1st 5s,'16	500,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	94	100
Clev.E.Ry.1st 5s	600,000	V	V	V	97	98
Cleveland, El. & W. 5s	1,073,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	84	86
Clev. Ry. 5s, '12	2,128,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	100
Columbia G.&E.	50,000,000	..	..	....	22	24
Do 1st 5s, '27	14,080,500	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	69	71
Col'bus (Me.) El. 5s g '33	689,000	V	V	V	95¾	97
Colum's New'k & Z. 1st 5s	1,260,000	5	A	Mar, 1909	96	97½
Conn. R. & L 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble	10,682,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	101¼	102¼
Do unstamp.	1,809,378	2¼	S	J. & J.	102½	103½
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	30	60
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	V	V	V	75	95
Coney Isl. & B.	2,983,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 09	65	75
Do 1st con 4s	2,000,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 10	78	83
Con. Gas.E.L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	7,151,000	2¼	S	July, 1909	83	85
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jan 15, 10	76	77
Do 1st 5s,1933	15,000,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	104½	105½
Dallas E. C. 1st col. tr. 5s, '22	3,658,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	91	95
Dayton Ltg. 5s.	2,235,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	..	†98
Denver City—Tram'y 5s, '19	2,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	99½	102
Do ref. 5s, '33	1,848,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	96	97
Con. Tr. 5s, '33	1,167,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	99¼	102
Met. Ry.6s,11	953,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	99½	..
Detroit Ed'n 5s	8,822,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99½	101½
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	950,000	2½	S	Dec., 1908	96	100
Do 5%sc.,1914	1,100,000	2½	S	Feb., 1909	45	50
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, '31	1,127,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	99	101
East Penn. Rys. 1st 5s, '36	2,905,500	V	V	V	80	84
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s,'56	1,546,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96	98
Ed'nEl.(L.Ang.) pf. stock	V	V	V	V	81	82½
Eighth Av.R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	290	..
Elmira Water, L. & R. R. 1st mtg. 5s	V	V	V	V	100	103
Do con. 5s	V	V	V	V	93	93½
El Paso El. 5s.	1,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	100
42d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	4½	..	May 6, 09	200	220
42d St., M. & St. N.Av.1st 6s,'10	1,200,000	V	V	V	99	101
Do inc.6s,1915	1,500,000	..	..	....	50	60
Gd. Rapids Ry.	2,000,000	1	Q	Dec., 1909	120	123
Do preferred	1,500,000	1¼	Q	Nov 1, 09	89	91
Do 1st 5s, '16	3,372,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	99	101
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	†93	95
Helena R. & L.	561,000	V	..	....	40	50
Do 5s cum.pf.	374,000	V	V	V	75	80
Do 5s of '25.	860,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	92	96
Houston L.&P. 1st 5s, 1942	744,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	100	102
Hud. Tunnels: Hud. & Man. Ry.	40,000,000	V	V	V	20	25
Do 4½s, '56	57,000,000	..	..	....	77	80
Int. Trac. 4s,'49	17,955,000	V	V	V	63	66
J.C., H. & P. 4s	14,061,000	2	S	Nov, 1909	75	76
Kan. C. R&L pf	9,522,000	1¼	Q	Dec., 1909	70	70½
Do 1st l.r. 5s	9,220,000	2½	S	Nov 15,09	95½	96½
Kan. C. West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	90	93
Kings Co. E. L. & P. 5s, 1937	2,500,000	2½	S	Oct., 1897	102	102
Knox. R. & L.5s	1,932,000	V	V	V	95	96
Knoxv. Trac.5s	824,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	104½	105½
Lock. &O. 1st 5s	800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	99	100
Memph. St.R.5s	7,394,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99¼	100
Mil. L., H. & T. 1st 5s of '29	5,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	105¼	106
Minn. Gen. E. 1st con. 5s, '33	5,486,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	99½	101
Minn. St. Ry. 5s	4,208,000	2½	S	Jul 15, 09	104¼	105¼
Mobile Elec. 5s.	1,355,000	V	V	V	86	89
Nash. R. & El.5s	4,054,000	V	V	V	101	103
Nassau L & P5s	547,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	99	101½
N. News & O.P. R. & El.5s, '41	1,700,000	2½	S	V	93	95
Do. g. mtg.5s	V	V	V	V	80	90
Ninth Avenue	V	V	V	V	150	180
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912	2,500,000	2½	S	M. & M	100	..
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	100
Nor. Hudson Co Ry. ext. 5s	100,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	100	103
Nor. Jer. St.Ry. 1st 4s, 1948	15,000,000	2	S	Nov, 1909	78	79
Okla. G. & El.	700,000	1¼	Q	Dec 15, 09	90	100
Do 7% cum.pf	1,000,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 10	94	99
Do 5s, '29	1,600,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 10	96	98
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28	6,538,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	96	99
O. & C. B.St.R. & B. 1st 5s,'28	1,616,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	101

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 19, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	Nov 1, 09	96½	98
Omaha El. L. & P. 1st g. 5s,'33	1,143,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	98	100
Pacific Lt. & P. 1st 5s, '42	2,850,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	99¾	100¾
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30	6,724,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	100
Port. R., L.& P. 5% notes, '10	1,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	100	..
Port. Gen. El.5s	6,348,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	100½	102½
Pub. Ser. Corp.	18,461,200	1	Q	Sep 30, 09	116	120
Do certs	19,730,570	2	S	Sep 31, 09	102	104
Pug. Sd. E. R.	3,500,000	..	..	....	38	40
Do preferred	3,000,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	85	87
Do 1st c.5s,'32	4,179,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	95	98
Rochester Ry.	5,000,000	1	Q	Dec., 1909	105	110
Do preferred	2,250,000	1¼	Q	Sep. 1, 09	93	96
††Do c. 5s, '30	3,000,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	105	106½
††Do 2d 5s,'33	1,500,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	100	..
Roch. Ry.& L.5s	16,000,000	2½	..	Jan., 1910	99	99¾
Roch.,Syr.&E.5s	2,757,080	V	V	V	88	90
Rutland R., L. & P.1st 5s,1946	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	96½
St. Jos.(Mo.)R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	100	102
San Diego Con. G. & E.	700,000	1¼	Q	Jan., 1910	76	80
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan., 1910	94	99
Do 1st 5s, '39	1,650,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	98	100
Savan. El. Co. 1st con. 5s, '52	2,051,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	85	88
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23	1,600,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	98	100
Scranton El. 5s	1,622,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	100	102
Scran. Ry. ($50)	4,500,000	V	V	V	55	..
Do pf., ($50)	1,500,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	102½	125
Do con. 5s,'32	900,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99½	102
Seabeach 1st 4s	650,000	2	S	Au. 31, 09	75	85
Seattle Elec.	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 10	115	116
Do preferred	5,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 09	103	104
Do 1st 5s, '30	4,565,000	2½	S	Aug, 1909	104	105
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25	1,982,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	100	101½
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 4, 09	14	18
Do 1st con. 5s	5,184,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 09	54	60
Do 1st 5s, 1909	1,600,000	2½	S	May, 1908	96	100
Do deb. 5s, '09	216,000	2½	S	July, 1908	75	80
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	..	....	115	135
S. Boul. 5s, 1945	250,000	2½	S	V	60	85
So. Ferry 1st 5s	350,000	2½	S	Apr., 1909	87	92
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s	3,941,000	2½	S	Nov. 1, 09	98½	101
Springfield R. & L. 5s	2,700,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 10	93½	95
Stein'y Ry.1st 6s	1,500,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 10	102	106
Syracuse R. T.	2,750,000	3	..	Feb., 1909	69	..
Do preferred	1,250,000	1¼	..	Jan. 1, 10	103	..
Do gen. 5s.'46	2,500,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	98	101
Tampa Elec. 5s	600,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	99
T'town, W. P. & M. 1st 5s, 1928	800,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	99
34th St.Crosst'n 1st guar.5s,'96	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	75	85
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, 1996	1,500,000	2½	S	Apr., 1909	10	25
23d Street	600,000	4½	Q	Oct., 1908	..	250
Tri-City R. &L.	9,000,000	V	V	V	25	27
Do preferred	2,826,000	6	A	V	92	93½
Do col. 5s	8,059,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	98	100
Union Ry. 5s	2,000,000	2	S	Aug, 1909	99	102
Un. El. gh. J. 4s	V	V	V	V	79½	80½
United E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s.	4,500,000	2¼	S	Nov 1, 09	91½	92½
Un. Trac. of Ind. 5s	4,706,000	V	V	V	70	78
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	7,542,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	91	94
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s.	2,410,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	96	97¼
Do stock	1,500,000	1	S	Jan. 2, 10	57½	59
Wash., Balt. & A. 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	64	66
Wash. R. & L.	6,500,000	1	..	Dec. 1, 09	37	39
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	87½	88
††Do gen. 4s	10,223,350	2	S	Dec. 1, 09	86½	87
W'chest. El. 5s	500,000	2½	S	V	60	75
West'n Power	12,000,000	V	V	V	36¼	37
Do 6%cum.pf.	5,100,000	V	V	V	55	56
West SideRR.5s	V	V	V	V	..	102
Yonkers Ry. 5s	1,000,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	70	82

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 19, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Alaska Packers	5,750,000	¾	M	Sep 30, 05	89¼	89¾
Am. Brake S. & F. 5s, 1952	857,000	2½	S	....	101	102
Amer. Chicle	6,000,000	1	M	Feb 19, 10	223	227
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	103	105
Am. Malt. 6s	3,893,000	3	S	Nov, 1909	102¼	103½
Am. Screw	3,250,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	160	..
Am. Un. Telph. (H'sb'g) 5s, '57	1,244,000	V	V	V	..	65
Am. Writ. Pap	9,500,000	..	..	....	2¾	3½
Do preferred	12,500,000	1	S	Apr. 1, 10	29	30
Do 1st 5s, '19	17,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	88	88½
Assoc. Oil	40,000,000	1½	V	Mar 1, 07	47⅛	47⅝
Atl. P. Cem. 6s.	5,000,000	3	S	Sep., 1909	107¾	108¾
Babcock & Wilcox, stk	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 10, 10	99	102
Barney& Smith Car 5s of '36	2,000,000	V	V	V	90	97
Bliss & Co.($50)	1,250,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	135	145
Do pf., ($50)	1,250,000	2	Q	Jan. 1, 10	130	145
Bon Air C. & I. gen. 5s of '34	413,000	V	V	V	70	80
Do 5s of '36	780,000	V	V	V	50	60
Bord. C. Milk	21,250,000	4	S	Feb 15, 10	115	118
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Mar 15,10	103	106
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s	3,200,000	2½	S	Nov. 1, 09	99	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	†3½	Q	Dec 31, 09	128	132
Cen. Coal&Coke	5,125,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 10	81½	83
Do preferred	1,875,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 10	80	83
Cen. Fireworks	1,406,150	1½	S	V	4	7
Do preferred	1,267,200	3½	S	Sep. 1, 09	40	45
Cent. Fdy. pf.	6,650,000	..	..	....	..	2½
Cent. Fdy. 6s	3,860,500	3	S	Nov. 1909	..	50
Cen. Home Telp (Louisv., Ky.) 5s, '26	2,195,000	V	V	V	81	82
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	34	..
Do 1st 6s	2,500,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	102½	104
Do 5s of '19	3,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	95	98⅛
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	‡30	Q	Jan. 1, 10	725	800
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,118,800	1	Q	Oct 25, 07	87	89
Chic. Subw. 5s.	15,600,000	2½	S	V	44	46
Clev'd Furnace	1,000,000	V	V	V	165	210
Col. Telph	V	V	V	V	56	57
Col. & Hocking C. & I. pf.	200,000	1½	Q	Oct. 1, 09	..	..
Do 6s of '56	1,000,000	3	S	July, 1909	50	55
Do 5s of '17	691,000	2½	S	July, 1909	52	..
Con.Coal 4½s,'34	5,133,000	2¼	S	Nov 1, 09	93½	95
Con. Cot. Duck	7,000,000	V	V	V	5	6
Do preferred	6,000,000	V	V	V	20	22
Con. Ry., Ltg. & Refrig.	22,000,000	V	V	V	½	1½
Con. Rub. Tire	5,149,500	..	..	....	2	4
Do preferred	1,149,500	1½	..	Dec., 1900	20	30
Do deb. 4s	3,865,000	3½	..	Apr. 1, 09	30	35
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	3,500,000	V	V	V	11	..
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 5s, '31	2,270,000	V	V	V	49	51
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,000,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	99	100
CumberlandTel. & Tel.	20,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 1, 10	143½	145½
Cuyah'a Tel.Co. (Overl'd)1st 5s	3,500,000	V	V	V	78	82
Dolores Mines	£329,965	4½	Q	Feb 14, 10	6½	7½
Du P. de N. P.	28,047,000	2	Q	Dec 15, 09	136	140
Do db.4½s,'36	14,452,000	2¼	S	Dec. 1, 09	87½	88½
Empire St. & I.	1,254,770	..	..	....	12	20
Do preferred	2,500,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 10	80	85
Fair. Coal 5s,'31	5,320,000	2½	S	July, 1900	95	95½
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	65	68
Gt. Lakes Tow.	1,675,000	V	V	V	19½	24
Do preferred	1,952,000	1¾	Q	V	94	95
Hav. Tobacco	30,000,000	..	..	....	5	7
Do preferred	5,000,000	..	..	....	8	15

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 19, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Home Tel.&Tel. (Los Ang.) pf.	2,795,000	1¼	Q	V	55⅞	56
Int. Ed.Pub.Co.	3,500,000	..	..	....	36	42½
Do preferred	3,000,000	1¾	Q	V	80	82
Int. Nickel	8,822,662	1½	Q	Mar. 1, 10	150	160
Int. Nickel pf.	8,912,626	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	92	93½
Do 5s	V	V	V	V	93	94
Internat. Salt	18,228,000	1	Q	Dec. 1, 06	5	7
Do 1st 5s	7,500,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	40	48
Internat. Txtbk	6,000,000	2½	Q	Jan., 1910	140	142
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	1,750,000	V	V	V	..	66
Kan. City Home Teleph. 5s, '23	2,978,700	2½	S	Jan., 1910	†90½	†92¼
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	†88	†89½
K. C. Stocky'ds	9,000,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	99	100
Kinloch Tel. (St. Louis) 6s, '28	2,000,000	V	V	V	106¾	107½
Lackaw. Steel	35,000,000	..	..	....	50	52
Lan.M'type($20)	*4,998,060	1½	Q	Dec 30, 09	85	90
Mergenthaler	10,000,000	‡7½	Q	Dec 31, 09	213	218
Nev. C.Cop. ($5)	5,756,000	37½	Q	Dec 31, 09	22½	22⅞
N. Falls Hyd. & Mfg. 5s of 1917	1,200,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	100	100½
N. F. Pow.5s,'32	10,000,000	V	V	V	100	102
Do stock	4,180,700	V	V	V	75	80
O'gara Coal 5s.	2,744,000	2½	S	Sep., 1905	81	83
Ontario Pow. 5s	4,913,000	2½	S	Feb., 1910	93½	95
Otis Elevator	6,375,300	1½	S	Oct 15, 09	54	56
Do preferred	6,310,000	1½	Q	Jan 15, 10	98	100
Paint Creek Colls. 5s	2,903,000	2½	S	J. & J.	65	67
Penn. Coal & C. 5s, '53	5,854,500	2½	S	Mar 1, 08	29	35
Do "A" 5s,'32	1,140,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	91	94
Poc. Con. Col. Inc. 5s of '57	3,237,300	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	86	89
Proc. & Gamble	9,000,000	3	Q	Feb 15, 10	400	415
Do preferred	2,250,000	2	Q	Jan 15, 10	189	193
Producers' Oil	V	V	V	V	140	155
Royal Bak. P.	10,000,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	165	170
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Dec 31, 09	107	110
Safety Car Heat & Lighting	9,862,000	‡3	Q	Dec 23, 09	128	131
Schwarzschild & S. deb.6s,'19	5,401,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	102	105
Singer Mfg	30,000,000	10	Q	Jan., 1910	550	580
Stand. Coupler	1,200,000	1	V	Dec 24, 09	20	30
Do preferred	300,000	4	V	Dec 24, 09	100	110
Stand. Milling	4,600,000	V	V	V	16	19
Do preferred	6,000,000	1½	V	Oct 30, 09	55½	58
Do 1st 5s	3,537,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	84	87
Standard Oil	100,000,000	$15	Q	Mar 15,10	x618	x625
Studeb'kr Bros. 1st mtg. 5s	......	2½	S	Jan., 1910	98	100
Temple Iron 4s.	705,000	2	S	Jan., 1910	102	105
Texas (Oil) Co.	12,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	200	220
Do conv. 6s.	6,000,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	134	142
Tintic Co. ($5)	3,000,000	..	..	....	1½	2½
Tren. Potteries	1,750,000	5	..	Feb., 1893	5	10
Do preferred	1,250,000	1	..	Jan 25, 10	55	62
Union Oil (Cal.)	23,982,200	½	..	Oct 20, 09	104½	104⅝
Un. Typewriter	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	50	60
Do 1st pf	4,000,000	3½	S	Oct. 1, 09	112	115
Do 2d pf	4,105,000	4	S	Oct. 1, 09	111	113
Unit. Banknote Corp. ($50)	5,000,000	1	Q	Feb 15, 10	50	53
Do pf., ($50)	5,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	47	54
Unit. T. & T. 5s	1,937,000	V	V	V	52	60
U. S. Play. Card	V	V	V	V	128	131
U. S. Tel. Co. (Clev.) 1st 5s.	2,156,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	80	82
Welsb'h col.tr.5s	6,576,000	2½	S	Dec. 1, 09	84	86
Worth'n H.R.pf	2,000,000	3½	S	Nov 1, 09	105	110

TRUST AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 19, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety	$2,500,000	‡5	Q	Dec 31, 09	220	230
Astor Trust	1,250,000	2	Q	Feb. 1, 10	375	385
Bankers' Trust.	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	675	700
Bd. & Mg. Guar	5,000,000	3	Q	Feb 15, 10	260	263
Broadway Tr.	700,000	1½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	148	152
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Jan. 3, 10	425	450
Carnegie	1,500,000	2-3	M	Jn-Ju, 10	140	150
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	Jan. 3, 10	1015	1025
Citizens'	500,000	2½	S	Mar. 1, 10	140	..
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	2	Q	Dec 31, 09	315	320
Commercial	500,000	..	..	....	125	135
Empire	1,000,000	5	S	Dec 31, 09	300	305
Emp. St. Surety	V	V	V	V	105	112
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	500	505
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25)	1,000,000	12½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	1750	1835
Fidelity Trust.	750,000	‡4	S	Jan. 3, 10	200	210
Flatbush	300,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 10	215	..
Franklin	1,500,000	4	S	Dec 31, 09	220	230
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	280	..
Guaranty (new)	5,000,000	..	..	....	775	780
Guardian	500,000	..	..	....	165	175
Hamilton	500,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	245	260
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	115	125
Hudson Trust	500,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	170	180
Kings County	500,000	4	Q2	Feb. 1, 10	500	..
Knickerb. Trust	1,200,000	..	..	....	310	310
Lawyers Mtg.	4,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	257	260
Law. T. In. & T.	4,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	290	296
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	..	160
Long Island	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	305	320
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	380	420
Mercantile	2,000,000	‡10	Q	Dec 31, 09	740	760
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31, 09	..	535
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1¼	Q	Dec 31, 09	110	114
Mutual Alliance	700,000	4	S	Jan. 1, 08	133	140
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Feb. 1, 10	175	185
National Surety	750,000	2	Q	Jan. 2, 10	220	245
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	25	S	Dec 10, 09	1115	1130
N.Y.Mtg. & Sec.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	217	223
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Dec 31, 09	650	665
People's Trust.	1,000,000	1	M	Feb., 1910	305	..
Realty Assoc't's	4,000,000	‡4	S	Jan 15, 10	118	123
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Dec 31, 09	400	..
Title Guar. & T.	4,375,000	5	Q	Dec 31, 09	535	545
Title Insurance	2,000,000	3½	S	Oct. 1, 09	150	158
Tr. Co. of Am.	2,000,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 09	365	370
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Jan 10, 10	1350	1375
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31, 09	470	480
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 3, 10	1265	..
Van Norden	1,000,000	1	M	Dec., 1909	200	230
Washington Tr.	500,000	‡5	Q	Jan. 3, 10	355	375
Windsor	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 29, 09	120	135

IRRIGATION BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 19, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Municipal Issues.						
Bijou Dist. 6s (Morg.Co.,Col.)	750,000	V	V	V	99	5¾%b
Greel.-Poud. 6s (Weld Co.,Col.)	5,100,000	V	V	V	100	5¾%b
Montz. Val. 6s (Mont.Co.,Col.)	795,000	V	V	V	5¾%b	5%b
N. Sterling (Logan Co., Col.)	V	V	V	V	100	5%b
River. Dist. 6s Morg.Co., Col.)	750,000	V	V	V	101	5%b
Corporation Issues.						
Bitterr't Val.Ir. Co., 1st mtg.6s	1,500,000	V	V	V	98	101

bIncome percentage basis.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 19, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Commonwealth.	$500,000	V	V	V	300	..
Continental	1,000,000	30	S	V	1910	1975
Empire City	200,000	4	S	V	125	140
Fidelity	1,000,000	5	..	V	355	375
Germ. Alliance.	400,000	7½	S	Jan. 4, 10	260	..
Germ.-Amer.	1,500,000	15	S	Jan. 4, 10	565	580
Germania ($50)	1,000,000	9	S	Jan. 5, 10	280	295
Globe& Rutgers	400,000	5	Q	V	400	..
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	V	V	V	185	200
Home	3,000,000	15	S	Jan., 1910	665	680
Nassau ($50)	200,000	5	S	V	150	160
Niagara ($50)	750,000	10	S	Jan. 6, 10	300	320
Nor. River ($25)	850,000	5	S	Oct., 1909	160	175
Pacific ($25)	200,000	3	S	V	100	..
Peter C'per($20)	150,000	5	S	V	90	105
Stuyv's'nt($100)	400,000	5	Q	Jan 14, 10	140	160
Un. States ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan 11, 04	60	75
W'chester ($10)	800,000	15	S	V	..	450
W'sb'gCity($50)	250,000	10	S	Jan 14, 10	410	..

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 19, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat	$300,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	175	185
America	1,500,000	13	S	Jan. 3, 10	615	630
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 09	253	255
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	125	130
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	Feb. 1, 10	400	425
Bronx Borough.	150,000	10	..	Dec 30, 09	210	220
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	135	145
Century	200,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	170	180
Chase National.	5,000,000	‡9	S	Jan. 3, 10	430	455
Chat'm Nat($25)	450,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	330	330
Chelsea Exch.	200,000	3	Q	Jan. 1, 10	205	220
Chemical Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	Jan. 2, 10	445	450
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	158	163
City (National).	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 09	395	405
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	150	157
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 10	400	..
Columbia	625,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	330	345
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	193	196
Corn Exchange.	3,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 10	318	323
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	125	130
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	Nov 1, 09	160	195
Fifth Avenue	100,000	25	Q	Jan. 1, 10	4250	..
Fifth National.	250,000	3	Q	Jan., 1910	300	350
First National.	10,000,000	††13	Q	Jan. 3, 10	895	905
Fourteenth St.	1,000,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 10	150	165
Fourth Nat	3,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	200	205
Gal'tin Nat.($50)	1,000,000	6	S	Oct. 6, 09	335	345
Garfield Nat	1,000,000	3	Q	Dec 31, 09	290	310
Ger.-Am. ($75)	750,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 10	140	145
German Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jan. 2, 10	450	475
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	Nov. 1, 09	550	..
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	255	265
Hanover Nat.	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	625	650
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan. 3, 10	560	575
Internat. B'k'g.	3,250,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 07	..	115
Irv. Nat. Exch.	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	200	210
Jefferson	500,000	5	S	Jan. 2, 10	165	175
Liberty Nat.	1,000,000	‡15	Q	Jan. 3, 10	600	650
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	Feb. 1, 10	..	435
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	8	S	Jan. 3, 10	335	340
Mar.& Fult.Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	255	265
Mechanics' Nat.	3,000,000	¶3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	270	280
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	160	170
Merch. Nat.($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 3, 10	180	185
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	165	175
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 10	..	395
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 10	200	210
Mount Morris	250,000	2½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	270	..
Mutual	200,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 10	280	290
Nassau ($50)	500,000	4	S	Nov 1, 09	225	..
Nat. Reserve	1,200,000	3	S	Jan 10, 10	125	135
N. Netherland	200,000	2½	S	Sep 30, 09	200	..
N. Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	7	S	Jan. 3, 10	320	323
N.Y.County Nat	500,000	20	S	Jan. 3, 10	800	..
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	‡4	S	Oct 15, 09	170	180
N't & Day B'k	200,000	..	..	....	200	240
Nor. Bk. of N.Y.	700,000	3	..	July 1, 07	100	100

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 19, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Pacific ($50)	500,000	‡4	Q	Feb. 1, 10	230	245
Park National	3,000,000	4	Q	Jan. 3, 10	477	480
People's ($25)	200,000	5	S	Jan. 1, 10	280	300
PhenixNat.($20)	1,000,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 10	175	180
Plaza	100,000	10	S	Jan. 3, 10	600	..
Seaboard Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	375	400
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan. 3, 10	350	..
Sherman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	290	320
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 10	170	..
Union Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 10	185	190
Wash. Heights.	100,000	2	..	Jan., 1910	195	205
West Side	200,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 10	525	..
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	Dec 31, 09	500	..

‡‡Includ. 8% extra, but not 3% div. on First Security Co.
¶Also Special Dividend of 21% paid Jan. 29.

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 19, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Lt. & Trac	$9,383,000	2	S	Nov 1, 09	283	284
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	Nov 1, 09	105	106
Bay City 5s, '20	V	V	V	V	95	98
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938	750,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	85	95
Bklyn Bor. Gas	500,000	..	..	....	55	65½
Do 1st mtg.5s	500,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	95	98
Buffalo Gas	7,000,000	2½	S	Sep. 1, 09	5	7
Buffalo Gas pf.	1,713,000	..	..	....	18	..
Buf.G. 1st 5s,'47	5,805,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 09	65	67
Burlington Gas Lt. 1st 5s, '55	980,000	2½	S	V	87	89
Cent. Un.5s,1927	3,500,000	2½	S	July, 1909	100¾	101½
Colum. G. & F.	2,750,000	..	..	....	39	41
Do preferred	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Dec 15, 09	81	81
Do 1st 5s, '32	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	93½	95
††Con. G.of N.J. 1st con.5s,1936	971,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	92	95
Con. Wat. Utica 5s of 1930	3,241,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	99	101
Denver G. & E.	3,500,000	1½	M	Jan., 1910	148	150
Do gen. 5s	5,691,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	92	94
Denver U. Water 5s, '14	8,000,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	93	94
Det. City Gas prior lien5s,'23	5,619,000	V	V	V	101	101½
Gd. Rap.G. L.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	Feb., 1910	..	101
Houston 5s, '20.	784,000	2½	S	Sep., 1910	96	98½
Hud. Co. Gas	10,500,000	1½	S	Nov, 1909	143	143
Do 1st 5s	10,290,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	103¼	104¼
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	..	..		29	31
Do 1st 4s,1958	8,000,000	2	S	Feb. 1, 10	66	68
Ind'apolis ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	July 2, 09	18	25
Do 1st 5s,1952	4,250,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	80	87
J'ksonville5s,'37	923,000	1¼	Q	Dec., 1909	92½	97½
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..		36	37
Do 1st 6s, '16	8,000,000	3	S	Nov 1, 09	†98	†101
Do 2d 6s, '18	3,828,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	†92½	†93½
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	..	..	....	20	22
Do 1st 5s,1941	....	2½	S	Jun, 1909	80	85
Madison (Wis.)						

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Feb. 19, 1910. Bid.	Asked.
1st 6s, 1926	350,000	2	S	Oct., 1909	103	108
Mass. Gas	25,000,000	1	1-3	Dec. 1, 09	79¼	80
Do preferred	25,000,000	2	S	Dec. 1, 09	95	96
Michigan Light.	1,000,000	1	Q	Jan. 3, 10	..	100
Do preferred	1,250,000	1½	Q	Jan. 3, 10	..	105
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27.	7,932,000	2	S A	Nov, 1909	91½	92½
Min'ap. G.L. 1st c. 6s, '10 or '30	8,000,000	3	S	Mar 1, 10	100	102
Do 1st 5s, '30.	2,240,000	2½	S	July, 1909	97	98½
Mutual	3,500,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	140	155
N. Ams'm 5s,'48	10,635,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	99½	100½
N.Y. & E. R. 1st 5s, 1944	3,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	102	105
Do con,5s,1945	1,500,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	97	100
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P.	1,250,000	..	..	....	60	65
Do preferred	1,250,000	1¾	4 M	Dec. 1, 09	80	83
Do cons. 5s.	2,272,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	99	101
N.Y. & Q. G.Co. st. & gen. 5s.	816,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	85	90
North Union 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	98	101
Omaha 5s, '17	V	V	V	V	96½	97½
Pacific G. & E.	17,586,000	V	V	V	52¼	52½
Do preferred	9,979,000	1.50	Q	Nov 15,09	87½	88
Do deb. 6s,'37	8,651,000	3	S	Dec 15, 09	99	101
People's Water.	V	V	V	V	3¼	4
Do 5% bonds	V	V	V	V	69⅝	69¾
Que-Jac.Cartier 1st ref. 5s, '30	....	2½	..	Oct., 1909	97	..
St. Joseph (Mo.) 1st 5s, 1944	1,000,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	93½	96
St. Paul G. Lt. gen. 5s, 1944	3,294,000	2½	S	Sep., 1910	95	99
Do con.mtge. 6s, 1918	600,000	3	S	Jan., 1910	105	..
Scranton Gas & Wat. 1st 5s,'23	1,000,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	101½	102½
Do deb. 5s,'35	600,000	2½	S	Jan., 1910	100½	101½
South. Lt. & Tr. col. tr. 5s,1949	1,600,000	2½	S	Sep., 1909	92	95
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	Dec., 1909	135	140
Do 1st 5s	11,717,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	99¼	100
Sprg. Val. Wat.	28,000,000	V	V	V	44¼	44¾
Do 4% bonds.	V	V	V	V	90	90¼
Sp'brook Wat.5s	4,600,000	2½	S	Oct., 1909	103½	104½
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	¾	S	Dec 31, 06	40	60
Do preferred	4,295,700	V	V	V	65	80
Do 1st 5s,1930	1,862,000	2½	S	Nov, 1909	102	106
Syracuse Gas1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	102½	103
S'r'c'se L. & P. col. tr. 5s,g.'54	5,152,000	2½	S	V	68	71
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51	2,500,000	2½	S	Dec., 1909	99¼	101
U. G. I. Co.($50)	50,473,835	2	Q	Jan 15, 10	93⅞	sold.
Wilkes-Barre G. & E. 1stc.5s,'55	2,558,000	2½	S	Jan. 1, 10	101	102¼
Do stock	1,500,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 1, 10	82½	86

ʒAlso regular stock dividend of 2½ shares to 100 in common.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY
of NEW YORK
54 Wall Street

Capital and Surplus, $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)

Authorized to act as Executor, Trustee, Administrator or Guardian.
Receives Deposits, subject to check, and allows Interest on Daily Balances.
Acts as Transfer Agent, Registrar and Trustee under Mortgages.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
60 Broadway — 358 Fifth Avenue, Corner 34th Street — 125th St. & Lenox Ave. — 148th St. & Third Ave.

Surplus "A" Certificates

The Board of Directors having authorized the payment on March 14, 1910, of 15 Per Cent. of the face value of Surplus Certificates Series "A," such amount will be credited on or after that date to the drawing accounts of holders of record, but only upon presentation of their certificates for endorsement of such payment thereon. Transfer books will close on Friday, February 25, 1910, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Certificate holders are requested to forward to the Trust Company their Election To Sell the balance of their certificates remaining after such payment or to subscribe for capital stock of the Trust Company under the provisions of the circular letter sent to the certificate holders under date of January 25, 1910.

C. H. KEEP, President.

Windsor Trust Company
Uptown Office, FIFTH AVE. & 47th ST. — NEW YORK — Downtown Office, NASSAU & CEDAR STS.

ACTS AS REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT
MAINTAINS A THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED
TRUST DEPARTMENT
AND IS AUTHORIZED TO ACT AS EXECUTOR, ADMINISTRATOR OR GUARDIAN

THE
TRUST COMPANY OF AMERICA
37-43 Wall Street, New York,
COLONIAL BRANCH. 222 Broadway, New York.
LONDON OFFICE. 95 Gresham Street.
Capital and Surplus, $8,000,000.
Invites accounts of individuals, firms and corporations.
Pays interest on daily balances.
Executes trusts of every description.

MUNICIPAL BONDS.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
N. Y. City 3½s, 1954, reg....M. N.	88 Feb. 17	88 Feb 17	88 Feb. 17, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1957........*M. N.	100½ Jan. 4	99⅜ Jan 31	100¼ Feb. 18, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957........*M. N.	110 Jan. 7	108 Jan 24	109½ Feb. 18, 1910
New York City 4½s, 1957, reg....	108¼ Jan. 31	108¼ Jan 31	108¼ Jan. 31, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1957, new..M. N.*	109⅞ Jan. 7	107⅞ Jan 25	109½ Feb. 17, 1910
N. Y. City 4½s, 1917	103⅛ Jan. 21	102½ Feb 3	103 Feb. 19, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1958..........M. N.*	100⅝ Jan. 3	99⅝ Jan 27	100¼ Feb. 18, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1959..........M. N.*	100⅝ Jan. 3	99½ Jan 24	100¼ Feb. 19, 1910
N. Y. City 4s, 1959, rcts..........	100⅛ Feb. 11	99¼ Jan 25	100⅛ Feb. 17, 1910

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1910 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s..J. J.	....	....	111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914....J. J.	....	....	100 Feb. 18, 1898
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958.	....	....	113⅜ Jun. 19, 1909
North Carolina 6s, 1919......A. O.	....	....	126 May 4, 1907
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910..J. J.	....	....	99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small.....	....	....	100¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax......A. O.	....	....	117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4s, 1933........J. J.	....	....	117 Jan. 22, 1909
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913........J. J.	....	....	95½ Nov. 15, 1909
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913, small.....	....	....	95 May 20, 1909
Virginia def. ctfs................	....	....	1½ Dec. 22, 1904
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs.	56 Jan. 4	43 Feb 8	48 Feb. 10, 1910
Va. fund. debt 2-3s, 1991.....J. J.	90⅞ Jan. 20	90⅞ Jan 20	90⅞ Jan. 20, 1910
Virginia Riddleberger..........	....	....	90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg..........Q. Jan.	101¼ Feb. 15	100½ Jan 20	101⅛ Feb. 15, 1910
U. S. 2s, 1930, coupon.......J. Jan.	100¼ Feb. 5	100¼ Feb 5	100¼ Feb. 5, 1910
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg...............Q. F.	115¼ Jan. 3	115¼ Jan 3	115¼ Jan. 3, 1910
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon.........Q. F.	115¾ Jan. 28	114¾ Jan 17	115¼ Feb. 1, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon.Q. F.	102 Jan. 17	101¾ Jan 5	102 Jan. 17, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg.....Q. F.	101¾ Feb. 5	101¾ Feb 5	101¾ Feb. 7, 1910
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small..........	....	....	101½ Apr. 23, 1909
Panama 2s, 1936, reg..............	....	....	100 Oct. 27, 1909
Panama 2s, 1938, reg..............	....	....	101 Feb. 11, 1909
Panama 2s, 1908-18, reg...........	....	....	100⅝ Oct. 11, 1909
Argentine 5s, J. P. M. & Co. rcts.	97 Feb. 4	95⅞ Jan 4	96⅞ Feb. 17, 1910
Imp.Jap.Gov.4½s,Feb.15,1925.F. A.	95⅞ Feb. 2	94⅝ Jan 3	95½ Feb. 18, 1910
I.Jap.Gov.4½s,2dser.Jy.10,1925.J. J.	95½ Feb. 1	93⅞ Jan 3	95⅝ Feb. 18, 1910
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan.4,1925.F. A.	92⅝ Feb. 15	88⅛ Jan 23	92 Feb. 19, 1910
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925.F. A.	....	....	110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931......Q. F.	....	....	111 May 3, 1906
Phil Isl.p.w.& imp.reg.4s,1935.Q. M.	....	....	108¾ Feb. 26, 1908
Republic of Cuba 5s...........M. S.	104 Jan. 17	102⅝ Jan 6	103¼ Feb. 18, 1910
Republic of Cuba 4½s............	98¼ Feb. 8	97 Jan 17	98¼ Feb. 16, 1910
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p c., 1919.	97¼ Feb. 8	96⅞ Jan 3	97 Feb. 15, 1910
U. S. of Mexico, s. f. 5s.........Q. J.	99 Jan. 19	97⅝ Jan 4	99 Feb. 17, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Dec. 1, 1953.J.D.	95½ Feb. 8	94½ Jan 7	95½ Feb. 10, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series A........	95½ Feb. 8	95⅜ Jan 24	95½ Feb. 8, 1910
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series B........	95½ Feb. 8	95⅜ Jan 24	95½ Feb. 8, 1910

LOW FARE FRANCHISE WINS.

Cleveland Gives a Majority of 8,100 for Plan Proposed by Judge.

The people of Cleveland, Ohio, on Thursday ended the fight for low street car fares begun fifteen years ago, and latterly made famous by Tom L. Johnson in his four terms as Mayor. The new franchise, proposed by Judge Robert W. Tayler, of the Federal Court, was approved in a referendum election by a majority of 8,100, the largest majority ever given to a public measure in Cleveland. The basis of the franchise is that street car service under control of the city must be furnished by the Cleveland Railway Company at cost, plus 6 per cent. return to the stockholders on their investment.

For the first eight months the fare will be 3 cents, with a penny charge for a transfer, this fixed rate being made as a test. The maximum rate of fare allowable during the term of the grant—twenty-five years—is 4 cents cash, or seven tickets for 25 cents.

A street railway commissioner, to be paid $40,000 a year out of the company's earnings for his salary and expenses, will act as the adviser to the city in the regulation of servce and fares, and have access at all times to the company's books. Gerhard M. Dahl, former lieutenant of Senator La Follette, in Wisconsin, has been named for this place.

To Block Postal Banks.

The Root amendment to the Postal Savings Bank bill and the President's strong support of Senator Root's position in his speech in New York have aroused much antagonism among the Western Senators. These men were looked to as the strongest supporters of the postal banking bill, but they have declared that such a bill as the President wanted will be defeated.

CORPORATION PUBLICITY.

Secretary of Treasury Rules Request to See Return Must Be Made in Writing

The following statement has been given out by the Secretary of the Treasury:

Many communications have been received at this office making inquiry as to how the returns of corporations, joint-stock companies, associations, and insurance companies, made as required under the provisions of the corporation excise tax law, were to be handled in the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and whether or not they were to be open for general inspection.

Congress appropriated $100,000 to carry into effect the provisions of the law. Under general statutes no portion of this appropriation is available for use in the District of Columbia. The returns cannot be open to general inspection in the District of Columbia without the expenditure of a substantial sum of money. If, therefore, it was the intent of Congress to make these returns open to general inspection, it will be necessary for it to appropriate a sum sufficient to cover the necessary expenses. Until this is done, this bureau rules that the returns made under this law are to be handled just as returns made under other internal revenue statutes.

Any person, therefore, other than the taxpayer making the return or his duly appointed agent or attorney, who desires to see such return, shall make written application to the Secretary of the Treasury, who, in his discretion, will, upon a proper showing of cause, approve such request.

A request thus proved should then be presented to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, who will thereupon permit the return in question to be seen by the applicant upon such conditions as the Secretary of the Treasury shall have imposed.

Standard Oil Dividends.

The Standard Oil dividend of $15 for the quarter is the same as at this period for the last five years. The disbursements of $15 the first quarter, $9 the second, $6 the third, and $10 the last quarter, making $40 for the year, have been so long established that they are looked upon as regular.

BIG BOSTON BANKS MERGED.

Old Colony Trust Company Takes Over the City Trust.

The second largest trust company in the United States came into existence Saturday in Boston with the merger of the City Trust Company with the Old Colony Trust Company under a capital of $2,500,000 and a surplus of $10,000,000. The new institution, when the accounts are transferred, will have deposits aggregating nearly $70,000,000.

The Board of Directors of the Old Colony Trust will be enlarged, additional officers will be created, and the scope of its work will be broadened.

The basis upon which the consolidation was effected was through the exchange by the stockholders of the City Trust Company of five shares of the City Trust stock for three of Old Colony.

The Old Colony Trust was formed in 1890 and the City Trust ten years later. Under the reorganization T. Jefferson Coolidge, Jr., becomes Chairman of the Executive Committee; Gordon Abbott, Chairman of the Board of Directors; Francis R. Hart, Vice President of the Board of Directors, and Philip Stockton, President of the company.

Mr. Stockton and Mr. Hart were the leading officials of the City Trust Company.

Foreign Buying of Our Stocks.

Estimates as high as $100,000,000 are accepted in banking circles as the probable amount of American stocks purchased for foreign account between Dec. 1 and the culmination of the decline in prices which ran throughout January. United States Steel is mentioned as figuring heavily in these foreign takings, but railroad issues are included among the purchases which investors abroad have recently made in this market. Some of the stocks thus purchased are understood to have been left here to be carried on this side of the ocean, but the actual shipments of stocks to England and the Continent are said to have reached a large total. Foreign investors, at the height of the liquidation which this market recently experienced, were strongly advised by bankers here to profit by the opportunity to purchase standard issues, and from information now current in the Street it would appear that this advice has been followed to an important extent.

KANSAS CITY TERMINAL.

The Kansas City Terminal Railway has sold to Lee, Higginson & Co. $20,000,000 of its 4 per cent. first mortgage bonds, thus providing for the continuance of the construction work which will supply practically all of the railways entering Kansas City with joint passenger and freight terminals. More than usual interest is being taken in this bond sale in banking circles because of the fact that the negotiations leading up to the placing of these bonds were marked by unusual competition among banking interests.

The railways which will make use of these joint terminals include the Atchison, the Rock Island, the Alton, the Union Pacific, the Burlington, the Missouri Pacific, the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, the Wabash, and the St. Paul, and other lines entering Kansas City may also be included. The plan last year, when a total issue of $50,000,000 bonds was proposed, was to issue the bonds jointly and severally guaranteed by all the railroads. The terminal will, it is said, be one of the finest railroad terminals in the world.

City Bond Deliveries.

The question of modifying the requirements of the Stock Exchange in the matter of delivery of New York City bonds has recently been up before the proper committee of the Stock Exchange, at the request of bond dealers interested in overcoming the difficulty presented by the fact that sellers of New York City bonds are frequently prevented from making delivery in keeping with the rules of the Exchange, owing to the delay which occurs in getting bonds from the Controller's office in exchange for other bonds deposited in that office. Under the rules of the Exchange, except by special arrangement with the purchaser, New York City bonds can be delivered only in ten-thousand-dollar lots, with the result that a bond dealer who may be intrusted with the sale of a fifty-thousand-dollar lot is obliged to present this to the Controller's office to be exchanged for five of $10,000 each. On the deposit of the bonds, receipts are immediately issued, but the actual bonds ordinarily are not delivered by the Controller's office until ten days later. The receipts are not good delivery, and the intervening delay frequently proves a matter of inconvenience both to the buyer and seller of bonds. So far, no solution of the problem has been reached. Some hope is entertained in the bond circles, however, that under the new régime the time required to get bonds from the Controller's office will soon be considerably reduced.

New York City is expected by bankers soon to offer a large issue of bonds for public subscription. It is not yet known just what amount of bonds will be sold, but bankers interested in city bond issues are looking forward to the offering of a considerable block. The market for outstanding city bond issues has recently shown considerable improvement.

Astor Trust Company

FIFTH AVE. & 36TH ST., NEW YORK

Capital, $1,250,000 Surplus and Profits, $750,000

Interest Paid on Daily Balances

DIRECTORS

BENJAMIN ALTMAN, B. Altman & Co.
JOHN JACOB ASTOR.
GEO. F. BAKER, Chairman First National Bank.
STEPHEN BAKER, Pres't Bank of the Manhattan Co.
GEO. B. CASE, White & Case, Attorneys.
JOHN CLAFLIN, President United Dry Goods Companies.
THOMAS COCHRAN, JR., Vice-President.
E. C. CONVERSE, President.
H. P. DAVISON, J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers.
JOHN I. DOWNEY, Building Construction.
ELBERT H. GARY, Chairman U. S. Steel Corporation.
ROBERT WALTON GOELET,
THOMAS W. LAMONT, Vice-President First National Bank.
EDGAR L. MARSTON, Blair & Co., Bankers.
GATES W. McGARRAH, Pres't Mechanics' Nat'l Bank.
CHARLES A. PEABODY, Pres't Mutual Life Ins. Co.
GEO. W. PERKINS, J. P. Morgan & Co., Bankers.
D. E. POMEROY, Vice-Pres't Bankers Trust Co.
WILLIAM H. PORTER, Pres't Chemical Nat'l Bank.
SEWARD PROSSER, Vice-Pres't.
DANIEL G. REID, Rock Island System.
DOUGLAS ROBINSON, Real Estate.
ARCHIBALD D. RUSSELL,
ALEXANDER H. STEVENS, Vice-President.
BENJAMIN STRONG, Vice-Pres't Bankers' Trust Co.
CHARLES L. TIFFANY, Vice-Pres't Tiffany & Co.
ALBERT H. WIGGIN, Vice-Pres't Chase Nat'l Bank.

OFFICERS

E. C. CONVERSE, President.
ALEX. H. STEVENS, Vice-Pres't.
SEWARD PROSSER, Vice-Pres't.
THOMAS COCHRAN, JR., Vice-Pres't.
GEO. W. PANCOAST, Cashier.
HOWARD BOOCOCK, Ass't Sec.
JAS. R. TROWBRIDGE, Trust Officer.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS

Total for the Week Ended February 19, $16,755,500

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	92⅝	92¾	92⅝	92⅝	29
Albany & Susquehanna 3½s	97	97½	97	97½	26
Allis-Chalmers 5s	80½	82¼	80½	82¼	78
American Agricultural Chemical 5s	102⅞	103	102½	102½	16
American Cotton Oil 4½s	96⅝	97⅛	96⅝	97⅛	6
American Hide & Leather 6s	100¾	101	100½	100⅞	19
American Ice Securities 6s	70	71⅛	70	71⅛	3
American Tel. & Tel. coll. 4s	92	92	91	91	4
American Tel. & Tel. conv. 4s	102½	102⅞	102	102¾	196
American Tobacco 4s	76¾	85⅜	76¾	82¼	2,019
American Tobacco 4s reg	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼	2
American Tobacco 6s	105¾	105¾	104¼	105⅝	510
Ann Arbor 4s	77	77½	77	77½	5
Armour 4½s	92½	92⅞	92⅛	92¾	66
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé gen. 4s	100⅜	100¾	100⅛	100⅜	171
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé gen. 4s reg	100	100	100	100	2
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé adj. 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼	4½
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé adj. 4s, stamped	94⅜	94½	94⅜	94½	3
Atch., Top & Santa Fé conv. 5s	117¼	118¼	117¼	117½	61
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé conv. 4s	115¼	116½	115¼	116	145
Atch., Top. & Santa Fé, Trans. S. L. 4s	94¼	94⅝	94¼	94⅝	30
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	96½	96½	96	96⅜	11
Atlantic Coast Line, L. & N. col. 4s	91½	95	91½	94⅝	523
Baltimore & Ohio prior lien 3½s	92¼	92½	92⅛	92⅛	20
Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s	99⅜	99⅞	99¼	99¼	62
Baltimore & Ohio gold 4s reg	99	99⅜	99	99⅜	11
Balt. & Ohio, Southwestern Div. 3½s	90½	90½	90½	90½	3
Balt. & Ohio, Pitts., L. E. & W. Va. 4s	92½	92½	92½	92½	26
Bethlehem Steel 5s	88	88	87	87	27
Brooklyn Union Elevated 1st 5s	102½	102¾	102	102¾	29
Brooklyn City 1st 5s	104	104	104	104	1
Brooklyn Rapid Transit ref. 4s	83	83⅞	82⅞	83¼	409
Brooklyn Rapid Transit g. 5s	104	104	104	104	3
Buffalo Gas 5s	66	66½	66	66½	12
Canada Southern 1st 6s	105⅛	105⅛	104⅞	105⅛	16
Canada Southern 2d 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	6
Central Leather 5s	99¼	99½	99⅛	99⅜	49
Central Pacific gtd. 4s	97½	97¾	97⅛	97½	62
Central Pacific, Through Short Line 4s	92½	92⅝	92½	92¾	3
Central Pacific gtd. 3½s	89	89⅜	89	89¾	20
Central of New Jersey gen. 5s	124⅞	125	124⅞	125	6
Central of New Jersey gen. 5s reg	123⅞	123⅞	123⅞	123⅞	7
Central Vermont 4s	87	87	87	87	2
Chesapeake & Ohio fund. 5s	104¾	105	104¾	105	30
Chesapeake & Ohio consol. 5s	114¾	114¾	114¾	114¾	26
Chesapeake & Ohio gen. 4½s	102⅝	103¼	102⅝	103	42
Chesapeake & Ohio 6s, 1911	101	101⅛	101	101⅛	5
Chesapeake & Ohio, Greenbrier 4s	91	91	91	91	1
Chesapeake & Ohio, Big Sandy 4s	87	87	87	87	4
Chicago & Alton 3½s	73⅞	74	73⅞	74	9
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 4s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	69
Chi., Bur. & Q., Illinois Div. 3½s	88⅝	88¾	88⅝	88¾	5
Chi., Bur. & Q., Southwestern Div. 4s	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾	1
Chi., Bur. & Q., Denver Div. 4s	99⅜	99¾	99¾	99¾	5
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s	96⅞	96⅞	96⅝	96¾	183
Chi., Bur. & Q. joint 4s reg	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	3
Chi., Bur. & Q. gen. 4s	99½	99½	99½	99½	12
Chi., Bur. & Q., Nebraska ext. 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	31
Chi., Bur. & Q. deb. 5s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	4
Chicago & East. Illinois ref. & imp. 4s	84½	85⅜	84½	85½	19
Chicago & Eastern Illinois gen. 5s	112¼	112¼	112¼	112¼	5
Chicago & Erie 1st 5s	114⅛	114½	114⅛	114½	10
Chicago, Ind. & Louisville ref. 6s	129	129½	129	129½	6
Chi., Mil. & St. P. 4s, Series A	100	100⅛	100	100⅛	72
Chi., Mil. & St. P. 4s, 1934	93⅜	93⅜	93½	93⅜	43
Chi., Mil. & St. P. terminal 5s	103½	103½	103½	103½	5
Chi., Mil. & St. P. gen. 3½s, Series B	88½	88½	88½	88½	2
Chi., Mil. & St. P., Chi. & P. West 5s	108	108	108	108	1
Chicago & Northwestern consol. 7s	113	113	113	113	2
Chicago & Northwestern gen. 3½s	88¾	89	88¾	89	14
Chicago & Northwestern deb. 5s, 1921, reg.	106½	106½	106½	106½	3
Chicago & Northwestern deb. 5s, 1933	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	110⅜	5
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific ref. 4s	90⅞	91¼	90¾	91⅛	65
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific col. 4s	81¼	81⅜	80⅞	81¼	438
Chicago, R. I. & Pacific col. 4s reg	80⅞	80⅞	80¾	80¾	6
Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific gen. 4s	98½	98¾	98¼	98½	25
Chicago, St. Paul & Minnesota 6s	127	127	127	127	8
Chicago, St. Louis & Pittsburg 1st 5s	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛	1
Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha 6s	126½	126½	126½	126½	3
Chicago & Western Indiana con. 4s	93	93⅜	92¾	93⅜	53
Cincinnati, Dayton & Ironton 1st 5s	106½	106½	106½	106½	4
Cin., Ind., St. Louis & Chicago 4s reg	98	98	98	98	4
Cin., Ind., St. Louis & Chicago 6s	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	1
Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis gen. 4s	95½	96½	95½	96½	40
Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. L., St. L. Div. 4s	94	94	94	94	3
Colorado Midland 1st 4s	79	79	79	79	26
Colorado Industrial 5s	80	80	80	80	15
Colorado & Southern 1st 4s	97¼	97¾	97¼	97⅝	47
Colorado & Southern ref. & ext. 4½s	98¼	99	98¼	98⅞	124
Consolidated Tobacco 4s	78½	83¼	78½	83¼	85
Conn. Ry. & Light 4½s, stamped	101½	101½	101½	101½	1
Corn Products Refining s. f. 5s, 1934	96	96	96	96	1
Consumers' Gas of Chicago 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	2
Delaware & Hudson lien equip. 4½s	102½	102½	102½	102½	13
Delaware & Hudson 1st & ref. 4s	100	100⅜	100	100⅛	51
Delaware & Hudson conv. 4s	100⅝	101	100¼	101	78
Denver & Rio Grande 1st & ref. 5s	93½	94	93⅜	94	70
Denver & Rio Grande imp. 5s	104	104	104	104	2
Denver & Rio Grande consol. 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼	96¼	5
Detroit Southern, Ohio Southern 4s	74	74	74	74	1
Distillers' Securities 5s	73	73⅝	72½	73⅝	14
Duluth Short Line 5s	99	99	99	99	2
East Tennessee reorganization lien 5s	106	106	106	106	8
Edison El. Ill. of Brooklyn con. 4s	87½	87½	87½	87½	3
Elmira, Cortland & Northern 5s	101½	101½	101½	101½	5
Erie conv. 4s, Series A	76	78¾	76	78¾	47
Erie conv. 4s, Series B	69½	72	69½	70½	156
Erie 1st consol. 4s	84	84⅝	84	84⅝	15
Erie 1st consol. 7s	120	120	120	120	2
Erie gen. 4s	75¼	76	75	75⅝	80
Erie, Pennsylvania col. 4s	85	85	85	85	8
Flint & Père Marquette 6s	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞	1
Fort Worth & Denver City 1st 6s	113½	113½	113½	113½	2
General Electric conv. deb. 5s	143	144½	143	144¼	82
Georgia Pacific 6s	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	8
Green Bay & Western deb B	15	15	15	15	4
Havana Electric Railway 5s	94	94	94	94	1
Hocking Valley 4½s	103½	103¾	103½	103¾	11
Illinois Central 4s, 1952	100⅛	100⅛	99¼	99¼	4
Illinois Central 4s, 1953	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Illinois Central ref. 4s	98⅞	99	98⅞	99	3
Interborough Rapid Transit conv. 6s	102½	103⅛	102½	103	31
Interborough Rapid Transit 5s	102¼	103	102¼	103	88
Interborough-Metropolitan 4½s	80½	82¼	80½	82	910
International & Gt. Northern 1st 6s	110	110½	110	110½	5
International & Gt. Northern 2d 5s, ctfs	107⅝	107⅝	107¼	107¼	42½
International Navigation 5s	81½	81½	81½	81½	3
International Paper 6s	104½	104½	104	104	4
International Steam Pump 5s	95½	95½	95⅛	95½	10
Iowa Central ref. 4s	74	75	74	75	23
Irrigation Works Dev. Agri. 4½s	96½	96½	96½	96½	1
Kanwha & Michigan 4s	91½	91½	91½	91½	1
Kansas City, Ft. Scott & Memphis 4s	81	81½	81	81⅝	85
Kansas City & Pacific 1st	92	93½	92	93½	4
Kansas City Southern 5s	102½	102½	102⅛	102¼	87
Kansas City Southern 3s	73	74	73	74	17
Kentucky Central 4s	96	96	96	96	1
Keokuk & Des Moines 1st 5s	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	19
Kings County Electric Light & Power 6s	112	112	112	112	1
Kings County Elevated 4s	84	84	84	84	2
Kings County Elevated 4s, stamped	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾	1
Laclede Gas of St. Louis 1st 5s	103	103	102⅝	103	13
Lackawanna Steel 5s	99	99⅝	99	99	28
Lake Erie & Western 1st 5s	111½	111½	111½	111½	6
Lake Erie & Western 2d 5s	106½	106½	106½	106½	1
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	95	95¼	94⅞	95¼	36
Lake Shore 4s, 1928, reg	94	94	94	94	1
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	94½	94½	94	94	32
Lake Shore 3½s	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	1
Lehigh & Wilkesbarre con. 5s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	3
Lehigh Valley of New York 4½s	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	2
Lehigh Valley terminal 5s	115¾	115¾	115¾	115¾	3
Long Island Ferry 4½s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	1
Louisville & Nashville unified 4s	99¼	99¼	98¾	99	142
Luis. & Nash., Mobile & Montgomery 4½s	105½	105½	105½	105½	2
Louisville, New Albany & Chicago 1st 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Manhattan con. 4s	97	97¼	97	97¼	18
Manhattan con. 4s, tax exempt	99⅝	99⅞	99½	99⅞	12
Mercantile Marine col. tr. 4½s	67	69½	67	69¼	76
Metropolitan Street Ry. ref. 4s, tr. r.	50	50	50	50	7
Mexican Central consol. 4s	97⅛	97¼	97⅛	97¼	6
Michigan Central deb. 4s	92	92	92	92	4
Michigan Central 3½s	89	89	89	89	6
Michigan State Telephone 5s	98½	98½	98½	98½	1
Milwaukee Gas 4s	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	8
Milwaukee & Northern 1st consol. 6s	105½	105½	105½	105½	1
Milwaukee, Lake Shore & Western ext. 5s	101	101	101	101	1
Minneapolis & St. Louis, Southwst. ext. 7s	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞	1
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 1st 4s	98¾	99	98¾	99	84½
Missouri, Kansas & Texas 2d 4s	86½	86½	86½	86½	2
Missouri, Kansas & Texas s. f. 4½s	89½	89½	89¼	89½	19
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ref. 4s	84½	84½	84	84	22
Missouri, Kansas & Texas ext. 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼	1
Missouri, Kansas & Eastern 1st 5s	109½	109½	109½	109½	2
Missouri Pacific con. 6s	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	1
Missouri Pacific 4s	80¾	81	80¾	81	15
Missouri Pacific trust 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	3
Missouri Pacific col. 5s	102	102	102	102	11
Missouri Pacific cons. 5s, cfs., full pd	95⅛	95⅝	95⅛	95⅝	35
Mobile & Ohio gen. 4s	90	90	89½	89½	12
Mobile & Ohio, St. L. & Chicago gtd. 4s	96	96	96	96	3
National R. R. of Mexico consol. 4s	83½	84	83½	84	17
Nash., Chatt & St. Louis consol. 5s	108½	108½	108½	108½	1
National Rys. of Mexico prior lien 4½s	95	95	94⅞	95	21½
New Orleans Railway & Light 4½s	87	87	87	87	2
New York Air Brake conv. 6s	109¾	109¾	109¾	109¾	2
New York Central gen. 3½s	90½	90⅝	90	90⅛	27
New York Central equip. 5s, 1912	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	1
New York Central deb. 4s	95½	95½	95⅛	95¼	62
New York Central, Lake Sh. coll. 3½s	81¾	81¾	81⅝	81¾	24
New York Central, Lake Sh. coll. 3½s reg.	80¼	80¼	80	80	5
New York Central, Mich. Cent. coll. 3½s	81	81	81	81	7
New York Cent., Mich. Cent. coll. 3½s reg	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	2
New York, Chicago & St. Louis 1st 4s	100½	100½	100½	100½	13
New York, Chicago & St. Louis deb. 4s	91½	91½	91½	91½	25
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. col. tr. 5s	102	102½	102	102½	8
N. Y. Gas, El. L., H. & P. 4s	83⅝	83⅝	83	83¼	74
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 3½s	101¼	103	101¼	103	192½
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. deb. 6s	134½	134¾	134¼	134½	60
N. Y., N. H. & H. non-conv. deb. 4s, 1956	95⅛	95¼	95	95	26
N. Y., Ontario & Western ref. 4s	97½	97½	97⅛	97⅛	7
N. Y. Telephone 4½s, receipts	98½	98⅝	98	98⅜	61
Norfolk & Western divl. 4s	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾	18
Norf. & West., Pocahontas C. & C. 4s	90	90	90	90	11
Norfolk & Western consol. 4s	99	99½	99	99½	7
Norfolk & Western conv. 4s	103⅜	103⅞	103	103¾	692
Northern Pacific prior lien 4s	100½	101⅛	100⅝	101⅛	171
Northern Pacific gen. 3s	73½	73¾	73½	73¾	63
Ogdensburg & Lake Champlain 4s	91	91	91	91	1
Oregon Short Line gtd. ref. 4s	94⅜	94⅜	94⅛	94⅛	79
Oregon Short Line consol. 5s	113½	113⅝	113½	113⅝	5½
Oregon Short Line 1st 6s	117	117	116½	116½	8
Pacific of Missouri 2d 5s	113	113	113	113	1
Pacific Tel. & Tel. col. 5s	99¼	99¼	98⅞	98⅞	120
Pennsylvania gtd. 4½s	105	105	105	105	2
Pennsylvania 4s, 1948	104½	104⅝	104½	104½	20
Pennsylvania consol. 4s, 1943	106	106	106	106	1
Pennsylvania gtd. gold 4s	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	1
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1912	100½	100¾	100½	100¾	10½
Pennsylvania conv. 3½s, 1915	96⅞	97	96¾	96⅞	210
People's Gas of Chicago consol. 6s	118	118	118	118	1
Peoria & Eastern inc. 4s	65	66	65	66	14
Peoria & Eastern 1st 4s	94½	94½	94½	94½	12
Philadelphia Co. conv. 5s	102	105	102	105	46
Railway Steel Springs 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	2
Reading gen. 4s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅝	99⅝	85
Reading-Jersey Central col. 4s	97½	97½	97¼	97¼	17
Rensselaer & Saratoga 7s	130¼	130¼	130¼	130¼	2
Rio Grande Western col. tr. 4s	83½	84½	83½	84½	21
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg 5s	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼	1
Rutland 1st consol. 4½s	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	6
St. Louis, Iron Mt. & South., R. & G. 4s	86⅞	87	86⅞	87	5
St. L., Iron Mt. & South unif. & ref. 4s	86	86	86	86	10
St. Louis & San Francisco Ry. gen. 6s	123	123	123	123	6
St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. gen. 5s	88½	89½	88½	89	56
St. Louis & San Francisco ref. 4s	83⅜	84⅜	83½	84⅜	49
St. Louis Southwestern consol. 4s	79	79¾	79	79¼	291
St. Louis Southwestern 1st 4s	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼	18
St. Louis Southwestern 2d inc. 4s	81	81	81	81	1
St. Louis Transit 5s	86½	86½	86½	86½	1
St. Paul, Minn. & Man. 4½s	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	2
St. Paul, Minn. & Man., Dakota ext. 6s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	2
St. Paul., Minn. & Man. Montana ext. 4s	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	5
St. Paul & Sioux City 1st 6s	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	1
San Antonio & Aransas Pass 4s	87	88¼	87	88¼	50
Seaboard Air Line 4s, stamped	82⅞	82⅞	82¾	82¾	4
Southern Pacific conv. 4s	102	102⅝	102	102⅝	942
Southern Pacific 1st 4s	92¾	93½	92¾	93	56
Southern Pacific ref. 4s	95⅛	95¼	95⅛	95¼	856
Southern Railway 1st 5s	108½	109	108½	109	2
Southern Railway dev. & gen. 4s	80	80	79⅞	80	78
Southern Ry., Mobile & Ohio col. 4s	89	89	89	89	1
Southern Ry., St. Louis Div. 4s	85½	85½	85¼	85¼	5
Tennessee Coal & Iron, Tenn. Div. 6s	106	106	106	106	9
Tennessee Coal & Iron gen. 5s	103	103	103	103	2
Term. R. R. Assn. of St. Louis ref. 4s	97½	97½	97½	97½	2
Texas & Pacific 1st 5s	112⅝	112⅞	112⅝	112⅞	15
Third Avenue con. 4s	65	65½	65	65½	83
Third Avenue con. 4s, tr. r., stamped	65	66	64½	66	226
Third Avenue 1st 5s	107	107	107	107	11
Toledo, Peoria & Western 4s	92½	92½	92	92	4
Toledo, St. Louis & Western 3½s	89¾	89¾	89¼	89¼	6
Toledo, St. Louis & Western col. 4s	85½	86	85½	85⅝	67
Tri-City 5s	97¼	99	97¼	98¼	17
Underground El. Rys., London inc. 6s	88	88	88	88	6
Underground El. Rys., London, 4½s	85½	85½	85	85	71
Union Pacific 1st 4s	101⅝	101⅝	101¼	101¼	67
Union Pacific conv. 4s	108¾	110	108¾	109⅞	818½
Union Pacific 1st & ref. 4s	97⅝	98	97½	98	131
United R. R. of San Francisco 4s	71½	72	71½	72	44
United Rys. of St. Louis 4s	83	83	83	83	1
United States Rubber s. f. 6s	103½	103½	102½	103	288
United States Realty & Improvement 5s	89½	89½	89½	89⅝	20
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. s. f. 5s	105⅛	105⅜	104¾	105⅜	415
U. S. Steel Corp. 2d mtge. tr. 5s, reg	105	105	105	105	1½
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 1st 5s	98⅝	99	98⅝	98⅝	86
Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke 5s	99½	99½	99½	99½	1
Wabash 1st 5s	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼	56
Wabash ref. & ext. 4s	72¾	73½	72¾	73½	507
Wabash 2d 5s	101	101¼	101	101¼	9
Wabash equip. s. f. 5s	102	102	102	102	2
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 1st 4s, tr. r.	43½	43½	42¼	43	56
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s	6	6	6	6	15
Wabash Pittsburg Terminal 2d 4s, tr. r.	6	6⅛	6	6⅛	41
Western Maryland 4s	84¼	86⅛	84¼	86⅛	368
Western Maryland conv. 4s, tr. r.	71	71½	71	71½	17
Western Union coll. tr. 5s	100	100	99½	99½	9
Western Union conv. 4s, Series A	102	102	102	102	15
West Shore 4s	101¾	101¾	101	101¼	32
West Shore 4s reg	100	100	100	100	3
Wheeling & Lake Erie 1st 5s	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾	5
Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. conv. 5s	91⅞	92¼	91⅜	91⅜	21
Wisconsin Central gen. 4s	94⅝	95	94⅝	94⅝	44
Total sales					$16,046,500

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Twos, registered	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	10

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Argentine 5s, ctfs	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞	64
Imperial Japanese 4s	92	92⅛	92	92	53½
Imperial Japanese 4½s	95	95½	95	95½	77½
Imperial Japanese 4½s, 2d series	95	95½	95	95½	8
Republic of Cuba 5s	103¼	103¼	103	103¼	5
Republic of Cuba 4½s	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼	5
Sao Paulo (U. S. of Brazil) 5s	97	97	97	97	2
United States of Mexico 5s	99	99	99	99	4
Total sales					$214,000

CITY BONDS.

	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
New York City 3½s, 1954 reg	88	88	88	88	2
New York City 4s, 1957	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	4
New York City 4s, 1959	100½	100⅝	100½	100½	126
New York City 4s, 1959, rcts	100½	100½	100½	100½	111
New York City 4s, 1958	100¼	100¼	100⅛	100¼	39
New York City 4½s, 1957	109⅝	109½	109⅜	109½	125
New York City 4½s, 1957, new	109	109½	109	109½	74
New York City 4½s, 1917	103	103	103	103	4
Total sales					$485,000
Grand total					$16,755,500

$7,103,000

AMALGAMATED ASBESTOS CORPORATION, LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Laws of the Dominion of Canada)

5%

First Mortgage, 30-Year, Gold Sinking Fund Bonds

Dated June 1, 1909. *Due* June 1, 1939. *Interest payable JUNE 1 and DECEMBER 1*

Authorized Issue $15,000,000 Outstanding $7,500,000

Denominations $500 and $1,000 Coupon Bonds with privilege of registration as to Principal.

Both Principal and Interest payable either in New York, Montreal or Toronto, and in Sterling at par of exch. in London.

ALL, but no part, of the Bonds may be redeemed at the option of the Company, at any interest period at 105% and accrued interest.

Sinking fund payments begin Jan. 1913—annually 2% on outstanding bonds

THE ROYAL TRUST CO., Montreal, *Trustee*

A large portion having already been sold, the remaining Bonds, carrying coupon, due June 1, 1910, are offered for subscription at 91½ FLAT, equivalent to about 90 PER CENT. AND ACCRUED INTEREST payable as follows:

For Each $1,000 Bond:		*For Each $500 Bond:*	
$ 50.00	on application	$ 25.00	on application
350.00	" allotment	175.00	" allotment
515.00	" April 1, 1910	257.50	" April 1, 1910
$915.00	*Total Payment*	$457.50	*Total Payment*

Temporary Installment Certificates will be delivered exchangeable for engraved Bonds on or about May 1, 1910. Payments must be made in cash or drafts, collectible in cities where payments are due.

The subscription books will be opened at 10 o'clock a. m. on **February 21, 1910**, and will be closed at 3 o'clock p. m. or earlier, on **February 23, 1910**; the right being reserved to reject any applications and to award a smaller amount than applied for.

Applications will be made to list the Bonds on the London, Montreal and New York Stock Exchanges. The shares of the Company, both Preferred and Common, are listed on the Stock Exchanges of Montreal, Toronto and Philadelphia, and application has been made for listing on the London Stock Exchange.

The Mortgage Deed of Trust securing the Bonds was prepared by Messrs. Cook & Magee, and reviewed and passed upon by Messrs. Atwater, Duclos, Bond & Meagher, both firms of Montreal; also reviewed and passed upon by Messrs. Linklater & Company of London, England, and the Honorable James M. Beck, of New York, formerly Assistant United States Attorney-General.

The Corporation has issued and outstanding $1,875,000 7% Preferred Stock cumulative from January 1, 1910, and convertible at any time into Common Stock, and $8,125,000 Common Stock. The Board of Directors has announced the first quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock payable April 1, 1910.

The accounts of the Amalgamated Asbestos Corporation, Limited, were audited by Messrs. Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths & Company, of New York and London, and Messrs. Macintosh & Hyde of Montreal.

IMPORTANT FEATURES OF THIS ISSUE:

Net Earnings June 1 to December 1, 1909	$348,161.67
Bond Interest for above period	187,500.00
Surplus	$160,661.67
12 Months' Net Earnings of Properties preceding merger,	550,961.83
Unfilled Orders January 1, 1910, of value of	$3,344,547.36

The Corporation owns and controls about 8,019 acres of land almost entirely situated in the vicinity of Black Lake and Thetford, from which districts the greater portion of the world's supply of Asbestos is now obtained.

About 80 per cent. of the output of these districts is controlled by this Corporation.

There is no known substitute for Asbestos and the demand is constantly increasing.

Present Stock Exchange prices for the shares of the Corporation and the equity in the bonds indicate a market equity following the bonds of more than $4,600,000, which only in a small measure indicates the intrinsic equity behind this issue.

OFFICERS

President, E. B. GREENSHIELDS
Vice-President, HON. ROBERT MACKAY
and Vice-President, HOWARD ELLERY MITCHELL
Secretary-Treasurer, R. P. DOUCET
General Manager, R. H. MARTIN
Consulting Engineer, EARLE C. BACON

DIRECTORS

HUGH A. ALLAN, Montreal. President, Montreal Telegraph Co.; Director, Allan Line Steamship Co., Ltd., Merchants Bank of Canada, Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Co.
HON. JAMES M. BECK, New York. Ex-Assistant United States Attorney-General; Trustee, Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York; Director, Mechanics and Metals National Bank of New York.
HARRY A. BERWIND, Philadelphia. Berwind-White Coal Mining Co.
GEORGE D. CRABBS, Cincinnati. President, The Philip Carey Manufacturing Co., Cincinnati and American Magnesia & Covering Co., Philadelphia; Director, Carnegie Trust Co., New York.
THEODORE W. CRAMP, Philadelphia, of Cramp, Mitchell & Shober, Bankers.
E. B. GREENSHIELDS, Montreal. Director, Bank of Montreal, Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Co., The Royal Trust Co., and the Standard Life Insurance Co.; President, Greenshields, Ltd.
H. MALCOLM HUBBARD, London, England. Director, Mexico Tramways Co. and Brazil Railways Co.
ROBERT T. HOPPER, Montreal. Formerly President of The Standard Asbestos Co., Ltd.
HON. ROBERT MACKAY, Montreal. Director, Canadian-Pacific Railway Co., Bank of Montreal, The Royal Trust Co. and Bell Telephone Co. of Canada.
WILLIAM McMASTER, Montreal. Vice-President and Managing Director, Montreal Rolling Mills; Director, Montreal Telegraph Co., Dominion Iron & Steel Co. and the Canadian Bank of Commerce.
R. H. MARTIN, New York. Formerly President of Kings Asbestos Mines.
RICHARD V. MATTISON, M.D., Ambler, Pa. President, Bell Asbestos Mines, Keasbey & Mattison Co., Asbestos Shingle, Slate & Sheathing Co., Asbestos Manufacturing Co., of Lachine, Canada, and the First National Bank of Ambler, Pa.
THOMAS McDOUGALL, Quebec. Director and Chairman of the Board of Directors, Quebec Bank; Director and Vice-President, the Shawinigan Water & Power Co.
H. H. MELVILLE, Boston. Vice-President, Canadian-Northern-Quebec Railway Co.; Director, Shawinigan Water & Power Co.
HOWARD ELLERY MITCHELL, Philadelphia, of Cramp, Mitchell & Shober, Bankers.

Forms of application and printed copies of the President's letter giving full details, as well as condensed report of Mr. Earle C. Bacon, M. E., may be had at any of the below mentioned addresses. Printed copies of the Mortgage Deed of Trust are on file for inspection if desired.

CRAMP, MITCHELL & SHOBER
1420 Chestnut Street, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

KITCAT & AITKEN
120, Bishopsgate Street Within, LONDON, E. C.

Subscriptions will be received by the following:

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 15 Nassau Street, New York
PENNA. COMPANY FOR INSURANCES ON LIVES AND GRANTING ANNUITIES, 517 Chestnut Street and Broad & Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.
BANK OF MONTREAL, Montreal, Can. **CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE,** Montreal, Can.
BANK OF SCOTLAND, London, England
MANCHESTER & LIVERPOOL DISTRICT BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED, London, Eng.

6% GOLD BONDS
Secured by 400% net assets.
Endorsed by TRUSTEES, both corporate and individual.
AN ASSURED INCOME FROM AN ASSURED SECURITY.
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS,
Estab. 1896. | 489 5th Ave., New York.

Irving National Exchange Bank
Strictly a Commercial Bank.
Resources over Thirty Millions.
West Broadway and Chambers St., New York

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

40 Exchange Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, February 10, 1910.

A special meeting of the stockholders of FUNDING COMPANY OF AMERICA will be held on the 28th day of February, 1910, at three o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the office of said Company, at No. 40 Exchange Place, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to authorize the officers of the Company to borrow money from time to time for use by the Company in its business, and to issue therefor:

(a) Five-year bonds, with interest at 4½% per annum, subject to surrender on thirty days' notice to the Company;

(b) Ten-year bonds, with interest at 6% per annum, which shall participate in the net profits of the Company in each calendar year in which dividends aggregating more than 6% shall be declared and paid on the Common stock of the Company, such participation in each such calendar year during the life of such bonds to be equal in amount to the dividends in excess of 6% paid during that calendar year on an amount of common stock of the Company equal in par value to the face value of such bonds up to a participation of 6% of the amount of such bonds, such participation not in any one calendar year to exceed 6% of the amount of such bonds.

EDWARD STAATS LUTHER, President.
JOHN W. HARDING, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

ELECTION NOTICE.

The Queensboro Corporation.

New York, February 18, 1910.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual meeting of the stockholders of THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION will be held at the general office of the Corporation, No. 170 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, March 7th, 1910, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the election of fifteen Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of any other business that may come before said meeting.

THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION.
FREDERICK E. ANDERSON, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A MEETING of the stockholders of **The Estates Development Company** will be held at the office of the Company, No. 16 East 42d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 3d day of March, 1910, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of electing five Directors of said Company for the ensuing year, and two Inspectors of Election, to serve at the next Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, February 19th, 1910.
BENJAMIN KLEE, Secretary.

The New York Times Weekly Financial Review

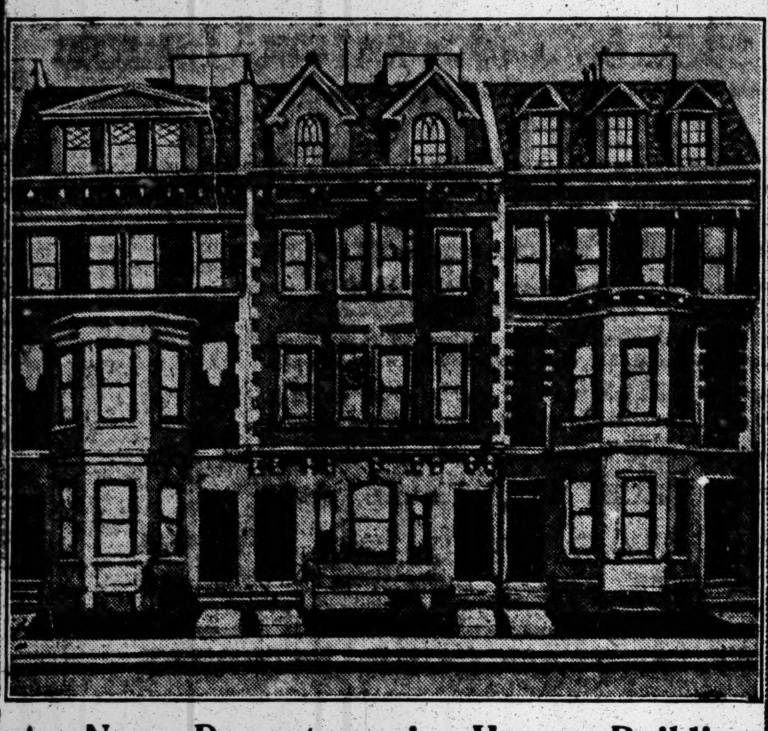
Every Monday. One Dollar a Year.

Best guide to investment markets.
Latest news from all financial centres.
Movements in wheat, cotton and metals.
Permanent record of bond and stock transactions.
Declared dividends. Railroad earnings.
News from the mines.
Leading financial events impartially recorded.
Work of reference for investors, bankers and brokers.

Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

20 ELEGANT DUPLEX HOUSES.



A New Departure in Home Building
The Most Perfect Houses Ever Built for Two Families.
ON BEAUTIFUL PARK SIDE AVE.
Between Flatbush and Bedford Avs.

A disconnected 2-family house, each apartment of 8 good-sized rooms, entirely distinct, WITH SEPARATE ENTRANCES, GIVING

THE PRIVACY OF A 1-FAMILY HOUSE.

Inclusive neighborhood, OVERLOOKING PROSPECT PARK. Convenient to Brighton Beach "L" (Woodruff Ave. Station), 5 trolley lines, schools, and stores.

ONLY 22 MINUTES TO PARK ROW.

14 minutes from Atlantic Av. Subway Station (Flatbush Av. cars). Hardwood throughout electric lights, steam heat, tiled bath with shower, and every modern improvement.

Very choice apartments for rent in these houses at $70 a month. | Garages erected on a few plots, if desired.

W. A. A. BROWN, BUILDER
WESTWOOD REALTY CO., Selling Agent,
738 FLATBUSH AVE.
'Phone 4030 Flatbush. COR. WOODRUFF AV., BROOKLYN.

Look at These

HIGH GRADE **No Basement** ONE FAMILY HOUSES

3 story white stone bay front; box stoop and porch. Unmatched in style and finish, with all the accessories of a perfect home; 11 and 12 rooms and 3 baths, hot water heat, electric light, gas and coal ranges. Dining room in solid mahogany, parquet floors, and most exquisite decorations are but a few of the features.

OCEAN AVENUE
Opp. Prospect Park
BET. LINCOLN ROAD & PARKSIDE AV.

The most exclusive block in Brooklyn, giving you all the surroundings of a beautiful country home in the heart of the city. Nothing can ever be built facing these houses to mar the beauty of the scenery—in fact, Prospect Park is actually your front yard. A few minutes' walk to Prospect Park station on Brighton Beach "L" and all trolley lines.

TWO STORY & BASEMENT ONE FAMILY HOUSES

Stone front; box stoop; bay front and rear, the classiest two story high stoop houses in Brooklyn; 9 and 10 rooms and bath; hardwoods, parquet floors, gas and electric fixtures, hot water or furnace heat, beautiful foyer hall and magnificent library, giving you that desired privacy lacking in most two story houses.

RUTLAND ROAD,
NEAR BEDFORD AVE.
One block to Flatbush and Nostrand Ave. cars.

C. G. REYNOLDS.
HOUSES OPEN DAILY. BUILDER.

For Rent—Greene Av., 428, 3-story stone; modern; finest order; $800; Lexington "L" to Nostrand. Owner, 89 Hancock St., Brooklyn.

Two or four splendid lots, $700 each, near Gravesend Av. Eureka, 128 Times Downtown.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Mortgage loans

on improved Real Estate will be considered and quickly acted upon by

Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company

CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
$5,000,000 added to surplus in last 17 years
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

THE best place to buy a specialty is at a specialist's.

Title insurance is a specialty and the only great title company in New York City doing nothing but a title insurance business is

THE TITLE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK
135 Broadway, N. Y.
203 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Geo. R. Read & Co
REAL ESTATE
Head Office: 60 Liberty St., nr. B'way.
Branch: 3 East 35th St.

WHITEWASHING
F. J. FLECK & CO., 407 West 18th St.
LOFTS KALSOMINED.

Reduce Plumbing Bills

We will PROVE to you how. Write or 'phone to The Soles Plumbing Inspection System, 1,691 Park Av. Tel. 359 Harlem.

West Side.

For Sale or To Let.—Plot 50x100, store, stables, and wagon room, between 34th and 42d Sts., near 9th Av. John J. Hoeigh, 450 9th Av.

Kinko Duplex-Houses

are ideal homes for small families. Charmingly artistic and cleverly arranged. Two Duplex Apartments beneath one roof with entire separation and privacy. The owner may occupy one Apartment and rent the other, paying all fixed charges for the whole house from the income.

Two groups now offered for sale at Brooklyn Ave. and St. John's Place and Third Street and Prospect Park West.

Prices moderate. Rentals $60 to $75. As investments they are exceptional. Call or write for Catalog.

Kings & Westchester Land Co.
350 Fulton St., Brooklyn-New York.

STERLING HOUSES,
EASY HOUSEKEEPING HOMES.
2 STORY LIMESTONE AND BROWNSTONE; BAY WINDOW FRONTS.
8 ROOMS AND BATH.
SELECT NEIGHBORHOOD.
MAPLE AND MIDWOOD STREETS, BET. BEDFORD AND ROGERS AVS.
PRICE $7950; $1200 CASH.
OPEN SUNDAYS AND EVENINGS.
SEND FOR BOOKLET.
REALTY ASSOCIATES,
176 REMSEN ST.

HENRY MEYER BUILDING CO.

Will send booklet upon request of their One-Family Stone-Front houses; price $7,250; finest section of Flatbush. Address Avenue D and East 25th St., Brooklyn.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

MONEY
1ST MORTGAGES.
Charges 1% and disbursements.
2d Mortgage Money. Low Charges.
Butler & Herrman Co.
76 WILLIAM ST.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON 1ST & 2D MORTGAGES.
Good applications wanted.
John H. Keirns, 119 Nassau St.

4½% Mortgage Money 4½%

Charges, 1% and disbursements; prompt attention; special funds. Sugarman & Kahn, 302 Broadway.

MORTGAGE MONEY For Quick Decision See **H. H. HAZELTON** Low Rates & Charges 95 Liberty Street. 'Phone 4545 Cort.

MONEY TO LOAN to any amount on first mortgages. BAAR REALTY CO., 258 B'way. Barclay 6738.

MORTGAGE MONEY | At lowest rates and charges. A. W. J. Petrie, 31 Nassau

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Handsome stucco house, 2 stories; 8 rooms; 4 bedrooms and bath on second floor; attic has finished room; fine cellar; steam heat, gas, electric light; hardwood floors and trimmed; located at Morsemere; just 15 minutes from New York; connects with McAdoo Tunnel, via N. R. R.; to sell quickly, $5,750; your own terms. Box A 1 Times, Times Square.

Free souvenir postcards of Asbury Park sent upon request to any one interested in the growth of Asbury Park and its new bungalows. Secretary, Room 304, 45 West 34th St.

$1,000 cash purchases beautiful, brand new gentleman's home; large rooms; all modern improvements; large plot, near station, Lackawanna Road, 25 minutes from Broadway. Nicholson Co., Lyndhurst, N. J.

Farms, country homes all kinds everywhere; bargain list mailed. Lebkuecher, 71 Bible House, Manhattan.

Jersey's health centre, Northern Bergen County; building plots; other property. E. B. Merritt, 150 Nassau.

Wyoming.—1-3 acre; charming brick country house, 10 rooms; near station; $10,500. Box 114 Millburn, N. J.

New Jersey farms for sale. Address T. D. Durling, Pennington, N. J.

Artistic Nutley houses $4,750 up; choice lots $250 up. Lambert, 99 Nassau St., N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

$1,000 bungalow, 80 minutes out; $100 cash; cottage, 30 minutes out, $300 cash; also hill and dale acres cheap, with building loan. S 25 Times, Times Square.

A SPRING LIST, L. I. REAL ESTATE.
Acreage, farms, shore fronts.
WM. B. CODLING, NORTHPORT, N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Lagre residence in Stamford, Conn., to lease furnished; 5 bathrooms, large stable, garage, detached laundry, greenhouses, fine lawns, and large trees; 9 acres. Apply to A. L. Brown, Attorney, 76 William St., New York, or F. C. Taylor, Attorney, Stamford.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—LOTS

for improvement in Bronx to exchange for new apartment house, good location; modern. Aldhous & Co., 2,319 7th Av., cor. 137th St.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. | REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Auctioneer,
will sell at auction

TO-DAY

at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St.,

Executor's & Trustee's Sale,
By order of EDWARD MIEHLING, Executor and Trustee,
Estate of John Loster, Deceased.

177 Greenwich St.,
Adjoining Cortlandt Street,
The four story and cellar brick Tenement, with store. Size of lot 24.9½x54.1½x irreg.

273 Pearl St.,
Near Fulton Street,
The five story and cellar brick business Building. Size of lot 22.2x91.1x irreg.

867 Third Av.
80 feet south East 53d Street,
The four story and cellar brick Tenement, with store. Size of lot 20x80.

328 East 55th St.,
Near Second Avenue,
A five story brick and stone Tenement, four families on a floor.
Size of plot 38.4x100.5x irreg.

230 East 89th St.,
Near Third Avenue,
The five story brick double Tenement. Size of lot 25x100.8½.

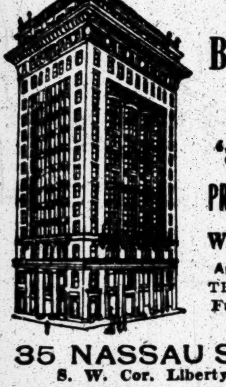
Borough of Brooklyn,
538, 540, 540A Henry St.,
Near President Street.
The three four story and cellar brick single Apartments. Size of lots 20x75 each.

FREDERIC C. LEUBUSCHER, Attorney for Executor.
258 Broadway.
Bookmaps, etc., with attorneys or at auctioneer's office, 156 Broadway.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES. | WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

DESIRABLE OFFICES
TO RENT
Single or En Suite
IN THE
GERMAN AMERICAN BUILDING
William, Maiden Lane & Liberty Sts.
High Class Service
Building Always Open
APPLY H. L. MOXLEY & CO., AGENTS
ON PREMISES
OR 320 BROADWAY

OFFICES



Singly or in Suites
BANKING ROOM
4,400 sq. ft. on Ground Floor.
PROVIDENT BLDG.
W. S. NORTON,
Agent on Premises
TEL. 5990 CORT.
Full Commission to Brokers.
35 NASSAU STREET,
S. W. Cor. Liberty Street.

Manufacturers' Opportunity
CORNER LOFTS 100x100
AT 20 CENTS PER SQUARE FOOT
FIREPROOF BUILDING,
WITH OR WITHOUT POWER.
At Southwest Corner
Columbus Ave. & 101st. St.
Apply to H. MARKOWITZ,
Phone 5545 Chelsea. 30 W. 20th St.

25 BROAD STREET

WILL sublet at enormous sacrifice—2453 sq. feet on 4th floor to May, 1913
Suitable for Brokers' offices.
Apply to Warren & Skillin 174 Fulton St.

Choice corner store and basement on central part of Second Avenue to let, with three large plate glass show windows; possession now; rent only $1,000 to desirable tenant; no liquor. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

NEW HARDWARE DISTRICT.
88-90 Walker St.; loft 25x85; elevator, service, steam heat, power. Inquire engineer or Hellinger, 309 Broadway.

Bronx.

LOFT, 80x100, light all around; steam heat; freight elevator; power if desired. 4,077-4,085 Park Av., (near 174th St.)

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

200 ACRES
NEAR WHITE PLAINS.

Bordered on east by railroad now being electrified and on west by electric trolley. Superb, elevated acreage especially adapted for residential development and quick resale. $1,500 net per acre. Terms favorable. Apply suite 1136, 25 Broad St. Telephone 5650 Broad.

I have a beautiful estate which I will divide to suit; all improvements; overlooks Hudson; 40 minutes' commutation; fine neighbors; high-class in every way. Address Van, P. O. Box 29 Grand Central Station.

PELHAM MANOR, N. Y.
Delightful suburban home; modern 13-room house; in fine repair; acre plot, stable, and garage; $20,000 for a quick sale; bargain. Mrs. C. P. Houser, 8 South 3d Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Mount Vernon.

THE 22ND
will be a good day for you to come up to Mount Vernon to look at this finely built Chester Hill residence, on large lot, 3 minutes' walk from the New Haven Station. Price $13,000.
Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon.

Complete list of houses for sale or rent, Mount Vernon, vicinity; open Washington's Birthday. Anderson Realty Co., near New Haven Station.

White Plains.

WHITE PLAINS,
County Seat of Westchester County.
Lots for sale on easy terms; will build for you at once; two houses ready for occupancy; very cheap.
STERLING PARK, INC.,
Room 307, 103 Park Av., Cor. 41st., City.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Free and clear building; value, $60,000; $20,000 or $25,000 cash can be raised; will exchange for second mortgages or tenements; brokers protected. Louis Levy, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

Will Add Cash.—Plot 100x100, Washington Heights, active section, for improved. Shaw & Co., 113 West 125th.

ALMOST —)-)→— GONE

204 to 208 East 27th St., near 3d Av., running through to 26th St.; elevator; only 5th and 6th (top) floors left. Act Quick!
FINE LOFTS, LOW RENTALS.
363 3d Av., near 27th St.; 2,000 square feet loft space on each floor; large show windows on 1, 2, 3 floors, facing "L"; electric elevator, steam heat. Several left.
Apply on premises, or GEO. B. McENTYRE, 401 Greenwich St.

FOR RENT
THE ENTIRE THIRD FLOOR OF THE
FLATIRON BUILDING,
23d St. and Fifth Ave.,
containing about 6,000 sq. feet now occupied by the GARDEN CITY ESTATES, HANDSOMELY FINISHED. Sign privileges
Apply to C. B. PAUL, 120 Broadway
Telephone 151 Cortlandt.

Stores, Lofts, Buildings, TO LET
in downtown business districts.
Send for List.
WARREN & SKILLIN
174 FULTON ST. 'PHONE 5077 CORT.

STORE AND BASEMENT
149-151 WEST 36TH STREET,
JUST OFF BROADWAY
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, LOW RENT.
FINNEY & MATHEWS, 103 Park Av.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

A 20-foot three-story and basement Dwelling to let on 63d St., near Lexington Av.; ten rooms and two baths; rent $1,308; possession May 1, 1910. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

FRONT OFFICES and showrooms, 36 E. 23d St., between Broadway and new Fourth Avenue buildings (Mills & Gibb, etc.); all improvements; rent moderate. GOODALE & SON, 12 West 27th St.

Maiden Lane store to sublet, complete, with fixtures, &c.; only $200 month for two years. Opportunity for jewelry or specialty house. Beger, 1 Maiden Lane.

LOFTS Rent inducements. 10 West 18th St., 28x90; good light. Duross, 155 West 14th.

Floors and half floors, 42 East 23d St., near 4th Av.; rent low; suitable for offices or salesrooms. S. B. Goodale & Son., 12 West 27th St.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET.

Beautiful restricted bungalow sites on hills of Staten Island, overlooking ocean; easy terms. Refined, 110 Times Downtown.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Thirteen-room two-family house, brick, for sale; bargain; hardwood throughout; every improvement; house 75 feet deep; terms easy. Spofford Estates, 640 Faile St., Hunt's Point, Bronx.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Flushing.—$500 cash; balance at rent; 8 rooms and bath. Christensen, 1 West 34th St.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

For Sale—Summer homes; farms every description; two good businesses; write your wants. W. D. Hawkins, Unadilla, N. Y.

AUCTION SALES.

Continuation Sale To-day, Commencing with Lot 2,101.

ARTS AND ANTIQUES.

To-day we continue with Gold, Silver, and Diamond Jewelry set with rare and precious stones, comprising exquisite Brooches, Rings, Necklaces, Pins, Fobs, Lockets.

D. HARTMANN & BEN HARRISON,
D. HARTMANN, AUCTIONEER,
SELLS TO-DAY, MONDAY, 11 A. M.,

and continuing the following days until stock is sold, the above being the stock and fixtures of Mr. E. F. Eble, located for the past 20 years at 105 W. 42d St. On account of Mr. E. F. Eble retiring from business, the entire stock has been removed to

222 FIFTH AVE.,

Between 26th and 27th Sts. Further particulars follow on each day of sale. Stock will positively be sold without reserve to highest bidder. Excellent opportunity for collectors. Auct. office, 22-24 Lispenard. Tel. 534 Franklin.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HARNED, CAROLINE H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CAROLINE H. HARNED, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of James M. Tully, No. 271 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 28th day of March next.—Dated New York, the 16th day of September, 1909. BEDELL H. HARNED, Administrator. JAMES M. TULLY, Attorney for Administrator, 271 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

LEVENTRITT, MATILDA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MATILDA LEVENTRITT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 18th day of April next.—Dated New York, the 6th day of October, 1909. DAVID LEVENTRITT, JULIUS HIRSCHBERG, OLIVIA LEVENTRITT, Executors. LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN, Attorneys for Executors, 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

30 West 65th Street.

At Lincoln Square and Central Park.—Single apartment, seven large rooms; convenient location; $43.00.

AT THE URANIA

238 West 129th St.—Five rooms, bath, electric elevator, steam heat; every convenience. Janitor, or H. Nelson Flanagan, 53 Bond St.

We store your furniture; $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667—Bryant.

To Sublet—The El Dorado, 302 Central Park West; eight-room apartment, all exposures; two baths, three toilets, lavatory; sacrifice until Oct. 1. Apartment 72.

A choice first floor apartment; all rooms light; 7 rooms and bath; private house block; rent $55. Apply janitor, 103 West 88th St. S. B. Goodale & Son, 12 West 27th.

98th 53 W.—Six light rooms and bath; all improvements; rent, $20.

East Side.

34th St., cor. Lexington Ave.
135 East 34th St.
Bachelor Apartment,
Suite of 2 rooms and bath. Rent $480.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

THE BLYTHEBOURNE,
1,431 Madison Av., S. E. Corner 99th St.—Beautiful outside apartment, $50 monthly; high-class elevator and private telephone service day and night; electricity, all improvements. Apply to Superintendent.

57th, 434 East.—Single apartment, six rooms and bath. Janitor, or H. Nelson Flanagan, 53 Bond St.

Bachelor apartment unfurnished; two rooms and bath, $50. 38 Union Square.

Brooklyn.

QUINCY ST., 105.—Corner apartments, six rooms and bath; parquet floors, gas and electricity, steam heat, hot water supply; near Franklin and Gates Avenue cars and "L" station; $50 to $65. Janitor on premises, or Henry L. Bogert, 99 Nassau Street, N. Y.

Bronx.

THE A-RE-CO. APTS.
American Real Estate Co., Owner.
MOST HOMELIKE IN ALL NEW YORK!
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $28 to $42.
NON-ELEVATOR APTS
4 to 6 rooms and bath, $21 to $33.
Large, light rooms, Electric lights, hardwood floors, artistic decorations.
HOT WATER AT ALL TIMES.
Plenty of Steam Heat NOW
Apply to Rental Office, 985 Southern Boulevard (just around corner from Simpson St. Subway Station.)

JUST COMPLETED.
THE ROSEMAY 1010 to 1018 Hoe Ave.
One Block East of Simpson St. Station.
7 large rooms, bath, electric light, all improvements; unsurpassed location; private houses in rear; overlooking Long Island Sound.
RENTS $36 TO $42.
One month free; references required. See agent on premises. H. L. Phelps. Tel. 571 Melrose.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
5 and 6 All Light Rooms.
Elegantly finished, modern, up-to-date improvements. Large, handsomely decorated dining room.
948-50-52 TRINITY AV.
Just east of 161st St. 3d Av. "L" Station.
RENTS $24 UP.

MODERN APARTMENTS.
Five and six finely decorated rooms; 5 minutes "L" and Subway station; $22-$26. 981-85 Forest Av., near 163d St.

"The Royal Mail is the Royal Route"

Cruises de Luxe to the
West Indies
BY NEW TWIN-SCREW
"AVON" 11,500 Tons
EASTER CRUISE
18 days, $85 up.
From New York, March 25.
ROUND TRIP } **$30 to $110**
According to Location.
First class only.

To BERMUDA
NEW WEEKLY SERVICE
By R.M.S.P. "OROTAVA" 6000 Tons
From Pier 50, N. R., NEW YORK, at 10 A. M. every Wednesday.
From BERMUDA every Saturday.
Comfortable Voyage—
High Class Cuisine—Orchestra—
Electric Fans in all Rooms.
Complete illustrated booklets on request.
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.
SANDERSON & SON, 22 State St., N. Y.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY **R. M. S. P.**
JAMAICA-COLON, BARBADOS, Etc.
Tagus.........Mar. 5 | Magdalena...April 2
Oruba.........Mar. 19 | Clyde.........April 16
Tours of 13 to 25 days from $95 up.
SANDERSON & SON, G.P.&F.A., 22 State St., N. Y.

AN OCEAN VOYAGE ON HOME SEAS
DELIGHTFUL THE YEAR ROUND
ELEGANTLY APPOINTED 10,600 TON SHIPS
NEW YORK to NEW ORLEANS
Send for interesting literature.
SOUTHERN PACIFIC CO.
L. H. NUTTING,
G.P.A., 1,366, 1,158 B'way, New York.

CALIFORNIA

Independent 30-Day Tour. "Invisible Courier System." Starting any time, including Hotels, Pullmans, Transfers, etc., $280.25. FRANK TOURIST CO., 396-398 Broadway, N.Y.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CONTRACT R.

SEALED BIDS will be received by the Board of Water Supply, in Room 910, 299 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on March 1, 1910, for CONTRACT R, for furnishing and delivering either or both of the following classes of supplies:

Class 1—Fifteen thousand tons bituminous coal.

Class 2—One hundred and twenty tons Cumberland coal.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders can be obtained at Room 906 at the above address by depositing the sum of five dollars ($5) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

JOHN A. BENSEL,
President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
CHARLES A. SHAW,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.

NOTICE.

The Citizens National Bank, located at Johnstown, in the State of Pennsylvania, is closing up its affairs, its corporate existence having expired at close of business on the 13th day of December, 1909. All noteholders and others, creditors of said Association, are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims against the Association for payment.

P. F. McANENY, Cashier.
Dated Johnstown, Pa., February 10, 1910.

The Most Inviting Cruises of the Season are those to **AGWI** The American Mediterranean

PORTO RICO
Only 5 Days from New York

This newest and delightfully situated resort in the West Indies, possesses an incomparable "summer" climate throughout the winter months, and presents a perfect panorama of picturesque scenery from seashore to mountains, forests, fashionable cities, and affords every opportunity for outdoor recreation, including Fishing, Bathing, Yachting, Automobiling, Horseback Riding, Driving, Golf, Tennis, etc., and has excellent hotel accommodations for those wishing to spend the entire winter on this tropical island.

Most conveniently reached by the
N. Y. & Porto Rico Steamship Co.
$30.00 - $50.00 - $90.00 - $140.00 Every Saturday

One of the most delightful and interesting cruises this year is from New York to Porto Rico and around the entire island—calling at the various ports—and return to New York, all meals and accommodations on steamer for the entire trip being included in the rate.

Florida, The Carolinas, Alabama, Texas, Nassau, Cuba, Mexico, Yucatan are directly and most conveniently reached by the 20th Century steamers of the
Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines Clyde, Mallory, Porto Rico & Ward Lines

Write for copy of AGWI NEWS—a travel magazine describing this romantic resort region, and outlining some of the season's most attractive all water, or rail and water combination tours with liberal stop-overs. Our Tour Bureau can issue all tickets, reserve choice accommodations, arrange all details, and render invaluable service in all travel matters. Address

N. Y. & PORTO RICO STEAMSHIP CO., 12 Broadway } New York
TOUR BUREAU, AGWI LINES, 290 Broadway }

HAMBURG-AMERICAN

CRUISES DE LUXE

16 and 28 Day Cruises to the WEST INDIES
By S. S. MOLTKE,
Largest Vessel ever sent to the Caribbean, leaving New York
Feb. 22 and March 24
For VENEZUELA, NASSAU, and PANAMA CANAL.
$85 and $150 up.
Also Summer Cruises to Norway, Spitzbergen, Iceland, Etc.
Send for "Travel Books," fully illustrated.

REGULAR SERVICES
All Modern Safety Devices (Wireless, &c.)
London—Paris—Hamburg
KAISERIN AUG. VIC. 25,000 TONS
Leaving New York March 5, 12 Noon.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant. Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden.
§Pennsylv'a.Feb. 24, 11 AM | *Pres. Grant......Mch. 19
§Graf Waldersee...Feb. 26 | †Amerika.........Mch. 26
†Kais'n Aug. Vic..Mch. 5 | §Pretoria..........April 2
*Pres. Lincoln....Mch. 12 | §Graf Waldersee...April 9
§Hamburg direct. *Omits Plymouth.

ITALY VIA GIBRALTAR, NAPLES AND GENOA.
S. S. BATAVIA (Naples only).March 25, 1 P.M.
S. S. HAMBURG..................March 29
S. S. MOLTKE....................April 19
TRAVELLERS' CHECKS ISSUED.
Tourist Dept. for Trips Everywhere.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

25 DAYS' TRIP TO WEST INDIES **$140**
Leaves New York By NEW S. S. **Feb. 26, 2 P. M.**
PRINZ JOACHIM
Calls at Jamaica (stay 2 days), Colon, Isthmus of Panama (stay 2 days), Port Limon, Costa Rica (stay 4 days). Stopover allowed at Jamaica.
These delightful trips (alternating with 24-day cruise at $135) leave New York every week. SEND FOR FULL PARTICULARS.
WEEKLY SAILINGS TO JAMAICA.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway. New York.

North German Lloyd
Large, Fast, and Luxurious Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Steamships
Equipped with Wireless and Submarine Signals.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN
Express Sailings Tuesdays at 10 A. M.
K. Wm. der Gr.Mar. 8 Kaiser Wilh. II.Apr. 5
Cecilie ....Mar. 22 K. Wm. der Gr.Apr. 19

The Great New 27,000 Ton Steamship } **George Washington Sails Feb. 24 for** Plymouth, Cherbourg, Bremen

BREMEN DIRECT
Twin-Screw Sailings Thursdays at 10 A. M.
Rhein ....March 3 | *P.Fried'h Wm.Mar.17
Zieten ....Mar. 10 | *G.Washington.Mar.31
*Calls at Plymouth and Cherbourg.
GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA—ALGIERS
Mediterranean Sailings Saturdays at 11 A. M.
Barbarossa ...Feb. 26 | *Berlin (new).Mar. 12
P. Irene.......Mar. 5 | Fried'h der Gr.Mar.19
*Omits Algiers.
Independent Around the World Tours.
Travellers' Checks Good All Over the World.
Apply OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

EUROPE
WITH OBER AMMERGAU
70 TOURS
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER, 1910.
Offering a great variety of routes at inclusive fares.
TOURS DE LUXE and VACATION TOURS.
Many of our tours include the Passion Play at Ober Ammergau and Universal Exposition at Brussels.
Send for Program No. 28.
THOS. COOK & SON
245, 1,200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 Fifth Ave. (Windsor Arcade), N. Y.
Cook's Travelers Cheques Payable Everywhere.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN, ADRIATIC
From New York Wednesdays, 1 P. M.
To and from Italy, Greece and Austria with scheduled calls at GIBRALTAR, (East,) ALGIERS (West) and AZORES (East).
TWIN SCREW S. S. MARTHA WASHINGTON, ALICE, LAURA, ARGENTINA, OCEANIA.
Further information and 1910 sailings furnished by PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, Whitehall Building, N. Y. City.

7 DAYS TO TRINIDAD
"The Land of the Humming-bird."
Finest Hotels, Excellent Accommodations, Golf, Polo, Tennis, Bathing, and Fishing. Handsomest Island in West Indies. Best reached by Large, New Steamships of the
ROYAL DUTCH WEST INDIA MAIL
Office: 17 State Street, New York.

FABRE LINE
REGULAR FAST STEAMERS NEW YORK DIRECT TO NAPLES, NICE, AND MARSEILLES. FRENCH CUISINE. WINES GRATIS. OUTSIDE STATEROOMS ON PROMENADE DECKS, 1ST CLASS .... **$70 & UP**
MEDITERRANEAN CRUISES, EXPENSES INCLUDED .... **$299.50 UP**
J. TER KUILE, G. P. A., 33 B'way, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Furnessia, Feb. 26, 10 A. M. | Caledonia, Mar. 12, 9 A.M.
Columbia, Mar. 5, noon | California Mar. 19, 2 P. M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $28.75 AND $30.
Apply for Illustrated Booklet of Tours.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE
Twin-Screw Passenger Service
New York—Rotterdam via Boulogne
Potsdam....Feb. 22, 9 AM | Ryndam ....Mar. 22
Noordam....Mar. 8, 9 AM | Potsdam ....Mar. 29
Holland-America Line, 39 B'way, N. Y.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND

FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River, Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:00 P. M. Strs. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. Orchestra on each.

NORWICH LINE via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and NEW HAMPSHIRE.

NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield, and North, week days only. Leave Pier 28, E. R., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.

BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R., 11 A. M., Str. NAUGATUCK.

Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every weekday, 5 P.M., from Pier 18, East River.

American Line From Pier 62, N. R., at 10 A.M.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
*Oceanic.........Feb. 26 | *Adriatic.....Mar. 12
Philadelphia..Mar. 5 | St. Louis.......Mar. 19
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 61, N.R.

Atlantic Transport Line
From Pier 61, N. R. - Pier 58, N. R.
New York—London Direct.
Min'tonka, Mar. 12, 10:30 A.M. Min'apolis, Mar. 26
Minnewaska, Mar. 19, 1 P.M. Min'haha, Apl. 9

Red Star Line
New York—Antwerp—Paris
Mammoth New S. S. **LAPLAND, FEB. 23,** 10 A. M.
Glass-enclosed Promenade, Verandah Cafe, Lounge, Elevator, Orchestra, Shop, Wireless.
Lapland (new) Feb. 23, 10 AM. From Pier 14, N.R.
Kroonland Mar. 2, 10 AM. From Pier 59, N. R.
Finland, Mar. 5, 11 AM. From Pier 59, N. R.

White Star Line
From Pier 60-61 North River.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Laurentic, (new) Mar. 5, noon. Baltic, Mar. 19
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Oceanic, Feb. 26, 10 A. M. Adriatic, Mar. 12
†Phila'phia, Mar. 5, 10 A.M. †St. Louis, Mar. 19
†American Line Steamer from Pier 62, N. R.
NEW YORK & BOSTON TO THE **MEDITERRANEAN**
Via Azores, Madeira, Algiers & Gibraltar.
Romanic......Feb. 26 | Celtic..........Mar. 16
Cretic..........Mar. 12 | Canopic.......Mar. 24
PASSENGER OFFICE, 9 BROADWAY.

CUNARD LINES
From Piers 51-52-56, North River, 9 A. M.
Liverpool Service. Calling at Fishguard, South Wales.
NEW YORK TO LONDON DIRECT
Wednesday from New York
Monday in London
MAURETANIA—LUSITANIA.
Largest, Fastest Steamships Afloat.
Sail Wednesdays.
Wireless Telegraph—Submarine Signals.
Umbria.........Feb. 23 | Campania.....Mar. 16
Mauretania...Mar. 2 | Mauretania...Mar. 23
Lusitania ....Mar. 9 | Lusitania.....Mar. 30
SPECIAL CRUISE.
To Italy & Egypt { CARMANIA Magnificent New 20,000-Ton Str. March 5. Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar.
SPECIAL CRUISE
SAXONIA TO ITALY MARCH 19
HUNGARIAN-AMERICAN SERVICE TO FIUME, VIA GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE.
*Carmania.Mar.5,noon | Carpathia....Mar. 31
*Saxonia.Mar.19 noon | Pannonia.....Apr. 14
*Does not call at Trieste and Fiume.
Travellers' checks issued—good everywhere.
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.,
21-24 State St., opposite the Battery.

CUNARD CRUISES
To ITALY and EGYPT
"CARMANIA," March 5 (20,000 tons)
TO ITALY
"SAXONIA," March 19 (14,300 tons)
"CARPATHIA," March 31 (13,600 tons)
Excellent saloon accommodations at very moderate prices.
For full Particulars and Reservations, apply to
THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd.
New York, Boston, Chicago, Minneapolis, Philadelphia, St. Louis, San Francisco, Toronto and Montreal, or Local Agents.

Go To Bermuda
Forty hours from frost to flowers.
By Twin Screw Line
Largest and Fastest Steamers
S.S. Oceana, 8000 Tons
Sailing Every Saturday from New York.
Gymnasium, Orchestra, Electric Fans.
S.S. Bermudian, 5530 Tons
Sailing Every Wednesday from New York.
Wireless on both Steamers; also bilge keels.
WEST INDIES
New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes and Demerara. For illustrated pamphlets with full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Gen'l Agts., Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York, THOS. COOK & SON, Pass. Agts., 245 and 1200 Broadway, 649 Madison Ave., 563 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent, or Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., Quebec.

Jamaica-Panama
Finest Steamers in the Tropical Service. From New York to Panama, via Jamaica. Every Thursday, 12 M., noon, Pier 1 East River.
METAPAN .... Feb. 24th
ZACAPA .... March 3rd
ALMIRANTE .... March 10th
Every Room an Outside Room.
UNITED FRUIT COMPANY,
17 Battery Place, New York.
Any City S. S. Ticket Agency. Additional Weekly Service from Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
from Pier 42, North River, foot Morton St.
La Bretagne..Feb. 24 | *La Provence.Mch. 17
*La Savoie...Mch. 3 | *La Touraine.Mch. 24
*La Lorraine..Mch. 10 | *La Savoie...Mch. 31
*Twin screw steamers.
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

LLOYD ITALIANO
Twin-Screw Service. Cabin $65.
NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA.
Virginia.......Mar. 3 | Luisiana .....Mar. 26
Florida.........Mar. 17 | Virginia........Apr. 9
C. B. Richard & Co. Gen'l Agts., 31 Bdway, N.Y.

CLARK'S TOURS TO EUROPE
Most comprehensive and attractive ever offered; frequent departures between Apr. 16 and July 5, with rates from $275 to $820, including all necessary expenses.
F. C. Clark, Times Building, New York.

MEMPHIS SPECIAL
Leaves N. Y. daily 9:25 P. M., Pennsylvania Railroad. Pullman sleeping cars to Nashville and Memphis; dining cars; shortest, quickest line to Nashville, Memphis, Arkansas, Texas. Norfolk & Western Ry., 355 Broadway.

Lost.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—$10 REWARD.—A lady's gold chatelaine watch and leather fob; monogram "B. T." on case; same lost in East Orange on way to take train at Brick Church, Feb. 8. Return to Max E. Butler, 81 Montrose Av., South Orange, N. J.

LOST.—Lady's small watch, red enamel back with miniature picture, between 116th and 117th Sts., St. Nicholas and 8th Avs.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Call F. J. R., 26 Beaver St., New York.

LOST—On Saturday evening, a blue-beaded bag containing a pair of opera glasses and handkerchief with initials "E. W. O."; liberal reward will be paid if returned. Z 21 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Between Upper Bronx and 103d St., near Westchester Av., car, Subway to 96th St., local to 103d St., a lady's open face watch; monogram "J. B. C." on back; reward. Colburn, 8 West 103d St.

LOST—Saturday, Feb. 19, Erie R. R. train, 11:04 from Jersey City, small tan-colored leather locked box; initials "M. V. O."; wrapped in brown paper. Finder return to T. Olyphant, 32 Nassau St.; suitable reward.

LOST.—Opera glasses, with handle, Tiffany make, Subway station, 72d St., Feb. 16, 1910. Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to H. W. B., the Ormonde, 2,030 Broadway.

LOST—Feb. 10, on 5th Av., between 40th and 48th Sts., lady's gold watch and chain; initials "D. S. R." on case. Reward if returned to M. L. R., care Wagner, Dickerson & Co., Plaza Hotel.

LOST—Opera glasses, Lemaire make, in or near Manhattan Opera House, Sunday evening; finder will return same to his advantage. Florence Angle, Hotel Martha Washington.

LOST—On Sunday morning, between Harlem Presbyterian Church and West 129th St., a topaz breast pin. Reward if returned to 128 West 129th St.

LOST.—On Feb. 17, a gold locket; Egyptian head, with rubies, emeralds, and diamonds. Reward if returned to Kahn, 2,117 Voorhees Av., Sheepshead Bay.

LOST—Lady's black enameled ball watch, set with diamonds, black enameled diamond pin attached; liberal reward if returned. 321 Lexington Av.

LOST—Three-stone diamond ring, between 38th St., New York, and Beverley Road; $50 reward to finder. J. Solar, 1,030 Beverley Road, Brooklyn.

LOST—In elevator or hall of Collingwood Hotel, Saturday evening, 5-stone diamond ring; large reward; return to Collingwood Hotel, 45 West 35th St.

LOST.—Friday or Saturday, on 16th St., between 5th Av. and Stuyvesant Park, a string of gold beads. Finder return to 12 West 16th St. and receive reward.

LOST or STOLEN.—Coral and pearl bracelet. Liberal reward if returned to Mrs. W. H. Koen, 111 Montague St.; no questions asked.

LOST.—A muff on Sunday, Feb. 13, sealskin, between 23d St., 8th Av., and 82d St., 8th Av.; reward. Apply V. F., 16 West 82d St.

LOST.—Diamond-studded locket, marked "Presented by Avon Club to S. Goldberg"; liberal reward. S. Hirsch & Bro., 826 Broadway.

LOST.—Saturday night, silver mesh bag in or near the Madrid; liberal reward. Z 116 Times, Times Square.

LOST—Tuesday night, otter fur neckpiece. Return 75 West 94th St.; reward. 2989—Riverside.

LOST.—Friday evening, from Hegeman's, 42d St., to Cafe de l'Opera, a mink scarf; reward. Alexander, 510 West 144th St.

LOST.—Book of sales tied with string; reward. Address Z 117 Times, Times Square.

LOST.—Muff, Monday night; liberal reward; no questions asked. 11 West 74th St.

LOST—Wallet, Grand Union Hotel, Sunday; $10 return wallet to hotel clerk.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Lost and Found—Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Thursday, Irish terrier, smooth head; answers to name of Billy; reward. Headrick, 54 Morningside Av. East.

LOST—White bull terrier dog, Feb. 18. Reward if returned to 630 East 22d St., Flatbush.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Found.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Feb. 18.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply 9 Morris St. SECOND AV. ELEVATED—Two umbrellas, cigars, bag, ledger, twine, net bag, screwdriver, valve. THIRD AV. ELEVATED—Three umbrellas, books, pocketbook, papers, calendars, gloves, key, rubbers, 2 pairs rubbers, towel, jumper, tools, cans, pipe. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED—Purse, chair covers, bag, 2 umbrellas, cuff buttons, odd glove, silk handkerchief, book and cards, underwear, waist. NINTH AV. ELEVATED—Key, bottle oil, 2 bottles, candy, letter, instruments, satchel. SUBWAY—Two umbrellas, purse, money, necklace, bank book, &c., books, chart, music, satchel, 2 neckpieces, dog collar, papers, rubber bag, &c., receipts, vest, hardware, lace, &c., trowel, trousers, gloves, pot and plant, 2 pairs gloves, 2 pairs rubbers, rosary, license signs, glass.

FOUND, Feb. 19.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Article Office, G. C. S.: Four umbrellas, eyeglasses, pasteboard box, pocketbook, package, pair rubbers, set false teeth, bank envelope, commutation book, tie pin, case, soap dish.

FOUND, Feb. 19.—L. I. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Long Island City: Muff, dress-suit case, two packages.

FOUND, Feb. 19.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Desk, Jersey City, N. J.: Grip, package, watch, fob, automobile, pair rubbers, pair gloves.

FOUND, Feb. 19.—D., L. & W. R. R. Apply Information Desk, Hoboken, N. J.: Muff, photograph, lamp shade, box of mushrooms, four packages, two umbrellas, two odd rubbers, two card cases, one odd glove.

FOUND, Feb. 19.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Two packages, overcoat. JERSEY CITY STATION—Book. LEHIGH VALLEY TRAIN—Pair rubbers. 23D ST. BOAT—Book, muff, shawl.

FOUND, Feb. 19.—CENTRAL R. R. OF N.J. Apply foot of Liberty St.—Package of music, brass key.

FOUND, Feb. 19.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. S. S. PROVIDENCE—Cap, books, pin, slippers, sponge, umbrella, rubbers.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CHOCOLATE DIPPERS AND PACKERS, experienced, wanted. Henry Heide, Hudson and Vandam Sts.

YOUNG WOMEN, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central Office positions; for those who qualify salary of $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. at Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., cor. Wooster St.

YOUNG GIRL TO MAKE HERSELF USEFUL IN MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT; MUST BE BRIGHT AND HAVE SOME KNOWLEDGE OF SEWING; REFERENCES REQUIRED. L. DOFFLEIN & CO., 39 EAST 20TH ST.

YOUNG GIRL TO DO LIGHT PRESSING AND MAKE HERSELF USEFUL IN FACTORY; STEADY WORK. L. DOFFLEIN & CO., 39 EAST 20TH ST.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOY.—Boy over 16 years old, Gentile, residing with parents, to make himself generally useful in law office. Address in own handwriting Law Office, Box Z 84 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER.—One experienced in general machinery preferred; also capable of operating typewriter. Sanitary Water Still Co., Ja[illegible]

The Way to Rent Furnished Rooms

The best way to rent Furnished Rooms or obtain Boarders is to advertise in The New York Times.

E. S. Goodrich, 622 West 137th Street, New York, wrote under date of February 1st:

> "I am very much pleased with advertising in the Furnished Room column of The New York Times. I tried The Times last week and gave you an advertisement for seven times, and after the very first time my advertisement appeared I rented the room."

When you have Furnished Rooms for rent, or want Boarders, advertise in The Times.

The rate for advertising is fifteen cents a line, one time; twelve cents a line a day, three times; and ten cents a line a day, seven times. Seven average words make a line.

All advertising agents accept Times Want Advertisements at regular office rates, or telephone 1000 Bryant.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Help Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

CAPABLE COMMERCIAL TEACHERS are in demand. Register with Union Teachers' Bureau, 229 Broadway.

COMPLAINT CLERK.—A complaint clerk by a large New York daily; previous newspaper experience necessary; state salary wanted and give references. Z 94 Times, Times Square.

CUSTOM HOUSE EMPLOYES.—Examinations in New York May 9; salary, $600 to $1,500; recent customs frauds mean many appointments; candidates prepared free. Franklin Institute, Department 513 L, Rochester, N. Y.

EXPERIENCED man capable of managing a hardwood and parquetry floor business. State experience, salary wanted, and references. Box Z 115 Times, Times Square.

MAN for large corporation to solicit mortgage loans; applications considered confidential. Address Z 89 Times, Times Square.

MEN, tired of working for others, let us start you in business for yourself; no mail order or fake; strictly legitimate; come and see us. Manager, Room 907, 277 Broadway.

SALESMEN, honest, sober, excellent opportunity; weekly remittance; experience unnecessary; salary or commission weekly; references. Write North Jersey Nurseries, Newark, N. J.

SALESMEN.—Carry side line housefurnishing article, small sample, big seller; liberal commission; exclusive territory. Dahl Mfg. Co., 156 5th Av., City.

SALESMEN to sell Waltham watches on installments; $1 down, $1 weekly; big money; experience unnecessary. United Watch Co., 154 Nassau St.

SALESMAN on strong line of lawns and lingerie for the large trade in city and vicinity. West Point Waist Co., 43-45 Walker St.

SALESMAN, having had experience selling filing cabinets. The General Fireproofing Co., 396 Broadway.

WANTED.—Able bodied men for the U. S. Marine Corps, between the ages of 19 and 35; must be native born or have first papers; monthly pay $15 to $69; additional compensation possible; food, clothing, quarters and medical attendance free; after 30 years service can retire with 75 per cent. of pay and allowances; service on board ship and ashore in all parts of the world. Apply at 109 W. 42d St., 101 Park Row, New York; 330 Fulton St., Brooklyn; or 288 Market St. Newark, N. J.

WANTED.—A well educated Frenchman or Frenchwoman with experience in fashion matters and dressmaking wanted to do editorial work on a French fashion magazine. Applications must be made by letter, giving full particulars of experience and ability, to "L. D.," Butterick Building, New York.

WANTED—Experienced illuminating engineers to sell Tungsten lamps and fixtures in New York City and vicinity; guarantee with commission to right men. Address, with references, Z 26 Times, Times Square.

WANTED—A capable office boy. Box R 162 Times Downtown.

$100.00 WILL BE PAID by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Help Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

Commercial Help.

EFFICIENT STENOGRAPHERS, office workers furnished free; expert multigraphing. Jupp Exchange, 87 Nassau. Cort. 4221.

IF STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers, typewriters, &c., are needed, use "Wright" Agency, 335 Broadway. 973—Franklin.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, ASSISTANT bookkeepers, typists, office, bill clerks, register with me. I can get you steady employment. Diehl's Exchange, 90 Nassau St.

Domestic Help.

A.—COLONIAL BUREAU, 60 West 39th.—Strictly reliable domestic help; specialties: governesses, lady's maids; references thoroughly investigated. Telephone 5582—Murray Hill.

BLOOM'S BUREAU, 747 Lexington Av., furnishes first-class Scandinavian help; investigated references. 4887—Plaza.

FOR SELECT COLORED HELP apply Duncan Help Exchange, 250 West 133d. 'Phone 5078—Morning.

LIND'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 720 Lexington Av.—Reliable servants, all nationalities; references investigated. 'Phone 4696—Plaza.

MISS BRINKLEY,
Employment Office,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 2484 Murray Hill.

Housekeepers, governesses, visiting and resident; also competent, thoroughly trained servants supplied after a careful and thorough investigation of their references.

Mrs. Dickinson's Co-Operative Emp. Bureau, 331 Madison Av. 'Phone 3734 Murray Hill. Bureau supplies high-class household servants, male and female; references personally investigated; waitresses, cooks, supplied for dinners and luncheons; entertainer for children's parties.

MISS WILD
Employment Office,
47 West 34th St., Rooms 1011-15-17.
Tel. 2943-2944 Murray Hill.

Thoroughly trained, high-grade servants supplied after references are personally investigated. Circular sent on request. Educational department under management Mrs. Janes.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. Telephone 2508—Orchard.

RELIABLE SERVANTS, all kinds, Mrs. Neilson, 503 5th Av.; Room 300; 42d St. entrance.

The Waldorf Bureau of Employment,
12 West 33d St. 'Phone 300 Mad.

Superior help of all nations, speaking English, male and female; work thoroughly investigated; references for refined homes; governesses, nurses, ladies' maids, cooks, butlers, and all other domestic help.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Situations Wanted--Females.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOOKKEEPER.—Seven years' commercial experience; knowledge typewriting; credentials. Miss E. J. 'Phone 2132W Bath Beach.

HOUSEKEEPER. — Well-bred and capable young woman wishes position as housekeeper in small household, or as companion and nurse to invalid. Practical, Z 72 Times, Times Sq.

STENOGRAPHER; general office assistant; 5 years' experience; takes rapid dictation; transcribes correctly; references from former employer; $15. Executive, 154 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted—Females

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience; educated; exceptionally good speller; American parentage; references. Marion, 179 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educated, competent; 6 years' varied experience; exceptionally perfect transcriptions. Technical, 117 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Careful, capable beginner; some experience; references; moderate salary. Miss Brown, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone 2093 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, good education, capable, experienced, wishes permanent position. Robson, 548 West 156th.

YOUNG, NEAT GIRL position in dental office; has some experience. Mail Miss Guilbert, 528 West 125th St.

$100 will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

Situations Wanted—Males.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—A.—Accountant, expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1204. 'Phone 2114 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

A COLLEGE GRADUATE, with 12 years' experience in teaching, desires to give instruction in New York in English composition, in literature and history, faulty English, and college preparation; inquiries invited. Z 90 Times, Times Square.

A WRITER with extensive technical knowledge, good in salesmanship, formerly manager of manufacturing company, desires position, preferably with publishing or magazine house; age 30. Box Z 63 Times, Times Square.

AN INTELLIGENT COLORED YOUNG MAN desires employment; references. H. Armstrong, 309 East 97th St.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant; books opened, audited; system installed; firms not employing bookkeeper; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 285, 280 Broadway; telephone 2471 Worth.

BOOKKEEPER, SHIPPER, GENERALLY useful, thoroughly experienced, references, desires position. M 165 Times, Times Square.

BOOKKEEPER.—By young man; thorough, capable, good penmanship; moderate salary; references. Johnson, 70 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Nine years' experience; own repairing; any car; references. C. Hale, Huntington, L. I.

COUPLE, German, want position in private family; good cook and butler; good references. Brandeis, care of Meinikof, 123 West 28th St.

CUTTER.—Practical tailor desires position as cutter or good assistant. Scheer, 208 West 148th St. Telephone 4068—Audubon.

GRADUATE MALE NURSE and masseuese open for engagements or traveling companion to invalid gentleman. Z 86 Times, Times Square.

HEBREW TEACHER.—Expert; especially successful with beginners; private lessons at moderate rates. Teacher, Z 83 Times, Times Square.

MASSEUR.—Young European open for engagements; gentlemen only; terms moderate. Waldher, 41 West 42d St.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—Young man wishes position as private secretary; references. Z 61 Times, Times Square.

SALESMAN, going South, open for popular line dresses, waists, silk suits, black waists, dresses, linen suits, skirts. N., 1,418 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper; by young man, excellent experience; references; moderate salary. Real Worker, 408 Times Downtown.

TECHNICAL MAN of sound ideas, develops factory methods, cuts costs; a salesman, desires position; age 30. Box Z 62 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, 17, wishes position where advancement is assured to a hard worker; has had one year's experience in office; can operate telephone switchboard; good penman; honest and reliable; can furnish best reference. Charles Patt, 8 Willett St., New York City.

YOUNG MAN, experienced, wants to represent manufacturer in the State of Maryland, on commission basis only; any manufacturer with a good staple line will please communicate with Box Z 12 Times, Times Square.

YOUNG MAN, white, desires position N. Y. office, factory, or apartment, switchboard; experienced, neat, honest; references. Power, 154 Jay St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in office work; can do little typewriting; good references; moderate salary. Ambition, 61 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Can cook or do anything about house; reference. Hunter Just, Larchmont, N. Y.

THE NEW YORK TIMES welcomes information concerning any advertiser whose advertisement is open to the charge of misrepresentation. Decoy advertisements are barred from The Times.

Situations Wanted—Employment Bureaus.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A.—RASMUSSEN BUREAU.

Now waiting, Scandinavian chambermaids, waitress, general houseworkers, useful men, married couple, cooks. 722 Lexington. (58.)

COMPANIONS, governesses, teachers, housekeepers, maids, secretaries. Mrs. Pillsbury, 507 5th Av. 6185 Murray Hill.

TRAINED AND PRACTICAL NURSES.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, laundresses, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses, useful men. Henderson's Agency, 110 West 134th. Tel., 486 Morningside.

Old Dominion Employment Bureau, 88 West 134th—Bond, $1,000; guarantees colored help. 1119 Harlem.

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with and without board; all locations; references; doctors' offices. Leland Board Directory, 4 West 33d St.

5TH AV., 46.—Large parlor suite; private bath; other rooms; table guests accommodated; telephone.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern

Boarders Wanted.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

64TH ST., 165 WEST.—Attractive, large, small room; clean; excellent German table; homelike; references.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Sunny third-story front room; private bath; hot water supply; telephone in room; single room adjoining; reference.

72D ST., 133 WEST.—Desirable, large second-floor front; also medium-sized room; board; references.

73D ST., 154 WEST.—Table guests; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suite; all modern improvements; meals optional. Z 108 Times, Times Square.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Newly furnished house, parlor; dining room; table boarders; references.

79TH ST., 149 WEST.—Hall room, attractively furnished; home cooking specialty; table guests; references essential.

79TH ST., 106 WEST.—Desirable second floor, also smaller room; excellent board. Telephone 7223—Schuyler.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Large front room, dressing room attached; table guests accommodated; telephone; references.

88D ST., 5 WEST.—Handsomely furnished suites; singly; private baths; appointments select; reasonable; references; telephone.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Delightful, warm rooms; excellent cooking; telephone; convenient "L," Subway; table guests.

5TH ST., 50 WEST.—Private small, large rooms; modern; comfort; cuisine Francaise; few accommodated; references.

105TH ST., 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good service; vacancies rare; references; reasonable; Southerners.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Desirable parties can be accommodated; all conveniences; board optional; references. Root.

123D ST., (2,053 7th Av.)—Airy, well-furnished, large rooms; steam; 'phone; substantial board; references.

149TH ST., 542 WEST, (near Broadway Subway, "The Audubon.")—First-class rooms; board; very reasonable first-class parties; parlor dining rooms; excellent meals; every comfort; telephone; booklet on request.

THE MARTIN,
217-225 W. 45th St.; large and small comfortable rooms; private baths; hot-water plant; good table; rates reasonable. 1866—Bryant.

THE MARTIN,
120 W. 82d St.; large and medium rooms; private baths; first-class home cooking; coffee a specialty; rates reasonable. 9470—Schuyler.

East Side.

1.—IRVING PLACE, 53, (GRAMERCY PARK DISTRICT, NICHOLAS FISH MANSION.)—ATTRACTIVE TO THOSE APPRECIATING QUIET, WELL-ORDERED HOUSE; BREAKFAST SERVED IN ROOMS; REFERENCES.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST.—The Naylor; large and small rooms; telephone; table board.

45TH ST., 17 EAST.—Couple for nice large room; private bath; good table; table board; private.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Large sunny room; elevator; also single room; excellent board.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable furnished rooms; suite two rooms; private baths; small rooms.

MADISON AV., 839, near 70th St.—Large and small rooms, with board in handsome private house; breakfast served in rooms; references.

Brooklyn.

147 GREENE AV.—TABLE GUESTS.

Newly furnished alcove room, large closets; running water; southern exposure; substantial table; also smaller room. Telephone 3158 W—Prospect.

Long Island.

DOUGLAS MANOR INN, DOUGLASTON, L. I.; easy commuting distance. For Winter rates, apply New York Office, 1,122 Broadway.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—One large and one small room for rent; excellent table; good location; near station. 14 Walnut Crescent.

Say you saw it in The Times.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

1.—DESIRABLE SUNNY ROOMS.

Hot and cold water, steam heat, electric lights; $4 to $6 weekly. 318 West 20th; telephone 3534—Chelsea.

7TH AV., 2,333.—Large, elegantly furnished front room; steam heat, running water; private family; two gentlemen; $2.50 each weekly. Nicholsburg.

12TH ST., 126 WEST.—Furnished room; running water; telephone.

18TH ST., 26 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; single and double; $2 up; heated; all conveniences. S. Addieg & Co.

20TH ST., 410 WEST, (Chelsea Square.)—Neat, well furnished rooms; refined; all conveniences; reasonable.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—One large room; all conveniences; Southern guests accommodated; references.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined; board optional; moderate; references.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Newly renovated, exceptionally cheerful rooms, large, small; private bath; homelike.

46TH ST., 43 WEST. Elegant, sunny front room; running water; all conveniences; everything new; also, large back parlor and single room; breakfast.

48TH ST., 138 WEST.—Elegant large rooms; private bath; warm, well kept, and homelike.

52D ST., 229 WEST.—Large furnished room; private house; every convenience; 'phone; $5-$6.

55TH ST., 331 WEST.—Pleasant front room; private family; telephone; bath; breakfast if desired.

61ST ST., 29 WEST.—Large room, running water; kept immaculate. Rice.

68TH, 38 WEST.—Rooms for gentlemen; absolutely clean; daintily furnished; private house; electric lights, telephone; private baths; every modern convenience; exceptional service; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

71ST ST., 68 WEST.—Furnished rooms to let for gentlemen only.

72D ST., 105 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, bath; convenient "L," Subway. Telephone 8380—Columbus.

79TH ST., 152 WEST.—Large room; southern exposure.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelor home; superior accommodations; quiet, sunny rear room, bath; refined surroundings; Park and Riverside; Subway, elevator; references.

80TH ST., 132 WEST.—Private house; medium-size room; southern aspect; outfitting entirely new; references.

82D ST., 148 WEST.—Desirable room; southern exposure; running water; dressing room; adjoining bath; telephone.

83D ST., 57 WEST.—Desirable; sunny; large, small; well heated; running water; private house; telephone.

83D ST., 56 WEST.—Delightful single room; sunny; near bath; private house; references.

86TH ST., 306 WEST.—Desirable rooms, suitable for one or two gentlemen; Subway; references.

88TH ST., 265 WEST.—Large, comfortably furnished room, running water; refined surroundings; private family; Subway.

91ST ST., 15 WEST.—Comfortable, neatly furnished rooms; modern elevator apartment; ample closets; $4.50. Brown.

94TH ST., 60 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive rooms; excellent cuisine; table guests; telephone; reasonable; references.

94TH ST., 187 WEST.—Large, light back parlor; suitable musician; also suite; private bath; telephone.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive, clean rooms; near Subway and elevated express; breakfast optional. Muir.

111TH ST., 119 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; all prices; Subway; telephone service. Miss Buckley.

114TH ST., 417 WEST.—Very light room; refined family; Columbia College Heights; Subway, elevated. Oliver.

115TH ST., 620 WEST.—A large, choice room, facing Riverside; elevator apartment; private family. Reno.

121ST ST., 164 WEST.—Furnished rooms to let; terms moderate; adjoining bath; choice location.

Furnished Rooms.

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

122D ST., 514 WEST.—High-class rooms; steam heat, electric light, elevator. Kenyon.

ABSOLUTELY select, noiseless, residential neighborhood; four magnificent, connecting, spacious rooms; separately, together. M 150 Times Downtown.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON APARTMENT, Broadway and 161st St.—Near Subway; nicely furnished rooms; electric light, telephone, elevator; board optional; reasonable. Apartment 35.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 695, (145th.)—Desirable front room; expresses accessible; adult family; $5. Apartment (elevator) 56.

East Side.

1.—NEWLY decorated rooms, furnished, unfurnished; ideal location; board optional. 32 East 76th St.

21ST ST., 139 EAST.—Furnished rooms without board; running water, steam heat; overlooking park.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bedroom, sitting room, showers, etc.; $35 per month.

43D ST., 6 EAST.—Two rooms and bath; night, day telephone service; breakfast if desired.

62D ST., 100 EAST, (Corner Park Av.)—Comfortable back parlor; steam heat; telephone.

68TH ST., 226 EAST.—Single room, front, nicely furnished; bath; private house.

Brooklyn.

170 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS.

Handsome private house, with accommodations for a few guests; very desirable suite of two large rooms, overlooking harbor; available March 1st; house, table, and appointments substantial and attractive; references. Telephone 2597-J Main.

1.—HEIGHTS, 3 MONTAGUE TERRACE.

Rooms for gentlemen, overlooking water; with and without private baths; convenient Wall St. Subway, bridge.

Business Opportunities.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Wanted—Third partner with some business experience in shade and lamp manufacture, with some capital to increase the business. American Lamp and Shade Co., 523 West 45th St.

Capital required to acquaint the public with a meritorious electrical invention now on market; immense profits; principals investigate. Call and see invention or write Soles, 118 East 28th St.

Bills discounted; merchants and manufacturers financed; companies organized; legal papers executed. Mercantile Advancer, 320 5th Av., Room 213.

For Sale—Roneo letter copying machine in first-class condition; copies letters without the use of water or carbon. Address Y 36 Times, Times Square.

General Manager. — Company building runabout automobiles require man of greatest integrity; $5,000 required during connection with us. Z 114 Times, Times Square.

Grocery, new stock, well paying; good neighborhood; cash business; bargain. C., 3,853 3d Av.

Manufacturer wanted to handle household specialty on royalty. Times, Box 7, Ampere, N. J.

Butcher shop for sale on account of sickness. 337 West 37th St.

$100 will be paid by The New York Times for the arrest and conviction of any person who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The Times.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—SAMUEL A. McGUIRE, plaintiff, against EMILY M. KALLOCH and others, defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 6th day of December, 1909, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of March, 1910, at twelve o'clock noon on that day, by Samuel Goldsticker, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the City and County of New York, bounded and described as follows:

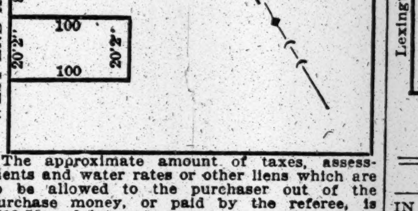
Beginning at a point on the easterly side of West End Avenue, distant eighty (80) feet nine (9) inches southerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of West End Avenue with the southerly side of 105th Street; running thence easterly, parallel with 105th Street or nearly so and a part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet; thence southerly, and parallel with West End Avenue or nearly so, twenty (20) feet and two (2) inches; thence westerly, and again parallel with 105th Street or nearly so, and a part of the distance through a party wall, one hundred (100) feet to the easterly side of West End Avenue, aforesaid; thence northerly, along the easterly side of West End Avenue, twenty (20) feet and two (2) inches to the point of beginning.

Dated New York, January 27th, 1910.

ADAM WIENER, Referee.

FLANNAGAN & ERSKINE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
52 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 910 West End Avenue:



The approximate amount of taxes, assessments and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $419.51 and interest.

The said premises will be sold subject to a mortgage, now a lien thereon, in favor of the New York Savings Bank, upon which there is due and unpaid the principal sum of $20,000.00, with interest at the rate of 4½% per annum from the first day of December, 1909.

Dated New York, January 27th, 1910.

ADAM WIENER, Referee.

FLANNAGAN & ERSKINE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
52 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—CAROLINE B. SELLEW, plaintiff, against ELIZABETH BENDFELDT and others, defendants.

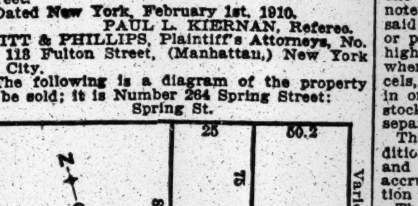
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 27th day of January, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the twenty-third day of February, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: All that certain lot of land, with the improvements thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Spring Street distant fifty feet and two inches westerly from the southwesterly corner of Spring and Varick Streets; running thence southerly parallel with Varick Street, seventy-five feet; thence westerly parallel with Spring Street, eight feet and one inch; thence southerly thirteen feet four and one-half inches to a point distant fifty-seven feet and four inches more or less westerly from the westerly side of Varick Street; thence westerly parallel with Spring Street seventeen feet and ten inches more or less to a point distant seventy-five feet and two inches westerly from the westerly side of Varick Street; thence northerly parallel with Varick Street, eighty-eight feet and four inches to the southerly side of Spring Street, and thence easterly along the southerly side of Spring Street, twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning; being known as the Street Number Two Hundred and Sixty-four Spring Street.

Dated New York, February 1st, 1910.

PAUL L. KIERNAN, Referee.

STITT & PHILLIPS, Plaintiff's Attorneys, No. 118 Fulton Street, (Manhattan,) New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; it is Number 264 Spring Street:



The amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is thirty-five thousand dollars, with interest thereon from the 18th day of May, 1909, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred and thirteen 42-100 dollars, with interest from January 27th, 1910, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is seven hundred and fifty dollars and interest.

Dated New York, February 1st, 1910.

PAUL L. KIERNAN, Referee.

WINTER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

WINTER RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY at

Atlantic City

THE FORMAL OPENING OF THE FAMOUS EASTER SEASON

This popular period is being ushered in by a record-breaking crowd of visitors, and delightful Spring weather without a vista of snow or slush. The outdoor sports and pastimes, indoor diversions, social features and amusement centres are very attractive and the invigorating salt sea air and warm sunshine most healthful.

THE LEADING HOUSES

Write or phone any of the following for information, rates, etc.:

The Pennhurst Wm. R. Hood
Seaside House F. P. Cook's Sons
Hotel St. Charles Newlin Haines
Hotel Traymore Traymore Hotel Co.
Chalfonte The Leeds Company
Hotel Dennis Walter J. Buzby
Galen Hall F. L. Young, Mgr.
Haddon Hall Leeds & Lippincott
Marlborough-Blenheim Josiah White & Sons Company

The rail service to Atlantic City is very convenient from all points of the country. Time tables and full information from local ticket agents.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

The Leading Resort House of the World

PARTICULARLY ATTRACTIVE DURING

Atlantic's Great Winter and Spring Season

(Extending from DECEMBER to JUNE)

The Coast line faces South and is warmed by the Gulf Stream air and by the rays of the Southern Sun, both direct and reflected from the Ocean. The House holds 1100 Guests and has 400 private baths, each with sea and fresh water. White service in both American plan and a la Carte dining rooms. Exquisite music, Golf, Rolling Chairs, Theatres, Splendid Motoring Roads. Ownership Management. JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

Before you start on your European tour secure booklets of Berlin's leading hotel. Write Town and Country, 389 5th Av., N. Y., for Bristol booklet.

EUROPEAN RESORTS.

Booklets on Brussels and its great 1910 exhibition free from Town and Country, 389 5th Av., New York City.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—MARY E. McCOUN and JOSEPH M. SMITH, Plaintiffs, against ABBIE W. SMITH and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 4th day of February, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Sales Rooms, 14-16 Vesey Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, County of New York, on the 2d day of March, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Bryan L. Kennelly, auctioneer, the premises described by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

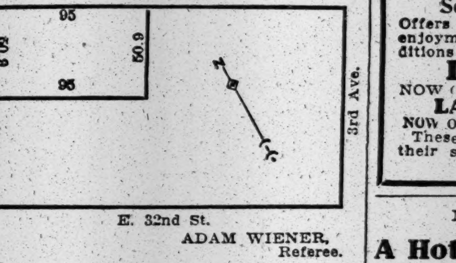
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Thirty-third Street; running thence south along the east side of Lexington Avenue fifty (50) feet nine (9) inches; thence east parallel with Thirty-third Street ninety-five (95) feet; thence north parallel with Lexington Avenue fifty (50) feet nine (9) inches to the south side of Thirty-third Street, and thence west along the same ninety-five (95) feet to the point of beginning, being known as Nos. 215 and 217 Lexington Avenue.

Dated New York, N. Y., February 5th, 1910.

ADAM WIENER, Referee.

BEARD & PARET,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs,
45 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold:



ADAM WIENER, Referee.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Maryland.—THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee, successor to Bowling Green Trust Company, Trustee, Complainant, against WESTERN MARYLAND RAILROAD COMPANY, Defendant.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the decree entered in the above-entitled cause on October 9, 1909, the undersigned, as Receiver appointed in said cause, will offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Maryland, in the Post Office Building, Baltimore, Maryland, on Tuesday, the 8th day of March, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, the following described shares of stock securing certificates of indebtedness of the Receiver, which shares, by the terms of said decree, the undersigned is required to sell upon the request of the purchaser or purchasers at the sale had under said decree, or his or their successors or assigns:

First Lot:

All shares of stock securing George's Creek and Cumberland Certificates, dated April 1, 1909, to wit:

1. 19,993 shares of the capital stock of the George's Creek and Cumberland Railroad Company, of the par value of $50 each.

Second Lot:

All shares of stock securing the Receiver's note, dated April 1, 1909, to wit:

1. 455 shares of the capital stock of the Uniontown and Wheeling Short Line, of the par value of $50 each.
2. 1,000 shares of the capital stock of the Buxton and Landstreet Company, of the par value of $100 each.
3. 2,000 shares of the capital stock of the Davis Coal and Coke Company, of the par value of $100 each.

The above-mentioned shares of stock will be offered for sale in the following manner:

The shares of stock constituting the first lot will be offered for sale in one lot or parcel.

The shares of stock constituting the second lot will be first offered for sale in three separate lots or parcels, and the highest bid for each lot or parcel so offered will be noted; thereupon all of the shares of stock constituting said second lot will be offered in one lot or parcel, and the highest bid therefor noted. In the event the highest bid made for said shares of stock when offered in one lot or parcel exceeds the aggregate amount of the highest bids made for said shares of stock when offered separately in three lots or parcels, the same will be sold as an entirety and in one lot or parcel. Otherwise said shares of stock will be sold to the highest bidder for each separate lot or parcel.

The sale will be made upon the express condition that the same shall only become absolute and rights in the purchaser thereat shall only accrue in the event of the subsequent confirmation and approval of said sale by the Court.

The Receiver shall receive no bid from any one offering to bid at said sale unless such person so offering to bid shall have deposited with the Receiver, at his office, prior to the date of said sale, or at the time and place of said sale, as a pledge that he will make good his bid in case of its acceptance, the sum of twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars in cash, or a certified check or checks to the order of and satisfactory to the Receiver.

The balance of any successful bid will be due and payable to the Receiver within ten days after the confirmation of the sale by the Court.

If any sale shall not be confirmed by the Court, all sums of money paid by a successful bidder shall be returned to him, and the deposit of any unsuccessful bidder shall be returned to him when a bid has been accepted.

Dated February 21, 1910.

BENJAMIN F. BUSH,
As Receiver of Western Maryland Railroad Company.

HOTEL TRAYMORE

Atlantic City, N. J.

Open Throughout the Year

Famous as the hotel with every modern convenience and all the comforts of home.

TRAYMORE HOTEL CO., D. S. WHITE, Pres.
CHAS. O. MARQUETTE, Mgr.

Most Modern and Leading Moderate Rate Hotel.

ALBEMARLE Virginia Ave., near Beach.

New throughout; 100 sunny front rooms; private baths; steam heat; elevators; sun parlors; superior accommodations at special rate, $9 to $17.50 wkly., $2.00 up daily, including excellent table; own farms and dairy. White service. Music. Booklet. Sat. to Mon., $3.50. J. P. COPE.

ISLESWORTH

ON THE BEACH, VIRGINIA AV.

300 rooms, with fresh and sea water in all baths. Special American plan, $2.50 up daily. European plan, $1.50 up daily. Special weekly terms.

FRANK M. PHOEBUS, Manager. WM. HYMAN, Prop.

THE WESTMONT Hotel & Sanitarium.

Most up-to-date and modern appliances for all kinds of curative and tonic baths. Unexcelled table; refined surroundings. Booklet on request. W. H. Moore, Manager.

HOTEL IROQUOIS

So. Carolina Av. and the beach. Cap. 400. Complete in every detail. Private baths, elevator, sun parlor, etc. Special—$12 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Booklet. W. F. SHAW.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAKEWOOD

Among the Pines of New Jersey

Season October to June.

Offers exceptional attractions for the enjoyment of outdoor life. Ideal conditions for motoring.

LAUREL HOUSE

NOW OPEN. A. J. MURPHY, Manager.

LAUREL IN THE PINES

NOW OPEN. FRANK F. SHUTE, Mgr.

These hotels are favorably known for their standard of excellence.

Reached via New Jersey Central.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.

A Hotel Home For a Day or Year

THE MONTCLAIR

MONTCLAIR, N. J.

Apply Am. Hotel Bureau, 1122 B'way, N.Y.

NEW JERSEY—East Orange.

Enjoy Ideal Suburban Life at the New

Hotel Clinton

Located in the prettiest section of

East Orange, N. J.

FLORIDA.

ONLY SUNSHINE AND CONTENTMENT on the East Coast of Florida.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN UNDER AND in pursuance of the provisions of Article 4 of Chapter 10 of the Consolidated Laws of the State of New York, known as the "Banking Law," of an intention of the undersigned to organize a Savings Bank pursuant to the provisions of said act, and the amendments thereof, and to apply to the Superintendent of Banks for his approval thereof. The proposed title of said bank is the "Commonwealth Savings Bank" of New York City, to be located at 2,007 Amsterdam Avenue, between 159th Street and 160th Street, in the 12th Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, County of New York, City and State of New York.

Hermann Ahrens, Herman W. Beyer, John H. Boschen, Moses W. Cortright, John R. Davies, Valentine J. Hahn, Jacob Hassinger, William T. Horton, George H. Hyde, Bernard Loth, John A. Murray, William F. Schneider, Richard H. Smith, George H. Smith, Jr., L. K. Ungrich, B. J. S. Wilke.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COOPER-GANS AIR-GRADING SYSTEM COMPANY, a domestic corporation, having its principal office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a Special Term, Part I., thereof, to be held in the County Court House, in the City and County of New York, on the 24th day of March, 1910, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to "Cooper-Gans Machine Company."

Dated New York, February 11th, 1910.

COOPER-GANS AIR-GRADING SYSTEM COMPANY,
By CHARLES L. BERNHEIM, President.
FELDBLUM, REIZENSTEIN & LEVISON,
Attorneys for Petitioner, 44 Court Street, Brooklyn, New York City.

INTER STATE TUBE COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Inter State Tube Company, a domestic corporation, having its principal office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York at a Special Term, Part I., to be held in the County Court House of the City and County of New York on the 8th day of March, 1910, at 11:00 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporation name to Inter State Pneumatic Tube Company.

Dated Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, January 29, 1910.

INTER STATE TUBE COMPANY.
By P. H. McNULTY, President.

OLD TENEMENTS COST 45 LIVES EACH YEAR

These Burned to Death, and None Are in "New Law" Houses, Commissioner Murphy Says.

PLEADS FOR GREATER POWER

Many Fire Escapes Within the Law Are Mere Excuses, He Tells Audience at a Church Meeting.

Forty-five persons are burned to death annually in old-style tenements in New York City, so John J. Murphy, Tenement House Commissioner, declared yesterday in a talk before the Civic Forum of the Church of the Messiah, Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street. Commissioner Murphy thinks the perpendicular fire escape should be prohibited. There has not been a death by fire in a new-style tenement since the enactment of the tenement house law, Commissioner Murphy says.

"This does not mean," he continued, "that none of them have burned, but the fire-proof stairways and halls have always resisted fire long enough to allow the tenants to escape. What a contrast with the old-law houses in which in spite of our best efforts every year an average of forty-five persons are burned to death. I lay emphasis on this fact, because while diseases due to unsanitary conditions take a toll of lives many hundred per cent. greater, there is something so hedious about tenement-house fires that they shock our common humanity, and I lay the greatest stress upon providing adequate means of escape in such emergencies.

"The law should give us greater power over fire escapes in what are known as old-law tenements. Many fire escapes now existing are only a poor excuse for modern appliances, and they are worst in the house which need them most, where flimsy, rickety wooden stairways offer the least resistance to the flames. But they comply with the law, and we cannot order reconstruction. The perpendicular fire escape must go sooner or later. It should be sooner. I am hopeful that we may receive the necessary power.

"Evil housing conditions for the poor exist in every centre of population, both home and foreign, but nowhere in such intensity as in New York. Squalor and filth characterize the slums everywhere, but nowhere is overcrowding and congestion so great as here. Ten per cent. of our tenements are of the discredited dumbbell style, which allow neither light nor air to purify the air the tenants must breathe; more than 100,000 dark rooms still exist absolutely windowless. One-quarter of our population almost has no bathrooms or private toilets in their homes. In spite of the continuous warfare waged against them by the department, nearly 2,000 school sinks still remain, a standing threat of infection to densely settled communities.

"The cost of the congested and unsanitary tenements to the city in dollars can never be accurately computed. Their power as an agency in lowering the moral tone of the community is incalculable. Not because of any inherent fault of their inhabitants, but because such environments necessarily produce lowered vitality, which in its turn reacts upon moral fibre and character and makes temptation to vice or crime irresistible. And so our hospitals, penitentiaries, almshouses, and other agencies of so-called social protection have to be multiplied, and the toll which they take of our taxpayers is a constantly growing burden. Is it not better, even from a sordid viewpoint, to sustain an agency like the Tenement House Department, whereby this fearful grist of the social mill may be prevented than for the community to be obliged by penal and charitable machinery to take care of the after effects of eradicable causes?

"The press of the city has shown an admirable spirit of co-operation by aiding in the prevention of bad legislation. I hope to call upon it for more positive work, and I am sure my appeal will be heeded. By holding up to public praise right standards of living, it can accomplish more than any measure of repression. Men are more easily stimulated by hope than withheld from evil by fear. In this as in so many other lines of human activity publicity may be made the great agency of regeneration. I look to the co-operation of the press for the greatest results which I hope to achieve during my administration. We have to guard at every session of the Legislature against attempts to emasculate the law, while lending such aid as we can to get reasonable modifications, which the Commissioner is powerless to grant as matters now stand."

MABIE AIDS MISS CONNOLLY.

Praises Summit's School Superintendent the Board Seeks to Oust.

Special to The New York Times.

SUMMIT, N. J., Feb. 20.—The Board of Education will decide to-morrow whether or not Miss Louise Connolly shall be retained as Superintendent of Schools. It is predicted that the meeting in Public School 1 will be one of the stormiest ever held here, for friends of Miss Connolly say they will be on hand to protest against the avowed intention of the board to oust her and put a man in her place.

Six members of the board have acknowledged their intention of voting to oust Miss Connolly. The other three want her to remain. They are Elmer Underwood, Lemuel Skidmore, and Robert M Gow. Those who oppose Miss Connolly are President George Hill, John J. Lane, Morris A. Tyng, M. A. Sherwood, Horace Dean, and Dr. R. D. Baker.

The anti-Connolly faction says that she has managed school affairs along extravagant lines, besides devoting too much time to society and club life. In her own defense she will read a report to-morrow night.

Hamilton W. Mabie, one of her chief supporters, says that if there has been extravagance in school affairs, the Board of Education, and not Miss Connolly, is responsible.

"I believe that Miss Connolly is an educational leader of large experience, of progressive ideas, and of practical methods," said Dr. Mabie. "That is the testimony of the people who know her history, and they alone are qualified to pass upon her educational qualifications."

KILLED SAVING VALUABLES.

Janitress Who Returned to Burning Flat Overcome by Smoke.

As she returned to her burning rooms in the basement of a five-story tenement at 117 West 114th Street, in an effort to save her jewelry, early yesterday morning, Mrs. Zalbera Wolf, wife of the janitor of the place, was overcome by smoke and was burned to death.

She had fled to the street at the start of the fire, but ventured back in the hope that she could reach her valuables before the flames got to them. She was not missed at first and it was not known that she had been killed until a fireman who was looking through the flat some time afterward stumbled over her body. The fire was confined to the basement, causing a loss of $1,000.

FOR A NEW REFORMATORY.

Legislature to be Asked to Provide One for Young Misdemeanants.

A bill providing for a State reformatory for misdemeanants between the ages of 16 and 21 will be introduced in the Legislature within the next few days.

The bill is the outcome of the forthcoming report of the Prison Association of New York, which will show that in the year ended Sept. 30 last 7,858 boys between 16 and 21 years of age were committed to penitentiaries, the New York City Workhouse, and the various county jails of the State. Of this number 7,000 were misdemeanants.

"TYPHOID MARY" FREED.

Lederle Thinks She's Learned to Keep Her Germs to Herself.

"Typhoid Mary," the cook who has been detained for three years in quarantine on North Brother Island by order of the Board of Health, has been released. Although she has never had typhoid fever herself, she is infected with typhoid germs and typhoid has developed frequently in houses in which she was employed.

Commissioner Lederle said yesterday:

"She has been released because she has been shut up long enough to learn the precautions that she ought to take. As long as she observes them I have little fear that she will be a danger to her neighbors. The chief points that she must observe are personal cleanliness and the keeping away from the preparation of other persons' food.

"I have taken a personal interest in her case and I am doing what I can for her. It seems to me that the people of this city ought to do something for her. She is a good cook and until her detention had always made a comfortable living. Now she is debarred from it, and I really do not know what she can do. I know where she is, but must decline to give any information on this point. She has promised to report to me regularly and not to take another position as a cook. I am going to do all I can to help her."

Dr. Lederle admitted that there might be other persons quite as dangerous to their neighbors as "Typhoid Mary" from their peculiar harboring of germs. This, he said, was one reason why he did not think that she should be any longer singled out for confinement. During the three years she was quarantined in North Brother Island she made several attempts to secure her liberty through habeas corpus proceedings. Last June her lawyer informed the court that she was shunned by all the other residents on the island and arrangements were made for the amelioration of the conditions under which she lived. She has not at any time been ill while she has been shut up and is described as a robust woman of about 40.

ANXIOUS FOR THE HALF MOON.

Dutch Patriots Hear the Model of Hudson's Craft is Neglected.

Reports reached here yesterday from Holland that the Dutch patriots who presented the model of Henry Hudson's vessel, the Half Moon, to New York for use in the recent Hudson-Fulton Celebration, have heard that the Half Moon is not being as tenderly cared for as a ship with a name so historic deserves.

At the navy yard, where "Billy" Blake, a veteran of the Marine Corps, is in charge of the Half Moon, it was said that no request had been made to anybody there concerning the future custody of the Half Moon.

The Half Moon has been at the navy yard several months, and is almost hidden from view by a small fleet of more imposing craft. Near by is the receiving ship Hancock, the repair barge Alpha, the battleship Massachusetts, and several of the dismantled cruisers that were in the White Squadron of twenty years ago.

It is said that everything that was in the Half Moon when she was towed into the yard is on board still, including the clothes and sword left by the young officer who impersonated Henry Hudson at the recent celebration, and some hardtack.

When the Half Moon first reached the yard a detail of bluejackets from the Hancock was assigned to look after her, but as time wore on Lieut. Pope Washington, who was in command, suggested that a watchman could do the work just as well, and Blake got the job of looking after the craft in the daytime, while a watchman on Water Boat 20, alongside, keeps his eye on her at night.

It is said that the naval authorities are not agreed that the navy yard is the proper place to keep the Half Moon. It has been suggested that she be anchored in the lake in Prospect Park, Brooklyn, and that the Clermont, the model of Fulton's first steamboat, be put in the lake in Central Park, Manhattan.

NEW LIBRARY READY MAY 1.

Last Contract Let Twelve Years After the First Award.

The long-delayed new Public Library, at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street, will be finished, except for the approaches and the furniture, by May 1. This will be just twelve and a half years since the commission for its erection was awarded to Carrere & Hastings, the architects, in November, 1897. The last contract, which includes the furniture, was awarded on Friday by the Board of Estimate ten months after the architects had submitted specifications for it.

The delay in completing the building is said to have been caused partly by the red tape which incumbers the execution of a public work in which several departments of the city are concerned, and also by the numerous lawsuits which have arisen out of the awarding of the contracts.

HARVARD LAWYERS ORGANIZE.

Alumni of the School Plan to Form an Association.

Responses have been received by Secretary Percival Wilds from 250 of the 800 Harvard Law School graduates in New York to become members of the Harvard Law School Association of New York, which is to be organized March 11 at a dinner in Harvard Hall.

Judge John Clinton Gray of the Court of Appeals and Prof. Samuel Williston, Acting Dean of the Harvard Law School, will be among the speakers. Members of the Organization Committee are Joseph H. Choate, William G. Choate, Austen G. Fox, Frederick B. Jennings, Camillus G. Kidder, James Byrne, Carl A. De Gersdorff, Arthur C. Rounds, Henry L. Stimson, Judge Learned Hand, and Percival Wilds.

George Republic Needs More Room.

The success of the George Junior Republic at Freeville, N. Y., since its beginning in 1895 has been so great that its office is flooded with applications which cannot be accepted owing to lack of accommodations and funds. The republic is a training field for life, where by actual experience the boy or girl learns citizenship. Had the republic more cottages in which to accommodate them, with its present industrial equipment, it could materially increase the number of resident "citizens," and it appeals to those interested in its work for funds to meet this need. The cost of a cottage and furnishings for twelve citizens is about $6,000. Contributions should be sent to A. G. Agnew, Treasurer, 22 William Street.

Queens Renters Want Better Traffic.

Several hundred of the newly organized Rent Payers' Association of Long Island City met in Frenz's Park, Jackson and Skillman Avenues, yesterday and laid plans for a mass meeting on Friday night to call for better transportation facilities between Manhattan and Queens by way of the new Queensboro Bridge. The rent payers want the surface and elevated systems of Manhattan extended across the bridge.

LOW WOULD STOP STATE CORPORATIONS

The Ex-Mayor Thinks All Large Concerns Should Be Under Federal Control.

SAYS COMMERCE NEEDS IT

Revolution of Inter-State Industries Makes Broad Control Imperative for Public Protection.

Ex-Mayor Seth Low issued a statement yesterday in which he urged that corporations doing an inter-State business be incorporated by the Federal and not the State Governments. The critic, Mr. Low says, may denounce the plan as unconstitutional, but in doing so he does nothing to relieve the situation. If necessary, he adds, the Constitution must be amended. The study of the National incorporation plan, Mr. Low says, has brought the Taft Administration to the same conclusion.

"The intolerable situation to which I refer," says Mr. Low, "is this: That in the United States there is now no government at all which controls both the company that does inter-State business and at the same time the inter-State business that it does. The State controls the corporation, because the State creates it; and Congress, under the authority of the National Constitution, controls the inter-State business that the corporation does.

"The situation at the moment is that neither the Nation nor the State does exercise at present such comprehensive authority both over corporations doing inter-State business and over the inter-State business that they do.

"Evidently this is a condition of governmental feebleness that exists as to nothing else. How has it come about? By the growth of artificial persons called corporations, created by the States, since the Constitution was formed; and by the changes in business which have thrown manufacture and inter-State commerce altogether, on a vast scale, into the hands of these new State-formed corporations.

"If manufacture and inter-State commerce were now carried on only on a scale such as can be conducted by a partnership and with the private resources of one or two persons, very likely little trouble would have arisen; but the State-made corporation has changed all that, and in changing it has created conditions that were not contemplated when the inter-State commerce clause of the Constitution was drafted."

Mr. Low then points out that nearly all the nations in the world, except our own, place the subject of commerce under the control of the National Governments. The reason of this, he suggests, is the fact that the American system was created before the railroad and the telegraph had made it clear that commerce is inevitably a thing national in character.

Speaking of the suggestion that has been made that the only adequate relief for the present situation is to repeal the Sherman Anti-Trust act, Mr. Low does not believe that would furnish the remedy, and besides, he points out that the suggestion assumes that the country can permanently develop its inter-State business without having any Government that controls both the corporation doing inter-State business and the inter-State business that is done.

"I think," Mr. Low says, "that the reason why public sentiment placed such a drastic law upon the statute book as the Sherman Anti-Trust act is to be found in the very fact that the National Government, as things stand, is helpless in its relation to corporations doing inter-State business.

"Prior to 1890 the people saw trusts and combinations and pools springing into existence on every hand, and they feared the result; and because Congress was helpless to forbid such acts on the part of corporations formed by the States, the people demanded that Congress should do what Congress could, that is, strike out at the inter-State business to be done, in the effort to avoid the effects of abuses that could have been much more easily avoided by preventing the abuses at their source."

THREE LAYERS OF JOLLITY.

Heavily Burdened Patrol Wagon Fills the Hoboken Lock-Up.

When a Lackawanna train rolled into the Hoboken terminal yesterday at noon the guards called assistance and helped off three stout men who had boarded the train at Newark. The three, when helped off, fell down on the platform and lay there. They did not seem able to get up, and the one policeman around couldn't handle one of them, let alone three.

Peter Dillon, froms Carlstad, N. J., weighed 210; James Maloney, from New Britain, Conn., weighed 212, and James Quinlan, who represented Hoboken itself, weighed 219.

Central Office Detective Beatty, who happened to be in the station, telephoned for help. They sent him two policemen. He telephoned back the size of the men, and half a platoon was rushed to his aid, along with a patrol wagon.

The policemen found that they couldn't lay all three prisoners on the floor of the patrol wagon; it wasn't wide enough. So they piled in one prisoner, made the next one a second layer, and James Maloney an unresisting third layer inside the wagon.

With the three layers the wagon went carefully to the station house, where its load of jollity was locked up, charged with intoxication.

JAPANESE IMITATORS.

Best in the World, and Are Supplying Their Products Cheap.

Herbert Stanley, a London merchant who arrived here yesterday on his way overland to the Far East, said that the Japanese were the greatest imitators in the world. All kinds of trademarks, capsules, and labels could be obtained in Osaka. "In London at present," Mr. Stanley went on to say, "there is an importer who sells imitation Leicestershire laces, leather, and woolen goods made in Japan at 10 per cent. below their cost in England. He could sell them at 40 per cent. below and then make a good profit. His orders to Japan amount to thousands of pounds annually."

Sons of the Revolution Celebrate.

Commemorative of the birth of George Washington a prayer and thanksgiving service was held yesterday afternoon by the Sons of the Revolution of New York State at the Collegiate Church of St Nicholas, Fifth Avenue and Forty-eighth Street. A guard of honor from the Veteran Corps of the State Artillery, commanded by Adjt. Charles Elliott Warren, attended. The Rev. Frank Landon Humphreys, Assistant Chaplain of the Sons of the Revolution, conducted the services.

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The luxury of comfort afforded by the perfect style and fit of Sulka shirts lends added attraction to the well-known distinction in designs so greatly appreciated by their wearers.

LUPO GANG OFF TO PRISON.

Six Deputy Marshals En Route to Atlanta with the Counterfeiters.

Marshal William Henkel decided to take no chances after the conviction of the eight Italian counterfeiters in the Federal Court on Saturday, and early yesterday morning he was at the Tombs making arrangements to transport the men to Atlanta, Ga., where they are to serve sentences aggregating about 150 years. The Marshal had twenty-six Deputies on hand as a precautionary measure, and these were further supported by half a dozen policemen from nearby precincts. In addition to that the Police Department had supplied two patrol wagons to transport the prisoners from the Tombs to the Jersey City Station of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The arrangements for quickly transporting the prisoners had been made so secretly that not half a dozen persons knew that Ignazio Lupo and his seven companions were to be taken to the Federal Prison yesterday. In fact, friends of the prisoners were bringing food to them up to a late hour in the afternoon, thinking that the removal was not to take place until a later day.

About 11 o'clock the Marshal and his men had all arrangements completed and when the police patrol wagons arrived they were admitted to the prison yard through the big gates in Lafayette Street. The last time it was brought into use was when Charles W. Morse left the Tombs to start for Atlanta to serve his sentence of fifteen years. In a few minutes the prisoners were bundled into the patrol wagons, handcuffed in pairs, and on the way to Jersey City.

They were in charge of six Deputy Marshals en route to Atlanta, where they are due to arrive at 6 P. M. to-day.

SUFFOLK FOLK BLAME GAYNOR

Think the Mayor Was Wrong in Bolting Away from Their Dinner.

There was a general disposition yesterday to regard as closed the incident at the Suffolk County Association dinner on Saturday night at the Hotel Astor, when Mayor Gaynor, an invited guest, departed because he was was kept waiting in the hall while a Brooklyn minister finished his address. The Mayor went out to St. James, L. I., to remain there till Tuesday, leaving word that he had nothing whatever to say about the dinner incident.

Charles D. Baker, President of the Suffolk County Association, said that its members were all greatly disappointed at the Mayor's action, "but not at all resentful," though they considered themselves in the right and the Mayor to blame. It had been talked over and decided that should he arrive when a speech was being made he should be asked to remain until the speaker finished, because, as all the speeches were to be limited to ten minutes, he would not have long to wait.

"We were all very much disappointed, but we realize that it was his way of doing it, and we have no ill-will against him," said Mr. Baker. "We in Suffolk County know the Mayor better than others do, so we are not worrying about it. We understand his little idiosyncrasies better than most people.

"After the dinner we found out just what had happened. The Mayor waited at the door just three minutes. If he had waited a minute longer everything would have been all right. Probably the person who was more annoyed than any one else was Mr. Smith, the Mayor's neighbor. Mr. Smith was specially deputized to wait on the Mayor and see that everything went along smoothly. He got up out of a sick bed to be present, as he was anxious to see the Mayor well taken care of. Naturally he feels badly cut up over what happened."

Washington Memorial Hall Assured.

Closing a preliminary campaign of four months to procure funds for the proposed $2,500,000 George Washington Memorial Hall at Washington, D. C., Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, President of the George Washington Memorial Association, announced yesterday that contributions sufficient to assure the project had already been pledged. The names of the donors will be announced as a part of the celebration of Washington's Birthday. Besides the contributions received from the people in every State in the Union by Mrs. Dimock, a thousand-dollar endless chain, in which each donor of this amount procures two others, has begun to swell the fund.

Lost Articles Found.

The best way to bring about the recovery of lost articles is to telephone 1000 Bryant and advertise the loss in The New York Times. The Times is generally recognized as New York's lost and found medium. The Lost and Found Registry Bureau is at your service free of charge.—Adv.

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Six pairs boxed, guaranteed for six months, at the following prices:

Men's lisle like hose, $1.50.
Women's lisle like hose, $2.00.
Men's and Women's Silk lisle hose, $3.00.

PLAZA 59th St. Mad. Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Evs. 25c, 50c, 75c. Adelaide Keim, Henry Lee, Joe Welch, Rice & Cohen, Others.
AMERICAN W. 42d St. Daily Mat. 25c HARRY LAUDER Bransby Williams, Alex. Carr & Co., others. NEXT WEEK A PRINCESS OF ISRAEL
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Miss GERTRUDE HOFFMANN; "The Bandit," Great Lester, oth.
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Mrs. Patrick Campbell, Claire Romaine, Homer Lind & Co., 5 Olympiers, &c.
BRONX 149th St. 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Mrs. EVA FAY; "At the Country Club," Stuart Barnes, 4 Huntings, others.
COLUMBIA. B'way & 47th BURLESQUE. Daily Mats. 15c. to 50c. Evs. 25c. to $1 Smoking Permitted.

SIX DAY SALE

All our last Spring and Summer materials, combining the light weight stock of G. H. Hoyt & Co., 36 West 34th St., at a uniform price. Suits to measure $20.00. They were $50 and $60 values last season. Sale on second floor.
Store closed Washington's Birthday.

ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

Next Sunday's Times

We think yesterday's Pictorial Supplement is the best possible advertisement for next Sunday's. Those who were forehanded enough to order The Sunday Times in advance, and so had the pleasure of seeing the Pictorial Section, will agree with us. Next Sunday's Pictorial Section will be equally good, if not better.

One of its leading features will be a page showing scenes from the production by the Junior League, at the Waldorf-Astoria, of "Captain Jinks," and another picturing the pantomimes given at The New Theatre last Friday by people well known in society for the benefit of the Music School Settlement. There will be a series of photographs of women well known in society.

Eleanor Robson, whose engagement to August Belmont was recently announced, will be the subject of another series of photographs, showing her in most of her well-known roles.

All lovers of art will enjoy the full-page reproduction of Dorothy Stanley's "His First Offense," from the Tate Art Gallery, London. It is a child study, pathetic in its wistful appeal and impressive in the suggestion it makes.

Another painting, Josef Israels's "Anxious Moments," will be reproduced in the Pictorial Section.

These are only a few of the treats which the Pictorial Section of next Sunday's Times has in store for those who enjoy good pictures. The Magazine Section will contain an ample and varied list of articles of true magazine calibre.

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EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Tues. & Sat. at 2:15.
MATINEES TO-MORROW & SAT.
"Triumph of Her Career."—World.
ETHEL BARRYMORE
in Sir A. W. Pinero's MID-CHANNEL
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Tues., Thurs. & Sat.
MATS. TO-MORROW, THURS. & SAT.
"Full of Bright Lines."—Herald.
BILLIE BURKE in W. S. Maugham's MRS. DOT
SAVOY 34th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues., Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
MATS. TO-MORROW, THURS. & SAT.
TO-NIGHT at 8:30
HENRY B. HARRIS presents
CHILDREN OF DESTINY
A new play by SYDNEY ROSENFELD. Cast of Distinguished Merit.
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tues., Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
MATINEES TO-MORROW, WED. & SAT.
"The funniest person on the stage to-day."—Alan Dale.
WM. COLLIER in his greatest success A LUCKY STAR
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Tues., Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
MATINEES TO-MORROW, WED. & SAT
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OTIS SKINNER in Your Humble Servant.
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SEAT SALE NOW TO APRIL 16.
CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evs 8:15. Mats. Tues. & Sat. only, 2:15. Montgomery and Stone in THE OLD TOWN.
BURTON HOLMES TO-DAY at 3 Supplementary Delivered by Mr. WRIGHT KRAMER. HAWAII Lyceum Theatre.
NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE, 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow, Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Henry W. Savage offers
MADAME X
Supreme Drama of Tears and Thrills. "Great Emotional Scenes."—Eve. Post.
NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow, Wed. & Sat. 2:15
MAX ROGERS and Maude Raymond In the Musical Play THE YOUNG TURK
3 BIG SENSATIONS Toots Paka and The Hawaiians, The "Hula Hula," The Parisian Glide.
NEXT MONDAY Seat Sale Thursday. Jos. M. Gaites' New Musical Production
BRIGHT EYES by the Authors of 3 Twins.
LIBERTY W. 42d St., Eves. at 8. Mats. To-morrow & Sat. at 2.
"Don't miss it at any cost."—Eve. Sun.
The Fantastical Musical Comedy
THE ARCADIANS
WITH ITS WONDERFUL CAST OF 100
GAIETY B'WAY & 46TH ST. EVS. 8:15 MAT. WED. & SAT. 2:15
FORTUNE HUNTER
WITH JOHN BARRYMORE
JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w. Wed. & Sat.
EXTRA MATINEE TO-MORROW.
Take Your Wife, She's Human, Too.
Where There's a Will French Farce.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Matinees To-morrow, Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
Wednesday Matinee 50c. to $1.50.
GREATEST COMEDY HIT IN 20 YEARS. SEVEN DAYS
ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Evs. 8 sharp. Mat. Wash. Birthday.
SOTHERN MARLOWE
THIS WEEK. MERCHANT OF VENICE
Special Mat. Thurs., Romeo and Juliet.
Popular Prices. Good Res'v'd Seats 50c.
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tues., Wed., Sat.
"A play that sends 'Raffles' back to the infant class."—Leslie's Weekly.
H. B. WARNER IN
ALIAS JIMMY VALENTINE
GARDEN Thea. 27th & Mad. Av. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. To-morrow, Wed. & Sat.
Ben Greet Players in SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER.
"EVERYMAN" Each Friday Special Mat.
STUYVESANT THE BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees at 2:15.
Matinees To-morrow, Thurs. & Sat.
DAVID BELASCO presents THE LILY
BELASCO THEATRE. West 42d Street. Evenings 8:15. Matinees at 2:15.
Matinees To-morrow, Wed. & Sat.
"A GREAT PLAY."—Commercial.
CHARLOTTE WALKER
in EUGENE WALTER'S play JUST A WIFE

A. RADCLYFFE DUGMORE F. R. G. S.,
THE GREAT PHOTOGRAPHING NATURALIST
ILLUSTRATED LECTURE ON PHOTOGRAPHING
AFRICA'S LIVE GAME
ON ROOSEVELT'S HUNTING TRAIL
Carnegie Hall, Wed. Eve., FEB. 23, AT 8:30.
Seats 50c. to $2.00, at Box Office & Tyson's.
(Direction of Lee Keedick.)

NATIONAL
MOTOR BOAT SHOW
OPEN
AT
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
9 A. M. TO 11 P. M.
ADM. 50c.

HOLIDAY MATINEE TO-MORROW.
SPRINGER'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE MABEL TALIAFERRO in "SPRINGTIME"
Preceded by THE LAND OF HEARTS DESIRE
IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Every Eve., 8:15, Millloecker's operetta, "Der Bettelstudent" ("The Beggar Student"); Tues. Matinee, pop. prices, "Die Foerster Christ'l."
KEITH & PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. B'way, 28th St. Mat. Daily, 25 & 50c. LOIE FULLER'S BALLET OF LIGHT, Lovenberg's Operatic Festival & 8 other Star Features.
EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. New Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. Geo. Holden, Mysterious Incubator.
HAMMERSTEIN'S WM. ROCK and MAUD FULTON. Cherida Simpson & Wm. Pruette, 10 others

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Full silk lined $50 value FULL DRESS & TUXEDO SUITS, NOW $22.50
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THE NEW THEATRE
Central Park West, 62-63 Sts. Tel. 8800 Col.
Non-Subscription Performances This Week: To-night, Wed. Thurs. Sat. Eve. Sat. Mat.
Seats in All Parts of the House.
Tickets For All Performances, Two Weeks in Advance, Ordered by Mail or Telephone, Will Be Delivered by Messenger to Any Address in Manhattan.
Sheridan's Delightful Comedy
THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL
Shakespeare's Charming Comedy
TWELFTH NIGHT
THE NIGGER A play of the South. THE WITCH A play of witchcraft.
To-night, 8:15....The School for Scandal
Tues. Mat., 2:15 (extra)....The Witch
Tues Evg., 8:00 (opera) Il Maestro di Cappella and Alessandro Stradella
Wed. Mat., 2:00 (opera)....Mme. Angot
Wed. Evg., 8:15....Twelfth Night
Thurs. Mat., 2:15....The Witch
Thurs. Evg., 8:15 The School for Scandal
Fri. Evg., 8:30....The Witch
Sat. Mat., 2:00....Twelfth Night
Sat. Evg., 8:30....The Nigger
NEXT WEEK:
Mon., Tues., Wed. Evgs., Wed. Mat., John Mason and His Company in A Son Of The People; Thurs. Evg., The School for Scandal; Fri. Mat. (extra), Don; Sat. Mat. & Evg., Twelfth Night.
Prices: Drama, $2 to 50c; Opera, $5 to $1.
At the Brooklyn Academy of Music To-morrow Evg., TWELFTH NIGHT.

America's Foremost Theatres and Hits.
HIPPODROME
Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8, 25c. to $1.50.
A Trip to Japan | Ballet of Jewels | Inside the Earth | 10 New Circus Acts
Lew Fields HERALD SQ Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Tues. & Sat. 2:15.
BLANCHE RING in THE YANKEE GIRL
COMEDY 41st St., bet. B'way & 6th Av. Ev. 8:30 Mats. Tues., Wed. & Sat. 2:30
MARY MANNERING in A MAN'S WORLD.
DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues., Wed. & Sat. 2:30
MAXINE ELLIOTT in THE INFERIOR SEX.
Broadway Mats., Tues., Wed. & Sat., 2:15
The Jolly Bachelors — Nora Bayes
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S THEATRE, 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues., Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
FORBES-ROBERTSON The Passing of the Third Floor Back.
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats., Tues., Wed. & Sat., 2:15
WHITNEY OPERA CO. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER
LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats., Tues., Wed. & Sat., 2:15
Clyde Fitch's Greatest Play, THE CITY
BIJOU B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tues., Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
CYRIL SCOTT IN THE LOTTERY MAN
HACKETT 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. To-Night & Tues. Mat. & Night
LAST 3 TIMES JOHN MASON in NONE SO BLIND
Beginning WEDNESDAY NIGHT Seats on Sale
Constance Crawley in MR. & MRS. DAVENTRY, By Oscar Wilde.
WEST END 125th, West of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats., Tues., Wed. & Sat., 2:15
JEFFERSON DE ANGELIS in THE BEAUTY SPOT

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Evenings at 8. Saturday Matinee at 2.
To-night, Falstaff. Mmes. Destinn, Alda, Homer, Maubourg; MM. Scotti, Clement, Pini-Corsi, Bada, Reiss, Didur. Cond., Toscanini.
Tues. (Wash. B'day,) Mat. at 11:30, Parsifal. Mme. Fremstad; MM. Burrian, Whitehill, Blass, Goritz, Witherspoon. Cond., Hertz.
Tues. (Wash. B'day) Evg., Sp'c'l Perf'ce, La Gioconda. Mmes. Destinn, Homer, Meitschik; MM. Caruso, Amato, deSegurola. Con. Toscanini.
Wed. Evg., Manon. Thurs. Evg., 8:30, Das Rheingold. Fri. Evg., 8:15, Don Pasquale. Sat. Mat., Aida. Sat. Evg. at 7:30, Die Walkuere.
NEXT WEEK:
Mon. Evg., Double Bill, Werther. Mmes. Farrar, Gluck; MM. Clement, Gilly, Pini-Corsi; Cond., Tango. Cappelia (ballet), Mlle. Pavlowa & M. Mordkine (debut). Con. Podesti.
Tuesday Evening, March 1, at 8 o'clock, Grand Gala Performance for the Benefit of the Pension and Endowment Fund of the Metr. Opera Co.
I.—Pagliacci, Prologue and Act I. Mlle. Noria; MM. Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Reiss.
II.—Debut of Mlle Anna Pavlowa, Premiere of the Imp. Opera, St. Petersburg.
III.—Il Trovatore, Act IV. Mmes. Gadski, Homer; MM. Slezak, Gilly, Audisio.
IV.—Tosca, Act II. Mlle. Farrar; MM. Martin, Scotti, Bada, Begue.
V.—Mlle. Pavlowa and Mr. Michael Mordkine, Premier Danseur Imp. Opera, Moskau.
VI.—La Gioconda, Act III. Mmes. Destinn, Meitschik; MM. Caruso, Amato, De Segurola and the entire Corps de Ballet.
Conductors: MM. Toscanini, Podesti, Tango. Prices for this Performance, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $4, $5, $7. Sale of seats begins to-day, 9 A. M.
AT THE NEW THEATRE
Tues. Evg., Maestro di Capella and Alessandro Stradella. Mmes. Gluck, Fornia; MM. Slezak, Reiss, Goritz, Pini-Corsi, Bada, Muhlmann. Wed. Mat., Madame Angot.
At the Brooklyn Academy of Music.
To-night, La Boheme. Mmes. Farrar, Alten; MM. Bonci, Gilly, de Segurola, Reschiglian, Gianoli, Tecchi. Cond., Podesti.
WEBER PIANO USED.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, 34th St. & 8th Av.
To-night at 8, RIGOLETTO, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, MM. Renaud, Gilibert. To-morrow (Washington's Birthday) Matinee, 2:30, ELEKTRA, Mme. Mazarin, etc., and Evening at 8, TALES OF HOFFMANN, Mlle. Cavalieri, M. Renaud, etc. Wed., LOUISE, Miss Garden, Mme. Doria; MM. Dalmores, Gilibert, etc. Fri., LUCIA, Mme. Tetrazzini, Mr. McCormack, M. Sammarco. Sat. Mat., LOUISE, Miss Garden, Mme. Doria, MM. Dalmores, Dufranne, etc. Sat. Eve. (popular), JUGGLER OF NOTRE DAME.

CARNEGIE HALL.
SYMPHONY
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK.
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
To-morrow (Tuesday) Evg. at 8:15.
Suite No. 3, Moszkowski; Symphony, "Romeo and Juliet," Berlioz; Excerpt from "Canterbury Pilgrims," Walter Damrosch; Spring Song and Spinning Song, Mendelssohn; "Ride of the Valkyries," Wagner.
Tickets 50 cts. to $2, at 1 W. 34th St. and Box Office.

Boston Symphony Orchestra
Max Fiedler, Conductor.
CARNEGIE HALL. Thurs. Ev., Feb. 24, at 8:15
Soloists: WILLY HESS Violin.
ALWIN SCHROEDER 'Cello.
Sat. Aft., Feb. 26, at 2:30.
Res. Seats $2 to 75c., at Box Office & Tyson's.

STUYVESANT THEA., W. 44 St., nr. B'way.
Mr. Arthur Whiting Pianoforte & Harpsichord Recital, Assisted by Mr. George Barrere, Flute, This Afternoon at 3.
Tickets $1.50, $1, 50c., at Box Office.

CARNEGIE HALL, Tues. Aft., Mch. 1, at 3
Song Recital Mme. Marcella
SEMBRICH
Frank La Forge at Piano (Baldwin)
Tickets, $2.50, $2.00, $1.50, $1.00. Mail orders to Loudon Charlton, Carnegie Hall.

MENDELSSOHN HALL at 8:15 TOMORROW NIGHT
ADELE MARGULIES TRIO
Seats $1.50 and $1.00, at Box Office.
Adele Margulies........Piano
Leopold Lichtenberg........Violin
Leo Schulz........'Cello

Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Aft., Feb. 24, at 3.
Only Song Recital Mme.
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50c to $1.50. Management Loudon Charlton.
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